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MREL, liquidity and funding

CaixaBank Group at a glance⁽¹⁾

★ Leading retail bancassurance franchise in Iberia

Customers (M)	15.6
Preferred Bank-Spain ⁽²⁾ (%)	26.3%
Digital clients ⁽³⁾ /total (%)	59.4%
Branches ⁽⁴⁾	4,916
Balance sheet ⁽⁵⁾ (€ Bn)	406.0

📈 Group RoTE TTM at 9.4% adjusted⁽⁶⁾

RoTE adj. ⁽⁶⁾ (TTM)	9.4%
1H19 Net profit (€ M)	622
Core C/I (TTM)	57.7%
CoR (TTM)	0.02%
RoTE bancassurance (TTM) ⁽⁷⁾	9.8%

📄 Solid balance sheet metrics

NPL coverage ratio	54%
Liquid assets (€ Bn)	88
LCR 12M average	195%
CET1/Tot. cap. (%)	11.6%/15.3%
Long Term Ratings ⁽⁸⁾	Baa1/BBB+/BBB+/A

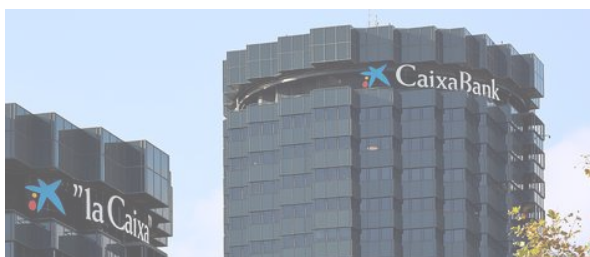
🌍 A responsible bank with solid heritage and values

Included in **leading sustainability indices**⁽⁹⁾

Highly-rated brand: based on trust and excellence in quality of service

MicroBank: Spanish and European reference in micro-credit

Over 115-year history, with deeply rooted values: quality, trust and social commitment



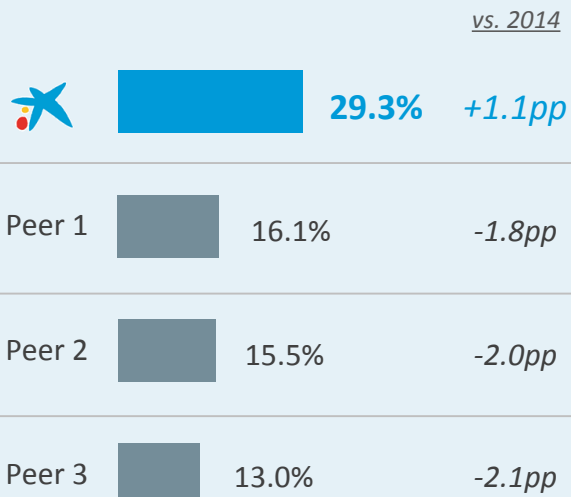
(1) Figures as of 30 June 2019 and referring to CaixaBank Group, unless otherwise noted. (2) Market penetration-primary bank among retail clients in Spain aged 18 or above. Source: FRS Inmark 2018. (3) Individual customers aged 20-74 years old with at least one transaction in the last 12 months. (4) # of branches in Spain and Portugal, of which 4,219 are retail branches in Spain. (5) #1 bank by total assets in Spain (based on public information as of June 2019). (6) RoTE excluding restructuring expenses (considering such expenses, RoTE ttm stands at 6%). (7) Bancassurance RoTE excluding extraordinary items. (8) Moody's, Standard&Poor's, Fitch, DBRS. (9) Including among others: MSCI Global Sustainability, DJSI, FTSE4Good, Ethibel Sustainability Index (ESI), STOXX® Global ESG Leaders.

The “bank of choice” for Spanish retail customers



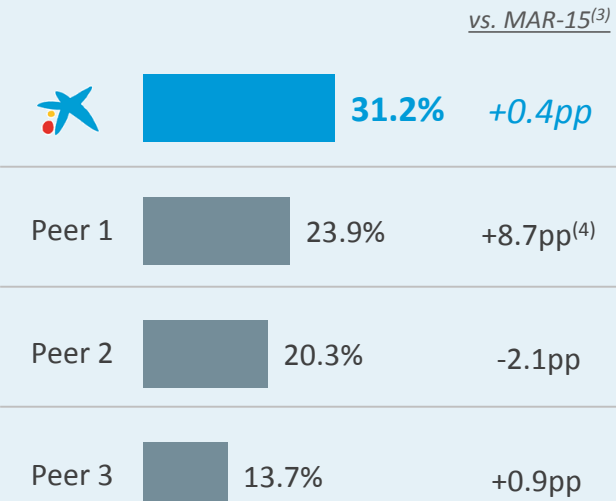
Leader in retail banking

Retail client penetration (Spain) and organic evolution⁽¹⁾



The highest digital penetration

Market penetration among digital clients (Spain)⁽²⁾



A one-stop distribution model for lifetime finance and insurance needs

- Scale & capillarity
- IT & digitalisation
- Advisory & proximity
- Comprehensive offering

#1 Mutual Funds

#1 Life insurance

#1 Health insurance (49.9%)

#1 Payments

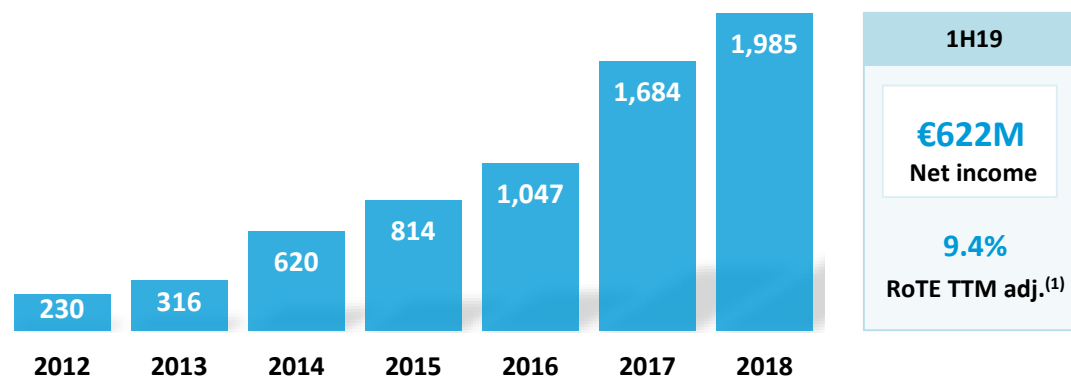
#1 Payment methods (49%)

(1) Retail clients in Spain aged 18 or above. Peer group includes: Banco Santander (including Popular), BBVA, Bankia. Source: FRS Inmark 2018.
 (2) 12 month average, latest available data as of June 2019. CaixaBank ex BPI; peer group includes: Banco Sabadell, Banco Santander, BBVA. Source: Comscore.
 (3) Evolution versus March 2015, as historical figures prior to that date are not comparable (methodological change by Comscore).
 (4) Includes inorganic growth.
 Sources: FRS Inmark 2018, INVERCO, ICEA, AEF, Cards and Payments System and Comscore.

Financial strength: solid P&L and balance sheet metrics

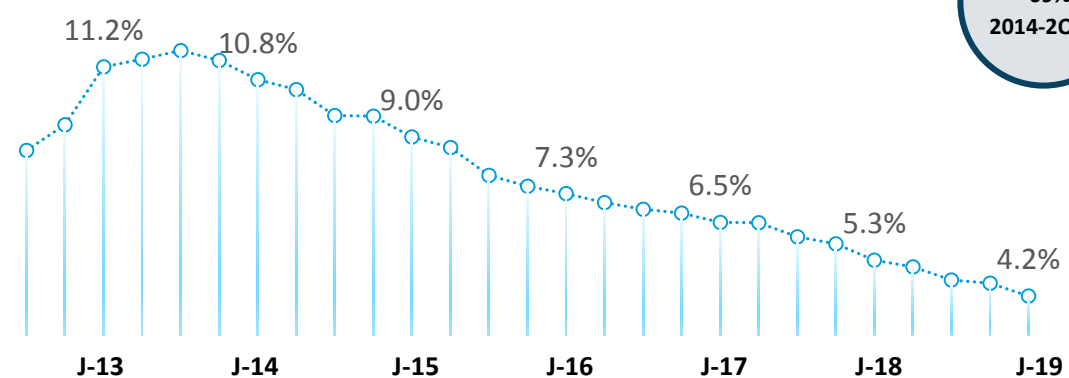
Sustained profitability improvement after the crisis

Net income, €M



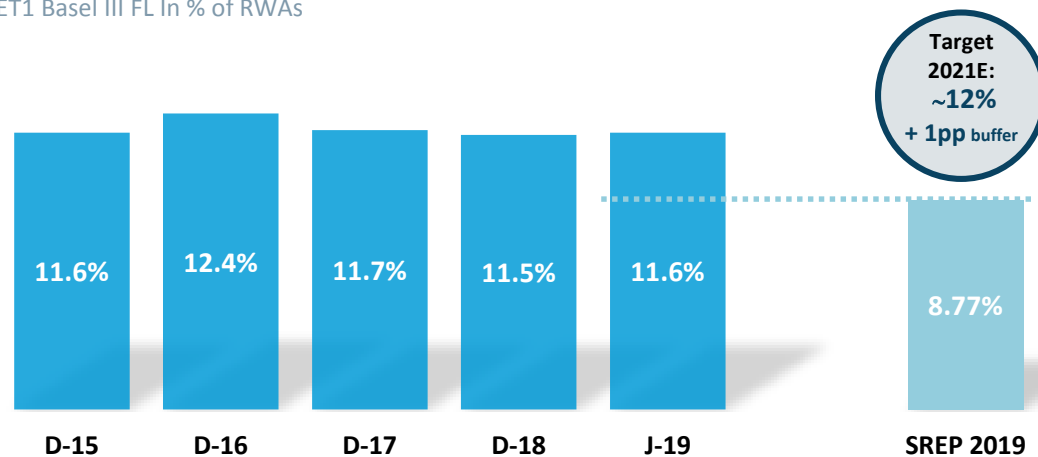
Significant de-risking

NPL ratio, in %



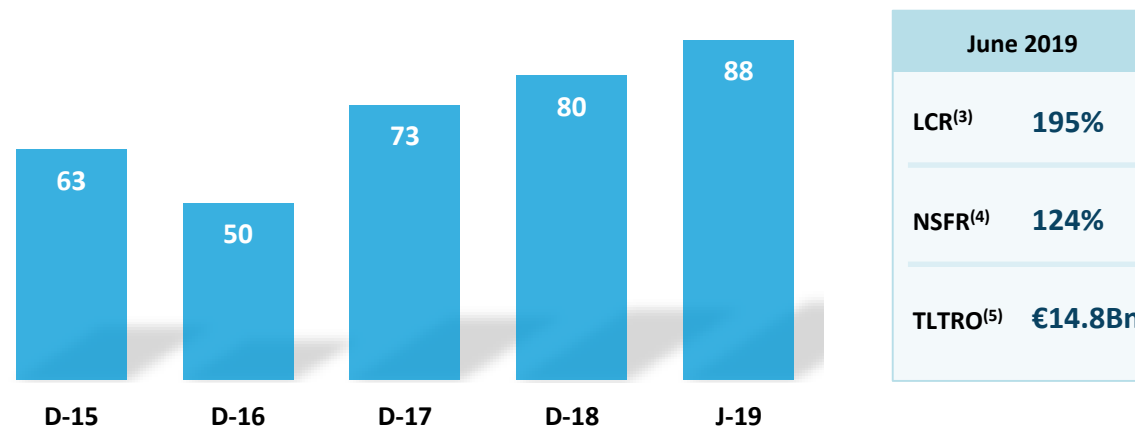
Solid capital in line with internal target and well above requirements

CET1 Basel III FL In % of RWAs



Ample liquidity remains a hallmark

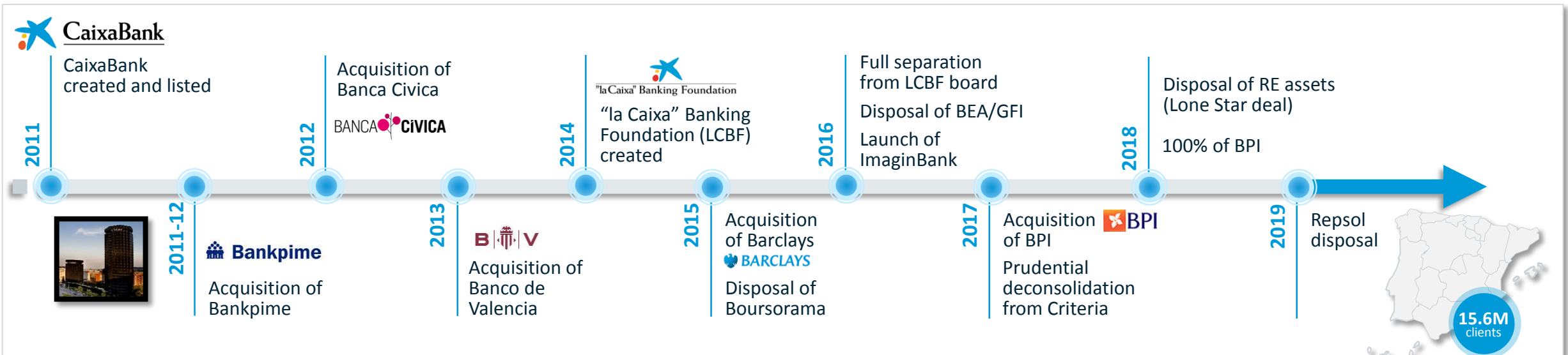
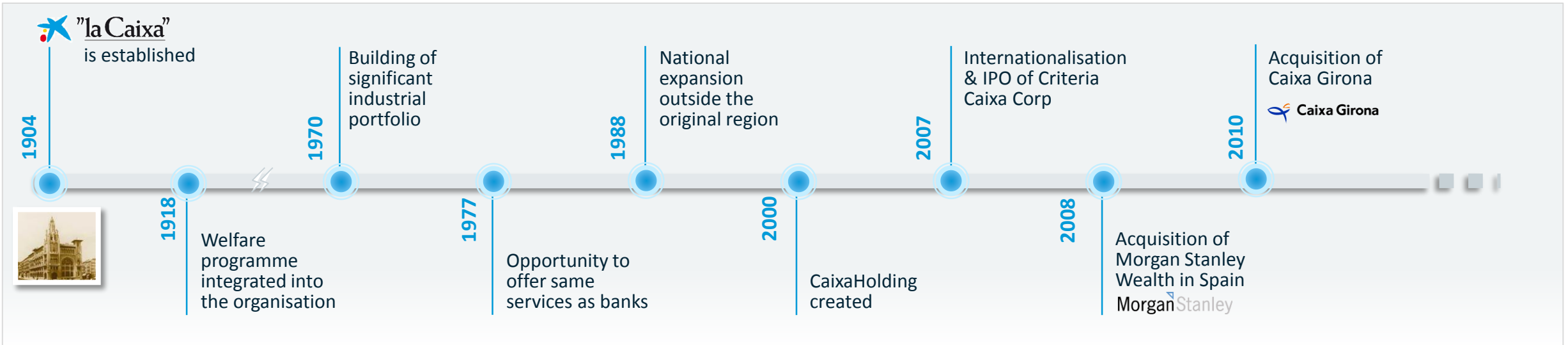
Liquid assets (end of period), in €Bn



(1) RoTE excluding restructuring expenses (considering such expenses, RoTE ttm stands at 6%). (2) NPLs (including contingent liabilities) + OREO, all gross value. CABK ex BPI, June 2019 vs. 2014 PF Barclays Spain. (3) 12 month average.

(4) End of period. Best estimate according to the new CRR criteria (Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of 20 May 2019). (5) Includes €1.4Bn from BPI, all TLTRO II. Redemption of €13.4Bn (CABK) in late June 2019.

A history that spans over 115 years



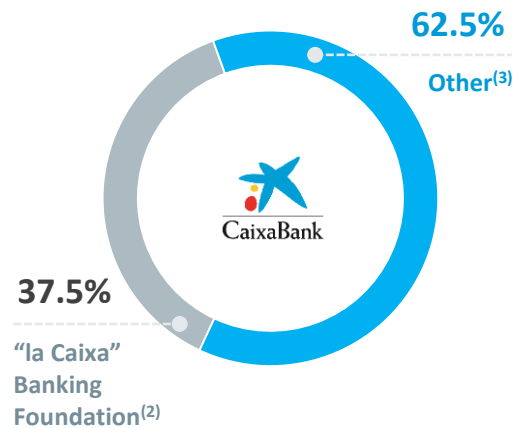
A streamlined structure facilitates full attention on our bancassurance model

Reorganisation of “la Caixa” Group



▶ Since 2017 the Foundation no longer controls the board

CaixaBank board distribution⁽¹⁾, %



- Lead independent director
- Non-executive Chairman
- Clear separation of roles

Increased focus on our core business

▶ Decreasing weight of non-strategic assets

- Boursorama (2015)
- BEA & Inbursa (2016)
- Repsol (2019)
- NPAs: -69% 2014-2Q19⁽⁴⁾



▶ Taking control of BPI

- Fully integrated into our bancassurance activity
- Opportunity to replicate CABK model in Portugal



(1) Includes all the changes agreed at the AGM on the 5th April 2019. Refer to Significant Event number 276874 (CNMV) for additional information.
 (2) Includes 6 proprietary directors representing “la Caixa” Banking Foundation.
 (3) Includes 7 independent directors, 1 proprietary director proposed by Mutua Madrileña, 1 proprietary proposed by the banking foundations formerly comprising Banca Cívica and the CEO.
 (4) NPLs (including contingent liabilities) + OREO, all gross value. CABK ex BPI, June 2019 vs. 2014 PF Barclays Spain.



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MREL, liquidity and funding

Successfully completed our Strategic Plan 2015-2018

	2018 Target ⁽¹⁾	2018
Profitability	RoTE ⁽²⁾	9-11% → 9.3%
	Recurrent C/I ratio ⁽²⁾	~55% → 52.9%
	Core revenues CABK ⁽³⁾	~4% CAGR 2017-18 → 6%
	Rec. operating exp. CABK ⁽⁴⁾	Flat 2014 → ~0% vs FY14
	Cost of risk ⁽²⁾	<40 bps → 4 bps
Capital	CET1 FL %	11-12% → 11.5%
	Total Capital FL %	>14.5% → 15.3%
Cash dividend pay-out		≥50% → 55% Avg. 2015-18

Solid economic recovery but...

- **Negative interest rates for 3 years of the Plan**
- **Subdued loan volumes → lower than expected**
- **Mortgage floor removal**
- **Competitive pressures in certain segments**
- **Regulation → more... and more demanding**



Building our 2019-21 Strategic Plan on solid foundations

(1) Targets revised in the mid-term review of the plan (December 2016).
 (2) Trailing 12M.
 (3) NII + Fees + insurance revenues from life-risk premia and equity accounted income from SegurCaixa Adeslas.
 (4) Recurrent administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization. 2014 PF w/Barclays Spain.

2019-2021 Strategic Plan

2019-2021

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

Offer the best customer experience



Accelerate digital transformation to boost efficiency and flexibility



Foster a people-centric, agile and collaborative culture



Attractive shareholder returns and solid financials



A benchmark in responsible banking and social commitment



STRATEGIC VISION

A leading and innovative financial Group, with the best customer service and a benchmark in responsible banking



Strategic Priority #1

Levers to fuel growth and drive our Customer Experience strategy

1

Continue to transform the distribution network to provide higher added value to the customer

> 600

“Store” branches
(new format) 2021E ⁽¹⁾
vs. 405 by June 2019 ⁽²⁾

↓ c.40%

Urban
branches
2018-2021E⁽²⁾

Maintain

Rural
network
2018-2021E⁽²⁾

→ Reduction of more than 800 retail branches (Spain)



2

Strengthen the remote and digital customer relationship model

~70%

Digital clients ⁽³⁾
2021E vs. 59.4% by
June 2019

CaixaBankNow

2.6M

Customers
using inTouch⁽⁴⁾
2021E (1.1M June 2019)

inTouch

#1

Mobile-only
bank in Spain

imagin bank



3

Partnerships to broaden offering and build an ecosystem “beyond banking”

CABK is a powerful platform to generate value through alliances:

- c.14M clients (Spain)
- >5M direct transactions/day
- >10Bn transactions/year



4

Segmentation and focus on customer journey

Redesign of processes and interaction



Aiming at significantly improving NPS⁽⁵⁾ and conversion rates



(1) Projection presented in Investor Day. Delivery date updated in 1H19 results to June 2020 (refer to p.45). (2) In Spain. Including 49 store branches work-in-process. Opening hours extended to 18:30. (3) Individual customers aged 20-74 years old with at least one transaction in the last 12 months. (4) Remote account manager service. Projection presented in Investor Day. Delivery date updated in 1H19 results to December 2020 (refer to p.45). (5) Net promoter score: percentage of promoters minus percentage of detractors.



Strategic Priority #2

Accelerate digital transformation to boost efficiency, scalability and flexibility of IT infrastructures



Process digitalisation and automation

~ 100%

Digital processes⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

19.5%

Administrative tasks in branches (vs. 42% in 2006)⁽²⁾

Employee mobility and digital signature

~ 100%

Of employees operate a Smart PC (tablet)⁽²⁾

99%

Digital signatures⁽²⁾

Data and analytics: we process a large amount of data

>10Bn

Transactions per year⁽³⁾

Systematic application of Data Analytics across the entire organisation



Other technologies being implemented to generate efficiencies:

- Cognitive and AI
- Robotics to support process automation
- Biometrics to support digital onboarding



Strategic Priority #3 Talent development is and will continue to be a top priority



■ We have been heavily investing in talent development

- Masters in Advisory
- School of Risk Mgmt
- Leadership capabilities
- School of Leadership

~17,200
employees

■ A significant proportion of employees has been reskilled

- Business managers
- Private Bank managers
- Affluent Bank managers
- CIB managers
- “Intouch”

~6,400
employees ⁽¹⁾

■ We have redesigned processes to favour meritocracy and attract and develop talent

- Promotion, incentives, appraisal, communication

100%
employees ⁽¹⁾

Goals



Organisational redesign
Foster agility culture
(extensive application of agile methodologies)



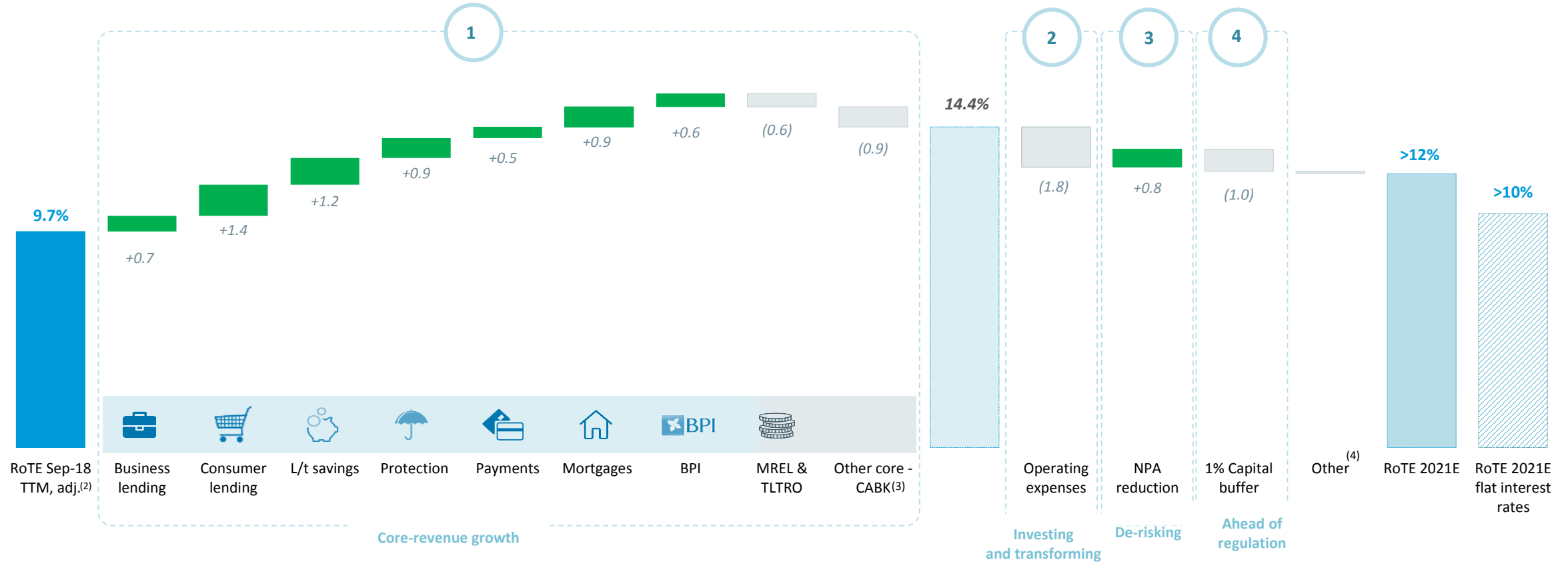
Value to the client
and time-to-market

(1) As presented in Investor Day in November 2018.

Strategic Priority #4

Core revenue growth and lower NPA costs drive RoTE improvement

RoTE⁽¹⁾ bridge Sep-2018 TTM – 2021E, in % and pp post-tax



BFA results are not included in projections

(1) Tangible equity redefined as own funds (including valuation adjustments) minus intangible assets.
 (2) RoTE adjusted for one-offs (REP disposal, ServiHabitat repurchase and extraordinary provision write-back in 3Q18) and pro-forma excluding REP and BFA earnings.
 (3) Includes other core revenues (CABK) not included in previous categories and other than funding costs (which are allocated among previous categories).
 (4) Including other P&L and equity impacts.



