Social Portfolio Report

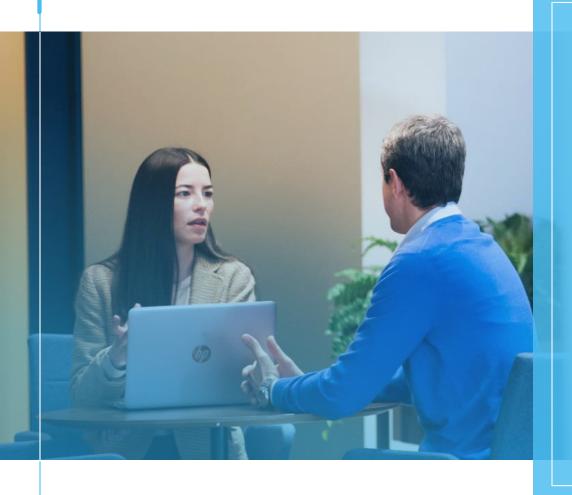
December 2021







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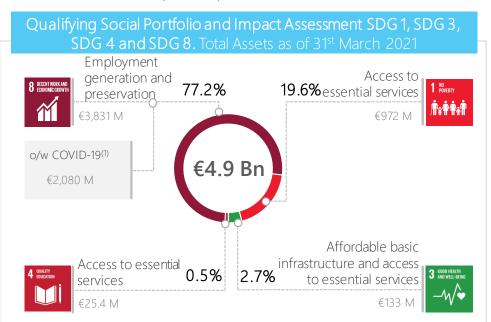






Qualifying Social Portfolio and Impact Assessment

CaixaBank's Social Portfolio as of March 31, 2021: €4.9 Bn. The portfolio includes 298,574 loans and 266,077 borrowers distributed across SDG 1, SDG 3, SDG 4 and SDG 8.





No Poverty impact (Families/Households)



ACHIEVEMENT OF THE OBJECTIVE

97% of the borrowers claim to have achieved their goals



AREAS WITH POPULATION AT RISK OF POVERTY

49% loans to beneficiaries located in areas where the population is at risk of poverty



The Social Portfolio Report has been calculated in collaboration with an external, independent consultant (Deloitte)



The Social Portfolio Report has been verified by an independent external party, providing limited assurance (PwC).



RURAL AREAS

€144 M granted in rural areas related to 33,715 loans and 31,029 borrowers.

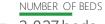


Good Health and Well-Being impact

NUMBER OF HOSPITALS/ HEALTH CENTERS FINANCED



6 Hospitals and healthcare foundations which provide public healthcare



EMPLOYMENT IMPACT⁽⁴⁾

2,027 beds of hospitals and healthcare centers financed



NUMBER OF RESIDENTS BENEFITED (2)

1.8 M of residents



Quality Education impact



STUDENTS BENEFITED

2.991 Students benefited/enrolled in educational centers financed







Decent Work and Economic Growth impact (Self-employed, micro-enterprises, small-sized enterprises and medium-sized enterprises)

ECONOMIC IMPACT (4)

RURAL AREAS



NEWLY-CREATED COMPANIES

3,728 companies that were created within the two years prior to the granting of the loan.



€7,008 M contributed to Spanish GDP (€1 M invested contributes to €1.83 M to



54,405 jobs created/retained. This implies that for every €1M invested in the social bond approximately 14.2 iobs are created/retained.



ECONOMIC IMPACT AND EMPLOYMENT IMPACT (5)

€3,858 M contributed to Spanish GDP.

38,597 jobs created/retained.

- 1) Loans granted to micro-enterprises and SMEs with a partial public guarantee by ICO to address impacts from COVID-19 pandemic
- 2) The number of residents benefited is the population that could potentially benefit from the services of the healthcare center.
- 4) The economic and employment impact represents the total impact (direct and indirect)
- 3) The calculation of the indicators for the overall SDG 8 also includes funding related to COVID-19.



ICMA reporting tables

Eligible Social Portfolio as of March 31st, 2021, broken down by SDGs 1, 3, 4, and 8 based on their targets indicated in the CaixaBank's SDGs Bond Framework is aligned with the Framework for Impact Reporting for Social Bonds as published by ICMA 2019 version⁽¹⁾

OUTSTANDING SOCIAL BONDS

	ISIN	Issuance date	Tenor	Amount issued (€M)	Coupon (%)	Spread	Related SDG
Inaugural Social SNP	XS2055758804	26-9-19	5yr	1.000	0.625	MS+113bps	SDG 1, SDG 8
COVID-19 Social SP	XS2200150766	10-7-20	6NC5	1.000	0.75	MS+117bps	SDG 8
Third Social SNP	XS2346253730	26-5-21	7NC6	1.000	0.75	MS+100bps	SDG 1, SDG 3, SDG 4, SDG 8

> NO POVERTY FINANCING IMPACT (2)										1 POVERTY 市 常市市		
	Eligible Amount	Number of Loans	Number of families	Average € / Ioan	Average loan maturity period (years)	age of	% of borrowers who consider that the funding has had a positive impact	Loans granted in areas with population at risk of poverty	Loans granted in rural areas	% of families/househol ds that claim to have achieved the purpose of the loan	% of families/households that have been able to increase or maintain their income	
	€972 M	239,928	220,198	€4,051	3.5	45	83%	 Number of loans: 117,562 Number of borrowers: 109,093 Total amount: €485 M 	 Number of loans: 33,715 Number of borrowers: 31,029 Total amount: €144 M 	97%	51%	

2) See Appendix II: Methodology for detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 37 - 39).

¹⁾ Working Towards a Harmonized Framework for Impact Reporting for Social Bonds, ICMA. <u>Eramework-for-Social-Bond-Reporting-Final-06-2019-100619.pdf (icmagroup.org)</u>



ICMA reporting tables

> GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING FINANCING IMPACT (1)

Eligible Amount	Number of Loans	Average €M / loan	Average loan maturity period (years)	Number of beds	Number of beneficiary citizens	Number of hospitals and healthcare foundations
€133 M	6	€22.2M	19.8	2,027	1,853,108	6

> QUALITY EDUCATION FINANCING IMPACT (1)

Eligible Amount	Number of Loans	Average €M / loan	Average loan maturity period (years)	Number of beneficiary students	Number of educational centers funded
€25.4 M	5	€5.1M	7.6	2,991	2

DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH FINANCING IMPACT (1)



SDG target	Eligible Amount	Number of Loans	Number of borrowers	Average € / loan	Average loan maturity period (years)	Economic activities with the largest amount of financing granted	Loans granted in rural areas	Economic impact Contribution to total GDP (€ M) ⁽²⁾	Employment impact Number of jobs created/retained ⁽²⁾
8.10 total	€3,831 M	58,635	46,174	€65,338	6.0	- Trade and distribution - Tourism	 Number of loans: 11,234 Number of borrowers: 8,863 Total amount: €385 M 	7,008	54,405
8.10 of which COVID-19 ⁽³⁾	€2,080 M	23,925	23,014	€86,923	4.5	- Trade and distribution - Construction and related activities	 Number of loans: 3,382 Number of borrowers: 3,271 Total amount: €176 M 	3,858	38,597

See Appendix II: Methodology for detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 37 - 45).
 The economic and employment impact represents the total impact (direct and indirect).
 Loans granted to micro and SMEs with a partial public guarantee by ICO to address impacts from COVID-19 pandemic



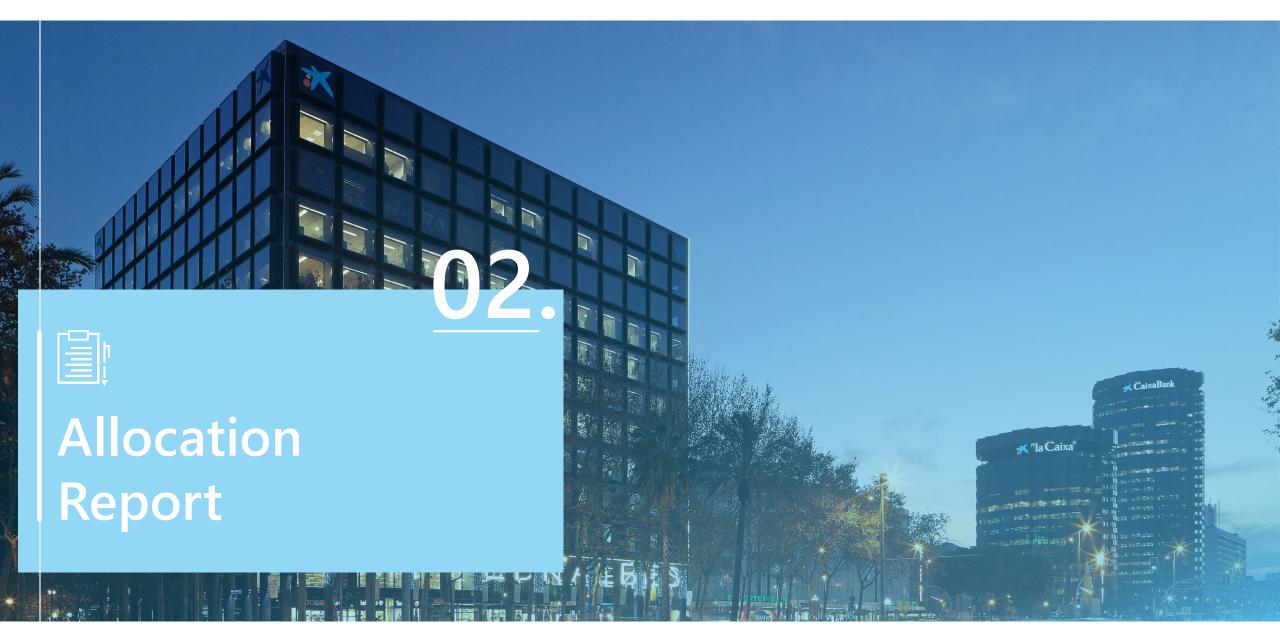
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CaixaBank Sustainable Development Goals Bond Issues

Bond (Sep-2019)









Use of **proceeds**

A total of €4.9 Bn⁽¹⁾ has been identified in loans which advance SDG 1, SDG 3, SDG 4 and SDG 8 under CaixaBank's SDG Bond Framework of which €2.1 Bn address COVID-19 related impacts:



ICMA SBP category: Access to essential services

19.6%

2.7%

ICMA SBP category: Affordable basic infrastructure and Access to essential services

• Activities that improve the provision of free or subsidised healthcare, and early warning, risk

Healthcare facilities for the provision of public and/or subsidized healthcare services. Public

services. Public educational and vocational training centres for professionals in the public

· Achieve universal health coverage, access to quality essential healthcare services and access to

safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all.

infrastructure and equipment for the provision of emergency medical care and of disease control



Eligibility criteria

- Activities that increase access to financial services for underserved populations
- Including: MicroBank's Family Microcredit which targets families with limited incomes, with the income limit updated annually based on the most representative indicator given the economic context. This limit is established at 3 times the Public Indicator of Multiple Effects Income (IPREM). (2)

SDG Target 1.4

• By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control overland and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance.

ICMA SBP category: Employment generation including through the potential effect of SME financing and microfinance

Eligibility criteria

- · Bank financing that promotes growth of micro, small and medium sized businesses in the most economically disadvantaged regions of Spain (either ranking in the bottom 30th percentile in GDP/capita or in the top 30th in unemployment rate).
- Including: Personal loans without any collateral or guarantee for self-employed workers; microenterprises and SMEs as per the European Commission definition.(3)

SDG Target 8.10

• Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.

77.2%

€4.9 Bn outstanding as of March 31, 2021 broken down by SDG advancement



0.5%

ICMA SBP category: Access to essential services



Eligibility criteria

Eligibility criteria

SDG Target 3.8

reduction and management of health crises.

healthcare provision and emergency response.

 Activities that expand access to publicly funded primary, secondary, adult and vocational education, including for vulnerable population groups and those at risk-of-poverty. This also includes the financing or refinancing of activities that improve publicly funded educational infrastructure.

SDG Targets 4.1 and 4.3

- SDG 4.1: Ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary
- SDG 4.3: Ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university.

1) As of 31 March 2021

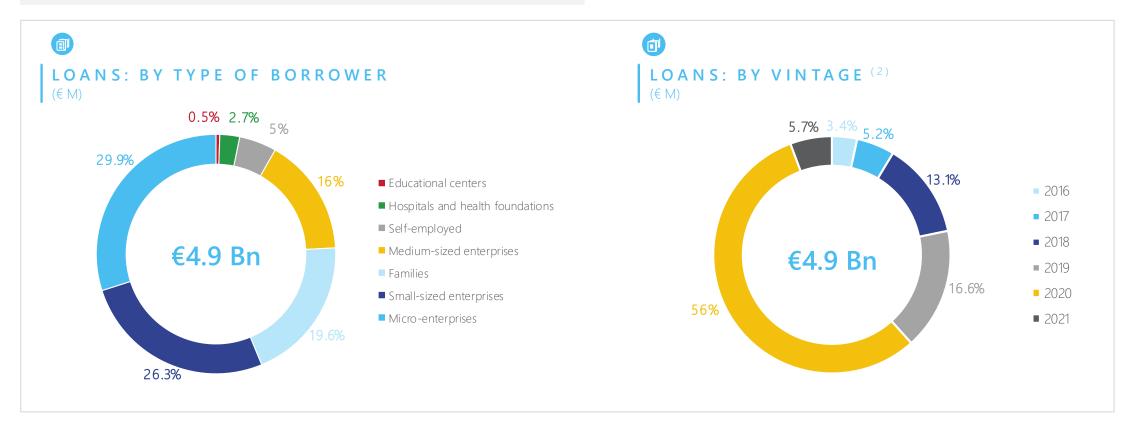
- 2) As of Dec. 2020, the threshold was set at €19,300; in 2018 and 2019 the threshold was €17,200.
- 3) Small and medium-sized enterprises as defined by the European Commission (https://ec.europa.eu/growth/smes/sme-definition_en)



Breakdown of the Social portfolio

The total amount of the Social portfolio (€4.9 Bn) is made up of the proceeds contributing to SDG 1, SDG 3, SDG 4 and SDG 8⁽¹⁾.





¹⁾ Eligible Social portfolio outstanding as of March 31, 2021

²⁾ Proceeds will be allocated to loans originated up to 3 years before the year of issuance.





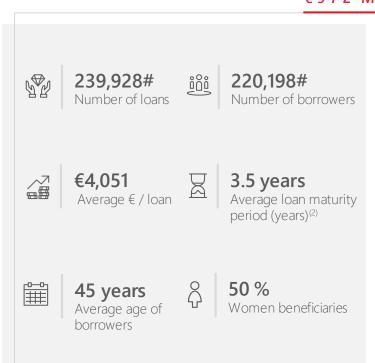
Breakdown of the amount contributing to SDG 1

All net proceeds of SDG 1 have the objective of increasing access to financial services for underserved populations, including loans under the MicroBank umbrella to individuals or families located in Spain with an income limit updated annually, considering the Public Multi-Purpose Income Indicator (IPREM).

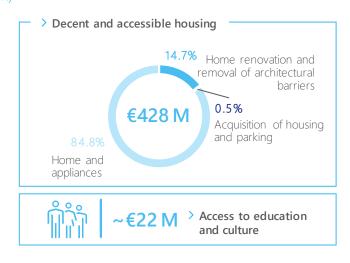


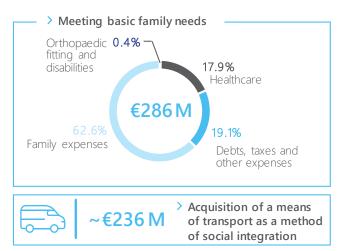
FAMILIES / INDIVIDUALS (1)

€972 M

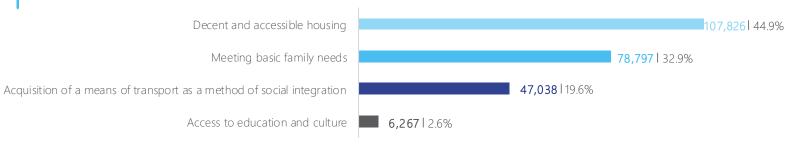


BREAKDOWN BY SOCIAL CATEGORY





NUMBER OF LOANS BY SOCIAL CATEGORY



¹⁾ Eligible Social portfolio outstanding as of March 31, 2021.

²⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 37 - 38).

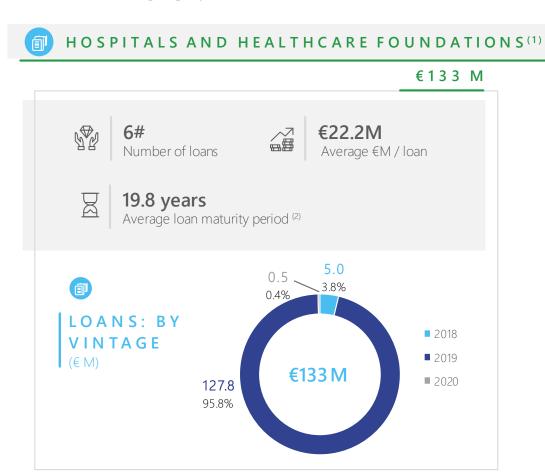


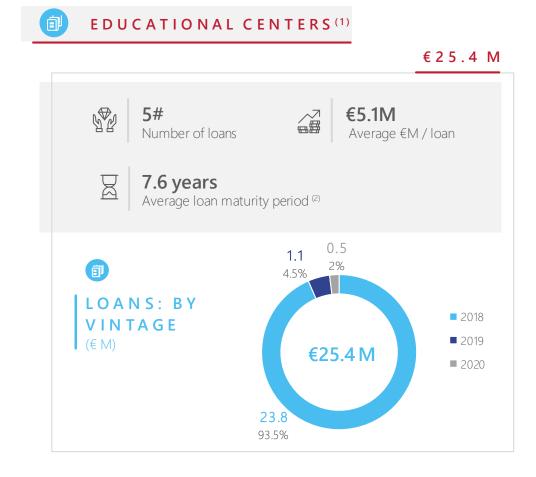




Breakdown of the amount contributing to SDG 3 and SDG 4

Focused on improving the provision of free or subsidized healthcare including the provision/distribution of public healthcare equipment and services for SDG 3 and on expanding access to publicly funded primary, secondary, adult and vocational education for SDG 4.





¹⁾ Eligible Social portfolio outstanding as of March 31, 2021.

²⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 37).





Breakdown of the amount contributing to SDG 8

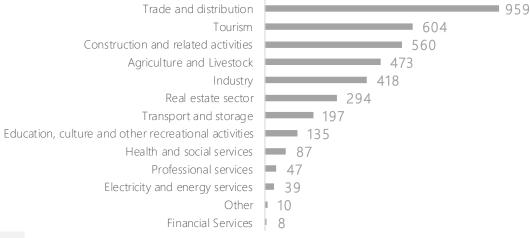
Focused on promoting sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all. CaixaBank's SDG 8 includes loans granted to self-employed workers, micro and small businesses operating in Spanish provinces in the bottom 30th percentile in terms of either GDP per capita or in the top 30th percentile in unemployment rate and some of them specifically address impacts related to COVID-19.



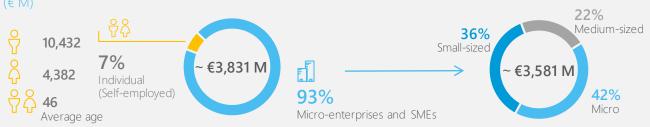
SELF-EMPLOYED, MICRO-ENTERPRISES AND SMES (1)



BREAKDOWN BY **ECONOMIC ACTIVITY** (€ M)



LOANS BY TYPE OF **BORROWER AND VOLUME GRANTED** (€ M) 36%



- Eligible Social portfolio outstanding as of March 31, 2021.
- See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 37 38)
- Jan-21 for Population, Mar-21 for Unemployment rate and Dec-18 for GDP/capita. Source: INE (National Institute of Statistics).
 - Includes 21 provinces that comply with the eligible criteria out of a total of 52 provinces in Spain (including the autonomous cities of Ceuta and Melilla)

KEY MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS (3)

	Spain	Eligible provinces ⁽⁴⁾	Eligible pool average
Population	47.4 M	15.9 M	33%
GDP/capita	€25,771	< €20,415	€19,573
Unemployment rate	15.98%	> 19.17%	21.8%







Breakdown of the amount contributing to SDG 8 (COVID-19)

CaixaBank's COVID-19 SDG 8 includes loans granted to micro businesses and small businesses operating in Spain. The loans accounted in this portfolio have a partial public guarantee by ICO ("Instituto de Crédito Oficial") to address the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

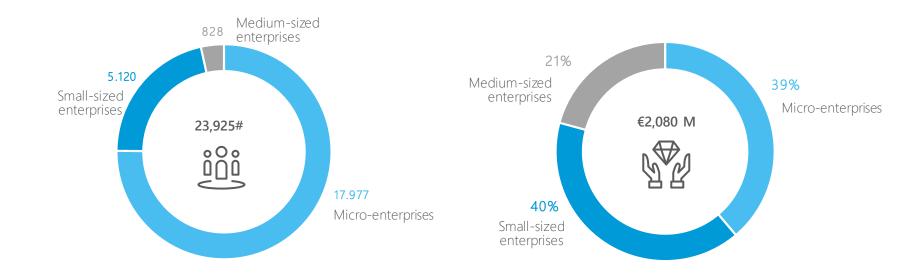


MICRO-ENTERPRISES AND SMES (1)

€2,080 M

23,925# Number of loans €86,923 Average € / loan 23,014# Number of borrowers 4.5 years Average loan maturity period (years)⁽²⁾

LOANS BY TYPE OF **BORROWER AND VOLUME GRANTED** in €M



¹⁾ Eligible Social portfolio outstanding as of March 31, 2021.

²⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 37 - 38).



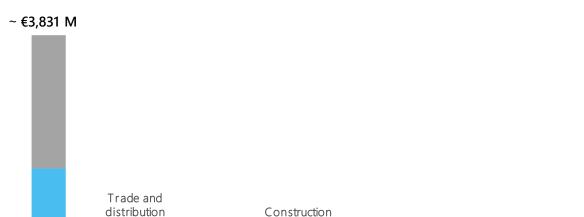


Breakdown of the amount contributing to SDG 8 (COVID-19)

CaixaBank's COVID-19 SDG 8 portfolio constitutes a part of SDG 8 total portfolio and provides support to the most impacted sectors by COVID-19.

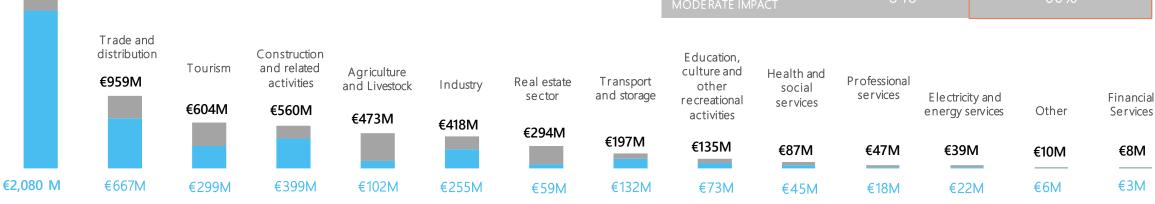
BREAKDOWN BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Allocation of proceeds linked to SDG 8 COVID-19 regarding total SDG 8 proceeds⁽¹⁾





	Exposition (€M)	% COVID-19 proceeds over total SDG 8
Tourism and leisure	299	50%
TRANSPORT	132	67%
CONSTRUCTION AND RE	399	71%
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	18	38%
TOTAL HIGH AND MODERATE IMPACT	848	60%



[■] SDG 8 COVID-19 ■ **€M** SDG 8 total portfolio



¹⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 38). See sectors dassification in: CaixaBank 1Q 2021 Results.

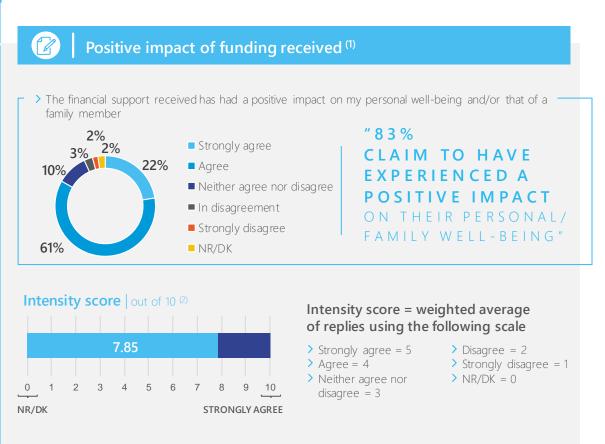








Almost 100% of borrowers claim that the loan has helped them to achieve their goals, largely resulting in a positive impact on their lives





■ Yes, partially

No

NR/DK



Intensity score = weighted average of replies using the following scale



THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE A POSITIVE IMPACT

THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO BE THE FIRST OPTION FOR THE BORROWERS



CLAIM TO HAVE

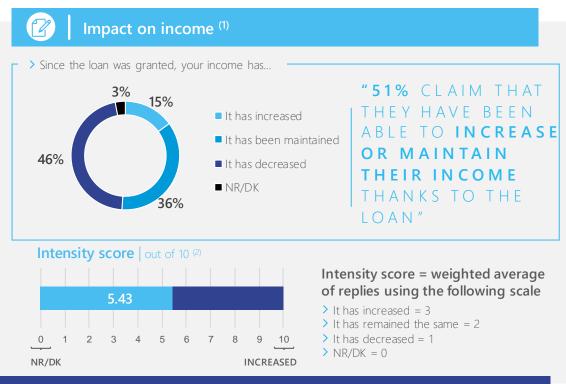
GOALS"

ACHIEVED THEIR





3 out of 4 borrowers have been able to maintain and increase their income, which is a positive impact in areas with population at risk of poverty or rural areas



The loans help to foster equal opportunities, facilitating financing for people with limited resources and increasing family well-being





THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE A POSITIVE IMPACT ON THE INCOME

Financing families and individuals helps them to increase and maintain their incomes **for future contingencies**

¹⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 39).

²⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 43).