Strategic Priority #4

Financial targets



Profitability

Core revenues

~5%

CAGR 2019E-21E

Core C/I ratio

<55%

2021E

RoTE

>12%

2021E



Balance sheet

Performing loans

~1%

CAGR 2019E-21E

AuM + insur. funds

~5-6%

CAGR 2019E-21E

NPL ratio / CoR

<3% / <0.30%

2021E

2019E-21E



Capital & liquidity

CET1 FL - BIII

~12% + 1pp

2021E

Cash payout

>50%

2019E-21E

LCR

>130%

2021E



**Responsible
Banking
Plan**



Priorities | 2019-2021

- 
 - ▶ Reinforce our culture of transparency
 - ▶ Build the most diverse and talented team
- 
 - ▶ Foster responsible and sustainable financing
 - ▶ Manage ESG and climate-related risks
 - ▶ Improve efficiency and reduce carbon footprint
- 
 - ▶ Maintain commitment to financial inclusion
 - ▶ Contribute to improve society's financial culture
 - ▶ Promote social initiatives at local level



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MREL, liquidity and funding

Solid activity and resilient revenues support net income in a quarter impacted by restructuring



Solid volume growth with resilient margins

Performing loans⁽¹⁾

+2.3% qoq

+3.3% ytd

Customer funds

+3.1% qoq

+6.2% ytd

Customer spread

222 bps

-1bp vs. 2Q18



Core revenues improve but not enough to meet FY guidance in the lower rate environment. Revised to ~1%

NII

+0.2% qoq

+0.9% yoy

Non-NII core revenues

+3.4% qoq

-4.3% yoy

FY19e Core revenues

~ +1% yoy

vs. prev. guidance ~+3% yoy



19E cost growth revised down to ~3% after swift restructuring execution

Restructuring cost

€978 M Gross

€685 M post-tax

Cost savings

~ €200 M Annual

~ €80 M in 2H19

FY19e Recurrent costs

~ +3% yoy

vs. prev. guidance ~+5% yoy



Balance sheet metrics further reinforced

NPL ratio / CoR⁽²⁾

4.2% / 2 bps

-46 bps/ -2 bps ytd

CET1 / MREL

11.6% / 21.2%

+5 bps ytd/+232 bps ytd

Liquid assets

€87.6Bn +10.1% ytd

TLTRO: €14.8Bn (-48% ytd)

2Q19 Net Income of €89 M (-85.1% yoy /+30.3% adjusted ⁽³⁾) with Group RoTE trailing 12M at 9.4% adjusted ⁽³⁾

(1) +1.5% qoq/+2.5% ytd if seasonally adjusted to exclude €1.7Bn seasonal pension pre-payments in 2Q.

(2) CoR trailing 12M. CoR trailing 12M PF excluding an extraordinary write back in 3Q18 stands at 14 bps.

(3) Excluding restructuring charges in 2Q19 (€685M post-tax).

Strong customer fund growth complemented by positive market and seasonal effects

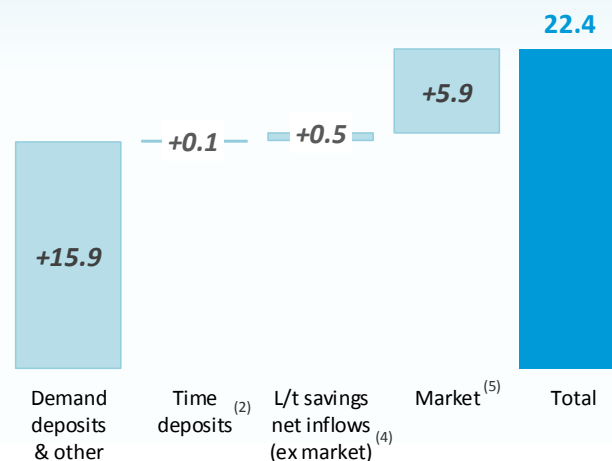
Customer funds

Breakdown, in €Bn

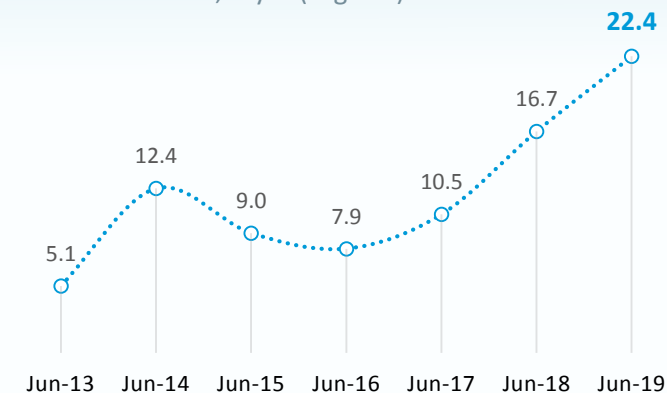
	30-Jun-19	% ytd	% qoq
I. On-balance-sheet funds	276.9	6.7	3.8
Demand deposits ⁽¹⁾	190.0	9.0	5.5
Time deposits ⁽²⁾	30.8	0.3	(1.4)
Insurance	54.5	4.0	0.9
<i>o/w unit linked</i>	10.6	16.6	5.0
Other funds	1.6	(21.6)	17.5
II. Assets under management	98.2	4.5	0.8
Mutual funds ⁽³⁾	66.5	3.1	0.0
Pension plans	31.7	7.7	2.3
III. Other managed resources	5.8	13.3	8.5
Total customer funds	380.9	6.2	3.1

Customer funds evolution ytd

Δ ytd, in €Bn



Customer funds, Δ ytd (organic) in €Bn



- ▶ Strong customer fund growth (+6.2% ytd)
- ▶ Demand deposits reflect commercial strength complemented by positive seasonality
- ▶ Long-term savings (+4.3% ytd) benefit from market recovery

(1) Demand deposits in 2Q include seasonal payroll and pension pre-payment effects.

(2) Includes retail debt securities amounting to €1,773M at 30 June 2019, of which €950M correspond to a 5y retail note issued in 1Q19.

(3) Including SICAVs and managed portfolios.

(4) Long-term saving products include mutual funds (with SICAVs and managed portfolios), pension plans, unit linked and other insurance funds.

(5) Market impacts in mutual funds, pension plans and unit linked insurance.

Market share gains in AM and insurance supported by innovative offering

Reinforced leadership in long-term savings and insurance



22.0%

Market share in long-term savings⁽¹⁾

+45 bps yoy

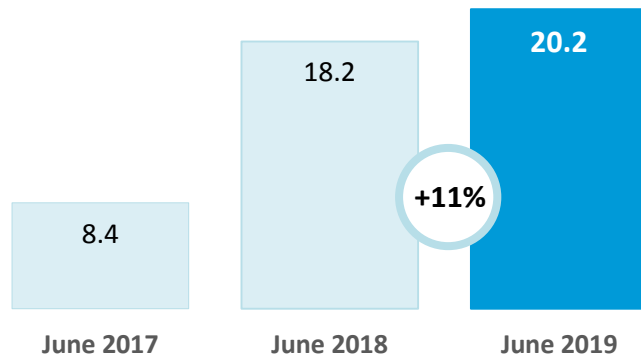


17.8%

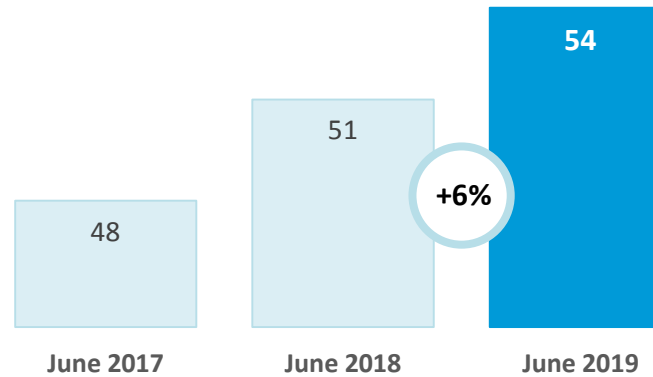
Market share in total insurance premia⁽²⁾

+46 bps yoy in life insurance (managed funds, VCX)

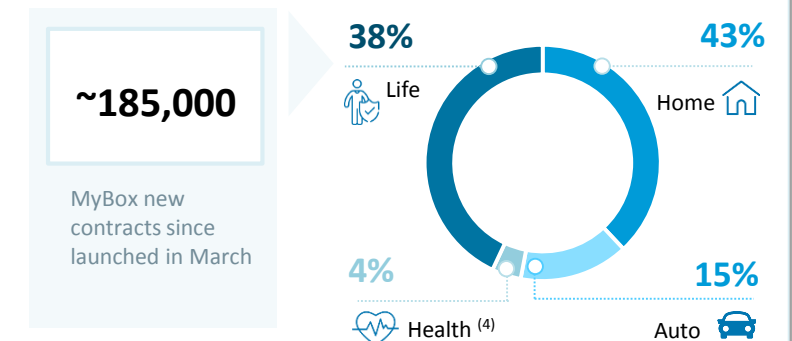
Mutual funds AuMs ⁽³⁾ under discretionary management portfolios, in €Bn



Life-savings insurance (client funds), €Bn



MyBox: new contracts since launched in March 2019, breakdown by type of product



~ 45%

Mutual funds AuMs⁽³⁾ under discretionary management portfolios

Smart Money



~ 17,200

Employees certified



Cuenta Caixafuturo SIALP y PIAS

Gama Destino

Familyseguros

MyBox

Familyseguros

Reinvigorating our commercial offering to create long-term relational value

(1) CABK: based on data as of June 2019 for mutual funds and on internal estimates for pension plans and savings insurance. Source: INVERCO, ICEA, latest available data. (2) Market share including VCX and SCA as of June 2019. Source: ICEA. SCA is a JV between VCX (49.9%) and Mutua Madrileña (50.1%). Total market share for Mutua Madrileña (inc. SCA) is 8.3%. (3) CaixaBank AM mutual funds; excluding third-party funds. +4.8 pp vs. June 2018. (4) Launched in June.

Loan growth continues as mortgage deleveraging is more than offset by other segments

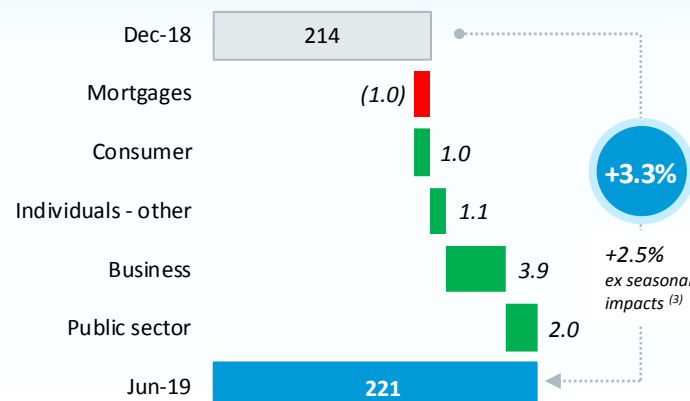
Loan book

Breakdown, in €Bn

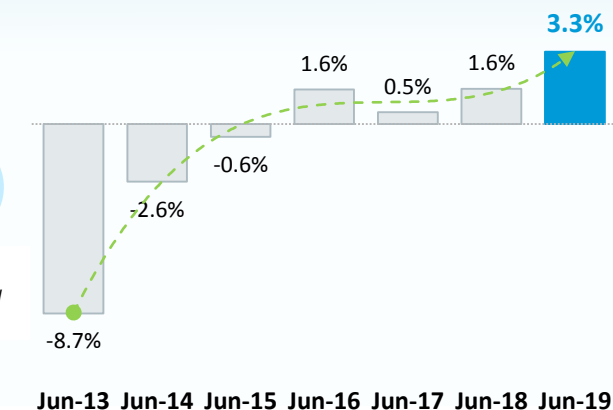
	30-Jun-19	% ytd	% qoq
I. Loans to individuals	127.9	0.7	1.2
Residential mortgages	90.5	(1.3)	(0.6)
Other loans to individuals	37.5	5.8	5.8
<i>o/w consumer loans ⁽¹⁾</i>	14.0	8.2	4.7
II. Loans to businesses	89.1	3.8	2.1
Corporates and SMEs	83.0	4.3	2.5
Real Estate developers ⁽²⁾	6.1	(2.8)	(2.9)
Loans to individuals & businesses	217.0	2.0	1.6
III. Public sector	13.8	17.1	8.7
Total loans	230.9	2.7	2.0
Performing loans	220.9	3.3	2.3
<i>Performing loans ex 2Q seasonal impacts ⁽³⁾</i>	219.2	2.5	1.5

Performing loan book

In €Bn ytd



Performing loans, % ytd (organic)



- ▶ Q2 trend confirms an inflection point in aggregate loan volumes
- ▶ Sustained growth in consumer and business lending with support from large corporates...
- ▶ ... more than offsets structural deleveraging in mortgage book
- ▶ Credit to the public sector up ytd on a few large transactions

(1) Unsecured loans to individuals, excluding those for home purchases. Includes personal loans from CaixaBank and BPI, MicroBank and CaixaBank Consumer Finance, as well as revolving credit card balances (CaixaBank Payments) excluding float.

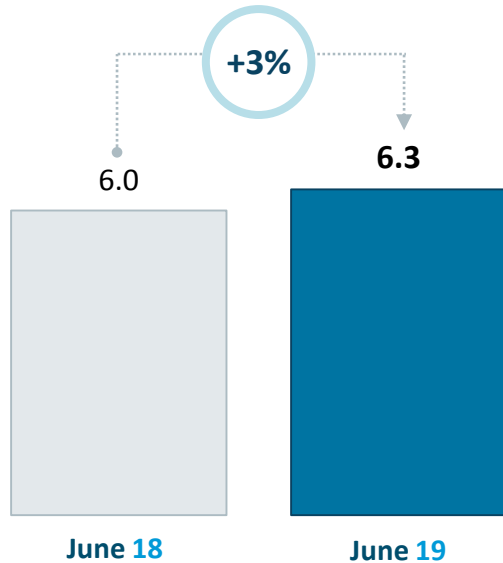
(2) % ytd impacted at BPI by homogenisation to Group criteria at closing of 2018 which entailed a reclassification (€527M) from RE developers mostly to Corporates and SMEs. YE2018 figures have been re-expressed for comparability purposes.

(3) Other loans to individuals (other than consumer loans) include seasonal pension advances in June amounting to €1.7Bn.

Strength of franchise and innovative offering underpin positive lending dynamics

New residential mortgage lending

New residential mortgage lending (CABK ex BPI), trailing 12M in €Bn

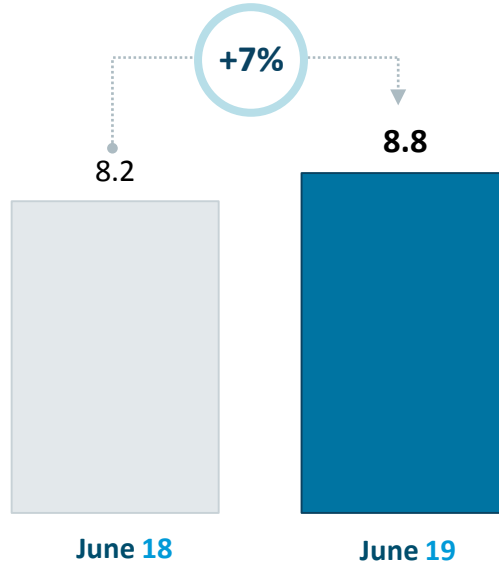


Supported by innovative, all-inclusive offering



New consumer lending

New consumer lending (CABK ex BPI), trailing 12M in €Bn



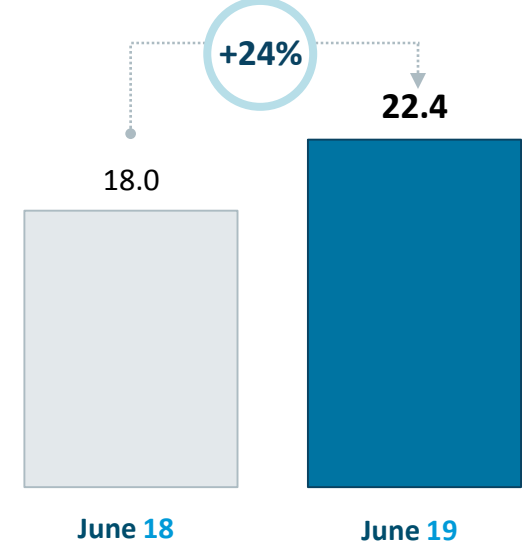
Strategic agreements with key partners

Familyilusiones Compra Estrella



New business lending

New business lending (SMEs and corporates, including RE developers) (CABK ex BPI) ⁽¹⁾, trailing 12M in €Bn



Specialisation and segmentation are key advantages

CaixaBank Business CaixaBank Corporate & Institutional Banking



(1) Including international branches.

Revenues recover in the quarter while lower impairments keep contributing to results

Consolidated Income Statement

In €M	2Q19	2Q18	2Q19/2Q18 in % yoy	2Q19/1Q19 in % qoq
Net interest income	1,241	1,229	0.9	0.2
Net fees and commissions	636	668	(4.7)	4.0
Income and exp. from insurance ⁽¹⁾	134	144	(6.9)	3.2
Trading	213	157	36.8	
Dividends	151	116	29.6	
Equity accounted	102	237	(57.0)	(5.2)
Other operating income/expenses	-141	-159	(11.3)	
Gross income	2,336	2,392	(2.3)	10.8
Recurring operating expenses	-1,204	-1,155	4.3	0.0
Extraordinary operating expenses	-978	-5		
Pre-impairment income	154	1,232	(87.5)	(83.0)
Pre-impairment income ex extraord. exp.	1,132	1,237	(8.5)	25.0
LLPs	-81	-109	(25.9)	(34.7)
Other provisions	-43	-233	(81.2)	(7.9)
Gains/losses on disposals and other	-22	-68	(69.4)	30.2
Pre-tax income	8	822	(99.0)	(98.9)
Tax, minority & other	81	-228		
Net income	89	594	(85.1)	(83.4)
Net income adj. ex restructuring⁽²⁾	774	594	30.3%	45.2%

- ▶ Core revenues recover vs. Q1 with yoy evolution mainly impacted by large wholesale transactions in 2Q18
- ▶ Lower equity-accounted income yoy (mainly REP/BFA) mostly offset by extraordinary trading gains, RE cost savings and BFA dividend
- ▶ Recurrent costs remain flat qoq with yoy evolution set to improve in coming quarters as cost savings kick in earlier than anticipated
- ▶ Continued improvement in LLPs on better credit and write backs reduce CoR (ttm) to 2 bps (14bps PF)⁽³⁾
- ▶ Other provisions and gains/losses yoy distorted by 2Q18 loss on disposal of the servicer

Group RoTE ex restructuring⁽⁴⁾ :

Bancassurance segment RoTE⁽⁴⁾: 9.8%

9.4%

(1) Equity accounted income from SegurCaixa Adeslas and other bancassurance stakes from BPI (which are part of core revenues) are included in "Equity accounted".

(2) 2Q19 adjusted for restructuring charges (€978M gross/ €685M net).

(3) PF excluding an extraordinary provision release in 3Q18 (c.€275M) derived from updating the recoverable value of a large credit exposure.

(4) Trailing 12M. It includes the AT1 coupon accrued in the last 12 months. Group RoTE excluding restructuring expenses (considering such expenses, RoTE ttm stands at 6%). Bancassurance RoTE excluding extraordinary items.

2019 Guidance for CaixaBank Group

Core revenues⁽¹⁾, % yoy

~ +1%

Recurrent expenses⁽²⁾, % yoy

~ +3%

Cost of Risk, trailing 12M

<20 bps

NPL ratio

<4%

(1) Guidance revised in 2Q19 webcast. Previous core revenues guidance of ~+3% yoy split into ~+2% yoy of NII and ~+3% yoy of fees.

(2) Guidance revised in 2Q19 webcast. Previous recurrent expenses guidance of ~+5% yoy.



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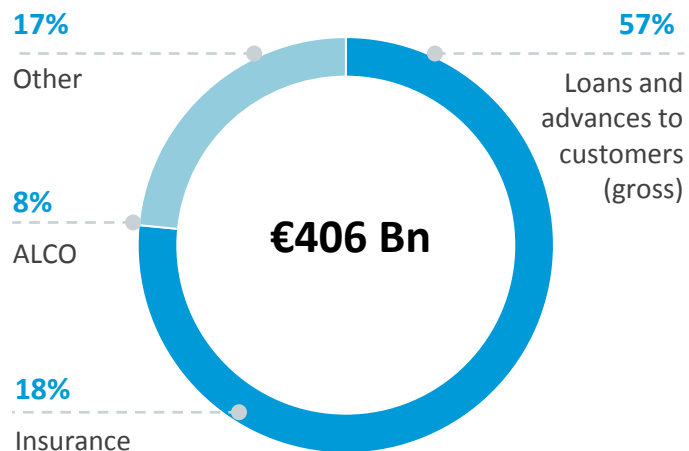
06

MREL, liquidity and funding

Conservatively managed balance sheet: low-risk and diversified loan portfolio

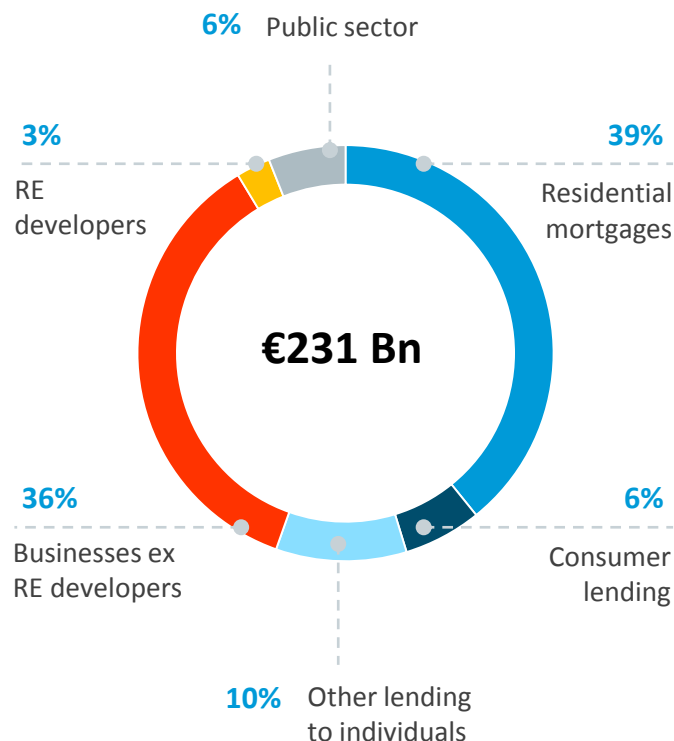
Asset breakdown

In % of total as of 30 June 2019



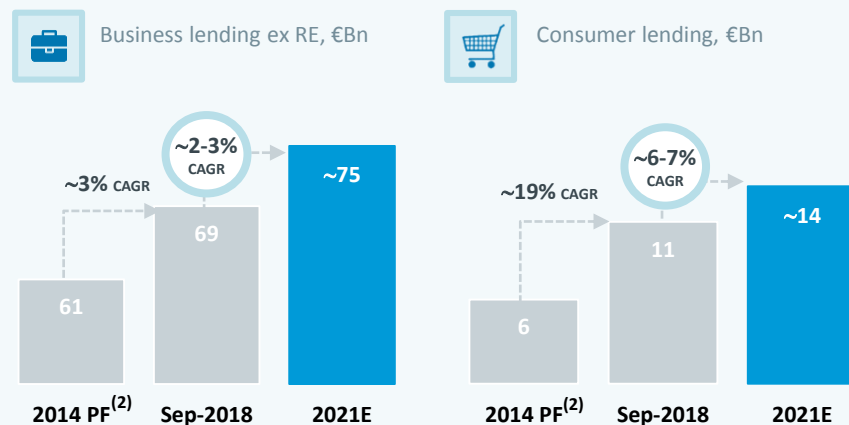
Customer-loan portfolio

Loans and advances to customers (gross), breakdown by main category in % of total as of 30 June 2019



Growth skewed toward segments with higher potential

Business ex RE and consumer lending in €Bn (CaixaBank ex BPI)⁽¹⁾



Investment in equipment (ex RE) in Spain shows solid growth⁽³⁾

+5.4 yoy 2018

Consumption of durable goods is still below pre-crisis levels⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾

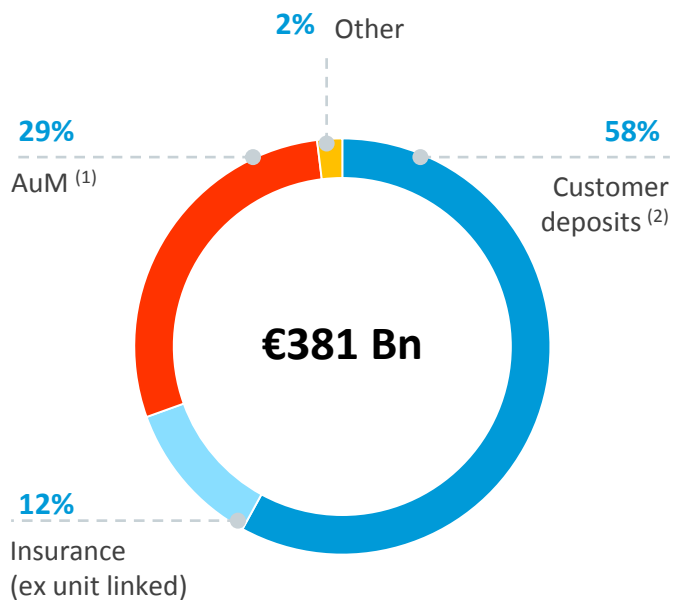
~90% of 2007 levels

(1) As presented in Investor Day in November 2018.
 (2) PF Barclays Spain.
 (3) Source: INE (Spain).
 (4) Source: CaixaBank Research, based on INE (Spain) data.