Social Portfolio Impact - SDGs 3 and 4

The loans granted generate a strong impact while contributing to SDGs 3 and 4





Number of hospitals/health centers (1)



CAIXABANK HAS GRANTED LOANS TO 6 HOSPITALS AND HEALTHCARE CENTERS WHICH PROVIDE PUBLIC HEALTHCARE





Number of educational centers (1)



CALXABANK HAS GRANTED LOANS TO 2 SUBSIDIZED EDUCATIONAL CENTERS WHICH PROVIDE PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

WHICH HAS RESULTED IN ...



Total number of beds



Total number of residents benefited

2,027 №

total beds of the hospitals and healthcare centers financed

1,853,108

served) from the financing granted to hospitals and healthcare centers

WHICH HAS REACHED ...



Students benefited

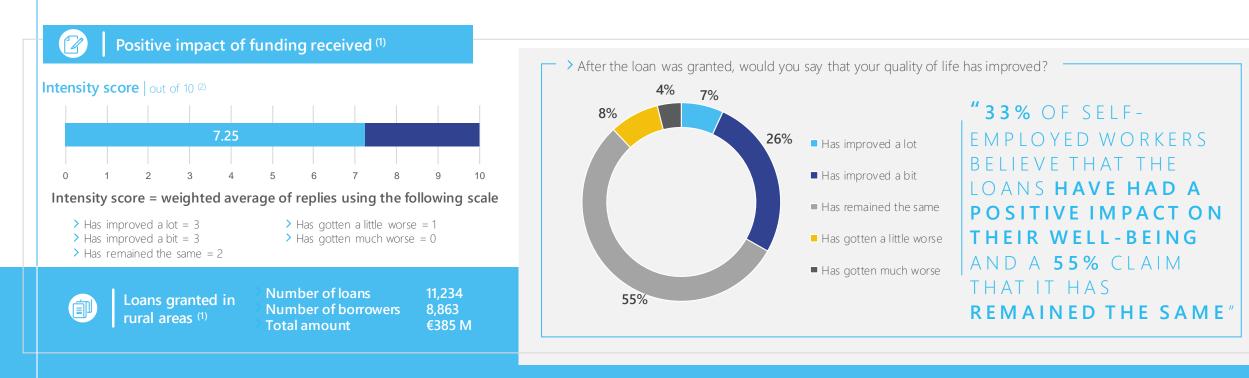
2,991 students enrolled in the educational centers





For most borrowers, the loan helped to improve or sustain their quality of life which has resulted in an increase in their well-being

SELF-EMPLOYED



THE GRANTING OF LOANS AIMED AT CREATING OR EXPANDING BUSINESS PROJECTS HAS A DIRECT IMPACT ON IMPROVING THE EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC SITUATION OF THE BORROWERS WHILE HELPING TO CREATE JOBS







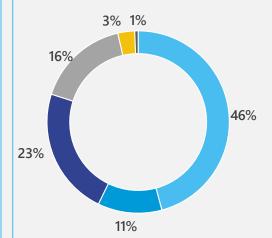
Most of the self-employed workers and companies who launched a business would not have been able to do so without the loan



Purpose of the loan (1)

> What was the purpose of the loan?

SELF-EMPLOYED

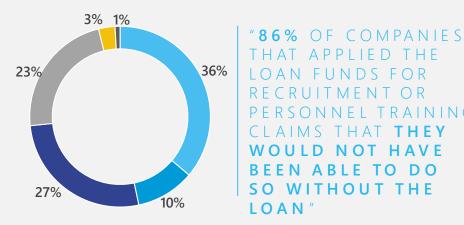


"71% OF SELFEMPLOYED WORKERS
WHO USED THE LOAN
TO START UP A
BUSINESS WOULD
NOT HAVE BEEN
ABLE TO DO SO
WITHOUT THE LOAN"

■ Investment in technology and improvements: machinery, equipment, vehicles, reforms, etc

- Investment for business continuity: taxes, goods, rent, etc
- Investment to expand the range of products and/or services

GENERAL FOR COMPANIES





- Investment to expand the business: opening of new premises, etc
- lacktriangle Investment for the recruitment or training of staff



3,728 🔄





8% of total companie €282 M

2) See Appendix II: Methodology for detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 41).





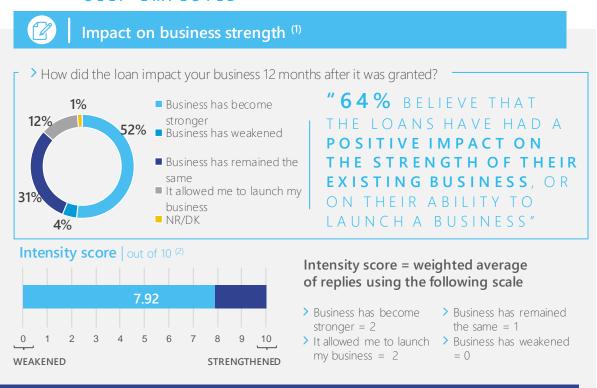
¹⁾ For this indicator, the results of surveys related to SDG 8 COVID-19 have not been added. A specific indicator has been defined for SDG 8 COVID-19. See Appendix II: Methodology for detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 41).





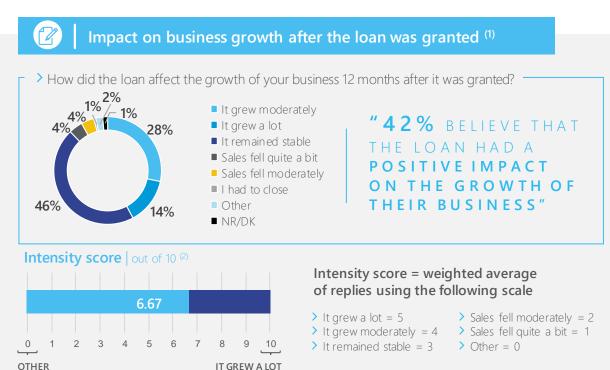
A significant portion of borrowers claim that the loans granted had made their business stronger and even grow

SELF-EMPLOYED



THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON BUSSINESS STRENGTH

Most activities must contend with unforeseen expenses, so financing helps to strengthen the business



External funding fosters business growth, **leading to more** sustainable and valuable businesses

THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE

CONSIDERED TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON BUSINESS GROWTH

IT GREW A LOT



Indicator calculated from surveys

¹⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 41).

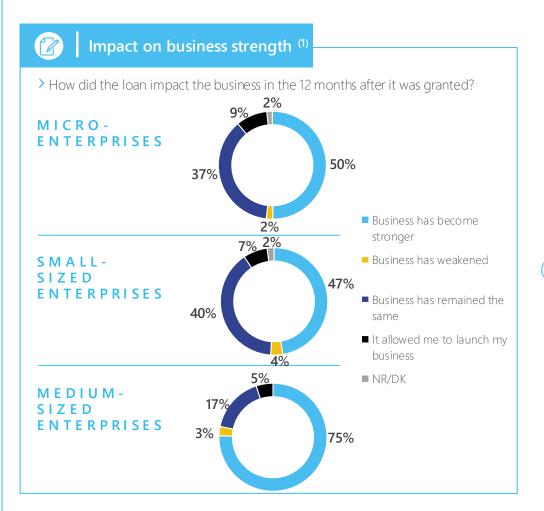
²⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 43).

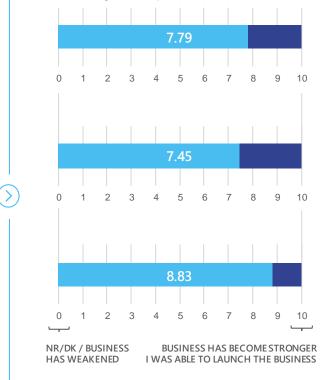




80% of medium-sized enterprises borrowers claim that the loan allowed them to launch their business or strengthen their existing business

Intensity score | out of 10 (2)





Thanks to the funding, the companies have increased their financial health

"3 OUT OF 4 MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES CLAIM TO HAVE STRENGTHENED THEIR BUSINESSES THANKS TO THE LOAN"

Intensity score = weighted average of replies using the following scale

- > Business has become stronger = 2
- > It allowed me to launch my business = 2
- > Business has remained the same = 1
- > Business has weakened = 0
- \rightarrow NR/DK = 0

THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON BUSINESS STRENGTH



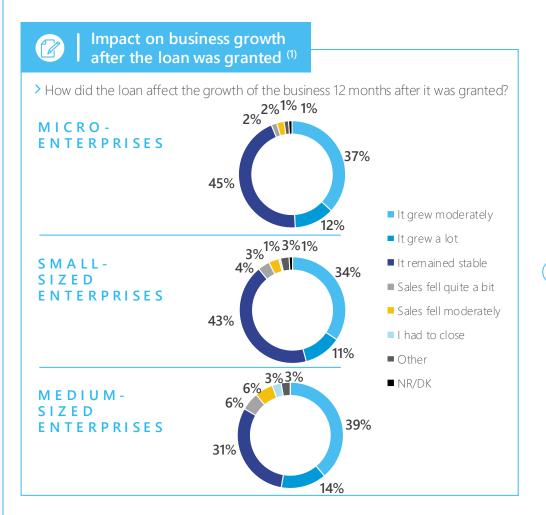
¹⁾ For this indicator, the results of surveys related to SDG 8 COVID-19 have not been added. A specific indicator has been defined for SDG 8 COVID-19. See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 41).

²⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 43).





More than 90% of the companies claim they have been able to maintain, and in some cases grow their businesses thanks to the loan





"NEARLY ALL OF THE FINANCED COMPANIES HAVE THEIR BUSINESS STABLE AND EVEN GROW IT"

Intensity score = weighted average of replies using the following scale

- > It grew a lot = 5
- > It grew moderately = 4
- > It remained stable = 3
- > Sales fell moderately = 2
- > Sales fell quite a bit = 1
- > I had to close = 0
- > Other = 0

THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON BUSINESS GROWTH



¹⁾ For this indicator, the results of surveys related to SDG 8 COVID-19 have not been added. A specific indicator has been defined for SDG 8 COVID-19. See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 41).

²⁾ See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 43).





Total SDG 8 contributed €7,008 M to Spanish GDP. Every €1M invested in the social bonds contributes €1.83M to GDP (1).





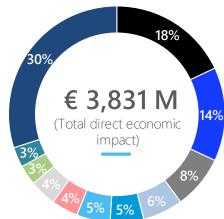


GENERAL (SELF-EMPLOYED AND COMPANIES)

Economic Impact⁽²⁾ - Economic contribution of the loans to GDP by sector. In the pie charts provided below, we have taken the 10 most representative economic sectors for each type of impact. based on the 62 sectors monitored by the National Institute of Statistics.

Value added created directly by

the loans within the borrowers' industries

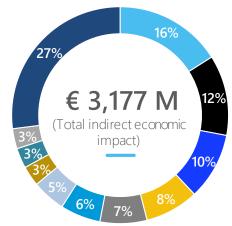




- Food products and drinks(3)
- Buildings and construction works
- Textile products; clothing; leather articles and footwear
- Wholesale trade services and trade intermediation, except of motor vehicles, motorcycles and mopeds
- Real estate services
- Accommodation, food and beverage services
- Electric power, gas, steam and air conditioning
- Agricultural, livestock and hunting products, and related services
- Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture; articles of straw and plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork



Value added generated by IMPACT (4) other parties in the supply chain



- Metallurgy and metal products
- Wholesale and retail trade services and repair services of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- Retail trade services, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- Machinery and equipment n.e.c.
- Other

Indicator calculated from surveys using an input output methodology



from surveys



Indicator calculated from CaixaBank's databases

- Ratio calculated only with direct and indirect impact. For the purpose of this report, induced impact has not been considered due to atypical COVID-19 context.
 See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 42, 44 and 45).
 Activities related to tobacco manufacturing have been excluded from this economic sector according to CaixaBank SDGs Framework.
- 4) Statistical calculation estimated from the latest available data related to the input output methodology.





54,405 jobs created/retained, of which **17,180** are direct and **37,225** indirect. This implies that for every **€1M** invested in the social bonds approximately **14.2 jobs are created/retained**⁽¹⁾.





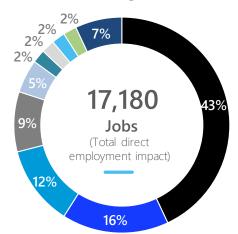


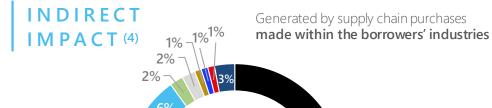
GENERAL (SELF-EMPLOYED AND COMPANIES)

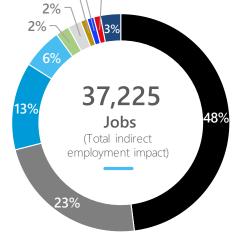
Employment Impact⁽²⁾ - **Contribution of the loans to employment by sector.** In the pie charts provided below, we have taken the 9 most representative economic sectors for each type of impact, based on the 62 sectors monitored by the National Institute of Statistics.

DIRECT

Number of FTEs⁽³⁾ employed by the **borrowers** as a result of the loans granted







- Food products and drinks⁽⁵⁾
- Buildings and construction works
- Textile products; clothing; leather articles and footwear
- Wholesale trade services and trade intermediation, except of motor vehicles, motorcycles and mopeds
- Accommodation, food and beverage services
- Electric power, gas, steam and air conditioning
- Agricultural, livestock and hunting products, and related services
- Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture; articles of straw and plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork
- Wholesale and retail trade services and repair services of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- Retail trade services, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- Other personal services
- Other

1) Ratio calculated only with direct and indirect impact. For the purpose of this report, induced impact has not been considereddue to atypical COVID-19 context.
2) See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 42, 44 and 45).

- 3) Full-time equivalent.
- 4) Statistical calculation estimated from the latest available data related to the input output methodology.
- 5) Activities related to tobacco manufacturing have been excluded from this economic sector according to CaixaBank SDGs Framework.

Indicator calculated from surveys using an input output methodology





Indicator calculated from CaixaBank's databases

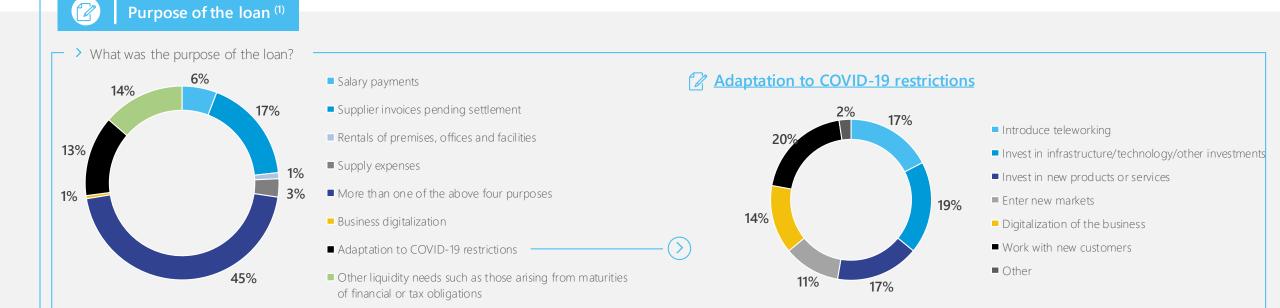
p. 26





Majority of borrowers claim that the loans granted to adapt their business to COVID-19 restrictions were used to work with new customers, introduce teleworking and invest in infrastructure, technology and other investments.

GENERAL FOR COMPANIES



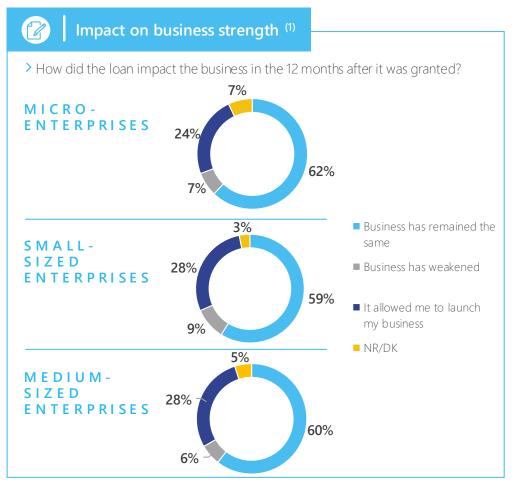
"MORE THAN 70% OF THE COMPANIES HAVE USED THE LOAN FOR SALARY PAYMENTS, SUPPLIER INVOICES PENDING SETTLEMENT, RENTALS OF PREMISES, OFFICES AND FACILITIES AND SUPPLY EXPENSES"







More than 80% of micro and small-sized enterprises borrowers claim that the loan allowed them to maintain their existing level of business strength or launch a new business





Thanks to the funding, the companies have increased their financial health

"MORE THAN 80% OF LAUNCH OR MANTAIN THEIR BUSINESS

Intensity score = weighted average of replies using the following scale

- business = 1
- > Business has remained the same = 1
- > It allowed me to launch my > Business has weakened = 0 \rightarrow NR/DK = 0

THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON BUSINESS STRENGTH

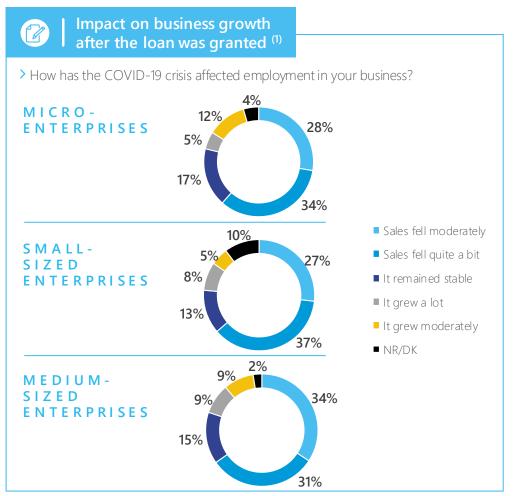


¹⁾ Indicators for funding related to COVID-19. See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 41).
2) See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 43).





As a result of loans granted by Caixabank, borrowers have been able to mitigate the significant reduction of company growth that was onset by the COVID-19 crisis





> How do you think the loan granted has helped to mitigate this situation?

"76% OF THE COMPANIES GRANTED HAS HELPED THEM TO IMPROVE THE GROWTH / DEMAND OF THEIR BUSINESS"

Intensity score = weighted average of replies using the following scale

- > It grew a lot = 3
- > It grew moderately = 3
- > It remained stable = 3
- > Sales fell moderately = 2
- > Sales fell quite a bit = 1
- > I had to close = 0
- > Other = 0

THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON BUSINESS GROWTH

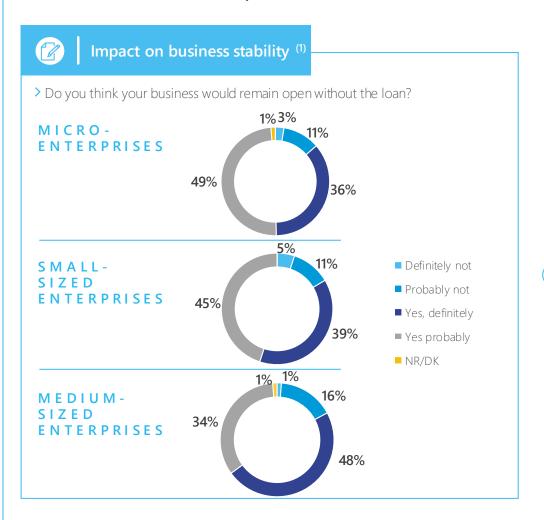


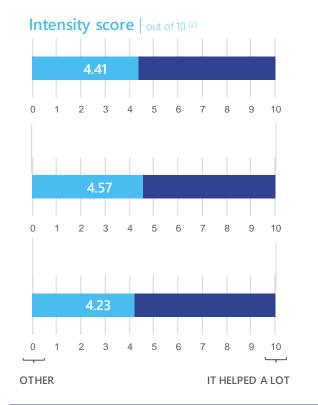
¹⁾ Indicators for funding related to COVID-19. See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 41). 2) See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 43).





Almost 20% of companies claim that their business would have closed without the loan





"**17%** OF MEDIUM BUSINESS WOULD NOT REMAIN OPEN WITHOUT THE LOAN"

Intensity score = weighted average of replies using the following scale

- > Definitely not = 4
- > Yes, definitely = 1
- > Probably not = 3
- > NR/DK = 0

> Yes probably = 2

THE HIGHER THE SCORE, THE MORE THE LOANS ARE CONSIDERED TO HAVE AN IMPACT ON BUSINESS GROWTH



¹⁾ Indicators for funding related to COVID-19. See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 42).

2) See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (page 43).





€3,858M contributed to Spanish GDP. Every €1M invested in the social bond contributes €1.85M to GDP(1).







GENERAL (SELF-EMPLOYED AND COMPANIES)

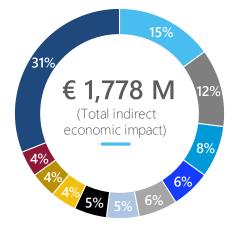
Economic Impact⁽²⁾ - Economic contribution of the loans to GDP by sector. In the pie charts provided below, we have taken the 10 most representative economic sectors for each type of impact, based on the 62 sectors monitored by the National Institute of Statistics.

Value added created directly by the loans within the borrowers' industries





(3) other parties in the supply chain



- Food products and drinks
- Buildings and construction works
- Textile products; clothing; leather articles and footwear
- Wholesale trade services and trade intermediation, except of motor vehicles, motorcycles and mopeds
- Accommodation, food and beverage services
- Agricultural, livestock and hunting products, and related services
- Ground transportation services, including by pipeline
- Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture; articles of straw and plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork
- Metallurgy and metal products
- Wholesale and retail trade services and repair services of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- Retail trade services, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- Machinery and equipment n.e.c.
- Other
- Ratio calculated only with direct and indirect impact. For the purpose of this report, induced impact has not been considereddue to atypical COVID-19 context.
 See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 42, 44 and 45).
 Statistical calculation estimated from the latest available data related to the input output methodology.



surveys using an input -









38,597 jobs created/retained, of which 9,977 are direct, 28,620 indirect. This implies that for every €1M invested in the social bond approximately 18.6 iobs are created/retained(1).







GENERAL (SELF-EMPLOYED AND COMPANIES)

Employment Impact⁽²⁾ - Contribution of the loans to employment by sector. In the pie charts provided below, we have taken the 9 most representative economic sectors for each type of impact, based on the 62 sectors monitored by the National Institute of Statistics.

Food products and drinks⁽⁴⁾

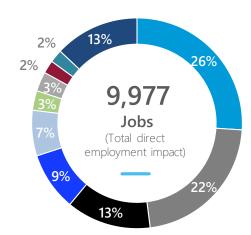
Buildings and construction works

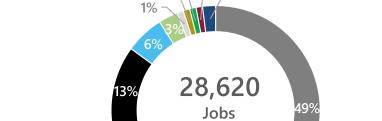
Textile products; clothing; leather articles and footwear

motor vehicles, motorcycles and mopeds

■ Wholesale trade services and trade intermediation, except of

Number of FTEs employed by the **borrowers** as a result of the loans granted





(Total indirect

employment impact)

Wholesale and retail trade services and repair services of motor vehicles and motorcycles

Generated by supply chain purchases

made within the borrowers' industries

- Retail trade services, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- Machinery and equipment n.e.c.
- Architectural and engineering technical services; technical testing and analysis services
- Other

INDIRECT

IMPACT (3)

Indicator calculated from survevs using an input -





Indicator calculated from CaixaBank's databases

1) Ratio calculated only with direct and indirect impact. For the purpose of this report, induced impact has not been considereddue to atypical COVID-19 context.

Accommodation, food and beverage services

Electric power, gas, steam and air conditioning

■ Ground transportation services, including by pipeline

Agricultural, livestock and hunting products, and related services

■ Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture; articles

of straw and plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork

- 2) See Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 42, 44 and 45). 3) Statistical calculation estimated from the latest available data related to the input - output methodology.
- 4) Activities related to tobacco manufacturing have been excluded from this economic sector according to CaixaBank SDGs Framework.



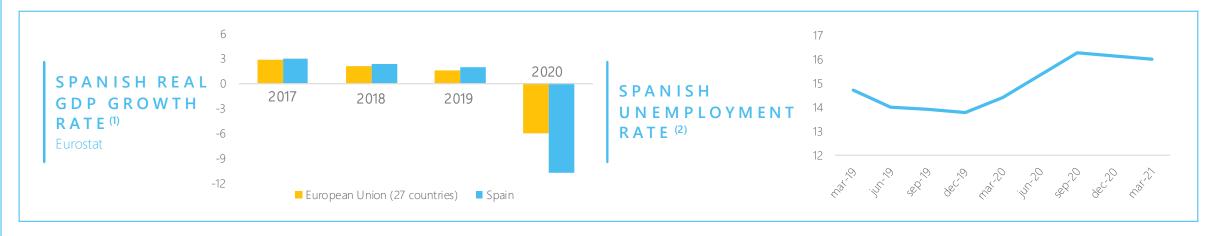






Context of COVID-19 and its impact on Economic and Employment Growth

Beyond the impact on the lives of millions of people, the COVID-19 pandemic has also negatively impacted **the evolution of the Spanish economy, mainly driving the increase in unemployment and the reduction of GDP.**



KEY POINTS OF THE **SPANISH ANSWER TO THE CRISIS** (3)

- The public guarantee programs managed through the ICO have played a very relevant role in financing companies' liquidity needs. The first program (€100 billion), was aimed at financing the liquidity needs of companies and the self-employed. The second (€40 billion), was to finance investment in fixed assets.
- As of March 31, 2021, both programs have jointly guaranteed loans for a total of € 93.9 billion, resulting in a total financing of € 123.6 billion.
- Credit has increased, in relative terms, with **more intensity in the** sectors most affected by the pandemic.
- Consequently, **the macroeconomic effect** of the crisis would have been significantly more adverse without this set of economic policy measures.