Conservatively managed balance sheet: stable funding structure

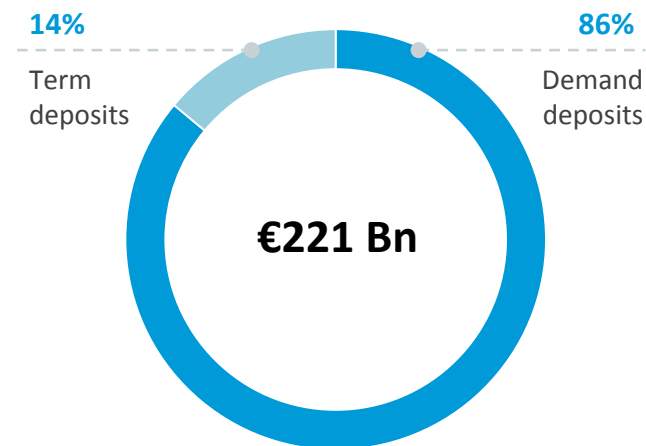
Customer funds

Breakdown by main category, in % of total as of 30 June 2019



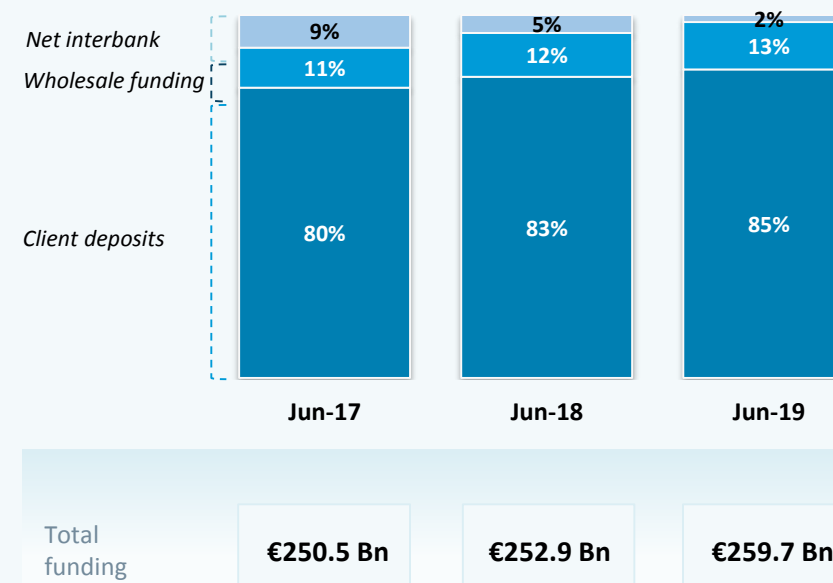
Customer deposits

Customer deposit breakdown, in % of total as of 30 June 2019



Stable funding structure reflect stable client funds (highly granular) derived in turn from large retail client base

Funding structure, as of period-end



Large proportion of zero cost retail deposit provides upside to a rate-cycle upturn

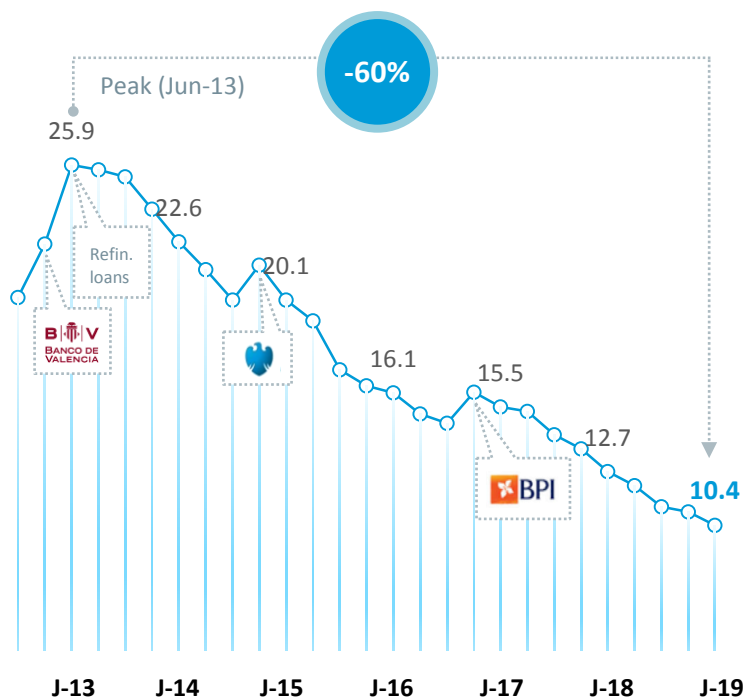
(1) Mutual funds (including managed portfolios and SICAVs), pension plans and unit linked.

(2) Includes retail debt securities amounting to €1,773M as of 30 June 2019, of which €950M correspond to a 5y retail note issued in 1Q19.

Significant de-risking of non-core assets

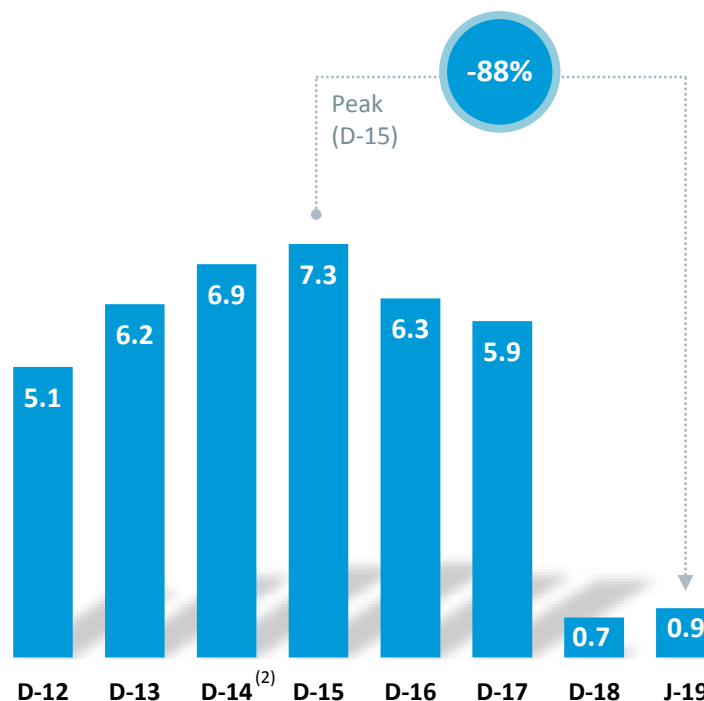
NPLs

Group NPL stock⁽¹⁾, in €Bn



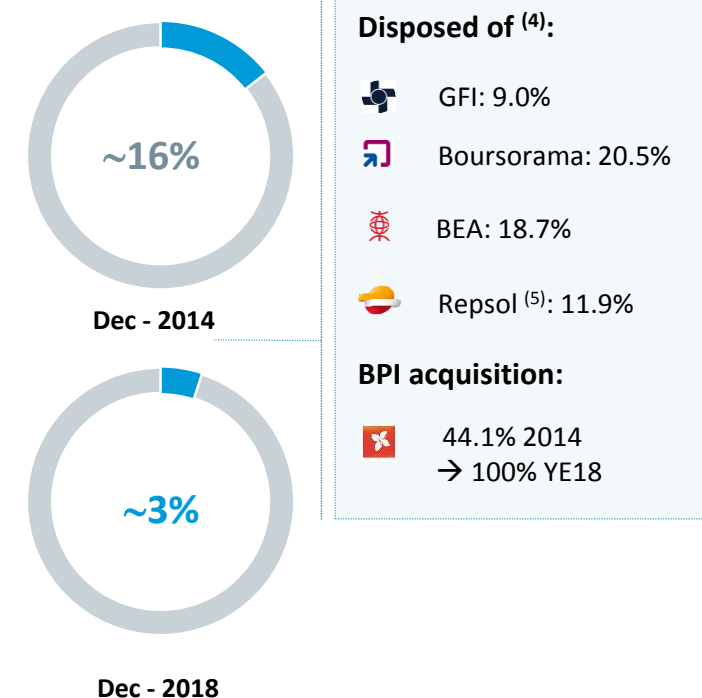
Net OREO exposure

CABK OREO portfolio available for sale net of provisions, in €Bn



Capital consumption of minority stakes

Capital allocated to non-controlled stakes, % of total capital consumption⁽³⁾



(1) Including contingent liabilities

(2) 2014 PF Barclays Spain.

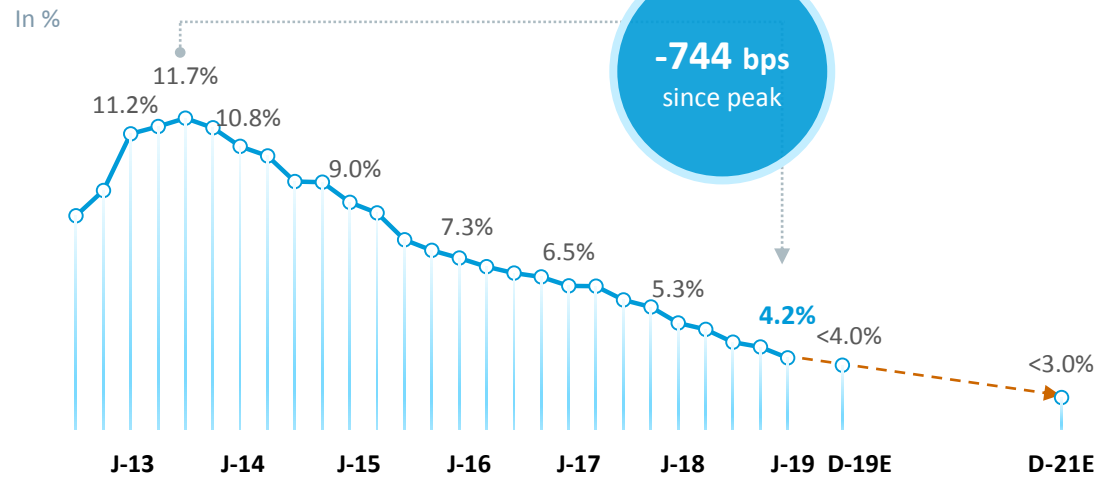
(3) Capital allocation defined as the capital consumption of the investment portfolio over total capital consumption. As presented in Investor Day in November 2018.

(4) As of 30 June 2019 vs. 2014.

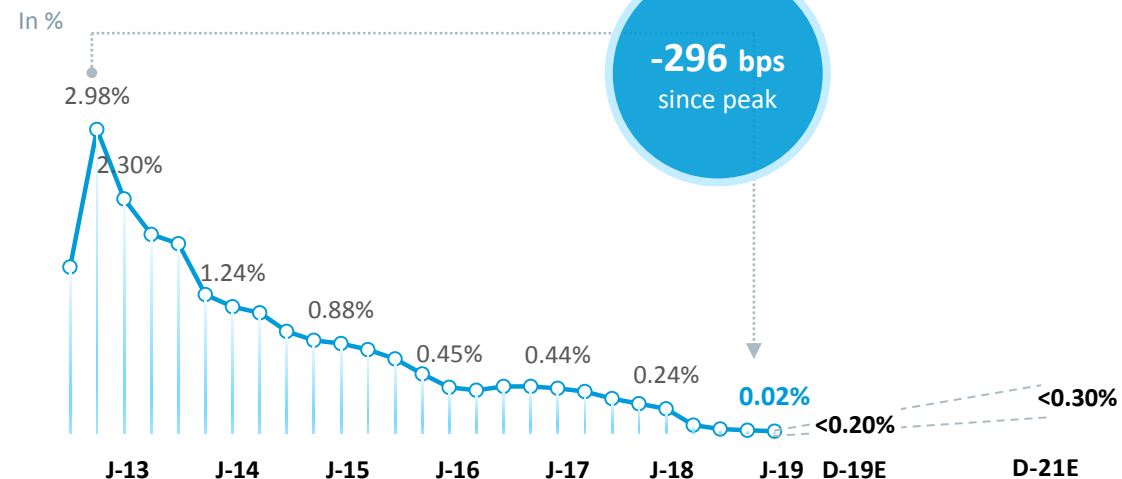
(5) On 20 September 2018, CaixaBank announced the intention to sell down the existing shareholding in Repsol S.A. through a disposal programme. Refer to Significant Event #269777 (CNMV) for additional information. Full disposal completed in 2Q19.

Sound risk indicators

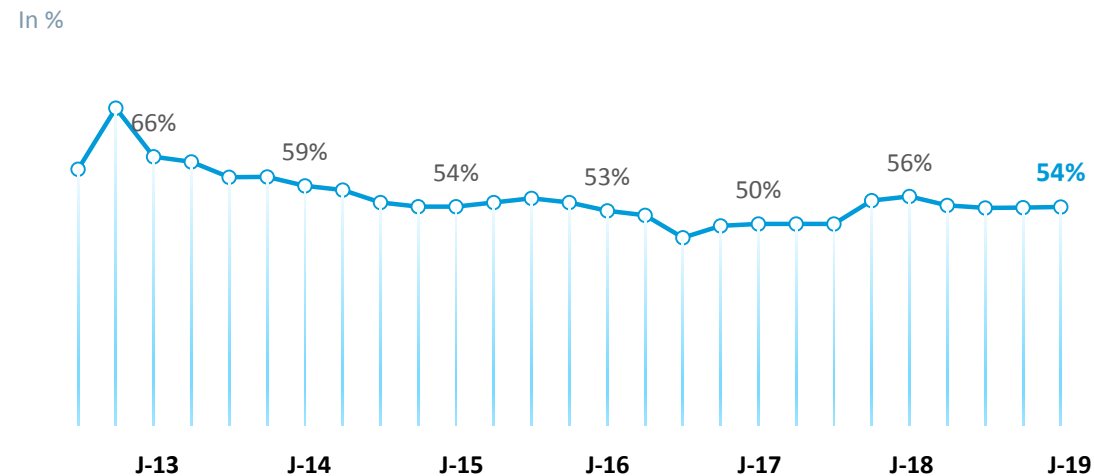
NPL ratio



Cost of risk⁽¹⁾

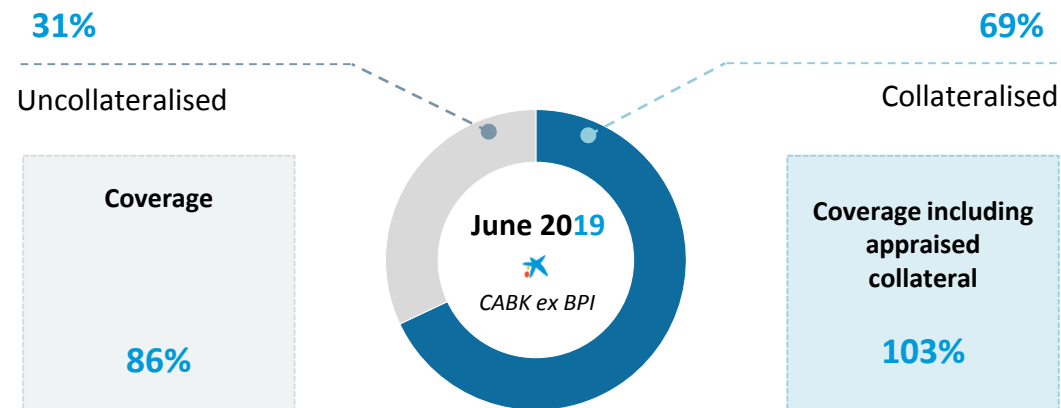


NPL coverage ratio



Coverage breakdown by collateral

CABK ex BPI NPL/coverage breakdown by collateral, 30 June 2019



(1) Trailing 12M. Excluding one-off in 4Q16.



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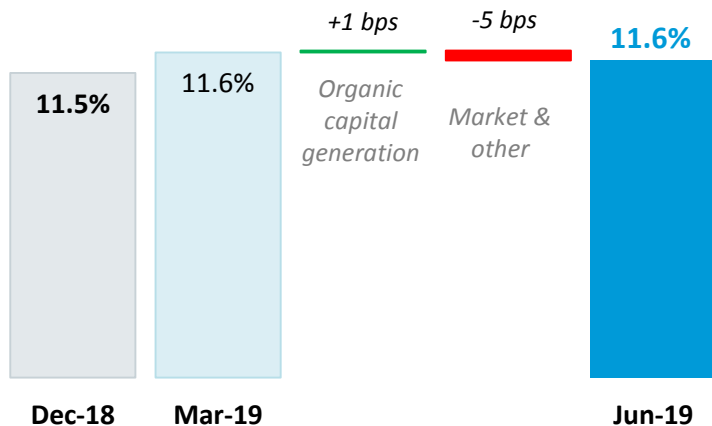
06

MREL, liquidity and funding

Capital position resilient to restructuring and credit growth

CET1 ratio evolution

Group, in % and bps



Dec-18 Mar-19 Jun-19

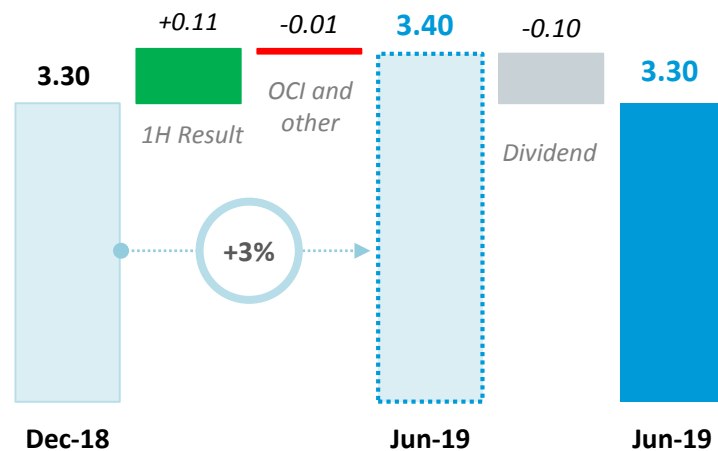
In €Bn

CET1 17.3 17.0

RWAs 148.8 147.2

TBVPS evolution

Group, in €/share



Dec-18 Jun-19 Jun-19

PF pre-dividend

Capital ratios and requirements

Group⁽¹⁾, in % as of 30 June 2019

CET1	11.6%
Tier 1	13.1%
Total Capital	15.3%
Subordinated MREL	18.5%
MREL ⁽²⁾	21.2%
Leverage ratio	5.5%

2019 CET1 SREP⁽³⁾

8.77%

MREL requir. 2021⁽⁴⁾

22.5%

- ▶ Organic generation in the quarter affected by restructuring charges and loan growth
- ▶ REP stake fully disposed of
- ▶ “Market and other” mainly driven by TEF evolution partly offset by REP disposal
- ▶ SNP issuance in June raises MREL ratio to 21.2%
- ▶ Final dividend of €0.10/share paid in April; for a total 2018 payout of 51%⁽⁵⁾

(1) CABK CET1 ratio on a solo basis as of 30 June 2019 is 13.3%. BPI CET1 ratio as of 30 June 2019 is 13.4% (13.1% on a solo basis).

(2) Our best estimate according to the current eligibility criteria of the SRB, on a consolidated basis.

(3) Includes 0.02% corresponding to the countercyclical buffer for exposures in countries other than Spain/Portugal.

(4) In terms of consolidated risk weighted assets, as of 31 December 2017.

(5) With no impact on 2Q solvency metrics since it was already incorporated in YE2018 capital ratios.

Strong capital position to be reinforced throughout 2019-21E

% CET1 target - BIII

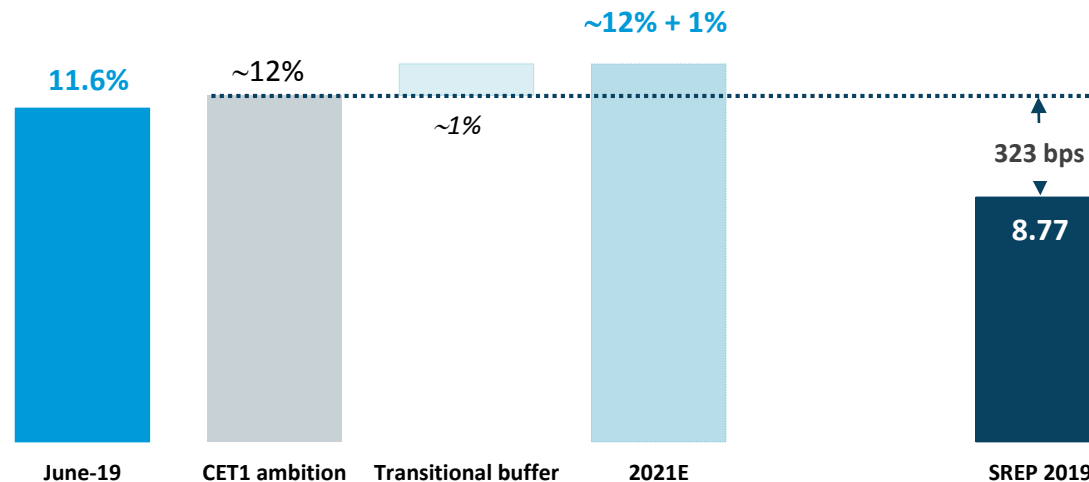
~12%

2019E-21E

+ 1 pp buffer by 2021E

Building a transitional buffer ahead of new regulatory requirements

B-III CET1 ratio evolution



Well-above requirement

8.77%

SREP 2019 ⁽¹⁾

Expected use of capital generation 2019E-2021E

Transitional buffer (1%)

Shareholder remuneration

Business opportunities and transformation

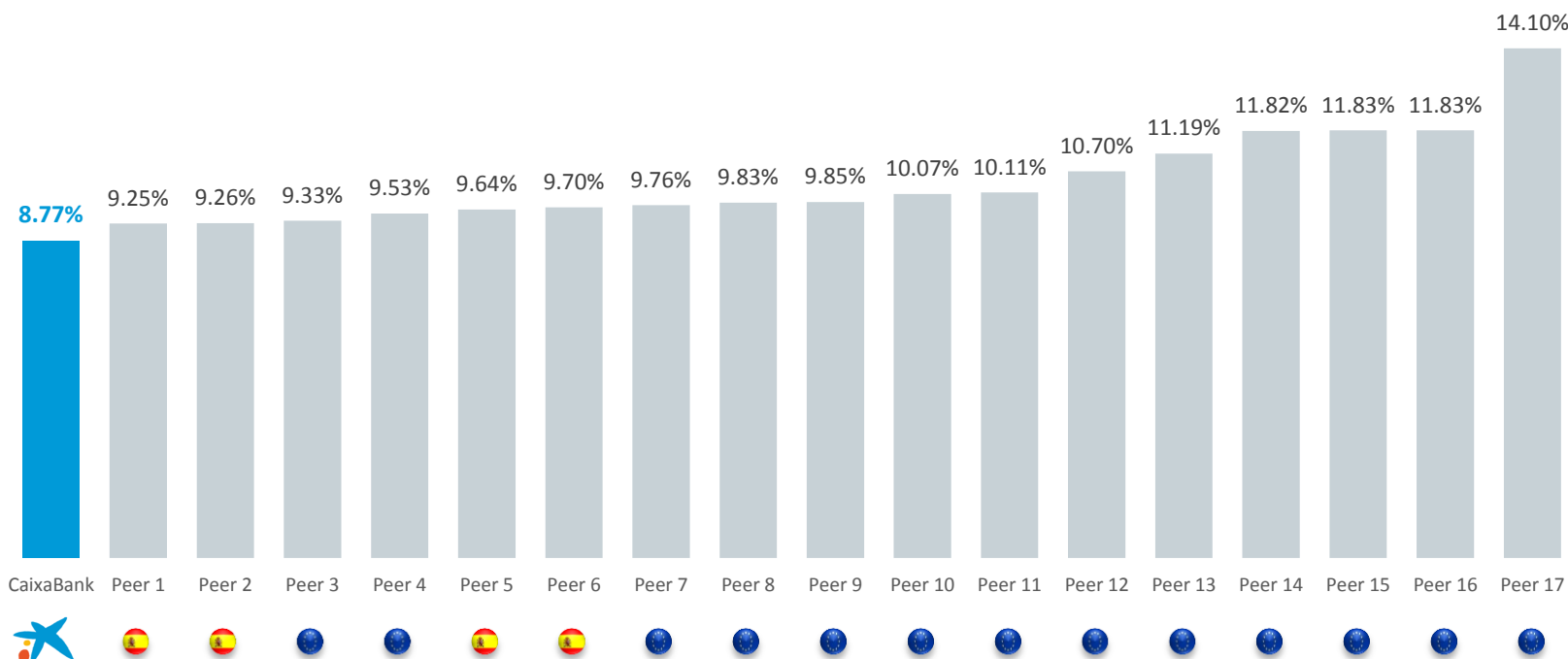
Commitment to strong capital implies a significant buffer to regulatory minimum

(1) 4.5% Pillar 1 + 1.5% Pillar 2R + 2.5% Capital Conservation Buffer + 0.25% O-SII buffer + 0.02% counter-cyclical buffer.

The lowest SREP requirement among peers reflecting lower risk-profile

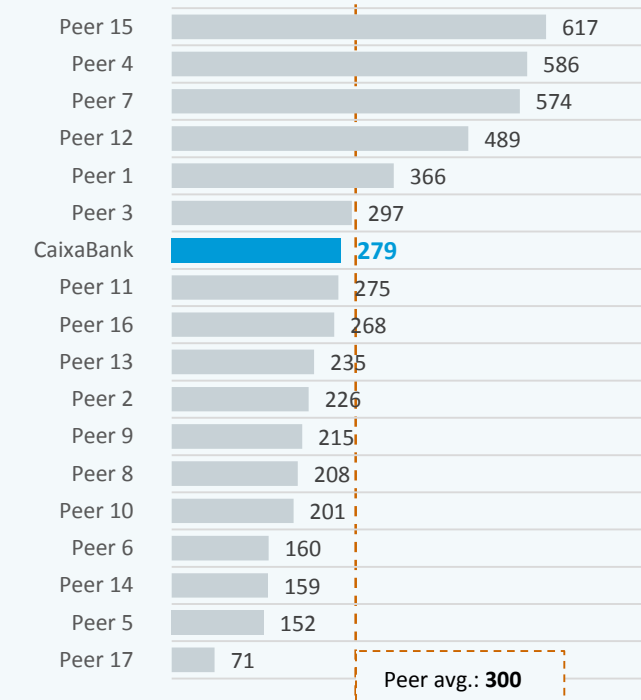
CET1 SREP requirement 2019

In % of RWAs⁽¹⁾



Distance to MDA⁽²⁾

Based on CET1 as of 30 June 2019 and SREP 2019⁽¹⁾, in bps



Comfortable distance to MDA

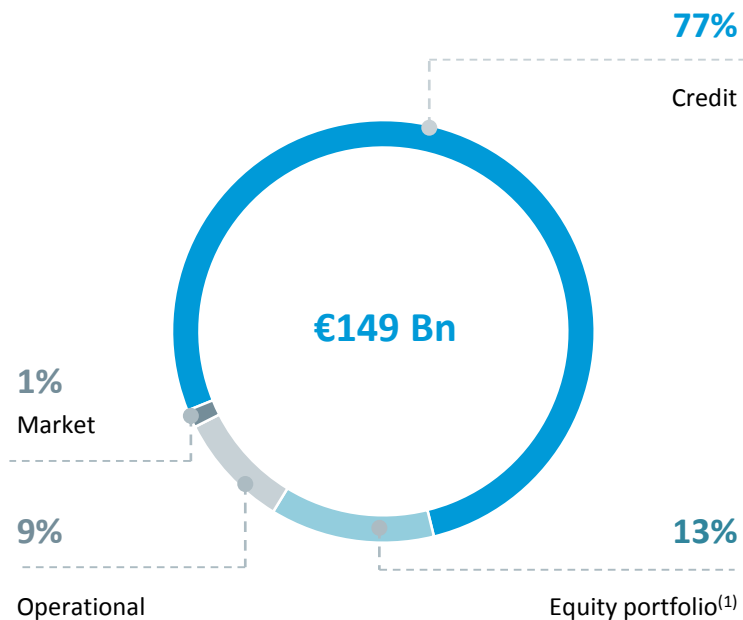
(1) Sources: based on information reported by companies. Peer group includes: ABN Amro, B. Sabadell, B. Santander, Bankia, BBVA, BNP Paribas, Commerzbank, Credit Agricole, Deutsche Bank, Erste Group, Group BPCE, ING Groep, Intesa Sanpaolo, KBC, Nordea, Société Générale, Unicredit. Note: SREP requirement for Nordea, temporary figure pending new Pillar 2R from the SRB.

(2) Considering AT1/Tier 2 shortfalls.

Low-risk profile

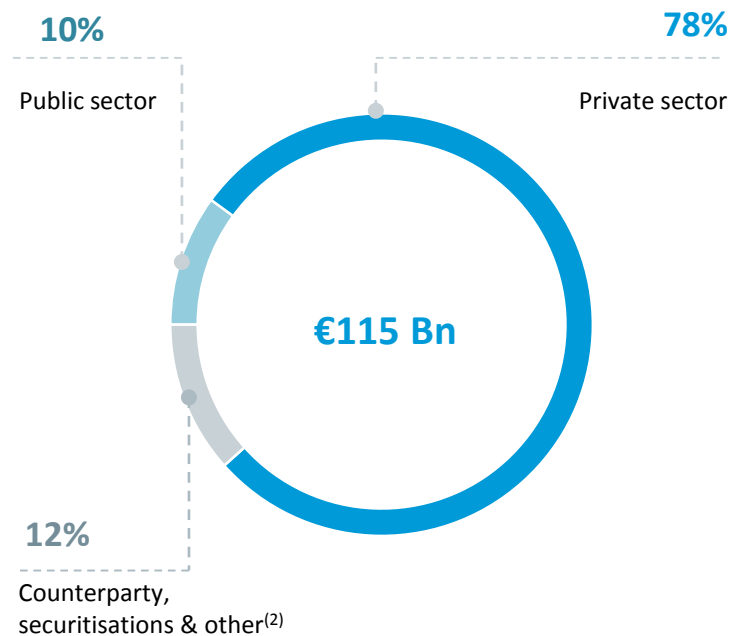
RWA distribution

Total RWA breakdown in %, 31 March 2019



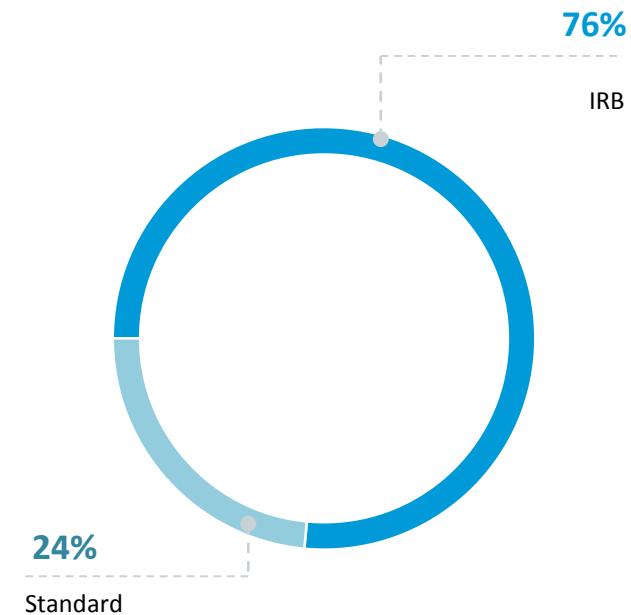
Credit risk – RWA by main category

Credit RWA breakdown in %, 31 March 2019



Credit risk - private sector⁽³⁾

EAD breakdown in %, 31 March 2019



- ▶ 77% of RWA correspond to credit risk
- ▶ 78% of credit risk RWA (equivalent to c.61% of Group RWA) are allocated to lending activities to private sector
- ▶ 76% of EAD (Exposure at Default) in credit to the private sector is evaluated by IRB

(1) Including equity investments plus other listed and non-listed entities as well as subsidiaries that do not consolidate globally from a prudential stance (mainly VidaCaixa). Note that a significant part of EAD in the equity portfolio corresponds to non-listed entities and subsidiaries, including VidaCaixa (54% as of December 2018).

(2) Counterparty and securitisations: 3%; other: 9%.

(3) Credit risk excluding public sector and assets other than debt (real estate and other).

High quality of capital

Leverage ratio

5.5%

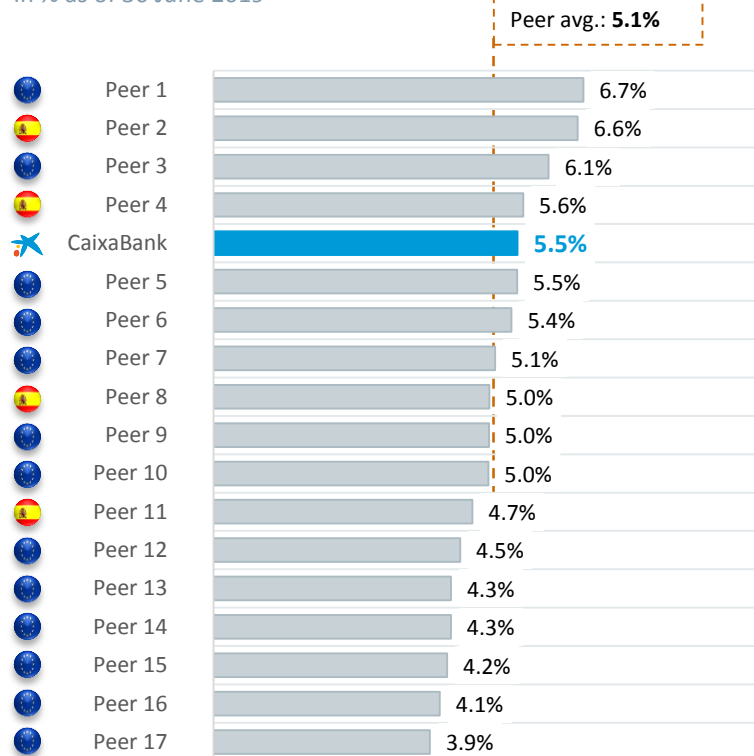
Jun-2019

42%

RWA density ⁽¹⁾

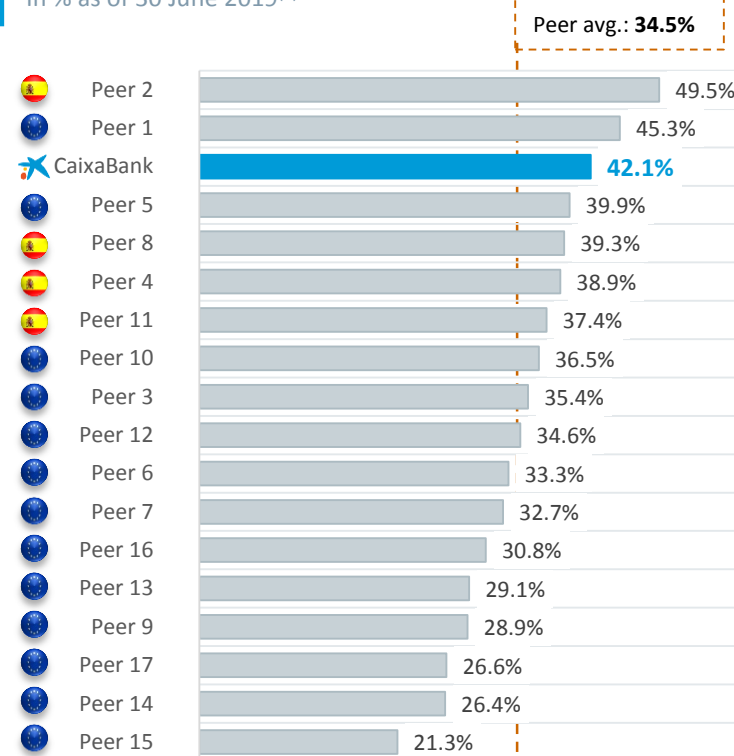
Leverage ratio

In % as of 30 June 2019⁽²⁾



RWA density ⁽¹⁾

In % as of 30 June 2019⁽²⁾



- ▶ Leverage ratio and RWA density higher than most peers and above peer average.
- ▶ With a RWA density at the European peer average⁽³⁾, CET1 ratio would be at 15.1%.

(1) RWA density estimated as leverage ratio divided by tier 1 ratio.

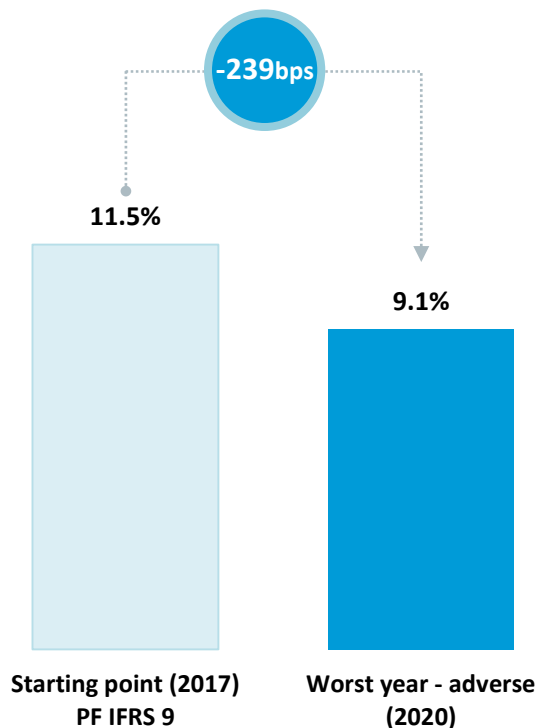
(2) Sources: based on information reported by companies. Peer group includes: ABN Amro, B. Sabadell, B. Santander, Bankia, BBVA, BNP Paribas, Commerzbank, Credit Agricole, Deutsche Bank, Erste Group, Group BPCE, ING Groep, Intesa Sanpaolo, KBC, Nordea, Société Générale, Unicredit.

(3) 33.1% based on data published under EBA's Risk Dashboard as of 1Q19.

2018 EBA Stress Test results confirm solvency strength

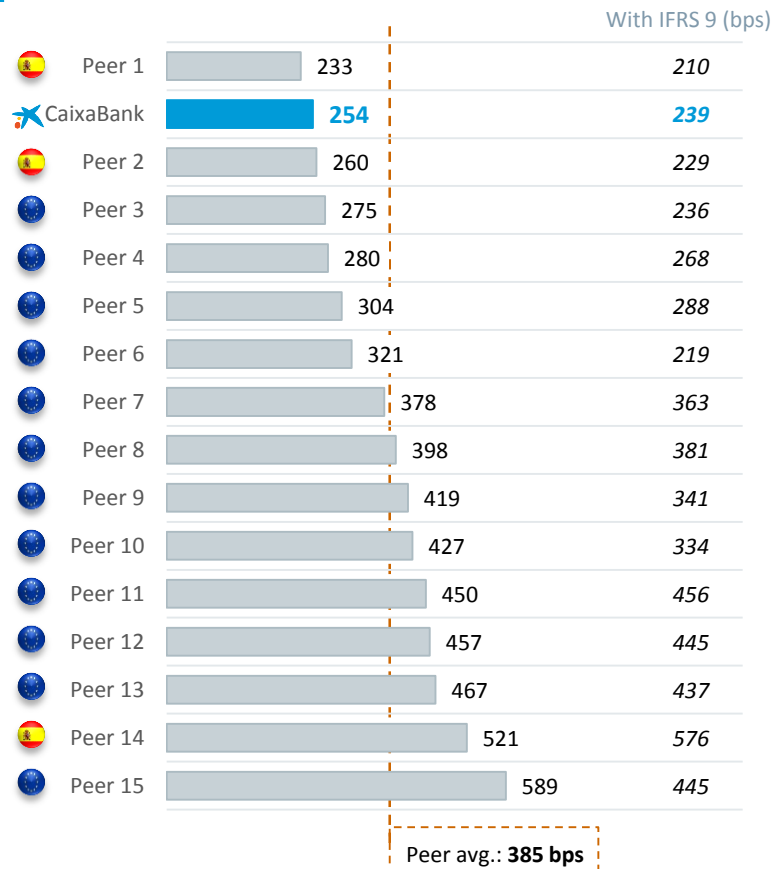
CET1 FL in the adverse scenario

In %



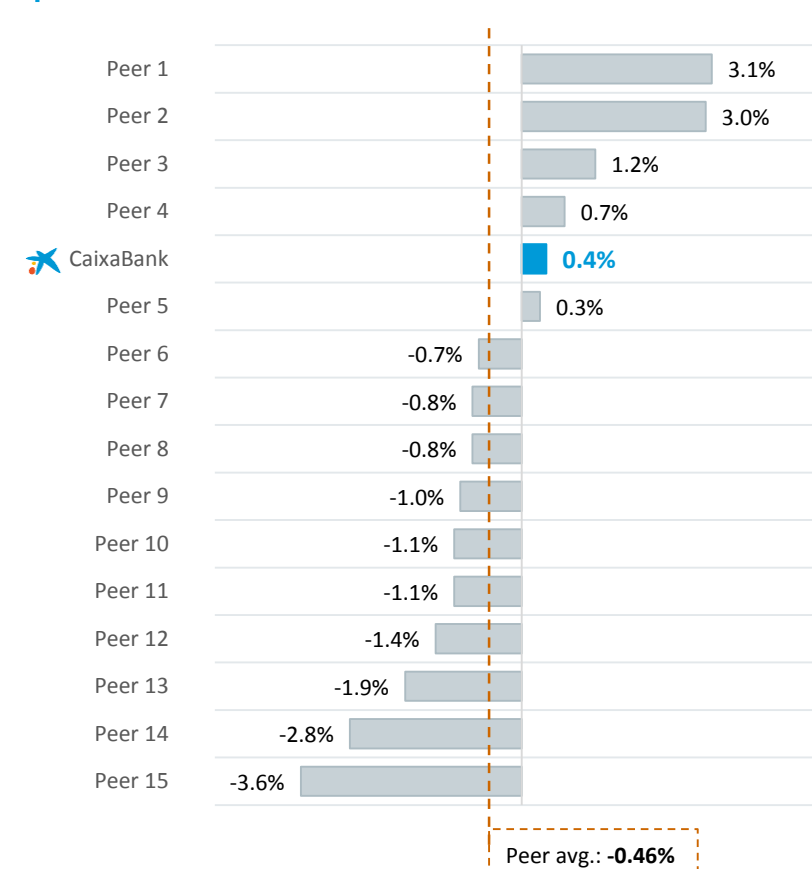
CET1 FL drawdown in the worst year

Under the adverse scenario vs. 2017 ex IFRS 9 (bps)



Distance to CET1 MDA trigger

In the worst year under the adverse scenario (based on SREP 2018), in %



CET1 FL drawdown in the adverse scenario (worst year) lower than most peers and well below average



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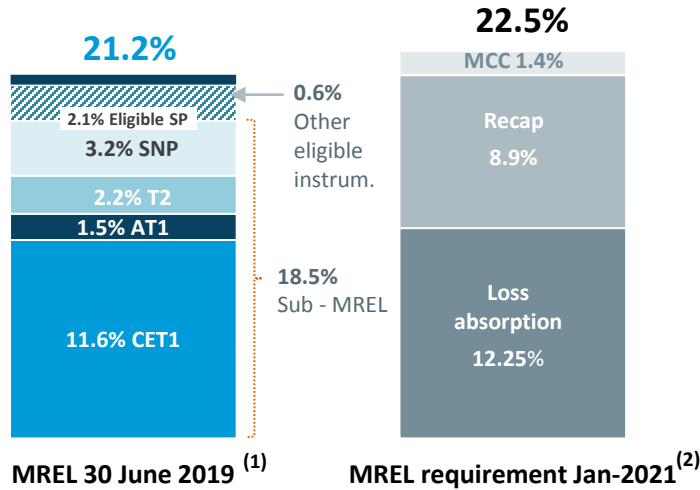
06

MREL, liquidity and funding

Current MREL of 21.2% a solid base to achieve 22.5% requirement

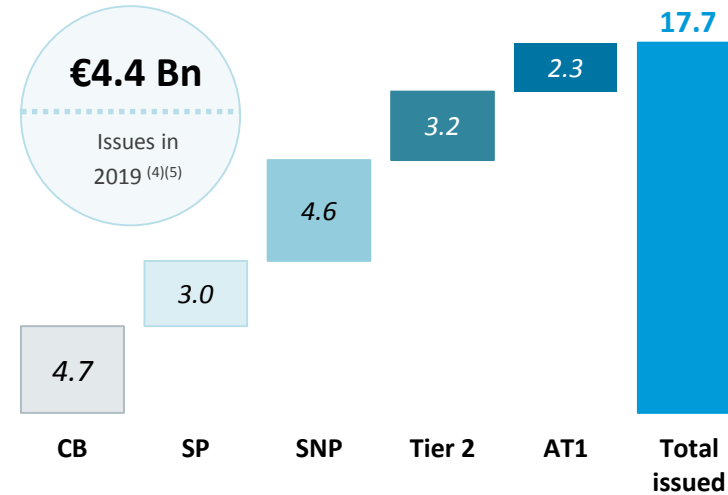
MREL requirement versus capital stack

In % of RWAs



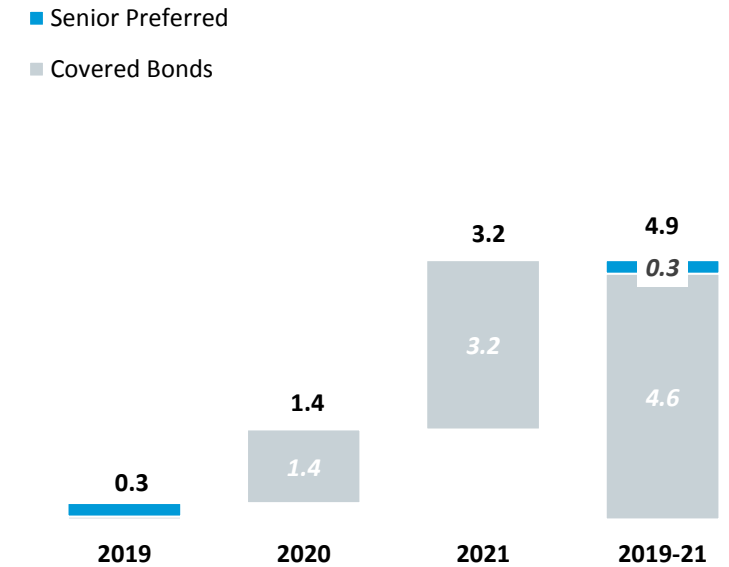
Continued and successful market access

Issues January 2017 - June 2019 (3)(5), in €Bn



2019-2021 wholesale maturity profile

As of 30 June 2019, €Bn



Current MREL ratio (1)	21.2%	MREL requirement 2021 (2)	22.5%
------------------------	--------------	---------------------------	--------------

€1,462M Issued in 2Q19 (5)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ €1.25Bn 7yr SNP MS +145 bps ▶ €132 M SNP Private placement (5) ▶ €80 M CB Private placement
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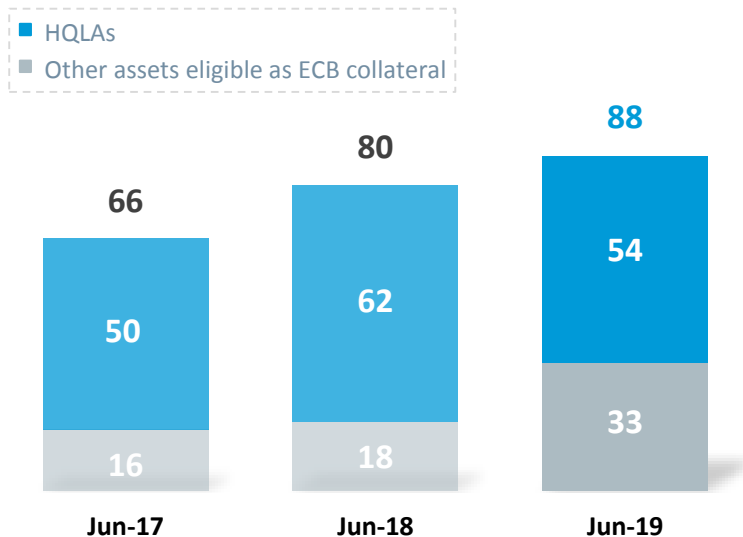
- ▶ Strong total capital base with full T1 and T2 buckets and no refinancing needs in the near future
- ▶ MREL requirement aligned with our expectations and consistent with funding plan described in 2019-2021 Strategic Plan
- ▶ Such Plan considers roll-over of c. €7.5 Bn of wholesale debt, through issuance of MREL eligible liabilities, primarily of a subordinated nature

(1) As of 30 June 2019, in % of RWAs. Our best estimate according to the current eligibility criteria of the SRB, on a consolidated basis. (2) CaixaBank has been required to reach, by 1 January 2021, an amount of own funds and eligible liabilities on a consolidated basis equal to 10.6% of its consolidated total liabilities and own funds as of 31 December 2017, equivalent to 22.5% in terms of consolidated RWAs as of 31 December 2017. (3) Issues by CABK and BPI in Euro equivalent, including private placements. (4) €3.25Bn by CABK (€1.25Bn 7yr SNP at MS + 145 bps, €1Bn 5yr SNP at MS + 225 bps and €1Bn 7yr SP at MS + 90 bps) and €0.5Bn by BPI (5yr CB at MS + 25 bps). Additionally, there were six private placements of mortgage covered bonds by CABK for a total of €500M and two private placements of SNP for a total of c.€132M equivalent (€50M + ¥10Bn). (5) Including a private placement of ¥10Bn (c.€82M equivalent) SNP issued in June but settled in July.

Strong liquidity position further reinforced

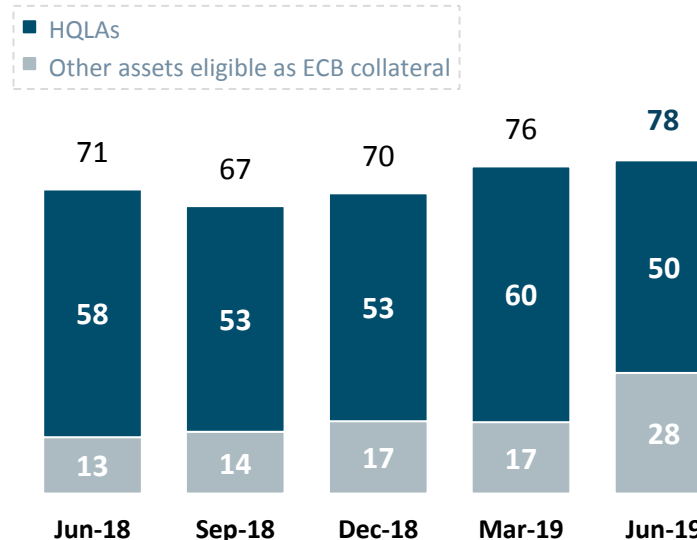
Group liquidity metrics

Total liquid assets (Group), in €Bn



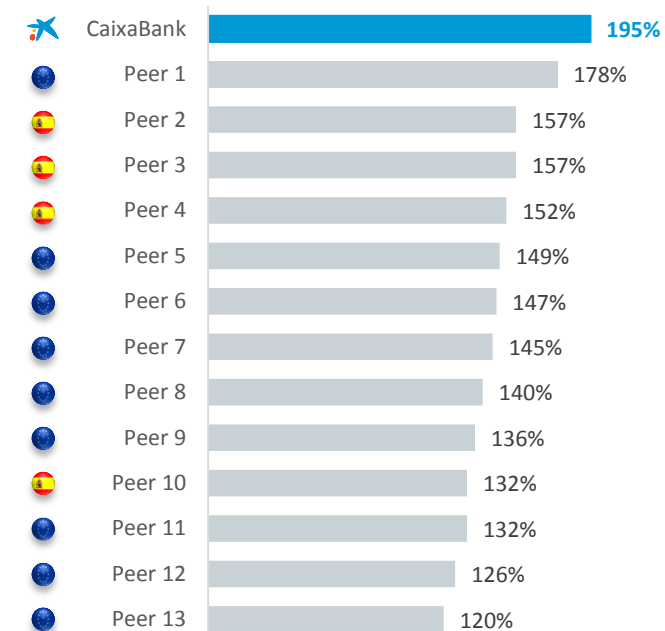
CABK liquidity metrics

Total liquid assets (CABK ex BPI), in €Bn

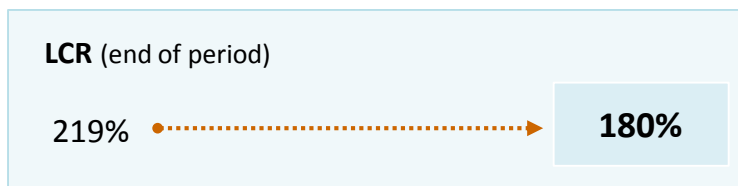
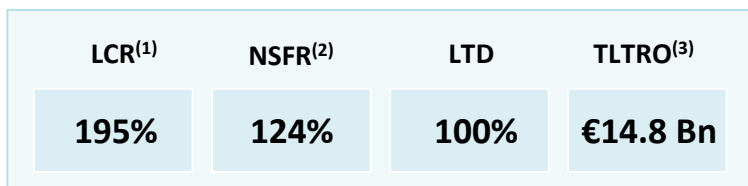


The highest LCR among peers

LCR⁽⁴⁾, as of 30 June 2019



Other liquidity metrics, as of 30 June 2019



Well above Spanish peer average (159%) and other Euro ex Spanish peer average (141%)

(1) LCR 12 month average (LCR as of 30 June 2019 stands at 179%).