¹⁾ The Spanish Economy in the context of the Covid-19 crisis: Current situation, perspectives and challenges. Bank of Spain, Economic Forum (page 17) https://www.bde.es/f/webbde/GAP/Secciones/SalaPrensa/IntervencionesPublicas/Gobernador/Arc/Fic/hdc100221.pdf

²⁾ Spanish unemployment rate between mar-20 and mar-21 (INE). https://www.ine.es/dyngs/INEbase/es/operacion.htm?c=Estadistica_C&cid=1254736176918&menu=ultiDatos&idp=1254735976595

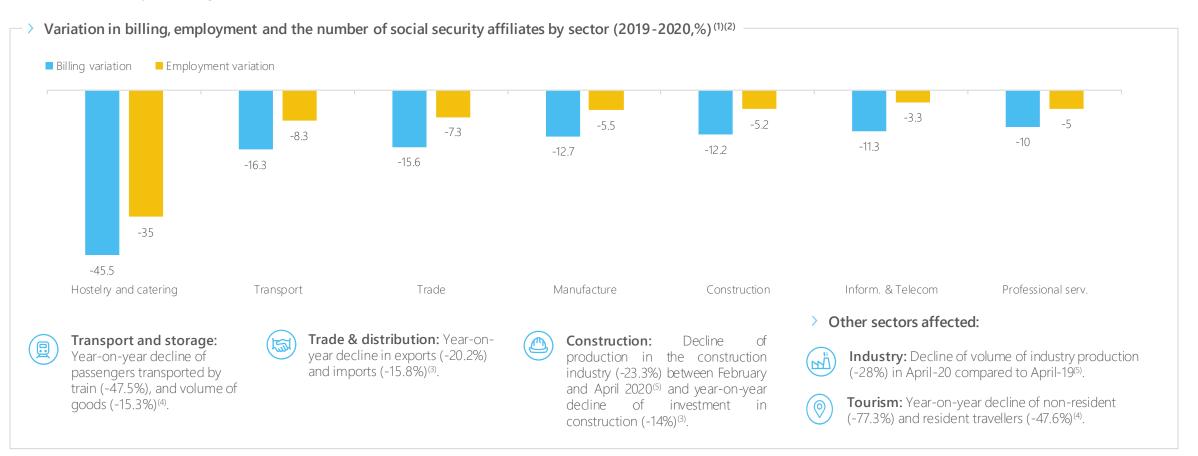
³⁾ Annual Report 2020, Bank of Spain (page 117, 227 and 64), https://www.bde.es/f/webbde/SES/Secciones/Publicaciones/PublicacionesAnuales/10formesAnuales/20/Fich/InfAnual_2020.pdf





Context of COVID-19 and its impact on Economic and Employment Growth

In the current context is of paramount importance to highlight the contextual factors in which CaixaBank has worked to alleviate its negative effects by financing those sectors that have suffered the most within the framework of SDG 8 and the issuance of COVID-19 Social Bondt



- 1) The Economic Impact Of Covid-19 On Spanish Companies According To The Bank of Spain Survey On Business Activity (EBAE) (page 6) EBAE
- 2) Average affiliates by months and two-digit CNAE. Ministry of Inclusion, Social Security and Migration. https://www.seg-social.es/wps/portal/wss/internet/EstadisticasPresupuestosEstudios/Estadisticas/EST8/EST10/EST290/EST295/EST296
 3) Annual Report 2020, Bank of Spain. <a href="https://www.bde.es/f/webbde/SES/Secciones/Publicaciones

4) National Institute of Statistics (INF)

⁵⁾ European Statistical Recovery Dashboard, Eurostat, https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cache/recovery-dashboard/







Allocation indicators

Indicator	Definition	Data source	SDG	Page in the Report
Amount contributed to Sustainable Development Goals and Eligibility Criteria	Amount, in €, of the Social Portfolio that is contributing to Sustainable Development Goals (SDG 1, SDG 3, SDG 4 or SDG 8) and Eligibility Criteria.		SDG 1 SDG 3 SDG 4 SDG 8	Pages 4 to 6
Number of loans	Eligible Loans, in number, included in the Social Portfolio broken down by SDG (SDG 1, SDG 3, SDG 4 or SDG 8).		Total Portfolio SDG 1 SDG 3 SDG 4 SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14
Loans: by type of borrower	Eligible Loans, in millions of €, included in the Social Portfolio broken down by type of borrower (educational centers, hospitals and health foundations, families/individuals, self-employed workers, micro-enterprises, small-sized enterprises, medium-sized enterprises).		Total Porfolio	Pages 10
Loans: by vintage	Eligible Loans, in millions of € and in %, included in the Social Portfolio broken down by the year of its origination.		Total Portfolio SDG 3 SDG 4	Pages 10 and 12
Number of borrowers	For SDG 1, individuals and families, in number, granted with a loan included in the Social Portfolio. For SDG 8, self-employed workers, micro-enterprises, small-sized enterprises and medium-sized enterprises, in number, granted with a loan included in the Social Portfolio.		SDG 1 SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 5, 6, 11, 13 and 14
Average € / loan	Average amount, in €, per loan included in the Social Portfolio or to the SDG.		Total Portfolio SDG 1 SDG 3 SDG 4 SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14
Average loan maturity period	Average loan period, in years, of the loans included in the Social Portfolio, calculated as follows: Average maturity period = (maturity date - date of calculation of the outstanding social portfolio) * volume granted The date of calculation of the outstanding social portfolio is 31/03/2021. Subsequently, once the average maturity period of each loan has been calculated, the sum of this calculation is weighted by the		Total Portfolio SDG 1 SDG 3 SDG 4 SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 5, 6, 11, 12, 13 and 14
	amount of the total portfolio.		200 0 COVID-19	



Allocation indicators

Indicator	Definition		SDG	Page in the Report
Women beneficiaries	Women, in %, granted with a loan included in the Social Portfolio.		SDG 1	Page 11
Loans by social category	Loans, in number and %, included in the Social Portfolio broken down by social category (decent and accessible housing, meeting basic family needs, acquisition of a means of transport as a method of social integration, access to education and culture).		Page 11	
Breakdown by social category	Loans, in millions of € and %, included in the Social Portfolio broken down by social category (decent and accessible housing, meeting basic family needs, acquisition of a means of transport as a method of social integration, access to education and culture). Detailed breakdown, in %, by subcategory of the social category of "decent and accessible housing" and "meeting basic family needs".		SDG 1	Page 11
Average age of borrowers	Average age, in years, of the borrowers of the loans included in the Social Portfolio.		SDG 1 SDG 8	Pages 5, 11 and 13
Breakdown by economic activity	Loans, in millions of €, included in the Social Portfolio broken down by economic activity.		SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 13 and 15
Loans by type of borrower and volume granted	Loans, in millions of € and in %, included in the Social Portfolio broken down by type of borrower (self-employed, microenterprises, small-sized enterprises, medium-sized enterprises).		SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 13 and 14



>>> Surveys information:

- > SDG 1: 594 and 600 surveys conducted among individuals and families by MicroBank in 2021 and 2020 respectively.
- > SDG 8: 1,097 surveys conducted in 2021 (of which 401 refer to <u>SDG 8 COVID-19</u>) and 489 surveys conducted in 2020 among self-employed workers, micro-enterprises, small-sized companies and medium-sized companies

Margin of error for the total sample: **5%**Confidence level (both SDG 1 and SDG 8 surveys): **95%**Method: **telephone surveys**.

Indicator	Definition	Data source	SDG	Page in the Report
Positive impact of funding received	 a) Direct responses, in %, broken down by reply options to the questions "The financial support received has had a positive impact on my personal well-being and/or that of a family member" for individuals and families and "After the loan was granted, would you say that your quality of life has improved?" for self-employed workers of the telephone surveys conducted among a sample of borrowers granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio. b) Intensity score, out of 10, is calculated considering the weighted average of replies to the above question according to the 		SDG 1 SDG 8	Page 17 and 20
	"Intensity score" methodology described on page 43.			
Impact of funding on the achievement of objectives	a) Direct responses, in %, broken down by reply options to the question "Would you say you have met the need/needs for which you applied for the loan?" of the telephone surveys conducted among a sample of borrowers (individuals and families) granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio.b) Intensity score, out of 10, is calculated considering the weighted average of replies to the above question according to the		SDG 1	Page 17
	"Intensity score" methodology described on page 43.			
Impact on income	a) Direct responses, in %, broken down by reply options to the question "Since the loan was granted, your income has increased, maintained or decreased?" of the telephone surveys conducted among a sample of borrowers (individuals and families) granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio.		SDG 1	Page 18
	b) Intensity score, out of 10, is calculated considering the weighted average of replies to the above question according to the "Intensity score" methodology described on page 43.			
Loans granted in areas with population at risk of poverty	 a) Loans, in number, included in the Social Portfolio granted in areas with population at risk of poverty, defined as "areas with more than 15% of the population living in households whose total equivalent annual income is below the poverty line". Data obtained through the INE (National Institute of Statistics) for the year 2019 (https://www.ine.es/jaxiT3/Tabla.htm?t=29282). b) Borrowers, in number, granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio in areas with population at risk of poverty. c) Total amount of loans, in millions of €, included in the Social Portfolio granted in areas with population at risk of poverty. 		SDG 1	Pages 4, 5 and 18
Loans granted in rural areas	 a) Loans, in number, included in the Social Portfolio granted in rural areas, defined as "areas with a number of inhabitants of less than 30,000 per municipality and a population density of less than 100 inhabitants per km2" (definition according to Spanish Law 45/2007: https://www.boe.es/buscar/pdf/2007/BOE-A-2007-21493-consolidado.pdf). b) Borrowers, in number, granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio in rural areas. c) Total amount of loans, in millions of €, included in the Social Portfolio granted in rural areas. 		SDG1 SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 4, 5, 6, 18 and 20



Indicator	Definition		SDG	Page in the Report
Total number of beds	Existing beds, in number, reported by the hospitals and healthcare centers financed by the loans included in the Social Portfolio.		SDG 3	Page 19
Total number of residents benefited	Potential beneficiaries, in number, from the hospitals and healthcare centers financed by the loans included in the Social Portfolio, calculated on the basis of the population served (potential number of inhabitants benefiting from the hospitals and healthcare centers).		SDG 3	Page 19
Number of hospitals/health centers			SDG 3	Page 19
Students benefited	Total, in number, of students enrolled in the educational centers benefited from the loans granted and reported by the centers.		SDG 4	Page 19
Number of educational centers	Educational centers, in number, financed by the loans included in the Social Portfolio.	a	SDG 4	Page 19



Indicator	Definition	Data source	SDG	Page in the Report
Purpose of the loan	 a) Direct responses, in %, broken down by reply options to the question "What was the purpose of the loan?" for SDG 8 no COVID and SDG 8 COVID, in addition to SDG 8 COVID borrowers that have answered "Adaptation to COVID-19 restrictions" it has been included direct responses to "What adaptation actions to the COVID-19 restrictions have been necessary to apply in your business?" of the telephone surveys conducted among a sample of borrowers granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio. b) Newly-created companies financed, in number, % and millions of €, defined as "companies that were created within the two years prior to the granting of the loan". 		SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 21 and 27
Impact on business strength	 a) Direct responses, in %, broken down by reply options to the question "How did the loan impact the business 12 months after it was granted?" of the telephone surveys conducted among a sample of borrowers (self-employed workers, microenterprises, small-sized enterprises and medium-sized enterprises) granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio. b) Intensity score, out of 10, is calculated considering the weighted average of replies to the above question according to the "Intensity score" methodology described on page 43. 		SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 22, 23 and 28
Impact on business growth after the loan was granted	 a) Direct responses, in %, broken down by reply options to the questions "How did the loan affect the growth of your business 12 months after it was granted?" for SDG 8 no COVID and "How has the COVID-19 crisis affected employment in your business?" and "How do you think the loan granted has helped to mitigate this situation?" for SDG 8 COVID, of the telephone surveys conducted among a sample of borrowers granted a loan include in the Social Portfolio. b) Intensity score, out of 10, is calculated considering the weighted average of replies to the above question according to the "Intensity score" methodology described on page 43. 	2	SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 22, 24 and 29



Indicator	Definition	Data source	SDG	Page in the Report
Impact on business stability	a) Direct responses, in %, broken down by reply options to the question "Do you think your business would remain open without the loan?" for SDG 8 COVID, of the telephone surveys conducted among a sample of borrowers granted a loan included in the Social Portfolio.	6 2	SDG 8 COVID-19	Page 30
	b) Intensity score, out of 10, is calculated considering the weighted average of replies to the above question according to the "Intensity score" methodology described on page 42.			
Economic impact ⁽¹⁾	Total, direct, and indirect economic impact, in millions of €, defined as the "economic contribution to GDP of the loans included in the Social Portfolio", broken down by sector of the economy (in the graphics provided, we have taken the 10 most representative economic sectors for each type of impact, based on the 62 sectors monitored by the INE (National Institute of Statistics).		SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 4, 6, 25 and 31
	Economic impact is calculated according to the "Input-output" methodology described on pages 43 to 44.			
Employment impact ⁽¹⁾	Total, direct and indirect employment impact, in number of jobs, defined as the "employment contribution of the loans included in the Social Portfolio", broken down by sector of the economy (in the graphics provided, we have taken the 10 most representative economic sectors for each type of impact, based on the 62 sectors monitored by the INE (National Institute of Statistics).		SDG 8 SDG 8 COVID-19	Pages 4, 6, 26 and 32
	Employment impact is calculated according to the "Input-output" methodology described on pages 43 to 44.			





Intensity score

>> A score is assigned to each question to then calculate a weighted score out of 10, thus ensuring continuity for all indicators.