(2) NSFR end of period. Best estimate according to the new CRR criteria (Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of 20 May 2019).

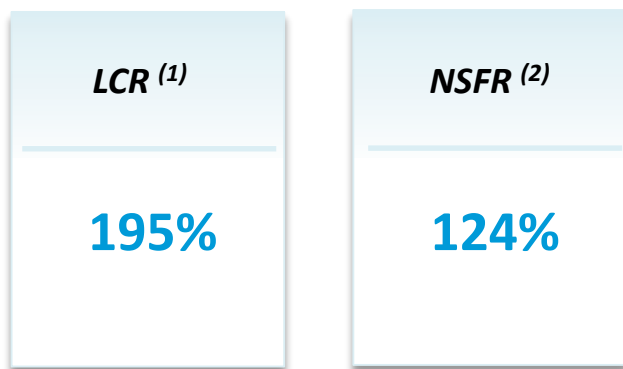
(3) Includes €1.4Bn from BPI, all TLTRO II. Redemption of €13.4Bn of CABK in June 2019.

(4) Sources: based on information reported by companies. Peer group includes: B. Sabadell, B. Santander, Bankia, BBVA, BNP Paribas, Commerzbank, Crédit Agricole, Deutsche Bank, Erste Group, ING Groep, KBC, Nordea and Société Générale.

Prudent liquidity management includes pre-financing of TLTRO

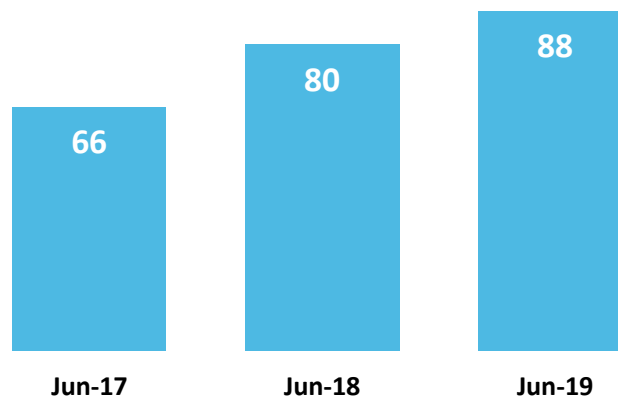
Liquidity ratios well above requirements

Group regulatory liquidity ratios as of June 2019, in %



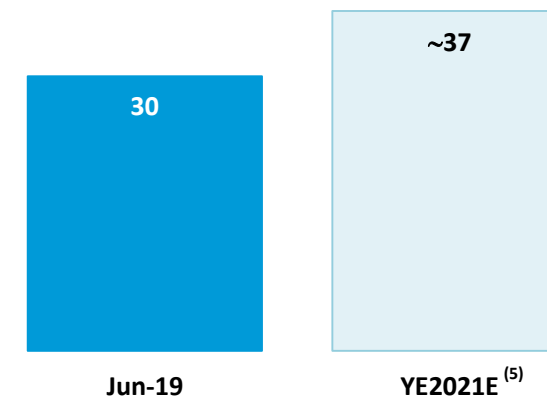
Record-high liquidity ahead of TLTRO maturity

Group total liquid assets (period-end), in €Bn



Wholesale issuance

CABK ex BPI wholesale issuance ⁽⁴⁾ back-book in €Bn



Cost of maturities per year: CABK spread over 6 month Euribor in bps ⁽⁶⁾, as of June 2019

► Expected to remain comfortably above 100% regulatory requirement (post TLTRO redemption)

TLTRO ⁽³⁾

€14.8 Bn Jun-2019

2019

110

2020

185

2021

142

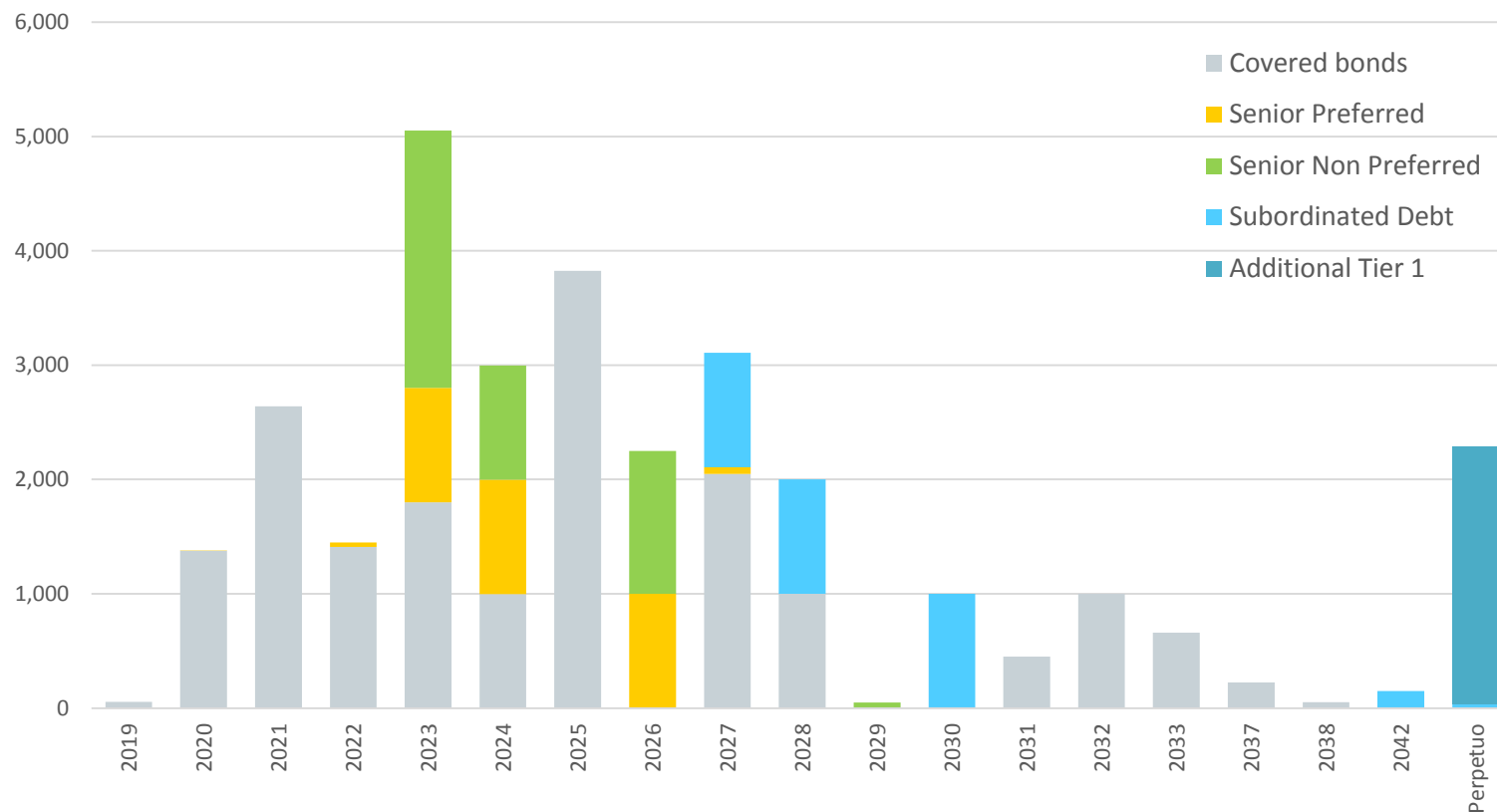
Strong liquidity position enabling €13.4Bn TLTRO II prepayment (June 2019)

(1) LCR 12 month average (LCR as of 30 June 2019 stands at 179%). (2) NSFR end of period. Best estimate according to the new CRR criteria (Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of 20 May 2019). (3) Includes €1.4Bn from BPI, all TLTRO II. Redemption of €13.4Bn of CABK in June 2019. (4) Includes securitisations placed with investors and self-retained multi-issuer covered bonds. It does not include the AT1 issued in June 2017 and in March 2018. (5) As presented at Investor Day - November 2018. (6) This figure depicts the impact of wholesale issuances in funding costs of the CaixaBank Banking Book. Wholesale funding figures in the Quarterly Financial Report reflect the Group's funding needs and as such do not include ABS securities and self-retained multi-issuer covered bonds, and include AT1 issuances.

Limited refinancing risk

Wholesale maturity schedule

As of 30 June 2019, in €M



Benchmark hybrid capital

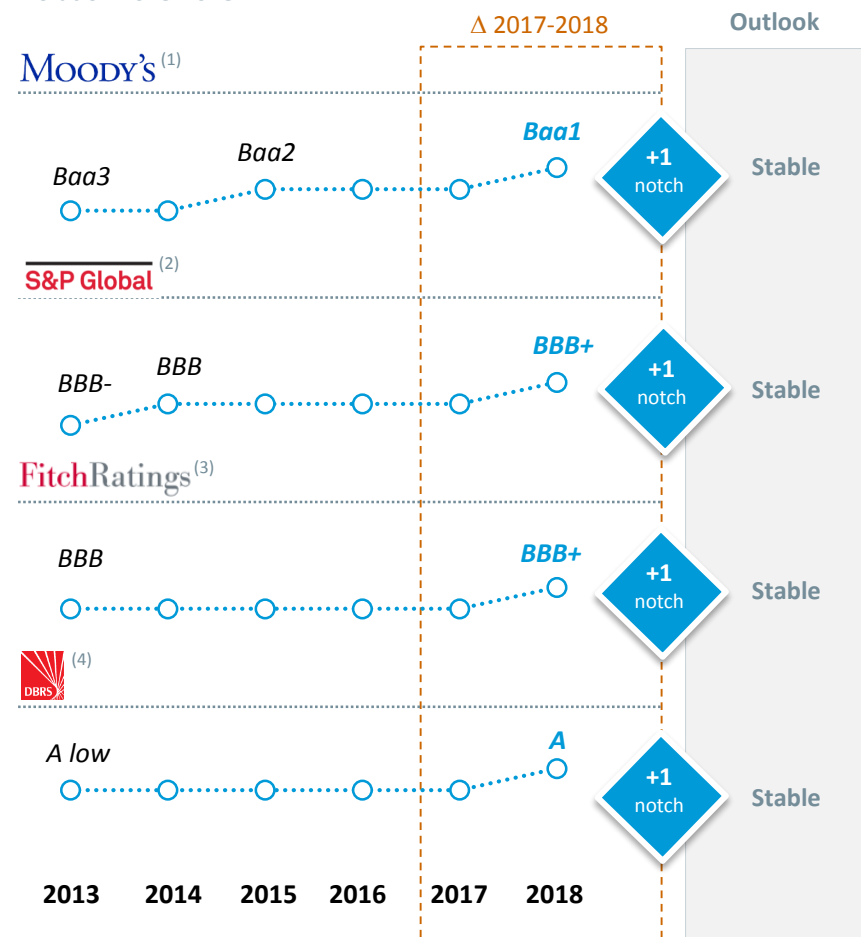
Maturity and call dates

	Volume	Maturity	Calls far away: 1 st Call
Tier 2	€1Bn	Feb – 2027	Feb – 2022
Tier 2	€1Bn	Jul – 2028	Jul – 2023
Tier 2	€1Bn	Apr – 2030	Apr – 2025
AT1	€1Bn	Perpetual	June – 2024
AT1	€1.25 Bn	Perpetual	Mar – 2026

Recent rating upgrades facilitate continued market access

CaixaBank long-term ratings

Evolution 2013-2018



CaixaBank ratings by primary debt instrument

As of 1 August 2019

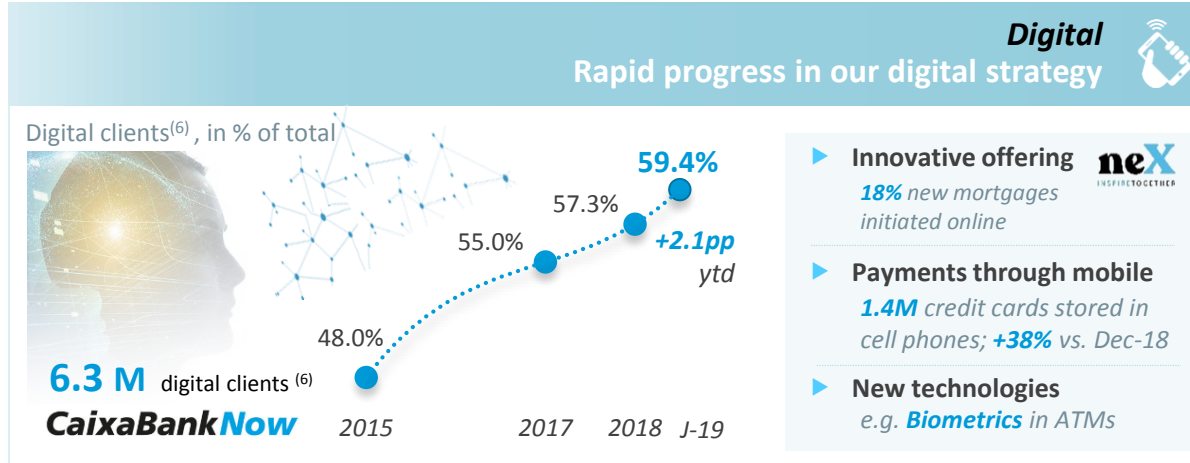
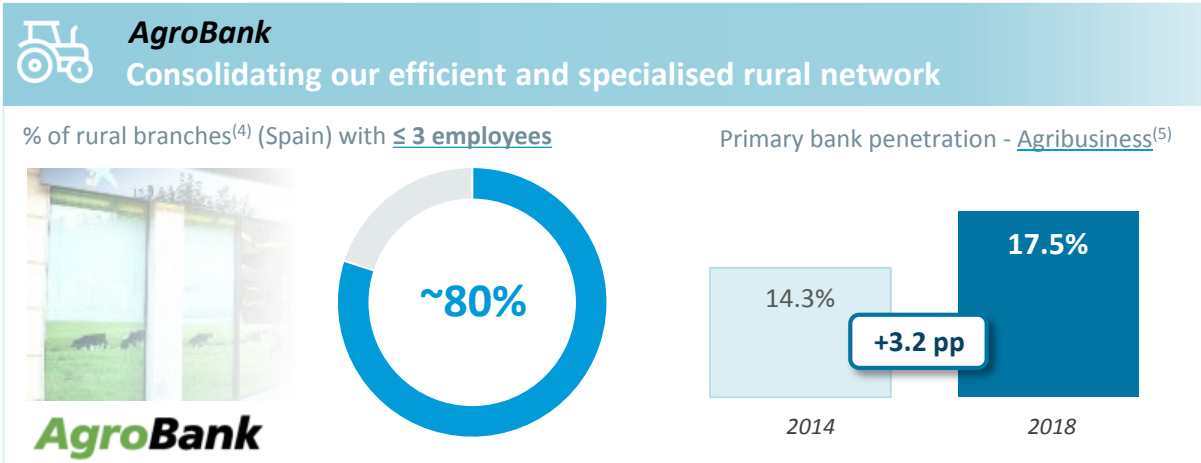
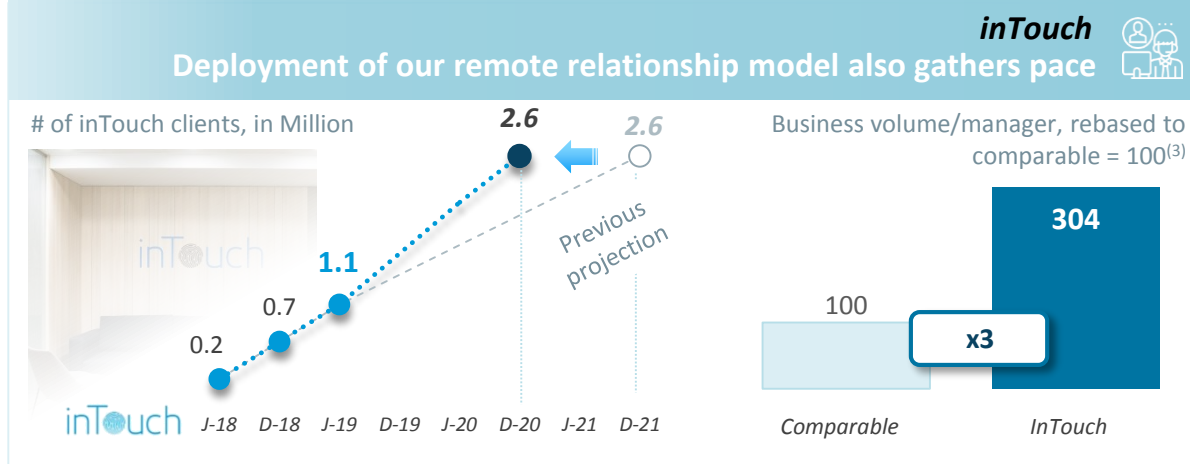
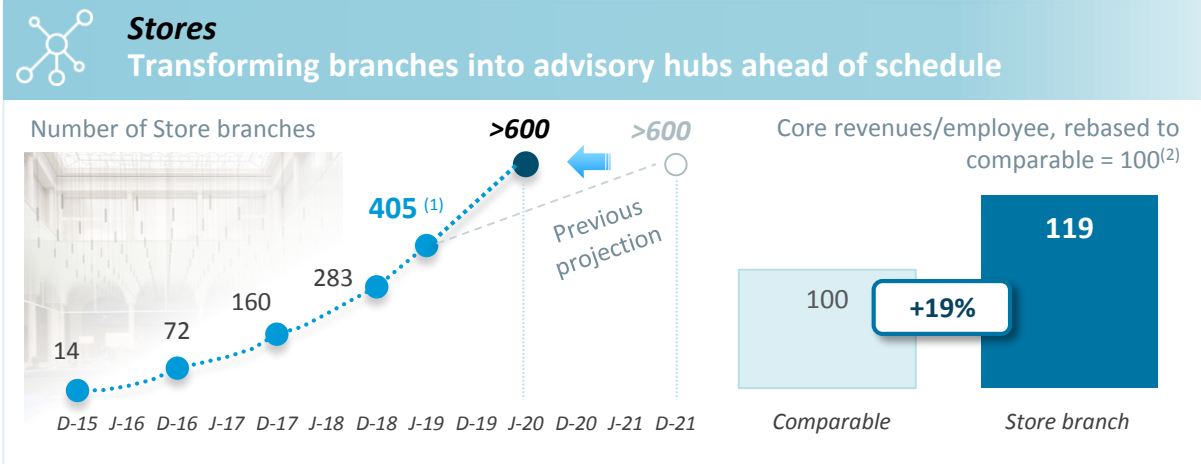
	MOODY'S	S&P Global	FitchRatings	DBRS
Investment grade	Aaa	AAA	AAA	AAA CB
	Aa1 CB	AA+	AA+	AA high
	Aa2	AA CB	AA	AA
	Aa3	AA-	AA-	AA low
	A1	A+	A+	A high
	A2	A	A	A SP
	A3	A-	A-	A low SNP
	Baa1 SP	BBB+ SP	BBB+ SP/SNP	BBB high T2
	Baa2	BBB SNP	BBB T2	BBB
	Baa3 SNP	BBB- T2	BBB-	BBB low
Non-investment grade	Ba1 T2	BB+	BB+	BB high
	Ba2	BB AT1	BB	BB
	Ba3	BB-	BB-	BB low
	B1	B+	B+	B high

(1) As of 17 May 2019. Short-term rating P-2.
 (2) As of 31 May 2019. Short-term rating A-2.
 (3) As of 8 October 2018. Short-term rating F2.
 (4) As of 29 March 2019 (ratings confirmed). Short-term rating R-1 (low).



Appendix 1 – Detailed 2Q19 results

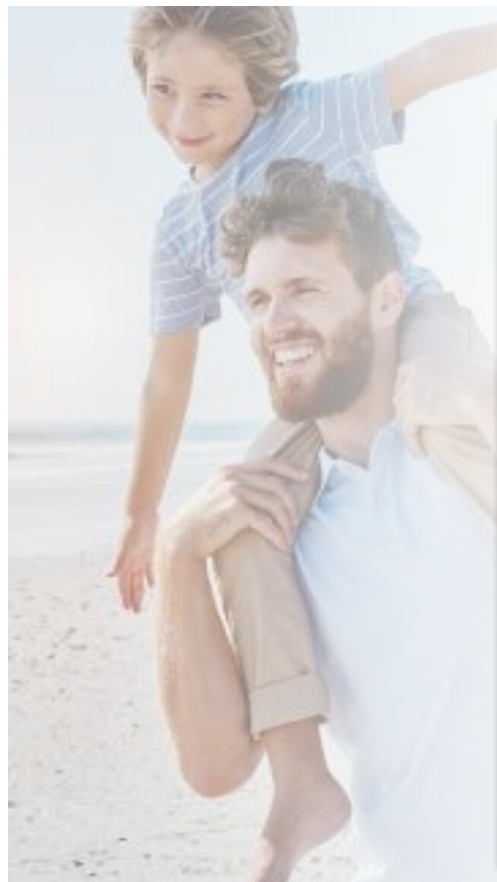
Significant advances in our distribution strategy



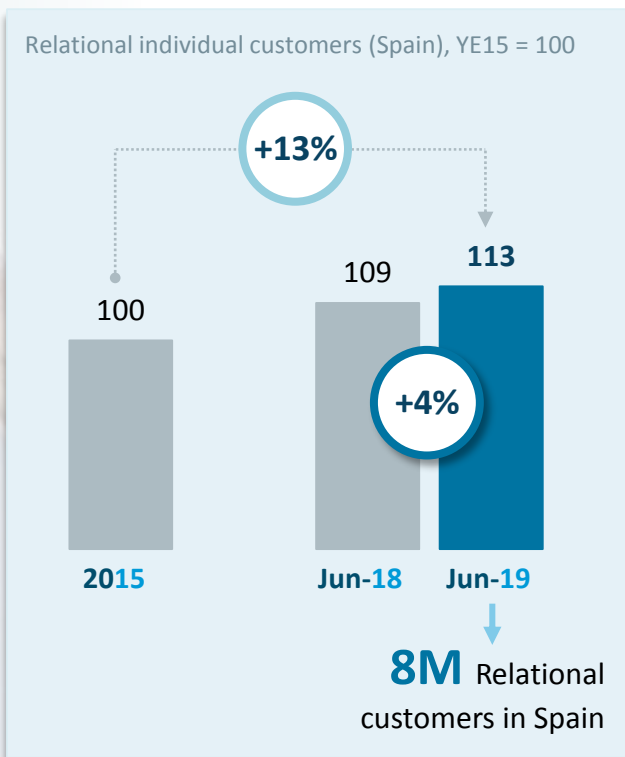
Continuously optimising the distribution network:
 Agreement with union representatives → ~2,000 voluntary departures taking place in early August 2019

(1) Including 49 store branches work-in-process. (2) Data for 1H19. Comparable group: branches with >6 employees in urban areas covered by the Store network. (3) InTouch compared to retail banking. Data as of June 2019. (4) Branches in towns with <10,000 inhabitants and with < 6 employees. (5) Source: FRS Inmark. (6) In Spain. Individual clients 20-74 years old with at least one transaction in the last 12 months.