The calculation is as follows:

>> EXAMPLE:

Positive impact of funding received – SDG 1 Families

The financial support received has had a positive impact on my personal well-being and/or that of a family member

Answer	% of the total	Score assigned	Calculation (% of the total * score assigned)
Strongly agree	20%	5	1.01
Agree	58%	4	2.34
Neither agree nor disagree	14%	3	0.41
Disagree	3%	2	0.07
Strongly disagree	2%	1	0.01
NR/DK	3%	0	0
	100%		3.84



WEIGHTED SCORE OUT OF 10

Intensity score out of 10=

(3.84 / 5)*10 = 7.68



Input-output

>> The input-output table analysis was developed by W.W. Leontief in 1936, as an instrument for interpreting the interdependencies of the various sectors of the economy. The methodology is used to calculate the impacts that the credits granted have on the whole of the Spanish economy.

The input-output methodology is a technique used to estimate indirect impact on GDP and employment. In general, the starting point is the symmetric input-output tables (SIOT), which serve as the basis for calculating the multiplier or Leontief matrices. Both types of matrices are published by the National Institute of Statistics (INE). The input-output methodology is based on Leontief's production model, in which the production requirements of an economy are equivalent to the intermediate demand for goods and services by the productive sectors, plus final demand, as summarised in the following expression:



X is the production vector of the different homogeneous activity branches A is the matrix of technical coefficients and are the input requirements (intermediate consumption) per unit of output (production) **DF** is the final demand vector of the system

The model is defined by the equation based on the inverse Leontief matrix

$$X = (I-A)^{-1}DF$$

The above expression can also be seen as follows:

$$\begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & \dots & a_{1m} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & \dots & a_{2m} \\ a_{n1} & a_{n2} & a_{n3} & \dots & a_{nm} \end{pmatrix} X \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_n \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} D F_1 \\ D F_2 \\ D F_n \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\mathbf{X_1}$ is the production of sector 1, DF₁ is the final demand of sector 1, and \mathbf{a}_{nm} are the input requirements of sector n in order to produce 1 unit of output of sector m.



Input-output

ECONOMIC IMPACT

- Impact has been estimated by taking into account the borrowers' activity as a consequence of the loan granted. In this context, the total impact of the loans is the sum of the direct and indirect impacts. This impact is estimated based on the total volume of financing in the portfolio and using the results of the surveys (sum of spending on salaries, suppliers and taxes).
- > Direct impact is the value added that the loans have created directly within the borrowers' industries. The Economic direct impact of the loans is the Social Portfolio allocated to SDG 8.
- Indirect impact is the value added supported through other parties in the supply chain, that is, the supply chain activity generated in the Spanish economy by the loans granted. In this indicator it is applied type I GVA effect multiplier that estimates the total indirect GVA in the GVA supported through the loans granted within the borrowers' industries in terms of supply chain demand⁽¹⁾.

EMPLOYMENT IMPACT

- > Employment impact has been estimated by taking into account the borrowers' activity as a consequence of the loan granted.
- > Direct employment is defined here as the number of FTEs⁽²⁾ employed by the borrowers as a consequence of the loans granted. Employment is obtained from a CaixaBank survey among borrowers.
- Indirect employment numbers give an estimate of how many FTE jobs are supported throughout the economy by an industry thanks to the credit granted by the CaixaBank Group. Indirect employment is supported by supply chain purchases made by the borrowers' industry. Type I employment effect multipliers are applied to estimate the number of FTEs supported due to supply chain demand within the borrowers' industry (indirect impact).

The following procedures are used to estimate the indirect impact on employment created/retained by CaixaBank:

- > Quantification of financing broken down by the sectors affected.
- > The volume of financing for each sector is multiplied by the matrix of production multipliers, thus obtaining a vector that shows the indirect impact of production.
- > Calculation of the employment coefficients per sector, i.e. the ratio between the number of employees and the production of each sector.
- The indirect impact by sector will be the result of multiplying the indirect impact on production by sector by the employment coefficient for each sector.
- > The total indirect impact is obtained by adding up the indirect impact on each sector affected.

2) Full-time equivalent

¹⁾ Types I GVA effects multipliers relevant to each industry are applied to the Spanish-only output for each industry to obtain indirect GVA (Gross Value Added)







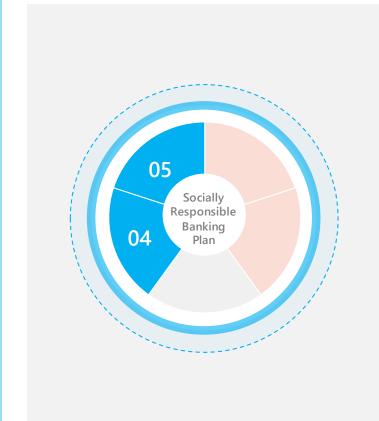
We are a socially responsible bank, and we intend to reinforce it





Our activity cannot be conceived without a strong social commitment

ESG – Social





Social and micro**financing**



Promote financial culture









SOCIAL ACTION AND **VOLUNTEERING:**

> By people, with people, for people



Decentralised social welfare





Participation in CaixaBank volunteering programme



















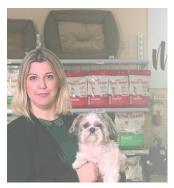






Delivering in financial inclusion: some examples

Financial inclusion: a bank for everyone













- [7] Retirar dinero
- [4] Extracto
- 9] Ingresar billetes con sobre
- [6] Ingresar cheques con sobre
- 8] Otras opciones





Social and micro-financing







in Sep'19, Jul' 20 and May' 21





Issued in SDG-advancing bonds | Micro-credits granted in 2021 for a total of €467M

€116.0M

Ethical fund by MicroBank⁽¹⁾





Spanish and European reference in micro-credit

Accessibility, proximity and omni-channel banking



94%/100%

Presence in towns/cities with >5,000/>10,000 inhabitants(1)(2) 89%

Of branches are accessible⁽³⁾

99%

Of ATMs 100% accessible, with design considering all impairments/disabilities⁽¹⁾









Financial culture



Financial Culture

New plan to foster financial culture in society Aula

12 economics and finance courses/webinars for shareholders → 6,084 participants⁽¹⁾











CABK Research: creating and spreading knowledge through economic & CSR research and analysis⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾

CABK Chair for CSR at IESE Business School to promote and develop responsible practices in businesses

- 2) In Spain. Moreover, CaixaBank is the only bank in 215 towns and villages in Spain (2020). In Portugal, BPI is present in 83% of towns and villages with >10,000 inhabitants.
- 4) 690 reports published by CaixaBank Research and 82 talks given by CaixaBank research economists.



Delivering in social action and volunteering: some examples

>> Social action and volunteering: by people, with people, for people

Data for 2020



Decentralised social welfare



€44.8 M

Of "la Caixa" Social Welfare budget managed through CABK network for local needs 6,904

Beneficiary entities

8,557

» ~51%

Activities targeting local social entities

Focused on poverty, health and disability

Active **housing** policy



>11,500

Homes in social rent programme in 2021⁽¹⁾

2,629

Housing units contributed to the Spanish Government Social Housing Fund (FSVE) 4,786

Contracts with beneficiaries of support measures related to the COVID-19 crisis

- Customer service for mortgage clients (SACH) since 2013
- Signatory of Good Practice Code (Spain) since 2012

Corporate volunteering programme



>11,100

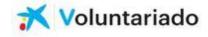
Participants in the digital social week⁽²⁾

>4,200

Local volunteering activities carried out excluding digital social week⁽²⁾

>850

Beneficiary entities⁽¹⁾



CaixaBank ex BPL

¹⁾ CaixaBank ex BPI and BKIA.



FY2020

MicroBank: leading micro-credit institution in Spain and a reference in Europe

MICROBANK IN 2020 - KEY FIGURES



105,378 €900M

Micro-credits granted in 2020⁽¹⁾



8.737M

Jobs created with micro-credit support



5.416M

New businesses created with the support of micro-credits

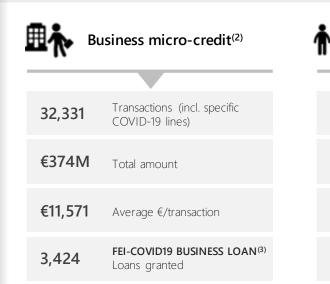


€1,832M

Loan-book outstanding balance, YE2020



C.1.1 Million Micro-credits



67,764	Transactions
€19,300	Maximum annual joint income of applicants ⁽⁴⁾
€5,497	Average €/transaction
>2,110	ICO RENTALS ⁽⁵⁾ Homes benefited

Family micro-credit

▼ .	vith social impact
	ors related to the social alth, education and innovation
5,283	Transactions
€154M	Total amount
€29,059	Average €/transaction

Other financing

14 years promoting micro-credits

2007 ----->> ----- 2008-2011 ----->> ----- 2012-2019 ----->> ----- 2019-2021 -----

and loans with social impact granted since MicroBank was created in 2007

"la Caixa" creates MicroBank to promote micro-credits

Launch of new products: basic accounts, debit cards, mutual funds

Gradual incorporation of new lines

Strategic Plan 2019-21. Vision: best bank in financing with social impact

With support from **European institutions**



- 1) Including loans with social impact.
- 2) Entrepreneurs and micro-enterprises with fewer than 10 employees and with a turnover not exceeding two million euros a year that need financing to start, consolidate or expand the business, or to meet working capital needs.
- 3) FEI-Covid19 Business Loan: a specific new credit line available to entrepreneurs and micro-enterprises to meet working capital needs arising from the crisis. This line has been carried out thanks to the European Commission's COSME COVID19 sub-programme. 4) Maximum amount for the joint income of all applicants is £19,300/year. This figure corresponds to the result of multiplying the Public Multiple Purpose Income Indicator (IPREM) by 3.
- 5) ICO rentals: new financing facility for customers and non-customers in a vulnerable situation who could not afford to pay for their home rental.
- 6) For students and educational institutions. Data as of year-end 2020.



Corporate Social Responsibility commitment supported by a strong governance structure with Board of Directors supervision

Board of Directors >>>

> Approval of Sustainability/CSR policy and strategy and supervision of its implementation

Appointments & Sustainability Committee

Supervises CSR performance

Elevates CSR-related proposals to the BoD

Supervises ESG risk management

Supervises ESG risk reporting

Risks Committee



Management Committee (C-Suite)

Approval of policies and main action lines in sustainability and CSR

- New Chief Sustainability Officer appointed in 2021 (a member of the C-Suite)
- Supervising the Sustainability Committee, chaired by the CSO

Sustainability Division

Fostering and coordinating the implementation of the Sustainability Strategy, including the management of ESG and climate-related risks and the definition of responsible and sustainable banking policies

Other divisions involved in sustainability

Contributing to the advancement in sustainable finance and investment; microfinance; diversity; social projects; environmental management, etc.

ESG Transaction Appraisal Unit (within the Business Lending Division)

RESPONSIBLE BANKING POLICIES

- Code of Business Conduct and Ethics
- **Sustainability/CSR policy:** strategy & basic operating CSR principles (updated in 2020, first approved in 2015)
- Statement on Climate Change (2019)
- Environmental Risk Management Policy (2019)(1)
- Other responsible policies and principles:
 - Anti-corruption; Human Rights; Tax Risk Mgmt./Control; and Occupational Health & Safety policies; Defence
 - Environmental and Energy Mgmt. principles; Supplier Code of Conduct; Personal Data Protection/Security protocol
- **Responsible marketing committees**: Transparency; product
- Remuneration policy:
 - o Director remuneration policy: aiming at encouraging conduct that will ensure long-term value generation
 - L/t remuneration scheme for exec. directors, C-suite members and other senior managers linked to CaixaBank's Global Reputation index (incl. ESG & customer experience/quality metrics)
 - Employee remuneration linked to training in internal conduct, compliance and quality of service
 - **Ethics & Compliance:** Corporate whistleblowing channel (489 queries/38 reports); strong communication and awareness-raising strategy to reinforce integrity culture that encompasses compulsory training. Corporate-level goals in variable remuneration include a conduct-related KPI. UNE 19601 (Criminal compliance management system) & ISO 37001 (Antibribery Management System) certified.