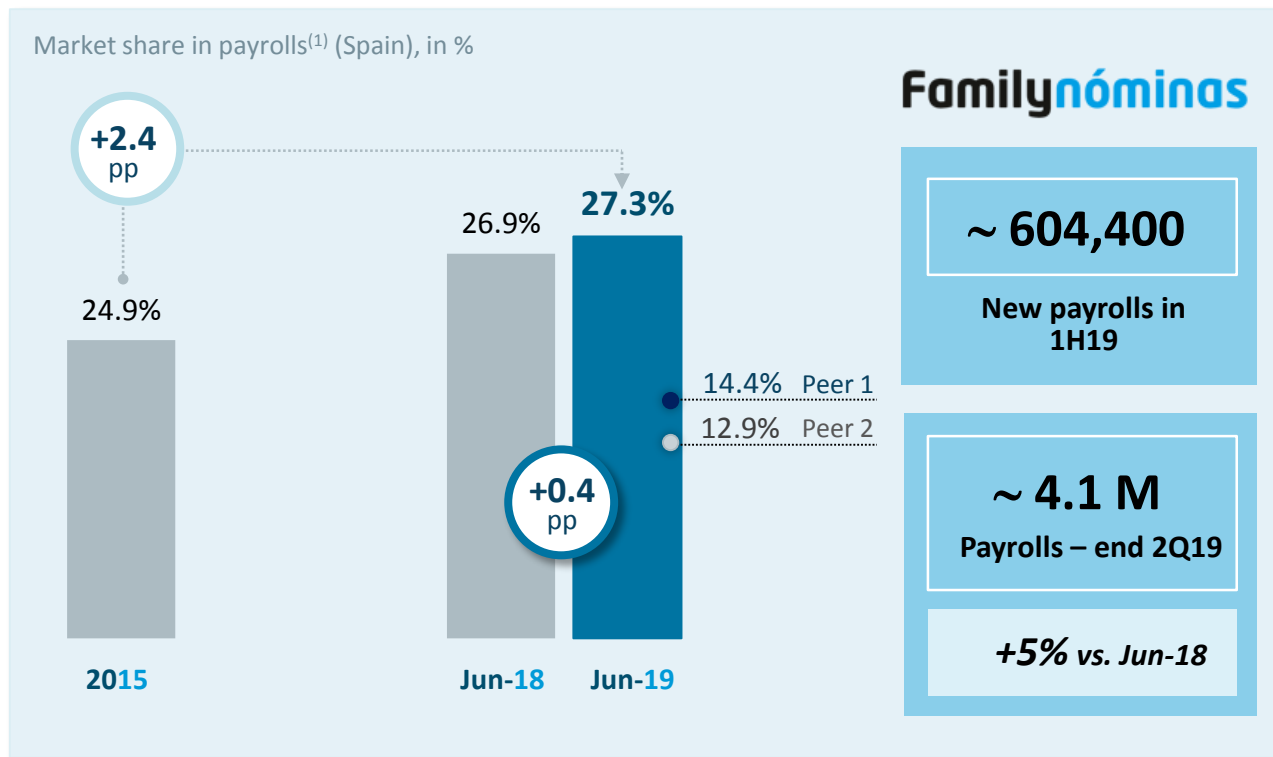
Capturing key income flows to generate further relationship value



Growing relational customer base



Undisputed and growing leadership in key anchor products



2019
Best Bank in Spain
Best Bank for Transformation – Western Europe
Best Bank for Corp. Responsibility – Western Europe



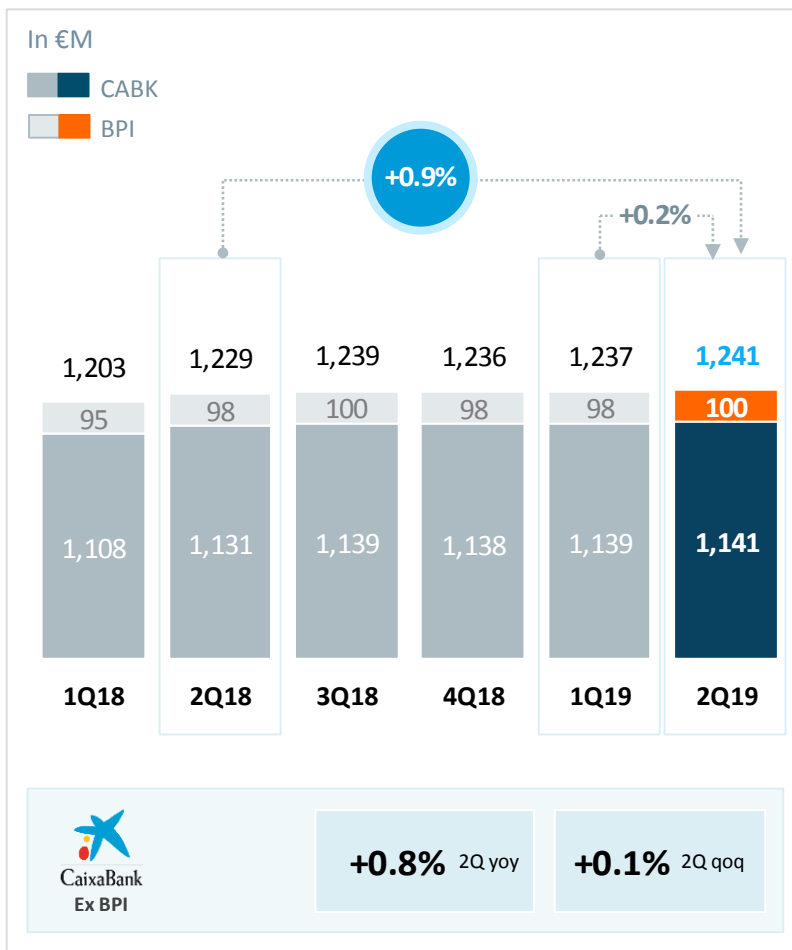
2019
Best Bank in Spain (for the 5th consecutive year) and Best Bank in Western Europe

Track-record of growth based on customer loyalty and satisfaction

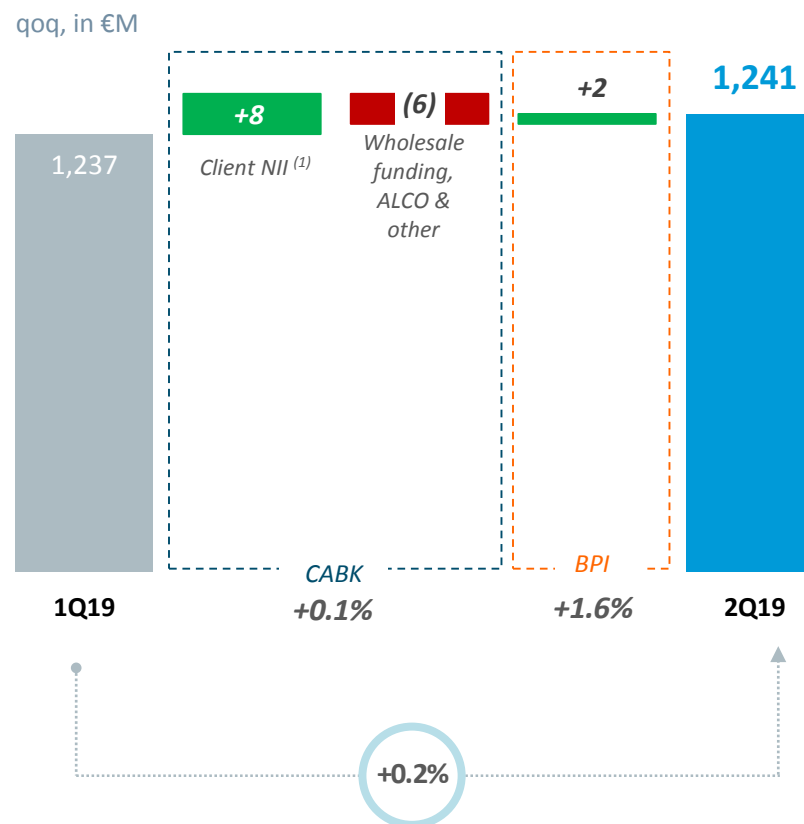
(1) Source: Social Security for CaixaBank, FRS Inmark 2018 for peers.

Higher loan volumes offset high cash balances and lower ALCO

NII evolution



NII bridge



Group NII broadly stable

- ▶ **CABK** qoq underpinned by:
 - Positive contribution from:
 - Higher average loan balances
 - Life-savings insurance
 - Higher day count
 - Partly offset by:
 - Reduced ALCO volume
 - Impact from average cash balances⁽²⁾
- ▶ Higher contribution from **BPI**
- ▶ €13.4Bn TLTRO pre-payment⁽²⁾ to have a neutral impact in coming quarters

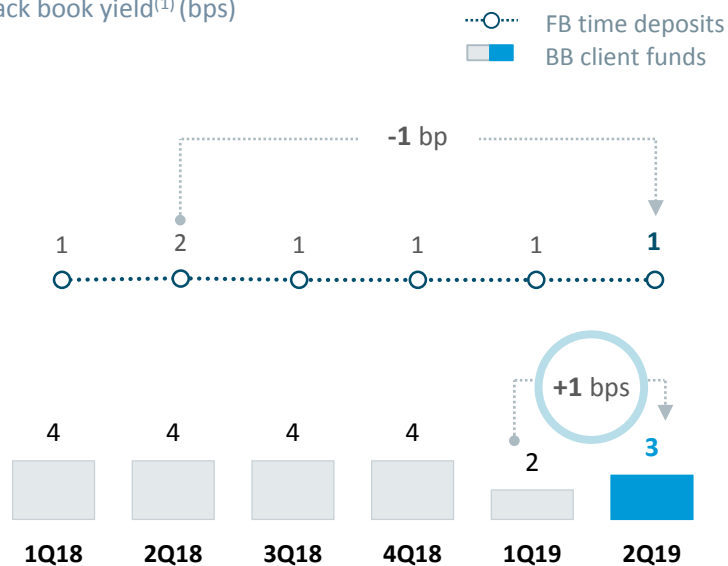
(1) Including NII from life-savings insurance.

(2) Pre-payment of €13,410M TLTRO II in late June 2019.

Front book yields showing resilience

Retail funding yields

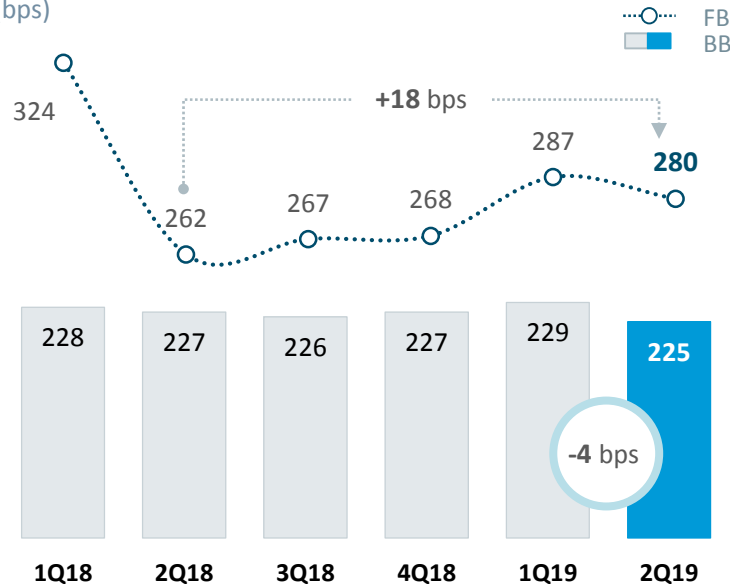
Time deposits front book yield CABK ex BPI and Group client funds back book yield⁽¹⁾ (bps)



- ▶ Time deposit FB yields remain stable at very low levels
- ▶ Client funds BB uptick qoq mainly driven by F/X deposits and retail note issued in March

Loan yields

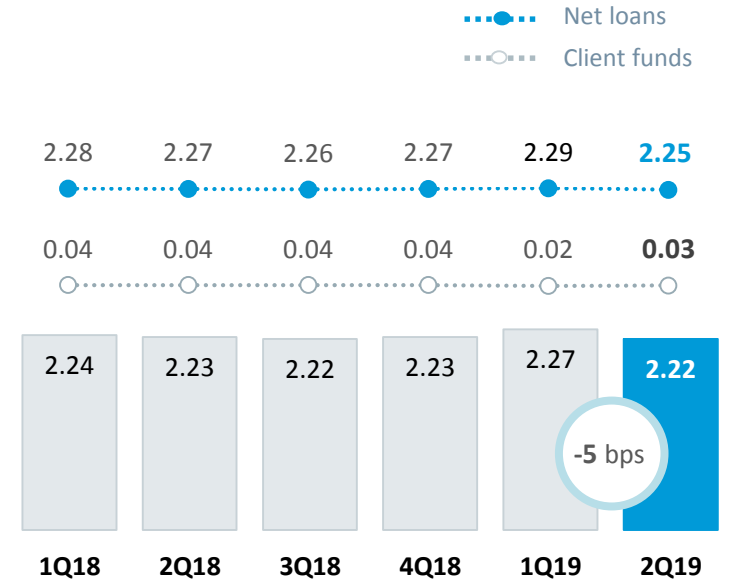
Loan-book: front book CABK ex BPI and Group back book yield⁽²⁾ (bps)



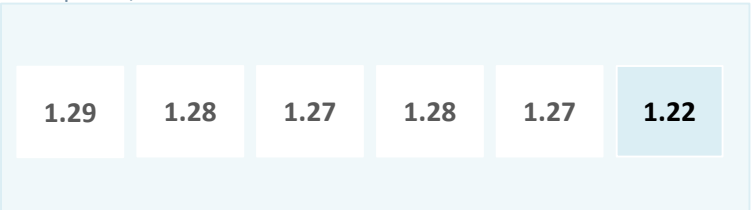
- ▶ FB yields qoq mainly reflects small changes in mix of production
- ▶ BB mostly reflects seasonal effects in Q1

Customer spread

Group customer spread, in %



Group NIM, in %

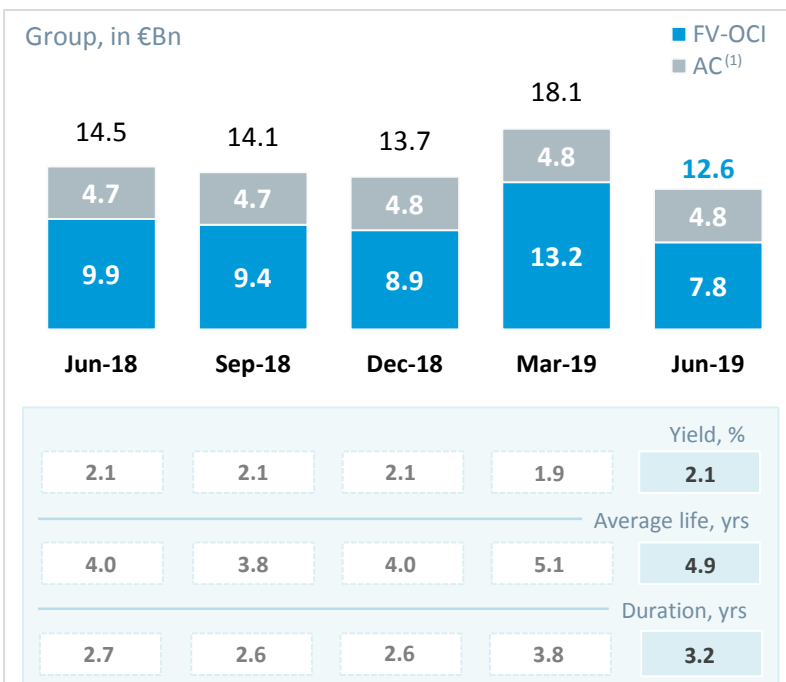


(1) Time deposit front book includes only Euro-denominated deposits. Client funds back book yield includes all retail funding costs.

(2) Front book excludes public sector. Back book includes all segments.

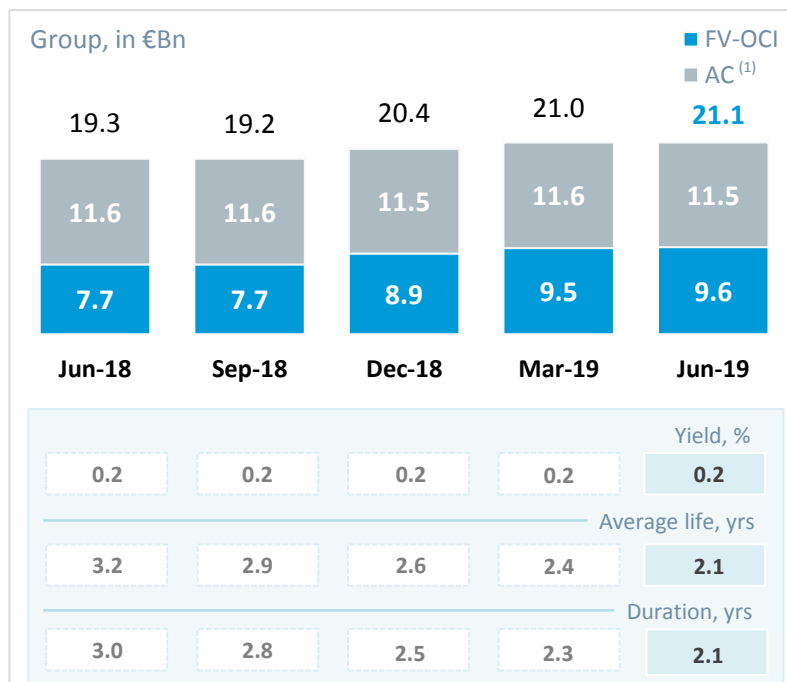
ALCO book reduced in record low yield environment while wholesale funding costs remain broadly stable yoy

Structural ALCO portfolio



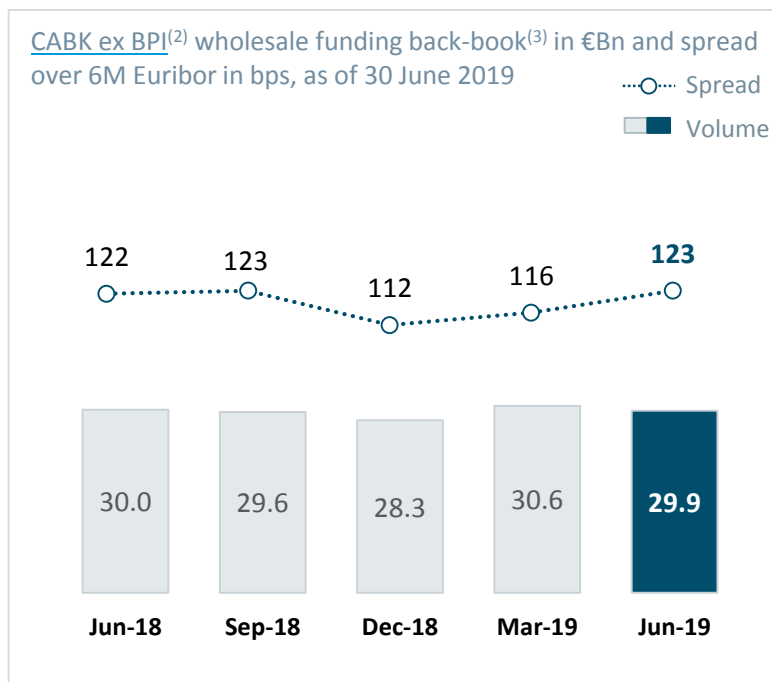
▶ Taking profits after 1Q19 ALCO expansion as long-term yields reached record lows

ALCO liquidity management portfolio



▶ Liquidity ALCO book broadly stable

Wholesale funding costs



▶ BB +7 bps qoq reflect new issuances; broadly stable yoy as new issuances are partially offset by expensive maturities

(1) Securities at amortised cost.

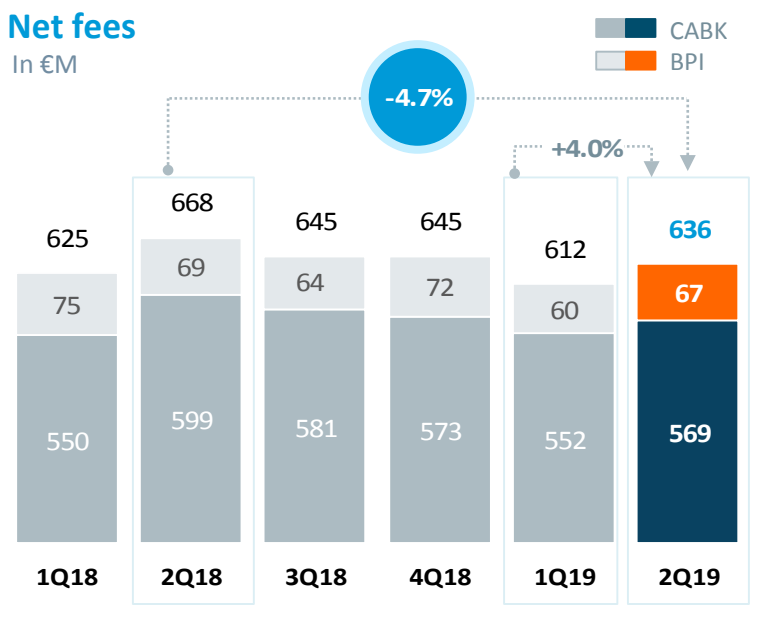
(2) In 1Q19, BPI issued €0.5Bn Covered Bond at MS +25 bps.

(3) Includes securitisations placed with investors and self-retained multi-issuer covered bonds. It does not include the AT1 issued in June 2017 and in March 2018.

Broad-based qoq growth in recurrent fees

Net fees

In €M

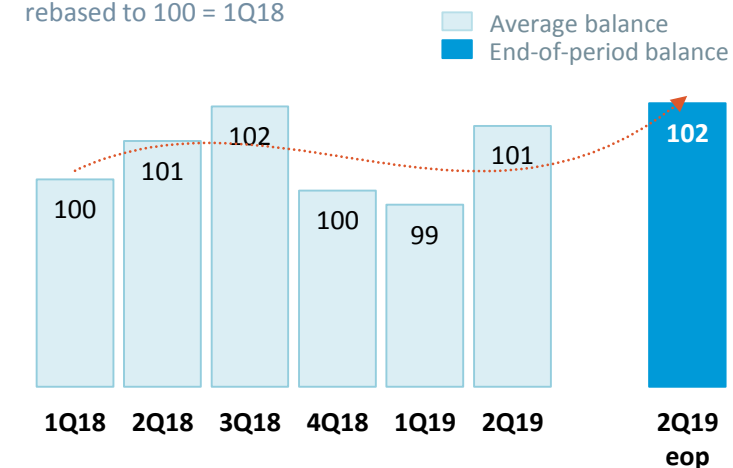


Fee breakdown by main category

2Q19 in €M

Category	Value (€M)	% qoq	% yoy
Recurrent Banking & other	337	+6.4%	+1.4%
Asset Management ⁽¹⁾	214	+4.5%	-1.5%
Insurance distribution ⁽¹⁾	55	+0.5%	-10.7%
Wholesale banking	30	-15.5%	-46.7%

AuM⁽²⁾ average balances vs. eop balance at 30 June 2019, rebased to 100 = 1Q18



- ▶ **Group net fees qoq:** broad-based recurrent- fee growth on better markets and pick-up in activity
 - **Recurrent banking & other:** +6.4% qoq mainly underpinned by payment fees
 - **AM:** +4.5% qoq on better markets and solid growth in unit-linked
 - **Insurance distribution:** +0.5% qoq as new product rollout gathers pace
 - **Wholesale banking:** -15.5% qoq on lower CIB activity

- ▶ **Group net fees yoy reflecting:**
 - **Recurrent banking & other:** positive dynamics mostly driven by payment fees
 - **AM:** broadly stable with eop balances expected to support fees in coming quarters
 - **Insurance distribution:** impacted by timing of new product rollout
 - **Wholesale banking:** lower fees yoy impacted by large one-off items in 2Q18
- ▶ **BPI fees yoy** impacted by changes in scope ⁽³⁾

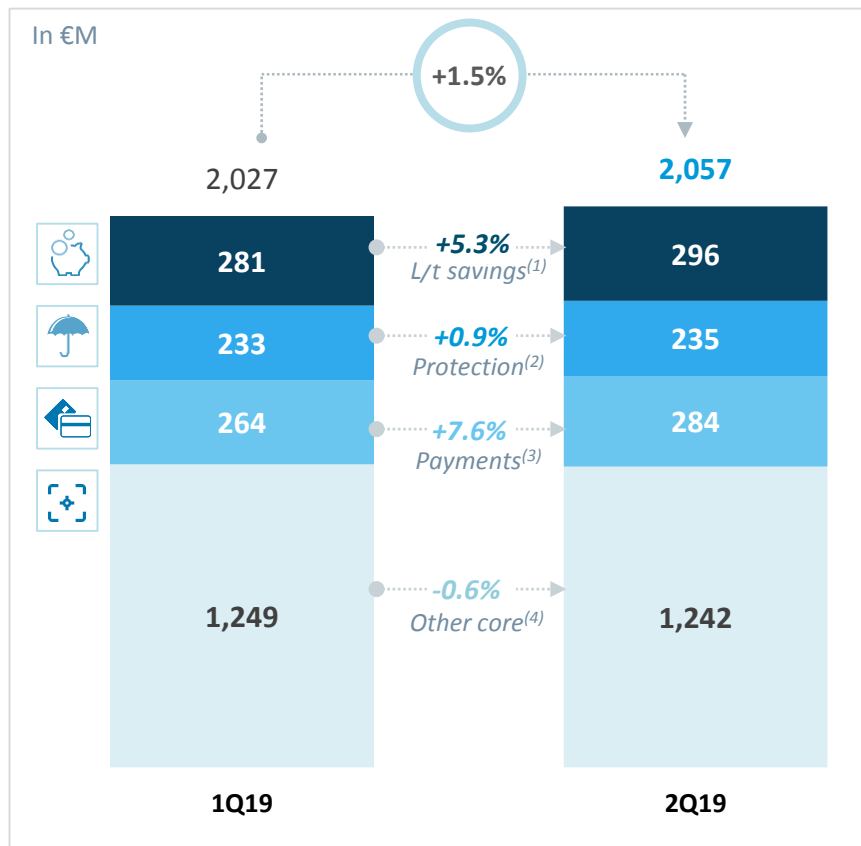
(1) Note that unit linked fees are now included in AM fees (in previous reporting, they were included in “insurance fees” together with non-life distribution fees). 2018 figures have been restated accordingly.

(2) Including mutual funds, managed portfolios, SICAVs, pension plans and unit linked.

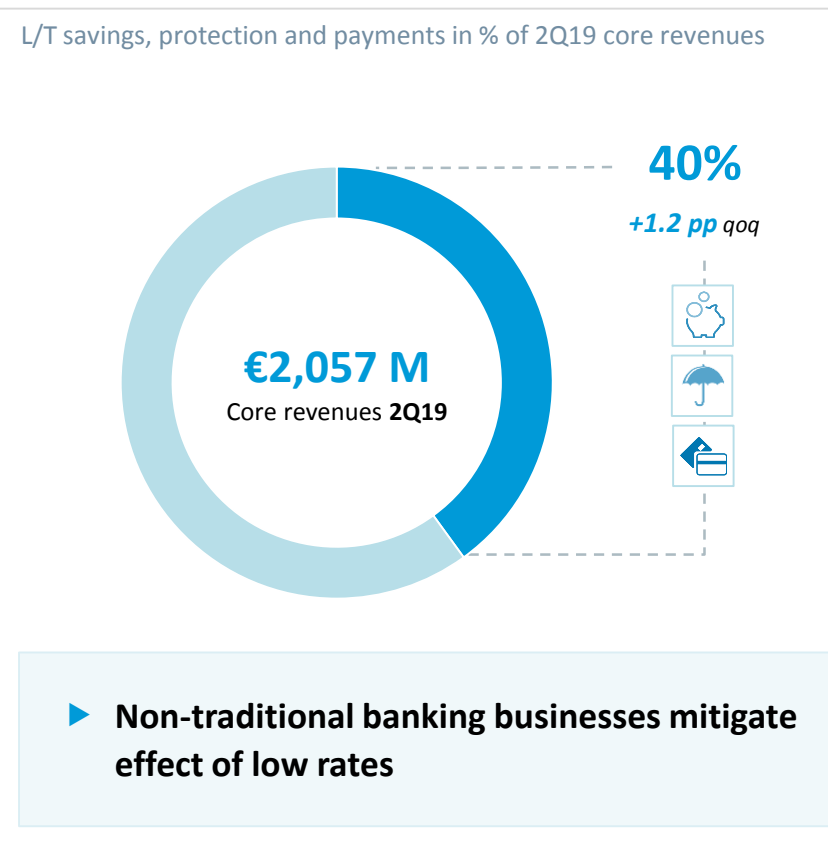
(3) Impacted by changes in scope and reclassifications: -€9M from the sale of businesses and -€1M from a reclass related to application of group accounting standards.

L/t savings, protection and payments drive core revenue recovery in 2Q

Core revenue improvement in 2Q



L/t savings, protection and payment businesses are key contributors to core revenues

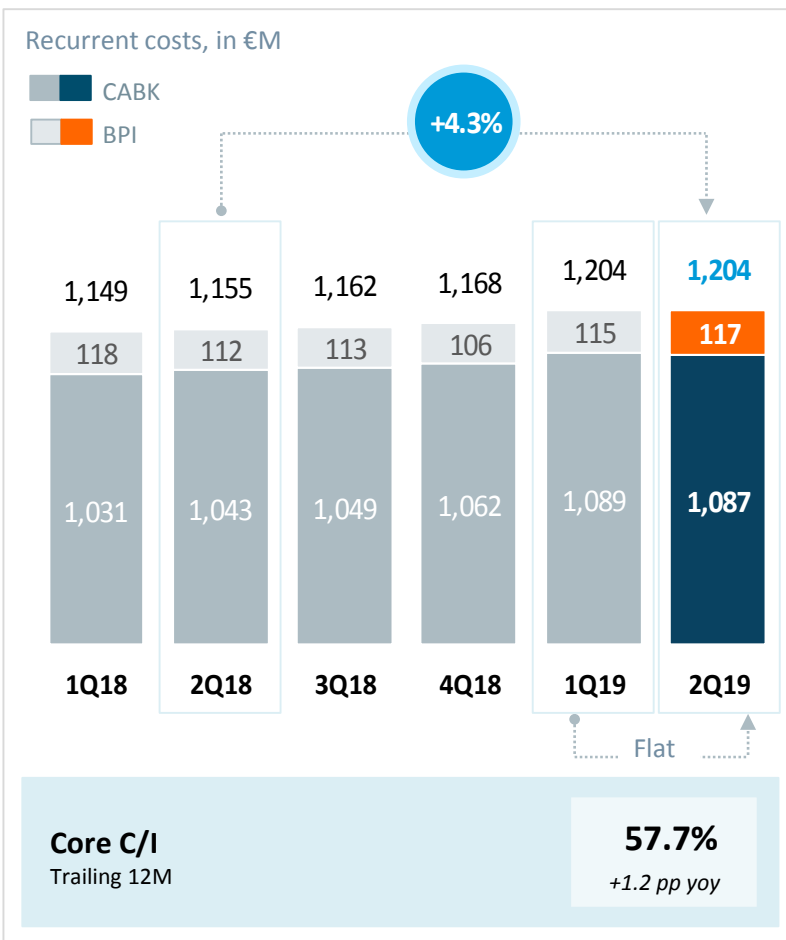


- ▶ Core revenues recover in 2Q (+1.5% qoq, with non-NII core revenues +3.4% qoq) ...
- ▶ ... underpinned by strong growth in l/t savings and payments ...
- ▶ ...and gradual recovery in protection revenues
- ▶ Other core revenues -0.6% qoq reflecting lower wholesale banking fees in the quarter

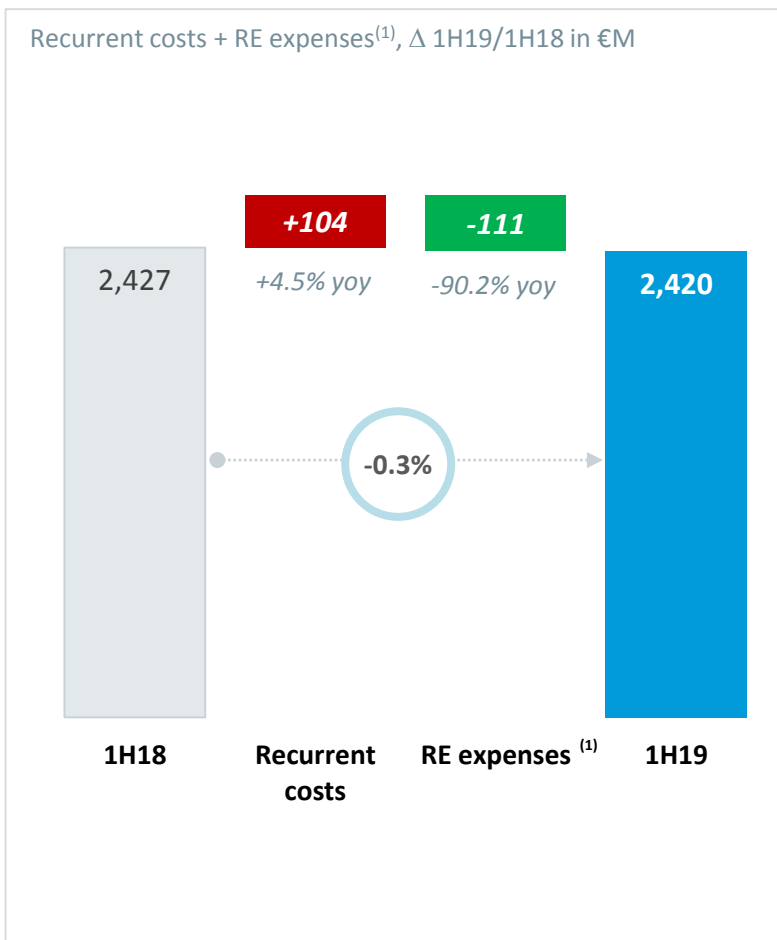
(1) L/T saving revenues include: AM fees (mutual funds including portfolios and SICAV, pension plans and unit linked) plus NII from life-savings insurance.
 (2) Protection revenues include: non-life distribution fees, life risk premia and equity accounted income from SCA and other bancassurance stakes from BPI.
 (3) Payment revenues include issuing, acquiring and ATM fees and other transactional fees. Equity accounted income from JV with Comercia is not included in core revenues.
 (4) Other core revenues include other banking fees (including wholesale banking) and NII other than from life-savings insurance.

19E cost growth revised down after swift execution of restructuring plan

Recurrent costs remain flat qoq ...



... with 1H yoy increase offset by RE cost-savings



Swift restructuring execution accelerates cost-savings

Restructuring agreement – Outcome

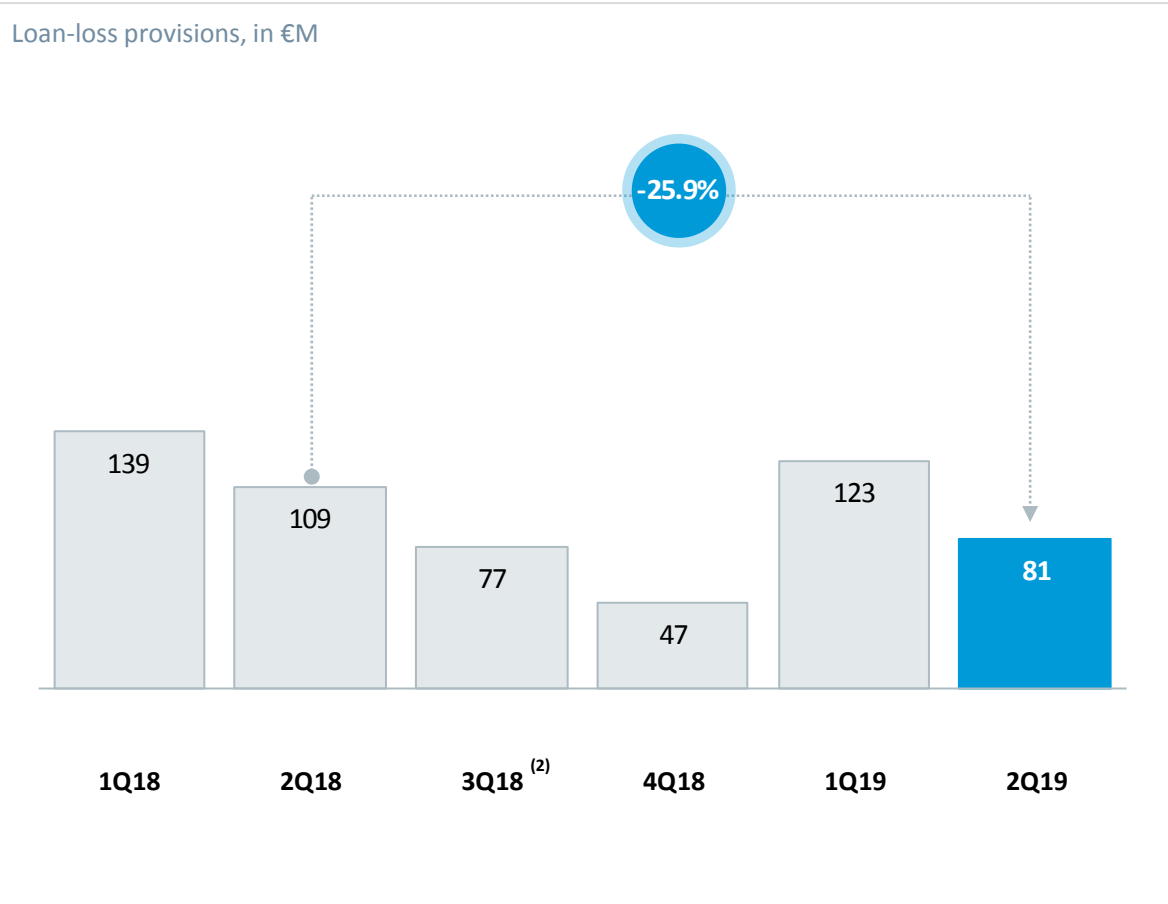
- Rightsizing: ~2,000 voluntary departures**
- Flexibility measures**
All departures in Aug-19
- Upfront restructuring charge in 2Q19: €978 pre-tax (€685 post-tax)**
Difference with initial estimate of €890M due to frontloading and mix
- Annual cost savings (gross):**
 - ~ €200M From 2020E
 - ~ €80M In 2019E

FY19e recurrent cost guidance revised to: + c.3% yoy

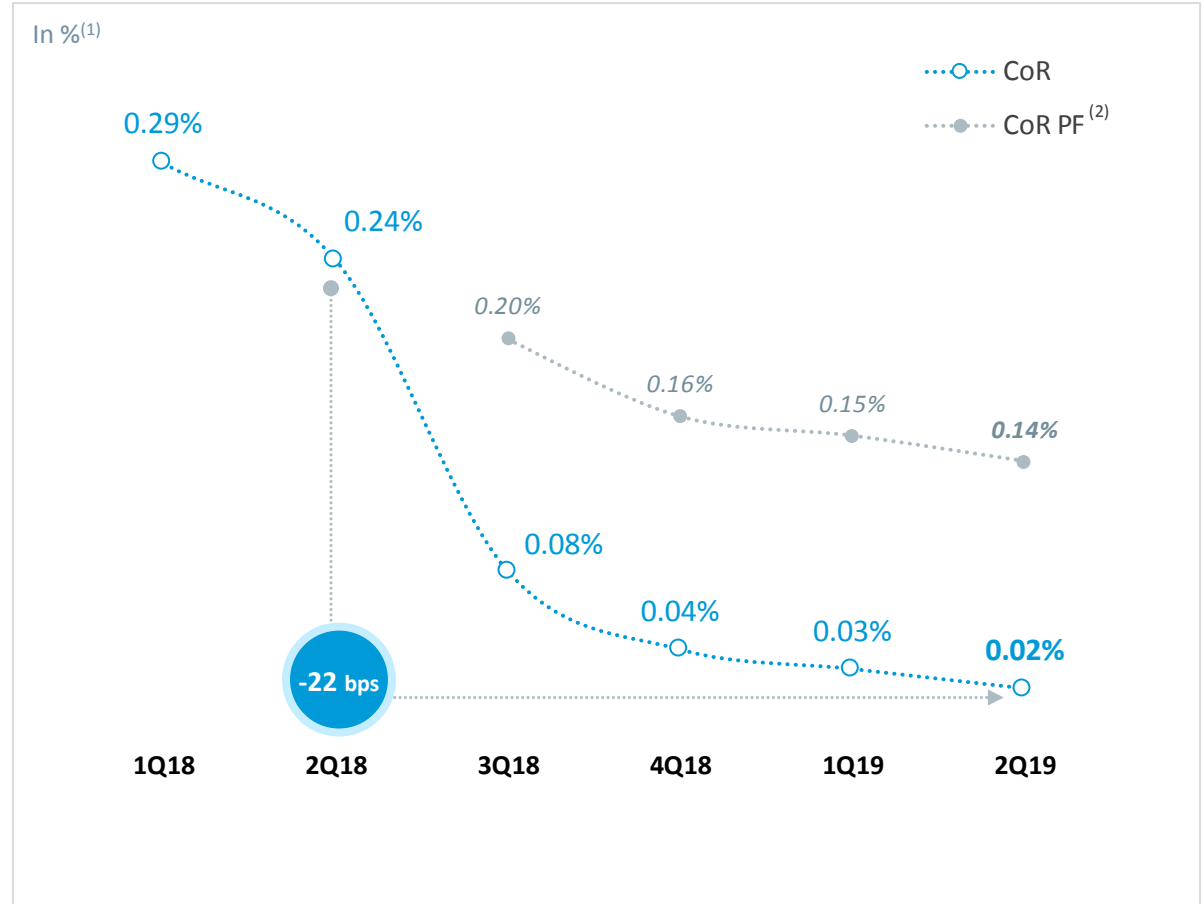
(1) Other RE operating expenses net of other RE operating revenues.

CoR⁽¹⁾ remains on a downward trajectory and well within FY guidance of <20bps

LLPs



CoR trailing 12M




(1) Trailing 12M.

(2) PF excluding an extraordinary write back in 3Q18 (c.€275M) from updating the recoverable value of a large credit exposure.

Positive operating and asset-quality trends drive contribution from BPI segment

BPI segment P&L

 BPI <small>BPI Segment P&L⁽¹⁾, in €M</small>	2Q19	2Q18	% yoy
Net interest income	101	100	1.0
Net fees and commissions ⁽²⁾	67	69	(3.0)/+13.6 adj. ⁽²⁾
Other revenues	-11	1	
Gross income	157	170	(7.6)
Recurring operating expenses	-117	-112	4.5
Extraordinary operating expenses		-5	
Pre-impairment income	40	53	(24.5)
Impairment losses & other provisions	16	3	
Gains/losses on disposals and other			
Pre-tax income	56	56	
Income tax, minority interest & others	-16	-20	
Net attributable profit	40	36	11.1

- ▶ BPI segment contributes **€40M** to 2Q Group results
- ▶ Positive operating dynamics support core revenues: **NII +1.0% yoy; Fees +13.6% yoy like-for-like⁽²⁾**
- ▶ Other revenues yoy mostly reflect lower trading gains
- ▶ Write backs continue in a supportive macro environment

Trends reflect improved customer experience and quality offering



BPIFamily

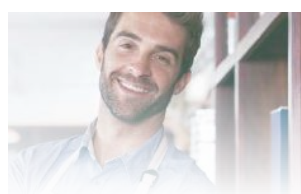


BPI - Activity (stock, BPI reporting criteria) and market share

Savings insurance funds **+5.7% ytd**

15.4%
Market share⁽⁴⁾

BPICommerce



Consumer lending⁽³⁾ **+7.5% ytd**

13.0%
Market share⁽⁴⁾

Credit to businesses **+1.5% ytd**

10.0%
Market share⁽⁴⁾



Most Trusted Bank Brand in Portugal 2019



Best Digital Bank Portugal 2019

Ongoing digital transformation: new digital solutions



Active digital clients⁽⁵⁾
43% (+3pp yoy)



1st launched it in Portugal
Aggregator of banking balances and transactions



#1 digital penetration retail clients
Internet and mobile, Portugal⁽⁴⁾

(1) BPI Segment P&L excludes contribution from BPI stakes, which is assigned to the "Investments" business segment. NII in BPI segment excludes cost from funding BFA and BCI which is included in "Investments" segment. Note that the % attributed has increased from 94.2% in 2Q18 to 100% since YE2018.

(2) Reported Fees yoy impacted by changes in scope and reclassifications: -€10M yoy including -€9M from the sale of businesses and -€1M from a reclass related to application of Group accounting standards.

(3) Consumer lending and other credit to individuals.

(4) Latest available data. Sources: for savings insurance, APS - Associação Portuguesa de Seguradores / BPI Vida e Pensões; for consumer lending (accumulated production until May 2019), Bank of Portugal; for businesses, Bank of Portugal.

(5) Active clients, main holder of the account.

Segment reporting: additional information

Income statement by segment

In €M

	Bancassurance			Investments			BPI ⁽¹⁾		
	2Q19	% qoq	% yoy	2Q19	% qoq	% yoy	2Q19	% qoq	% yoy
Net interest income	1,174	(0.2)	0.4	-34	(10.5)	(15.0)	101	2.0	1.0
Net fees and commissions	569	3.3	(4.9)				67	10.6	(3.0)
Dividends and equity accounted	48	(18.6)	(22.6)	198		(30.8)	7	75.0	40.0
Trading income	212		14.0	1					
Income and exp. from insurance	134	3.2	(6.9)						
Other operating income & expenses	-123		(13.2)				-18		5.1
Gross income	2,014	7.4	(0.2)	165		(18.7)	157	(7.1)	(7.6)
Recurring operating expenses	-1,086	(0.2)	4.2	-1			-117	2.0	4.5
Extraordinary operating expenses	-978								
Pre-impairment income	-50			164		(18.8)	40	(25.9)	(24.5)
LLPs	-97	(33.8)	(13.9)				16	(29.3)	
Other provisions	-43	(7.9)							
Gains/losses on disposals & other	-22	11.7	(69.4)						
Pre-tax income	-212			164		(18.8)	56	(29.1)	
Income tax	92			5		(16.7)	-16	(23.8)	
Minority interest & others									
Net income	-120			169		(17.2)	40	(31.0)	11.1

(1) BPI Segment P&L excludes contribution from BPI minority stakes, which is assigned to the "Investments" business segment. Note that evolution yoy is impacted by changes in scope related to the sale of businesses in 2018. Moreover, the % attributed from BPI has increased from 94.2% in 2Q18 to 100% since YE2018.

Balance sheet and P&L

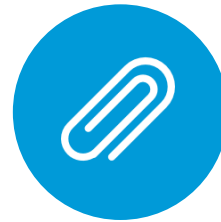
P&L

€ million	1H19	1H18	Year-on-year	%
Net interest income	2,478	2,432	46	1.9
Dividend income	161	121	40	33.2
Share of profit/(loss) of entities accounted for using the equity method	209	503	(294)	(58.4)
Net fee and commission income	1,248	1,293	(45)	(3.5)
Trading income	261	293	(32)	(10.9)
Income and expense under insurance or reinsurance contracts	264	282	(18)	(6.4)
Other operating income and expense	(176)	(270)	94	(34.8)
Gross income	4,445	4,654	(209)	(4.5)
Recurring administrative expenses, depreciation and amortisation	(2,408)	(2,304)	(104)	4.5
Extraordinary expenses	(978)	(8)	(970)	
Pre-impairment income	1,059	2,342	(1,283)	(54.8)
Pre-impairment income stripping out extraordinary expenses	2,037	2,350	(313)	(13.3)
Allowances for insolvency risk	(204)	(248)	44	(17.6)
Other charges to provisions	(91)	(283)	192	(67.8)
Gains/(losses) on disposal of assets and others	(38)	(70)	32	(46.7)
Profit/(loss) before tax	726	1,741	(1,015)	(58.3)
Income tax expense	(104)	(401)	297	(74.1)
Profit/(loss) after tax	622	1,340	(718)	(53.6)
Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interest and others		42	(42)	
Profit/(loss) attributable to the Group	622	1,298	(676)	(52.1)

- In accordance with the Amendments to IFRS 4, the Group has decided to apply temporary exemption from IFRS 9 in respect of the financial investments of the Group's insurance firms for all periods that come before 1 January 2021 as it awaits the entry into force of the new IFRS 17: Insurance Contracts, which will govern the presentation and measurement of insurance contracts (including technical provisions). Accordingly, these investments are grouped under Assets under the insurance business on the balance sheet. To make the information more readily comparable, the Group has also grouped together the technical provisions relating to Unit Link and Flexible Investment Annuity (part under management), which are now reported jointly under 'Liabilities under the insurance business'.
- The change in this heading in the first half of the year is mainly due to the coming into force of IFRS 16 on 1 January 2019, which involves recognising the assets and liabilities related to leases on the leaseholder's balance sheet for the current value of the payments due in the lease agreement.
- The actuarial losses and gains previously recognised under the heading Shareholders' equity are shown under the heading accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. As a result of the change of accounting criterion, the equity figures corresponding to 31 December 2018 have been restated for comparison purposes, reclassifying €548 million under both headings, without any impact on total equity.

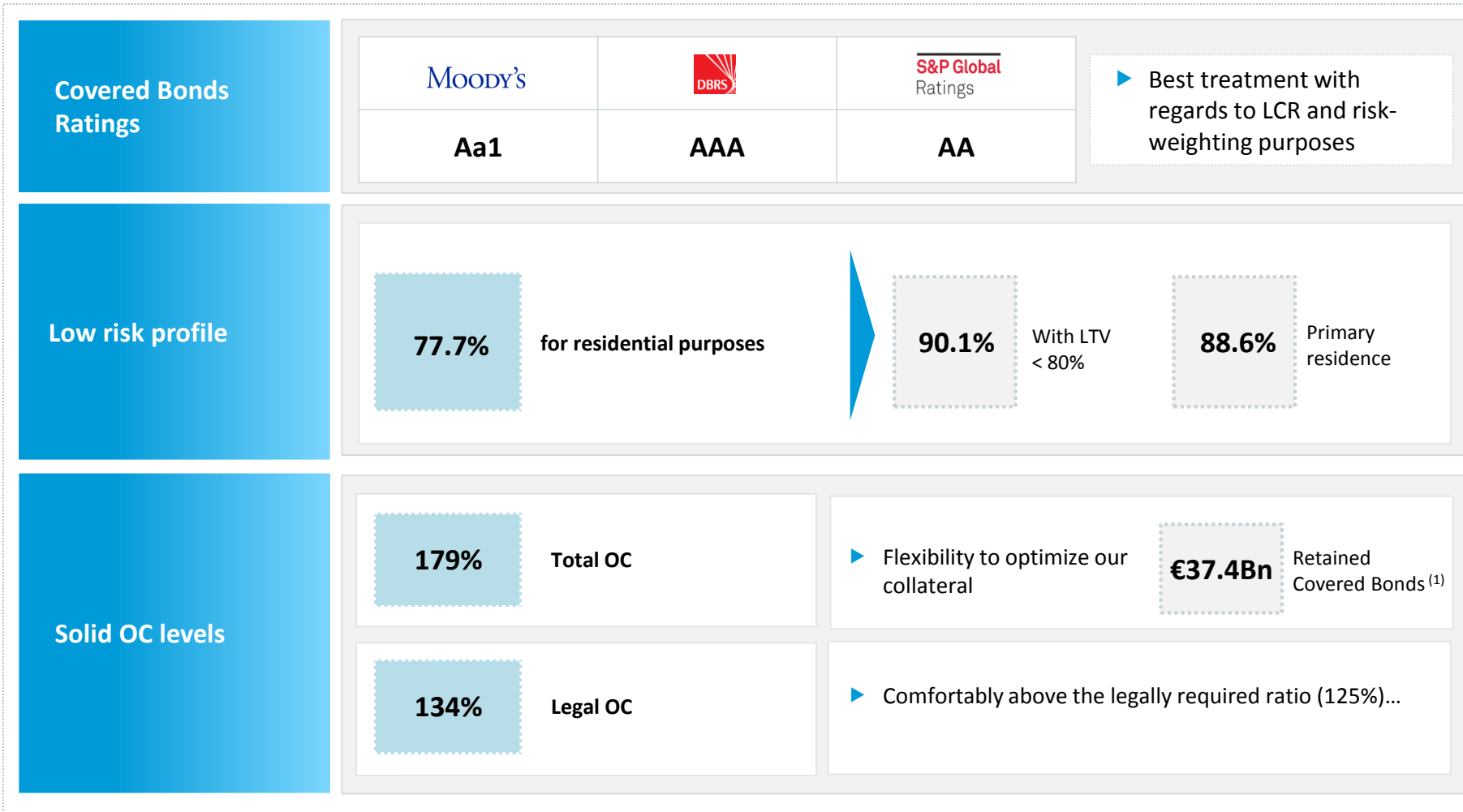
Balance sheet

€ million	Jun 30, 2019	Mar 31, 2019	Change %	Dec 31, 2018	Change %
- Cash and cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	17,067	23,857	(28.5)	19,158	(10.9)
- Financial assets held for trading	12,806	10,434	22.7	9,810	30.5
- Financial assets not designated for trading compulsorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	573	638	(10.2)	704	(18.6)
<i>Equity instruments</i>	212	219	(3.2)	232	(8.6)
<i>Debt securities</i>	92	91	1.1	145	(36.6)
<i>Loans and advances</i>	269	328	(18.0)	327	(17.7)
- Financial assets at fair value with changes in other comprehensive income	20,359	26,145	(22.1)	21,888	(7.0)
- Financial assets at amortised cost	251,348	245,357	2.4	242,582	3.6
<i>Credit institutions</i>	6,648	8,533	(22.1)	7,555	(12.0)
<i>Customers</i>	227,700	219,713	3.6	217,967	4.5
<i>Debt securities</i>	17,000	17,111	(0.6)	17,060	(0.4)
- Derivatives - Hedge accounting	2,034	2,025	0.4	2,056	(1.1)
- Investments in joint ventures and associates	3,962	3,991	(0.7)	3,879	2.1
- Assets under the insurance business ¹	70,774	65,270	8.4	61,688	14.7
- Tangible assets ²	7,478	7,414	0.9	6,022	24.2
- Intangible assets	3,820	3,850	(0.8)	3,848	(0.7)
- Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	1,285	1,290	(0.4)	1,239	3.7
- Other assets	14,501	13,865	4.6	13,748	5.5
Total assets	406,007	404,136	0.5	386,622	5.0
Liabilities	382,023	379,386	0.7	362,564	5.4
- Financial liabilities held for trading	11,514	9,705	18.6	9,015	27.7
- Financial liabilities at amortised cost	289,773	294,937	(1.8)	282,460	2.6
<i>Deposits from central banks and credit institutions</i>	26,965	41,831	(35.5)	37,440	(28.0)
<i>Customer deposits</i>	223,903	214,189	4.5	210,200	6.5
<i>Debt securities issued</i>	32,751	33,265	(1.5)	29,244	12.0
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>	6,154	5,652	8.9	5,576	10.4
- Liabilities under the insurance business ¹	68,298	63,779	7.1	60,452	13.0
- Provisions	5,484	4,421	24.0	4,610	19.0
- Other liabilities	6,954	6,544	6.3	6,027	15.4
Equity	23,984	24,750	(3.1)	24,058	(0.3)
- Shareholders' equity ³	25,218	25,832	(2.4)	25,384	(0.7)
- Minority interest	28	30	(6.7)	29	(3.4)
- Accumulated other comprehensive income ³	(1,262)	(1,112)	13.5	(1,355)	(6.9)
Total liabilities and equity	406,007	404,136	0.5	386,622	5.0