Socially Responsible Banking Plan aligned with 2019-21 Strategic Plan(2)



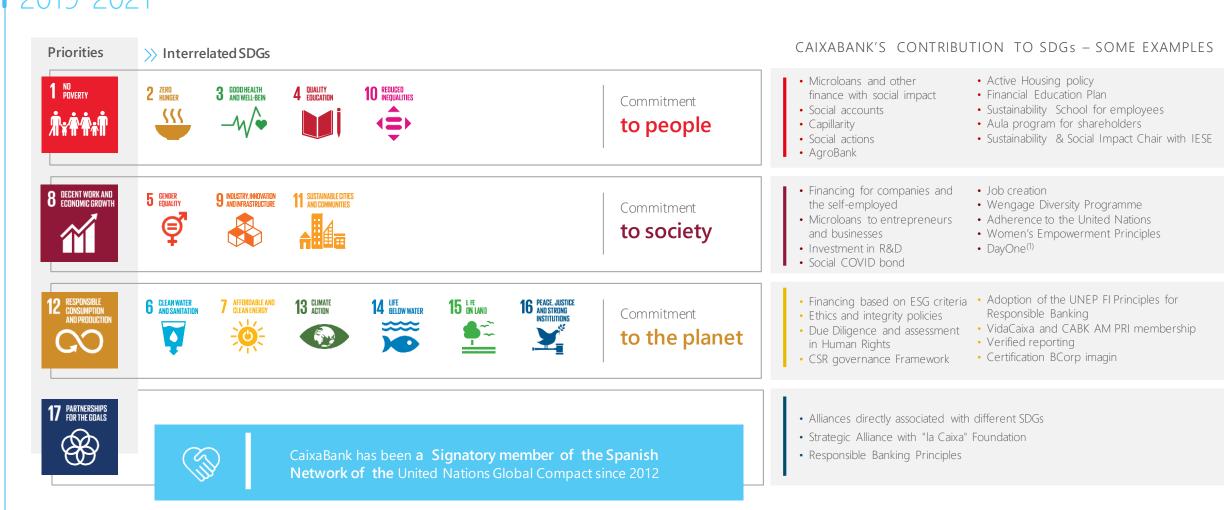






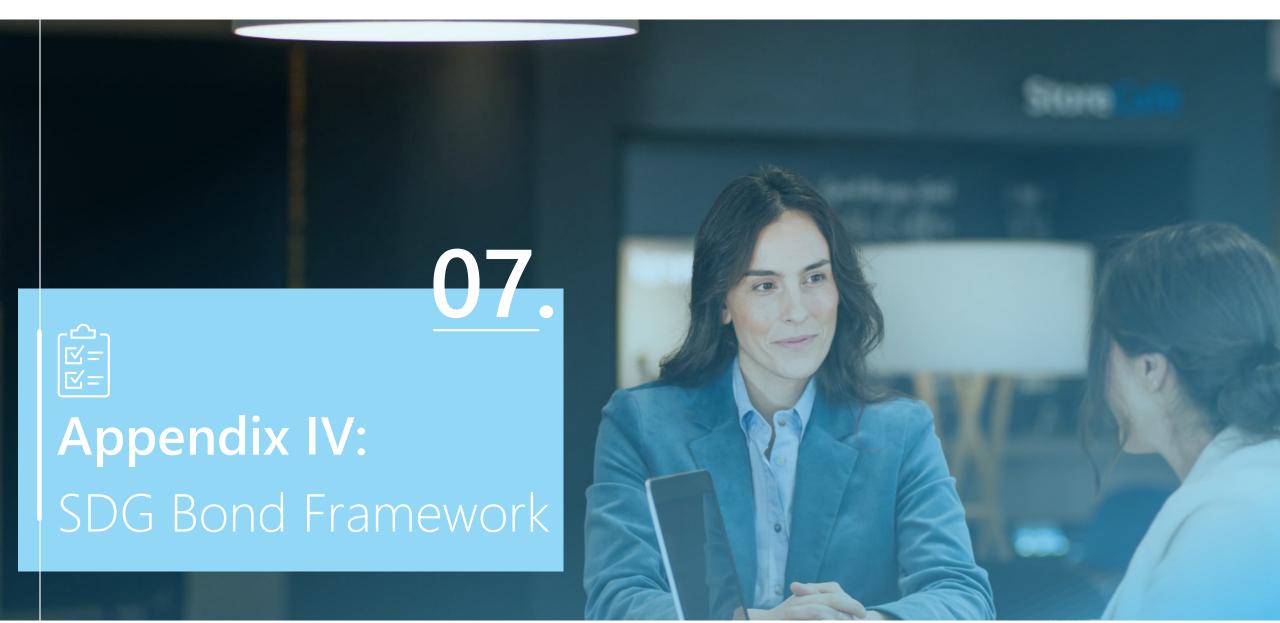


SDG are integrated into the Strategic Plan and the Socially Responsible Banking Plan 2019-2021



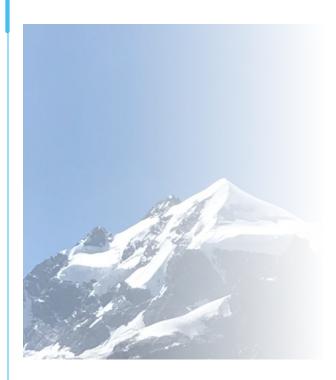
1) Specialized network and services for start-ups and scale-ups.







CaixaBank SDG Bond Framework – Key features and rationale



- CaixaBank supports the UN SDGs while acknowledging the key role played by financial institutions in **helping to mobilise capital** for the transition to a low-carbon, resource-efficient and inclusive economy
- The SDG Bond Framework developed in 2019 represents a declaration of intent to contribute to the process of transition to a low carbon economy, efficient use of resources, to financial inclusion and to the economy and employment in general

Public, transparent and aligned with the 4 pillars of ICMA Green and Social Bond Principles (GBP 2018 and SBP 2020) and Sustainability Bond Guidelines (SBG 2018)

It allows for the possibility to issue:

- ✓ **Green bonds** (proceeds allocated to green projects only)
- ✓ **Social bonds** (proceeds allocated to social projects only)
- Sustainability bonds

Aimed at:

- Reinforcing corporate commitment to responsible banking
- Fostering responsible business and increasing customer satisfaction while raising ESG awareness
- 3. Offering a new **investment alternative** to ESG investors

Bonds issued under this Framework will promote the following SDGs























SDG Bond Framework is aligned with the four key pillars of ICMA 2018 GBP, 2018

SBP and 2018 SBG⁽¹⁾

DEFINE

and selection

• Net proceeds will be used to finance or refinance, in whole or in part, **new or existing** Eligible Projects, loans, investments and expenditures that meet the categories of eligibility(2)(3) as established in 2018 GBP/ 2018 SBP/ 2018 SBG

Use of proceeds

- Existing assets → assets initiated up to 3 years prior to the year of execution of any Bond issued under this SDG Framework
- Some activities are excluded from consideration(4)

• A **3-stage process** determines eligibility and selects projects:

SELECT

- Business Units nominate:
- SDGs Bond Working Group reviews and shortlists:
- Environmental Risk Committee and Corporate Responsibility and Reputation Committee ratify inclusion or exclusion⁽⁵⁾
- Additionally: the Non-Financial Risks Dept. supervises and monitors eligibility condition fulfilment

MONITOR

- CABK's Treasury team is in charge
 - Managing and tracking the **proceeds** from the Bonds
 - **Keeping a register** including:
 - Principal amount, maturity and coupon
 - List of Eligible Projects and Eligibility Criteria
 - Net proceeds allocated to the projects

Reporting

REPORT

Allocation reporting:

- Information on allocation of net proceeds to be provided on an annual basis, at least, until full allocation or material change⁽⁶⁾
- **Impact** reporting:
 - Performance indicators of Eligible Projects financed will be provided at least until all net proceeds have been allocated⁽⁶⁾

External review

VERIFY

Second party opinion obtained from Sustainalytics⁽⁶⁾



- Allocation of net proceeds will be subject to **Audit Review** by an external auditor or independent qualified provider(6)
- A qualified sustainability **expert** is also to be engaged to assess the **impact of the Projects** to which proceeds have been allocated⁽⁶⁾

- ICMA Green Bond Principles 2018 (2018 GBP) and Social Bond Principles 2018 (2018 SBP) and Sustainability Bond Guidelines 2018 (2018 SBG).

 Where a business or project derives ≥90% of revenues from activities that align with Eligibility Criteria, its financing can be considered eligible for CABK Green, Social, or Sustainability Bond(s). In these instances, the Use of Proceeds can be used by the business for general purposes (as long as it does not fund activities in the Exclusion list).
- 3) Expenditures could be considered if compliant with the pending final EU GBS (Green Bond Standard) definition of Green expenditures.
- 4) Additional exclusions on top of the exclusions specified in the ESG Management Policies.
- 5) At least on an annual basis, the alignment of Eligible Projects with the Eligibility Criteria will be re-assessed

6) It will be published on CaixaBank's website.



Use of proceeds – Green eligible categories

	SDG Target	ICMA GBP category	Upcoming EU-GBS objective and EU taxonomy mapping	Eligibility criteria	Including:
6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	6.3 6.4	Sustainable water and wastewater management	 Sustainable use/protection of water/marine resources and climate change mitigation NACE⁽¹⁾: water supply sewerage, waste management and remediation 	Activities that increase water-use efficiency and quality through water recycling, treatment and reuse (including treatment of wastewater) while maintaining high degree of energy efficiency	 Improvements in water quality and use efficiency; construction and maintenance of new water networks to improve residential access to water; construction, operation or extension of water treatment facilities, etc.
7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	7.1 7.2 7.3	Renewable energyEnergy efficiency	 Climate change mitigation NACE: electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply 	Activities aiming at financing equipment, development, manufacturing, construction, expansion, operation, distribution and maintenance of low-carbon and renew.energy ⁽²⁾	 Renewable energy projects including wind, solar and hydro power (<25MW) with the exception of biomass energy projects, grid and associated infrastructure expansion/development that carries a minimum of 85% renewable energy, smart grid; etc.
9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	9.1 9.2 9.4	Green buildings	Climate change mitigationNACE: construction, real estate activities	Activities aimed at developing quality, reliable, sustainable green buildings.	 New construction building develop./renovation of existing buildings which meet recognised environmental standards; commercial building. develop. w/energy performance in top 15% nationally and 35% better than local baseline; loans for residential real estate with EPC A and B; etc.
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	11.2 11.6	 Affordable basic infrastructure Access to essential services Clean transportation 	Climate change mitigationNACE: transport and storage	Activities that expand or maintain access to affordable, accessible, and sustainable mass passenger transport systems and related infrastructure	 Metro, tram, high speed passenger train; bicycle infrastructure; all emission-free transport with direct emissions lower than 50 grCO₂e/p-km; etc.
12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	12.2 12.5	Pollution prevention and control	 Pollution prevention/control; transition to circular econ.; waste prevention and recycling; climate change mitigation. NACE: water supply sewerage, waste management and remediation 	Activities that contribute to waste prevention, minimisation, collection, management, recycling, re-use, or processing for recovery	• Waste collection/recycling (ex incineration or landfill activities), biogas plants ⁽¹⁾ (primarily processing bio waste), fertilizers from anaerobic digestion or bio waste, waste treatment; etc.
15 tife on Land	15.2	Biodiversity conservation	 Protection of healthy ecosystems and climate change mitigation NACE: Agriculture, forestry and fishing 	Activities that contribute to the conservation of terrestrial ecosystems	Afforestation/reforestation programmes with recognised certifications (FSC, PEFC, or equivalent); rehab of/ new greenfield woody perennial agricultural plantations (e.g. orchards, fruit and nut tree), aligned with EU standards











Statistical classification of economic activities in the European Community.
 The GHG emissions shall not exceed 100gr CO2e/kWh or any other lower threshold endorsed by the EU Taxonomy.



Use of proceeds – Social eligible categories

	SDG Target	ICMA SBP category	Eligibility criteria	Including:
1 POVERTY	1.4	Access to essential services	Activities that increase access to financial services for underserved populations	• Loans under MicroBank umbrella to individuals or families located in Spain with a joint annual income of equal or less than €17,200 without any collateral or guarantee
3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	3.8 3.b	 Affordable basic infrastructure Access to essential services 	Activities that improve provision of free or subsidised healthcare, and early warning, risk reduction and management of health crises	 Financing: health care facilities for provision of public and/or subsidised health care services; public training centers in public health care provision and emergency response; public infrastructure and equipment for provision of emergency medical care and of disease control services
4 QUALITY EDUCATION	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Access to essential services	 Activities that expand access to publicly funded primary, secondary, adult and vocational education, including for vulnerable population groups and those at risk-of-poverty; activities that improve publicly funded educational infrastructure 	 Construction of public schools (primary, secondary and tertiary) Construction of public student housing Financing educational loans
8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	8.10	Employment generation including through potential effect of SME financing and microfinance	 Bank financing that promotes growth of micro, small and medium sized businesses in the most economically disadvantaged regions of Spain (either ranking in the bottom 30th percentile in GDP/capita or in the top 30th in unemployment rate) 	 Personal loans without any collateral or guarantee for self-employed workers Micro-enterprises and SMEs as per the European Commission definition

EXCLUSIONS

- Animal maltreatment
- Asbestos
- Coal mining and power generation from coal (coal-fired power plants)
- Conflict minerals
- Gambling/adult entertainment
- Hazardous chemicals
- Large scale dams (above 25MW)

- Nuclear power generation
- Fossil fuel
- Oil and gas
- Palm oil

- Soy oil
- Tobacco
- Weapons











The 2nd line of defense on

reputational risk:

supervises/monitors

fulfilment of eligibility

conditions



Asset evaluation and selection process

**Eligible Projects (complying with local laws and regulations as well as CABK's environmental and social risk policies) are identified from all lending activities

**Each Business Unit nominates loans to the SDGs Bond Working group

**Co-headed by representatives from the Treasury and Corporate Social Responsibility departments further consists of representatives from CaixaBank's Risk and Business departments

**Review financial asset(s) and customer, based on both public/non-public information, including a screening for ESG incidents

**Assess and confirm the type of Green/Social/Sustainable Asset, its compliance with Framework's Use of Proceeds categories, validating the purpose of financing and reviewing compliance with Exclusion criteria

**Assess the benefit of the asset(s) in relation to the Sustainable Development Goals

**Submits shortlisted project details, Working Group's review and recommendation to the Environmental Risk Committee and the Corporate Responsibility and Reputation Committee for approval

STAGE 3

Sustainability Committee(1)

- Reviews shortlisted projects for ratification of inclusion or exclusion in any CaixaBank Green, Social, or Sustainability Bond(s)
 - The selected Eligible Projects are subsequently recorded in the SDGs Bond Register⁽²⁾

DEFINE SELECT MONITOR REPORT VERIF

- 1) In April 2021, the Sustainability Committee assumed the functions of the Environmental Risk Committee and those related with sustainability of the Corporate Responsibility and Reputation Committee.
- 2) At least on an annual basis, the alignment of Eligible Projects with the Eligibility Criteria will be re-assessed.
- 3) In March'21 Non-financial Risks department assumed, on top of this role for sustainability risks, the 2nd line of defense of reputational risks, previously executed by Compliance.



Management of proceeds

CaixaBank's Treasury team will be in charge of managing the net proceeds



- CaixaBank's Treasury team will be in charge of managing the net proceeds from Green, Social or Sustainability bonds
- lt will also be responsible for **keeping a register** containing the following information:
 - Green, Social, or Sustainability Bond(s) information such as the principal amount, maturity date or the coupon
 - A list of Eligible Projects and the corresponding Eligibility Criteria, as well as a brief description of the Projects
 - The net proceeds allocated to the Projects
- In case of asset divestment or if a project no longer meets the Eligibility Criteria, CaixaBank intends to use the net proceeds to finance other Eligible Projects which are compliant with the Eligibility Criteria of the SDGs Framework
- CaixaBank will invest the balance of net proceeds from the Green, Social, or Sustainability Bond(s) issued unallocated to Eligible Projects, according to the Treasury's general liquidity guidelines for short- term investments











Reporting



Allocation reporting

• Information on the allocation of net proceeds of Green, Social or Sustainability bonds will be provided on the corporate website on an annual basis, at least, until all the net proceeds have been allocated and thereafter in case of material change

- The information will contain at least the following details:
 - 1. Total amount allocated by SDG and Eligible Criteria
 - 2. The remaining balance of unallocated proceeds
 - 3. The amount and percentage of new financing and refinancing



Impact reporting

Performance indicators on the Eligible Projects financed will be provided, at least until all net proceeds have been allocated. Such indicators include among others:



- # of loans, deposits or insurance products in line with SDGs or # of people provided with them
- Default rate of loan recipients



- # public hospitals and other healthcare facilities built/upgraded
- # of residents benefitting from healthcare



- # students
- # loan beneficiaries



- Cubic meters of: water saved/reduced/treated /provided/cleaned; recycled water used
- Energy consumption/cubic meter recycled water



9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATII And Infrastructu

- # jobs created
- # microfinance, micro-enterprise and SME loans
- # people employed by micro-enterp., SMEs, loan recip.



• # tonnes of CO₂ avoided

MONITOR

- Energy consumption (KWh/m² per year)
- Lengths of tracks built for mass public transport
- # tonnes of CO₂ avoided through sustainable transport
- Total GHG emissions in CO₂e/p-Km



- Tonnes of waste recycled/reduced/avoided
- Annual GHG emissions reduced/avoided in tonnes of CO₂ equivalent



- Tones or CO₂ emissions avoided through planted forests
- Total land area with restoration





External review by Sustainalytics deems CaixaBank SDG Framework credible and

impactful







Sustainalytics considers CaixaBank's SDGs Framework aligned with GBP, SBP, SBG and GLP⁽¹⁾

<u>Sustainalytics is of the opinion that the CaixaBank SDG Framework is credible and impactful</u> and aligns with the four core components of the Green Bond Principles 2018 (GBP), Social Bond Principles 2018 (SBP) Sustainability Bond Guidelines 2018 (SBG) and Green Loan Principles 2018 (GLP).

- Sustainalytics considers the financing of projects and companies dedicated to providing (i) access to essential services, (ii) affordable basic infrastructure, (iii) employment generation, (iv) sustainable water and wastewater management, (v) renewable energy, (vi) energy efficiency, (vii) green buildings, (viii) clean transportation, (ix) pollution prevention and control and (x) terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation to have positive environmental or social impacts and to advance the UN Sustainable Development Goals.
- CaixaBank integrates sustainability in its business strategy, committing to support the transition to a sustainable economy while continuously working towards avoiding, mitigating and remedying those activities that could present a risk for the community and environment.
- CaixaBank's internal process of evaluating and selecting projects as well as processes for management of proceeds are aligned with market practice. In addition, CaixaBank intends to report on the allocation of proceeds on its website on an annual basis.
- The allocation of the net proceeds will also be subject to External Review while a qualified sustainability expert will be engaged to prepare the impact of the Projects to which proceeds have been allocated and is committed to reporting annually on impact indicators on its website until full allocation.















Strong sustainability performance

Ample recognition by main ESG analysts and rating agencies (I/II)



(1) Including financial Inclusion or social and environmental information. (2) The use of CaixaBank of any MSCI ESG Research LLC or its affiliates data and the use of MSCI logos, trademarks, service marks, or index names herein do not constitute a sponsorship, endorsement, recommendation or promotion of CaixaBank by MSCI. MSCI services and data are the property of MSCI or its information provided "as-is" and without warranty. MSCI names and logos are trademarks or service p. 64 marks of MSCI.



Strong sustainability performance

Ample recognition by main ESG analysts and rating agencies (II/II)

CaixaBank ESG Indices - Ratings ISS ESG corporate rating. Reference analyst: ISS. ESG corporate rating First inclusion/Last update/Next update: 2013 / May 2021 / May 2022 Corporate ESG Performance Status: **Prime** In the absolute rating, rated in the ISS ESG Prime segment, in top 10% of industry group Transparency: **very high** Transparency level ("Financials/Public & Regional Banks", including 277 companies under analysis). In the #1 decile ISS ESG in terms of relative performance ("High") and in transparency, rated "very high". Medium Very high Very low ISS ESG QualityScore ESG QualityScore Last update/Next update: December 2021 / January 2022 (monthly) Top rated in all categories: QualityScore "1" in Environment, Social and Governance. ISS ESG - Environment: maximum score in risk and opportunities, waste & toxicity. - Social: maximum score in human rights, labour, health & safety, product safety, quality & brand ESG QualityScore - Governance: maximum score in compensation, shareholder rights, audit and risk oversight Sustainability index ETHIBEL Sustainability Index Europe; Euronext Eurozone 120 and Europe 120. Analyst: VigeoEiris 54 EURONEXT First inclusion/Last update/Next update⁽¹⁾: 2013/Sep. 2020/Dec. 2021 (annual) vigedeiris <30 30-49 50-59 >59 100 "Robust" category and above "Diversified banks" sector average; "Advanced" category in Environmental Strategy and 3 areas of Human Resources⁽²⁾ Limited Robust Advanced Weak ⅌ imug TRUCOST • #1 in the world in gender equality based on Bloomberg Equality Index 2021 standard STANDARD &POOR'S • Other analysts/ESG ratings with ongoing assessment on CaixaBank Bloomberg arabesque s-ray Included in the Sustainability Yearbook for the 10th Sustainability Award Sustainability The Banker and Brand Finance: year in a row⁽³⁾ Other recognition Yearbook 2021 Upgraded to Silver Class in 2021 (from Bronze Class Top 500 Banking Brands 2020 S&P Global

in 2017-2020)







Independent Limited Assurance Report

CaixaBank, S.A.

Independent limited assurance report on the "Social Portfolio Report" 31 March 2021



Independent limited assurance report on the "Social Portfolio Report"

To the management of CaixaBank, S.A.:

We have carried out our work to provide limited assurance on the accompanying 'Social Portfolio Report' of CaixaBank, S.A. (hereinafter, CaixaBank' or 'the Company') as of 31 March 2021, Integrated with the Inaugural Social Bond SNP issued in September 2019 (ISIN X52055788804), the COVID-19 Social Bond issued in July 2020 (ISIN X52200150766) and the Third Social Bond SNP issued in May 2021 (ISIN X52346253730) to progress towards SDG 1 (No Poverty, SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-Being), SDG 4 (Quality Education) and SDG 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth), prepared in accordance with the criteria described in sections 'Appendix II: Methodology' and 'Appendix IV: SDG Bond Framework' of the "Social Portfolio Report', defined by CaixaBank in accordance with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) Framework (hereinafter, 'SDGs Bond Framework' or 'the Framework' or 'the Framework' or 'the Framework' available on Its website.

https://www.caixabank.com/deployedfiles/caixabank/Estaticos/PDFs/Inversores institucionales/2019CaixaBankSDGsFramework.pdf

Specifically, the sections of the 'Social Portfolio Report' under our review have been the following:

- The portfolio allocation of the Social Bonds proceeds in accordance with the eligibility criteria, defined by CaixaBank in the 'SDGs Bond Framework' and detailed in page 9.
- Social Bonds portfolio allocation indicators (amount and number of financial transactions together with their associated breakdowns), included in section 'Allocation Report' of the 'Social Portfolio Report' (pages 9-15), and specifically the indicators referenced in the table 'Allocation indicators' of the section 'Appendix It: Methodology' (pages 37-38).
- Impact indicators associated to the Social Bonds portfolio, included in section 'Impact Report' of the 'Social Portfolio Report' (pages 17-32), and specifically the indicators referenced in the table 'Impact indicators' of the section 'Appendix II: Methodology' (pages 39-42).

Responsibility of the management

The management of CaixaBank is responsible for the preparation, content and presentation of the 'Social Portfolio Report' in accordance with the criteria established by the Company, and the definition of these criteria according to the 'SDGs Bond Framework'. Management's responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of the internal control necessary to allow the information included in the 'Social Portfolio Report' to be free from any material misstatement due to fraud or error.

The management of CaixaBank is also responsible for defining, implementing, adapting and maintaining the management systems from which the information required to prepare the 'Social Portfolio Report' is obtained.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L., Avinguda Diagonal, 640, 08017 Barcelona, España Tel.: +34 932 532 700 / +34 902 021 111, Fax: +34 934 059 032, www.pwc.es

R. M. Madrid, hoja 87. 250-1, folio 75, tomo 9.267, libro 8.054, sacción 3º Inscrita en el R.O.A.C. con el número 90042 - CIF. B-79 031290



Independent Limited Assurance Report



Our independence and quality control

We have compiled with the independence requirements and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants ("IESBA") which is based on the fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour.

Our firm applies the International Standard on Quality Control 1 (ISQC 1) and therefore has in place a global quality control system, which includes documented policies and procedures related to compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory provisions.

Our responsibility

Our responsibility is to issue a limited assurance report based on the work carried out and the evidence obtained. Our limited assurance engagement has been carried out in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (ISAE 3000) (Reviewed), 'Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information', issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC).

In a limited assurance engagement, the procedures performed vary in terms of their nature and timing of execution, and are less extensive than those carried out in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, the assurance obtained is substantially lower.

Our work has consisted of posing questions to management and several CaixaBank units that were involved in the preparation of the sections of the 'Social Portfolio Report', in the review of the processes for compiling and validating the information presented in the sections of the 'Social Portfolio Report', and in the application of certain analytical procedures and review sampling tests, as described below:

- Meetings with CaixaBank's personnel from various units who have been involved in the
 preparation of the 'Social Portfolio Report', to understand the qualification of the Social Bonds
 portfolio, the existing internal procedures and management systems, the information gathering
 process and the control environment.
- Analysis of the procedures used for obtaining and validating the information presented in the sections of the 'Social Portfolio Report'.
- Verification that the portfolio allocation of the Social Bonds proceeds meets the eligibility criteria, defined by CaixaBank in the 'SDGs Bond Framework'.
- Review that the CaixaBank's Social Bonds portfolio allocation indicators (amount and number of financial transactions together with their associated breakdowns) and impact indicators associated to the Social Bonds portfolio, included in the 'Social Portfolio Report', have been prepared in accordance with the criteria described in section 'Appendix II: Methodology' of the 'Social Portfolio Report', defined by CaixaBank in accordance with the 'SDGs Bond Framework'.



- Verification, through random sample testing, internal control tests and substantive tests on the
 quantitative and qualitative information included in the sections of the 'Social Portfolio Report'
 under our review. We have also verified whether this quantitative and qualitative information
 have been appropriately compiled from the data provided by CaixaBank's sources of
 information.
- Obtainment of a representation letter from the management of CaixaBank.

Limited assurance conclusion

Based on the procedures performed and the evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

- the portfolio allocation of the Social Bonds proceeds is not in accordance with the eligibility criteria, defined by CaixaBank in the 'SDGs Bond Framework' and detailed in page 9 of the 'Social Portfolio Report'.
- the Social Bonds portfolio allocation indicators (amount and number of financial transactions together with their associated breakdowns) and the impact indicators associated to the Social Bonds portfolio, included in the 'Social Portfolio Report', contain significant errors or have not been prepared, in all their significant matters, in accordance with the criteria described in section 'Appendix It: Methodology' of the 'Social Portfolio Report' (pages 37-45), defined by CaixaBank in accordance with the 'SDGs Bond Framework'.

Jse and distribution

Our report is only issued to the management of CaixaBank, in accordance with the terms and conditions of our engagement letter. We do not assume any liability to third parties other than CaixaBank's management.

PricewaterhouseGoopers Auditores, S.L.

Juan Ignacio Marull Guaseh

December 10th, 2021

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