Appendix 2 – Covered Bond programme

CaixaBank covered bonds programme - High quality collateral and strong collateralisation



Always aiming at the best market standards

▶ **Covered Bond Label Compliant** since 1st January 2013

▶ **Transparency:** complete quarterly information available in our website

http://www.caixabank.com/inversoresinstitucionales/inversoresrentafija_en.html

(1) Including Mortgage and Public Sector Covered Bonds

CaixaBank covered bonds programme - Main figures

Mortgage covered bond programme

MORTGAGE COVER POOL		30/06/2019	
Cover Pool Size (mill €)		89,271	
	<i>Residential Assets</i>	69,379	77.7%
	<i>Commercial Assets</i>	19,892	22.3%
Elegible Pool (mill €)		66,851	
Number of loans		1,188,156	
Average loan Balance (€)		75,134	
WA Seasoning (years)		8.4 yrs	
WA Remaining Term (years)		16.3 yrs	
WA LTV		56%	
WA LTV Eligible Pool		45%	

MORTGAGE COVERED BONDS		30/06/2019	
Outstanding nominal (mill €)		49,902	
OC (total)		179%	
OC (legal - eligible portfolio)		134%	
Issuing Capacity (mill €)		3,579	
Average Maturity (years)		5.3 yrs	
RATINGS			
Moody's		Aa1	
DBRS		AAA	
S&P		AA	

Issuing capacity

In €M

€ 3,579M

Mortgage CB

€6,031 M

€ 2,452M

Public Sector CB

Spanish public sector covered bond programme

PUBLIC SECTOR COVER POOL		30/06/2019	
Cover Pool Size (mill €)		10,646	
Number of loans		3,753	
Average loan Balance (€)		2,836,686.09	
WA Remaining Term (years)		4.6 yrs	

PUBLIC SECTOR COVERED BONDS		30/06/2019	
Outstanding nominal (mill €)		5,000	
OC		213%	
Issuing Capacity		2,452	
Average Maturity (years)		2.2 yrs	
RATINGS			
Moody's		Aa1	

Collateral by type

In €M

69%

Residential

20%

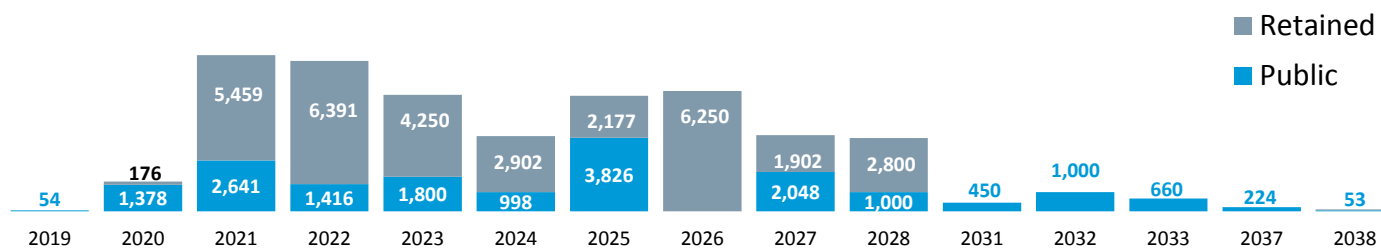
Commercial

11%

Public Sector

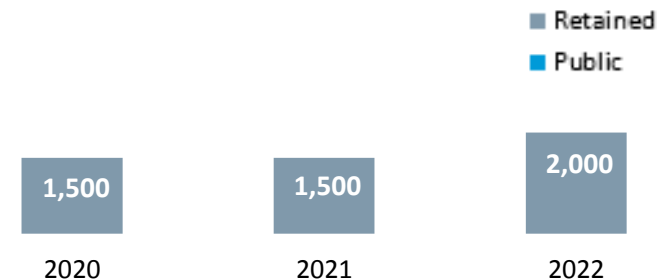
Mortgage CB programme – Maturity profile

In €M



Public sector CB programme – Maturity profile

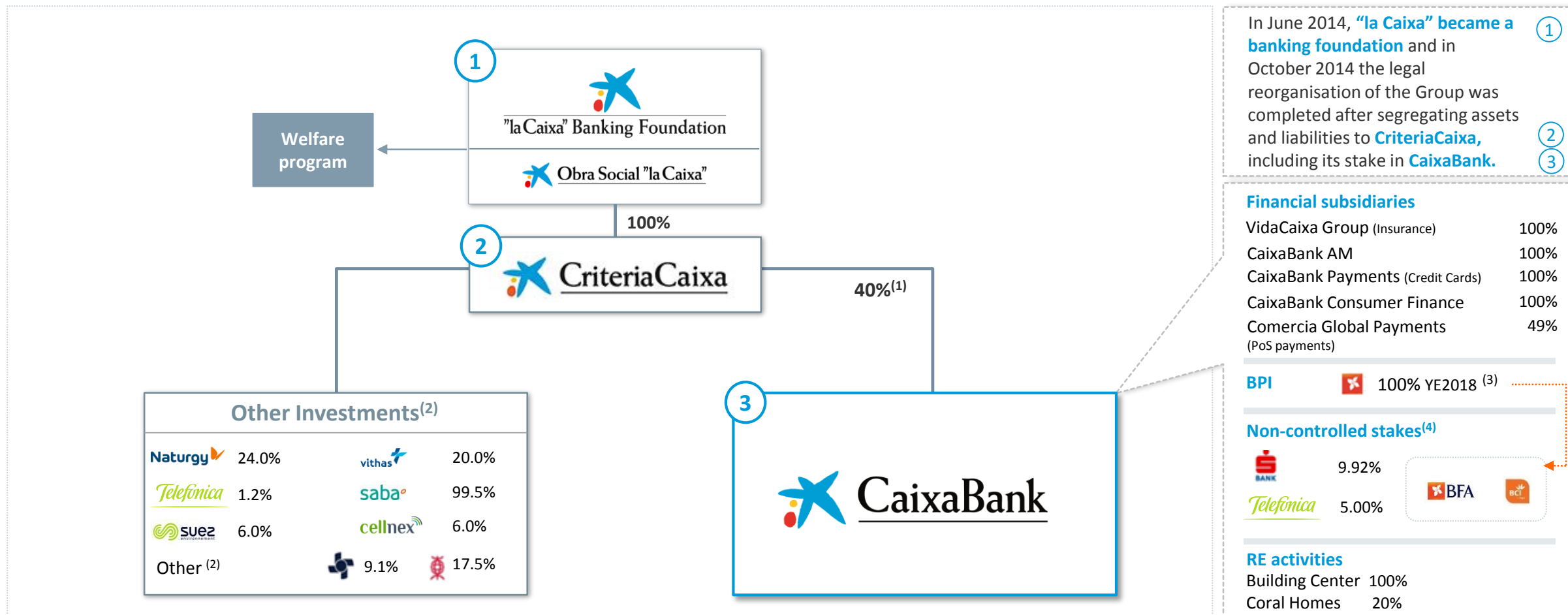
In €M





Appendix 3 – Other

A streamlined organisation of “la Caixa” Group



(1) Since 6 February 2017.

(2) Latest figures reported by CriteriaCaixa. "Other" include, among others, stakes in Aigües de Barcelona, 100% of Caixa Capital Risc and RE business.

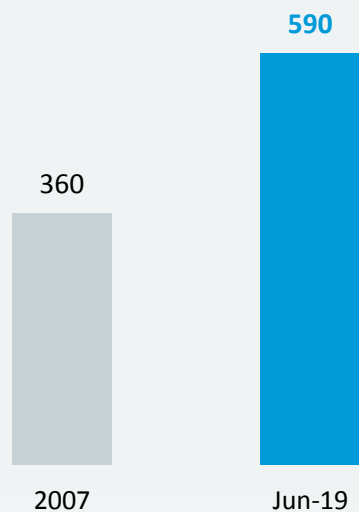
(3) Post de-listing squeeze out exercised on 27 December 2018.

(4) Main non-controlled stakes of CaixaBank Group, including BPI's main non-control stakes of 48.10% of BFA and 35.67% of BCI as of 30 June 2019.

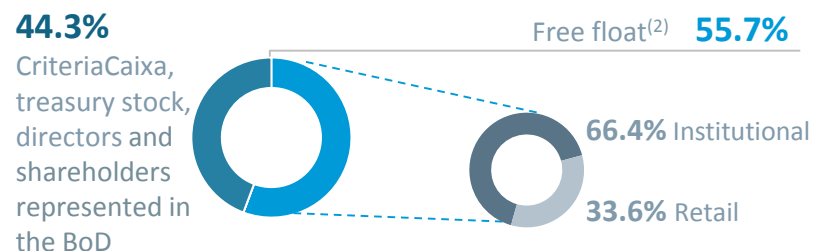
Transparency, independence and good governance are key priorities

Increased free float with diversified investor base

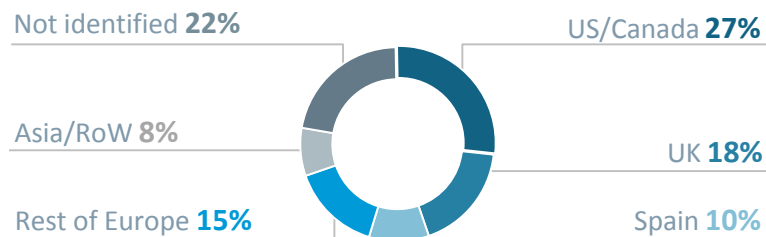
Number of shareholders, in thousands



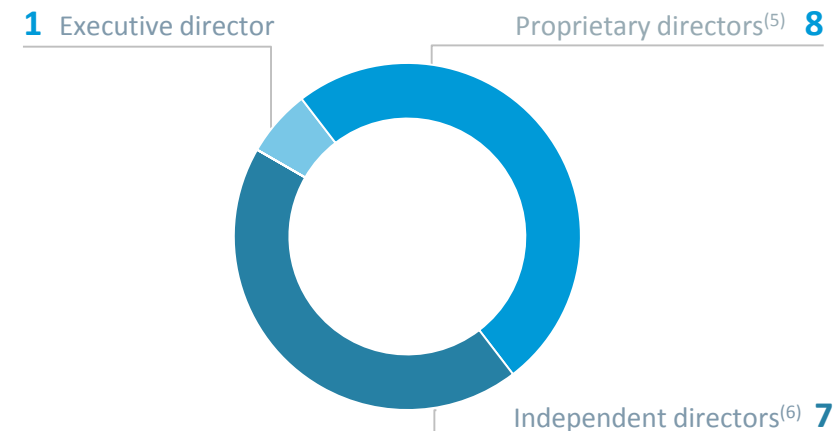
Shareholder base by group⁽¹⁾, in % of share capital as of 28 June 2019



Geographical distribution of institutional free float⁽³⁾
% of total shares owned by institutional investors, Dec-2018



Board of Directors composition⁽⁴⁾



- ▶ **Control and management of the bank** is shared by the AGM, Board of Directors and Board committees: Audit and control; Executive; Appointments; Remuneration; Risks. The majority shareholder is not overrepresented in the board
- ▶ **CABK's relationship with other Group entities is immaterial**, performed on an arm's length basis and governed by the Internal Relations Protocol

(1) Source: latest available public information and shareholders' register book. The register book presents an excess of c.35 M net shares, assumed to be allocated to the international institutional category.

(2) Calculated as the number of issued shares less treasury stock and shares owned by the members of the Board of Directors and by the shareholders represented in the Board of Directors.

(3) Percentage calculated on the institutional free float identified at the Shareholder identification elaborated by CMI2i.

(4) Includes all the changes agreed at the AGM on the 5th April 2019. Refer to Significant Event number 276874 (CNMV) for additional information.

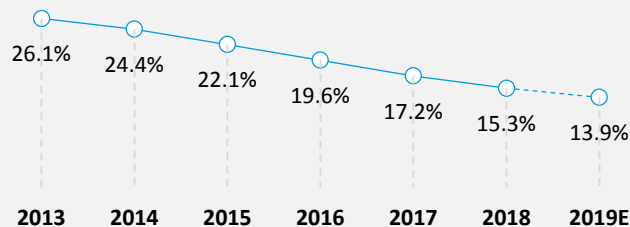
(5) Including 1 director from Banking Foundation of Caja Navarra, Banking Foundation of Caja Canarias and Banking Foundation of Caja de Burgos and 1 director from Mutua Madrileña.

(6) On 22 June 2017, the Board of Directors appointed a Lead Independent Director.

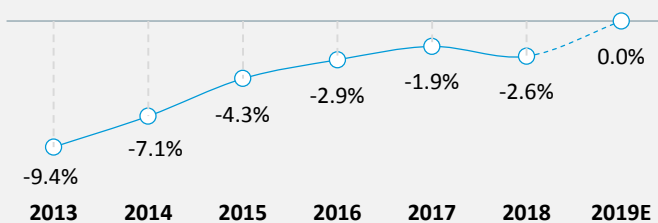
The Iberian economies show resilience to external headwinds and political uncertainty

SPAIN

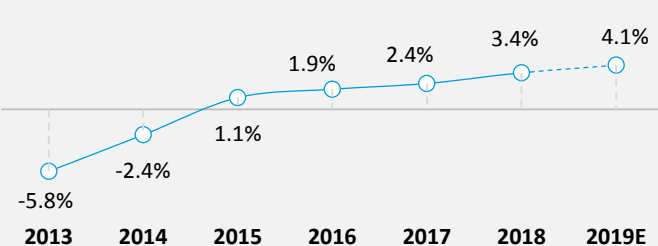
Unemployment rate, %



Credit(1) (industry), % yoy

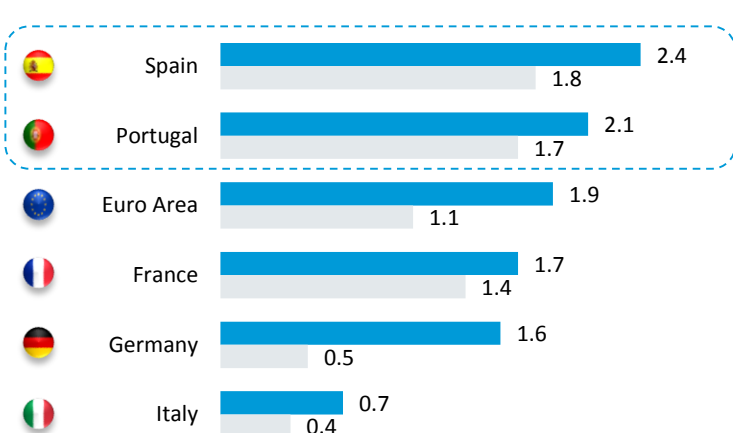


Housing prices (nominal), % yoy

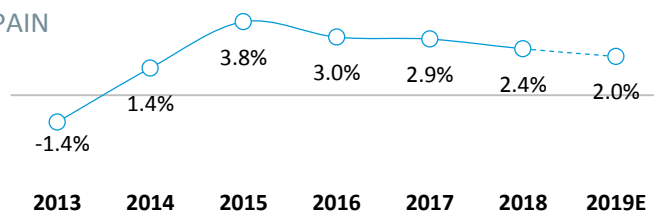


Solid economic recovery

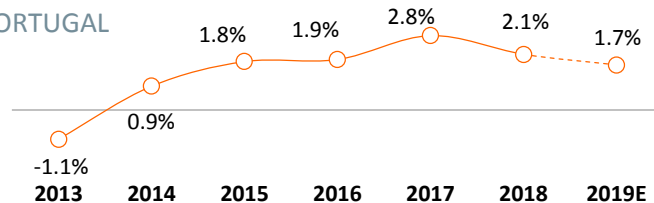
GDP growth, % yoy



SPAIN

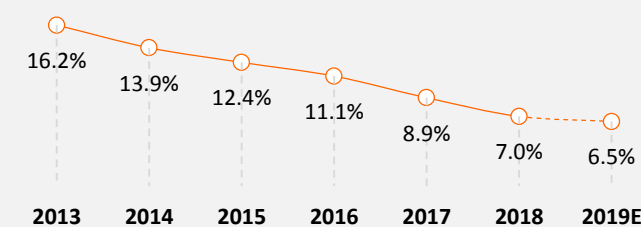


PORTUGAL

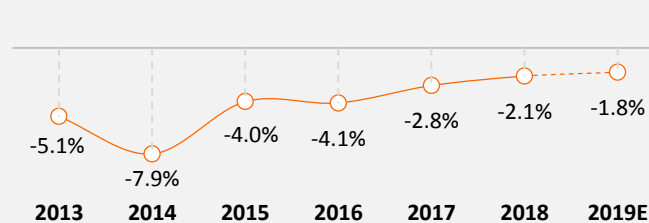


PORTUGAL

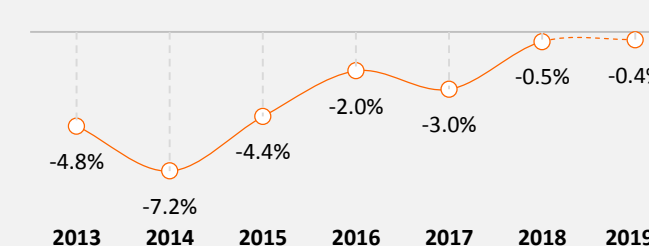
Unemployment rate, %



Credit(1) (industry), % yoy



General government balance, % of GDP



(1) Loans to the "Other Resident Sectors" excluding to financial services companies (Bank of Spain and Bank of Portugal statistics).

Sources: Eurostat (GDP growth), Bank of Spain and Bank of Portugal (credit and deposits growth), INE Spain and Portugal (unemployment rate and general government balance), Spanish Ministry of Public Works. (housing prices), and CaixaBank Research (all forecasts 2019E). Forecasts as of 16 September 2019.

Glossary (I/V)

In addition to the financial information prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), this document includes certain Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) as defined in the guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority on 30 June 2015 (ESMA/2015/1057) (the “ESMA Guidelines”). CaixaBank uses certain APMs, which have not been audited, for a better understanding of the company’s financial performance. These measures are considered additional disclosures and in no case replace the financial information prepared under IFRS. Moreover, the way the Group defines and calculates these measures may differ to the way similar measures are calculated by other companies. Accordingly, they may not be comparable. ESMA guidelines define an APM as a financial measure of historical or future performance, financial position, or cash flows, other than a financial measure defined or specified in the applicable financial reporting framework. In accordance with these guidelines, following is a list of the APMs used, along with a reconciliation between certain management indicators and the indicators presented in the consolidated financial statements prepared under IFRS.

Term	Definition
AC	Amortised cost.
AGM	Shareholders’ Annual General Meeting
ALCO	Asset – Liability Committee.
ALCO liquidity portfolio	Banking book fixed-income securities portfolio bought for liquidity reasons.
ALCO structural portfolio	Banking book fixed-income securities portfolio, excluding trading book assets and liquidity management portfolio.
AOCI	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income is those revenues, expenses, gains, and losses under both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and International Financial Reporting Standards that are excluded from net income on the income statement. Instead it is registered under the equity section of the balance sheet.
AT1	Additional Tier 1: capital instruments that are continuous (no fixed maturity), including preferred shares and high contingent convertible securities.
ATM	Automated teller machine.
AuM / AM	Assets under Management, include mutual funds (with SICAVs and managed portfolios), pension plans and unit linked.
AuM and insurance funds	Also referred to as long-term savings, include mutual funds (with SICAVs and managed portfolios), pension plans, unit linked and other insurance funds.
B/S	Balance sheet.
BoD	Board of Directors.
CAGR	Compound Annual Growth Rate.
CB	Covered bonds.
CCB	Capital Conservation Buffer.
CET1	Common Equity Tier 1.
Consumer loans	Unsecured loans to individuals, excluding those for home purchases. Includes personal loans from CaixaBank and BPI, MicroBank and CaixaBank Consumer Finance as well as revolving credit card balances (CaixaBank Payments) excluding float.

Glossary (II/V)

Term	Definition
CoR	Cost of risk: total allowances for insolvency risk (12 months) divided by average lending, gross, plus contingent liabilities, using management criteria.
Core C/I ratio	Core cost-to-income ratio: operating expenses (administrative expenses, depreciation and amortisation) stripping out extraordinary expenses divided by core revenues for the last 12 months.
Core operating income	Core revenues minus recurrent costs.
Core revenues	Sum of NII, Fees and other revenues from insurance (life-risk premia, equity accounted income from SegurCaixa Adeslas and other bancassurance stakes of BPI).
Customer spread	Difference between: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average rate of return on loans (annualised income for the quarter from loans and advances divided by the net average balance of loans and advances for the quarter); and • Average rate for retail deposits (annualised quarterly cost of retail deposits divided by the average balance of those same retail deposits for the quarter, excluding subordinated liabilities).
EAD	Exposure at default: total value a bank is exposed to when a loan defaults
ESG	Environmental, social and governance: three central factors in measuring the sustainability and ethical impact of an investment in a company
FB / BB	Front book / back book referring to the yield on loans and the cost of retail deposits (%).
FL	Fully-loaded
FV - OCI	Fair Value in Other Comprehensive Income.
Gains/losses on disposals & others	Gains/losses on derecognition of assets and others. Includes the following line items: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impairment/(reversal) of impairment on investments in joint ventures or associates; • Impairment/(reversal) of impairment on non-financial assets; • Gains/(losses) on derecognition of non-financial assets and investments, net; • Negative goodwill recognised in profit or loss; • Profit/(loss) from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale not qualifying as discontinued operations, net.
HQLA	High quality liquid assets within the meaning of Commission Delegated Regulation of 10 October 2014.
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards.
Income and expenses from insurance	Margin obtained from the difference between premia and claims on life-risk products.
IRB	Internal ratings based: under the IRB approach, banks can use their internal rating systems for credit risk, subject to the explicit approval of their respective supervisors
LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio: High quality liquid asset amount (HQLA) / Total net cash outflow amount.
LLP / LLC	Loan-loss provisions / charges, also loan impairment losses.

Glossary (III/V)

Term	Definition
(Loan) Impairment losses and other provisions	<p>Allowances for insolvency risk and charges to provisions. Includes the following line items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impairment/(reversal) of impairment losses on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss and net gains/(losses) on adjustments. • Provisions/(reversal) of provisions. <p><i>of which: Allowances for insolvency risk.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impairment/(reversal) of impairment losses on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss corresponding to Loans and advances to customers, using management criteria. • Provisions/(reversal) of provisions corresponding to Provisions for contingent liabilities, using management criteria. <p><i>of which: Other charges to provisions.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impairment/(reversal) of impairment losses on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss, excluding balances corresponding to Loans and advances to customers, using management criteria. • Provisions/(reversal) of provisions, excluding provisions corresponding to contingent liabilities using management criteria.
LtD	<p>Loan to deposits: quotient between:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Net loans and advances to customers using management criteria excluding brokered loans (funded by public institutions); • Customer deposits on the balance sheet.
LTV	Loan to Value
MCC	Market confidence charge
MDA	Maximum distributable amount
Minority interests & other	<p>Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interests and others. Includes the following line items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to minority interests (non-controlling interests); • Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations.
MREL	Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities to absorb losses, includes instruments eligible for total capital, senior debt non-preferred, senior debt preferred and other instruments ranking pari-passu with the latter, at Single Resolution Board's criteria.
MS	Mid-swap: reference index for fixed-rate issues.
Mutual funds	Includes own and third-party funds, SICAVs and managed portfolios.
Net fees and commissions	<p>Net fee and commission income. Includes the following line items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee and commission income; • Fee and commission expenses.
NII	Net interest income.
NIM	<p>Net interest margin, also Balance sheet spread, difference between:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average rate of return on assets (annualised interest income for the quarter divided by total average assets for the quarter); and • Average cost of funds (annualised interest expenses for the quarter divided by total average funds for the quarter).
NPA	Non-performing assets: including non-performing loans, contingent liabilities and repossessed real estate assets available for sale

Glossary (IV/V)

Term	Definition
NPL coverage ratio	Quotient between: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total credit loss provisions for loans to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria; • Non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria.
NPL ratio	Non-performing loan ratio: quotient between: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria; • Total gross loans to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria.
NPL stock / NPLs	Non-performing loans including non-performing contingent liabilities.
NSFR	Net stable funding ratio.
OC	Overcollateralisation level
Operating expenses	Include the following line items: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Administrative expenses; • Depreciation and amortization.
OREO	Other Real Estate Owned: repossessed real estate assets available for sale.
OSII	Other Systematically Important Institution
P&L	Profit and Loss Account.
PF	Proforma.
PoS	Point of Sale
Pre-impairment income	(+) Gross income; (-) Operating expenses
RE	Real Estate.
ROTE	Return on tangible equity trailing 12 months, quotient between: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Profit attributable to the Group trailing 12 months (adjusted by the amount of the Additional Tier 1 coupon reported in equity); and • 12-month average shareholder equity (including valuation adjustments) deducting intangible assets using management criteria (calculated as the value of intangible assets in the public balance sheet, plus the intangible assets and goodwill associated with investees, net of provisions, recognised in Investments in joint ventures and associates in the public balance sheet).
RWAs	Risk Weighted Assets.
SMEs	Small and medium enterprises.

Glossary (V/V)

Term	Definition
SNP / SP	Senior non preferred debt / Senior preferred debt.
SRB	Single Resolution Board.
SREP	Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process.
Subordinated MREL	Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities to absorb losses, includes instruments eligible for total capital and senior debt non-preferred.
TBVPS	Tangible book value per share: a quotient between: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equity less minority interests and intangible assets; and • The number of fully-diluted shares outstanding at a specific date.
Tier 2	Tier 2 capital includes revaluation reserves, hybrid capital instruments and subordinated term debt, general loan-loss reserves, and undisclosed reserves.
TLTRO	Targeted long-term refinancing operation conducted by the European Central Bank.
Total liquid assets	Sum of HQLAs (High Quality Liquid Assets within the meaning of Commission Delegated Regulation of 10 October 2014) and the available balance under the facility with the European Central Bank (non-HQLA).
Trading income	Gains/(losses) on financial assets and liabilities and others. Includes the following line items: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gains/(losses) on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net; • Gains/(losses) on financial assets not designated for trading that must be designated at fair value through profit or loss, net; • Gains/(losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading, net; • Gains/(losses) from hedge accounting, net; • Exchange differences, net.

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