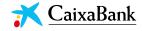




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Contents

01.

Group **overview**

02. Strategy

03. Activity and results 3Q20

04. Balance sheet

05. | Capital

06. MREL, liquidity and funding



CaixaBank Group at a glance⁽¹⁾



Customers (M)	15.4
Preferred bank-Spain ⁽²⁾ (%)	24.4%
Digital clients-Spain ⁽³⁾ (%)	66.1%
Branches ⁽⁴⁾	4,315
Balance sheet ⁽⁵⁾ (€ Bn)	449.3



9M20 Group core operating income⁽⁶⁾: +2.7% yoy

Rote (TTM)	5.0%
9M20 Net profit (€ M)	726
Recurrent costs 9M20	-3.1% yoy
Core C/I (TTM)	56.3%
CoR (TTM)	0.67%





NPL coverage ratio	65%
LCR eop	280%
CET1 PF ⁽⁷⁾ /Total cap. PF ⁽⁸⁾ (%)	12.7%/17.0%
MREL PF/Sub-MREL PF ⁽⁸⁾ (%)	24.4%/20.9%
Long Term Ratings ⁽⁹⁾ Baa1	/BBB+/BBB+/A



A responsible bank with solid heritage and values

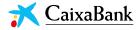
- Included in **leading sustainability** indices⁽¹⁰⁾
- Highly-rated brand: based on trust and excellence in quality of service
- MicroBank: Spanish and European reference in micro-credit
- Over 115-year history, with deeply rooted values: quality, trust and social commitment



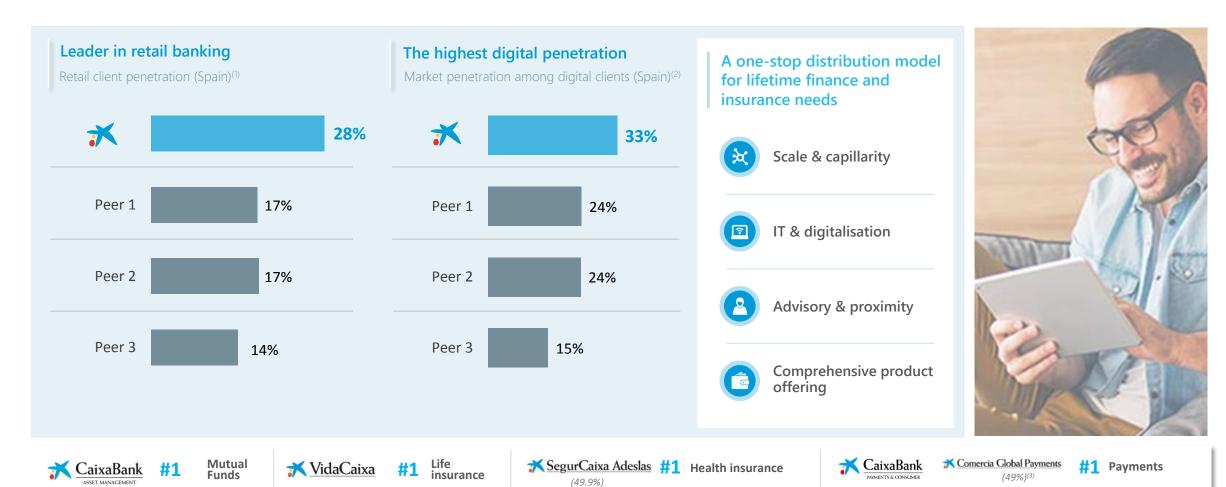




(1) Figures as of 30 September 2020 and referring to CaixaBank Group, unless otherwise noted. (2) Market penetration as primary bank among retail clients in Spain aged 18 or above. Source: FRS Inmark 2019. (3) Individual clients aged 20-74 years old with at least one transaction through digital channels in the last 12 months. (4) # of branches in Spain and Portugal, of which 3,672 are retail branches in Spain (based on public information as of September 2020). (6) Core revenues (NII, net fees, insurance revenues) minus recurrent operating expenses. (7) Pro-forma Comercia disposal and AT1 issuance, both in October. Including transitional IFRS9 adjustments. (9) Moody's, Standard&Poor's, Fitch, DBRS. (10) Including among others: MSCI Global Sustainability, DJSI, FTSE4Good, Ethibel Sustainability Index (ESI), STOXX® Global ESG Leaders, CDP A- List.



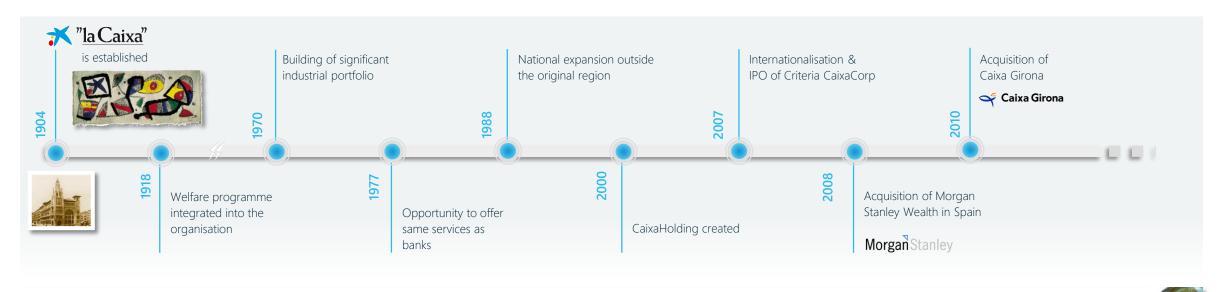
The bank of choice for Spanish retail customers

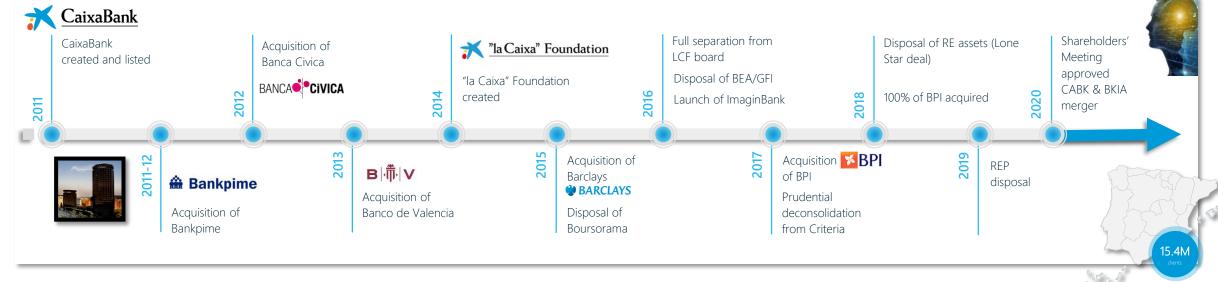


- (1) Retail clients in Spain aged 18 or above. Peer group includes: Banco Santander (including Popular), BBVA, Bankia. Source: FRS Inmark 2019.
- 12 month average, latest available data as of September 2020. CaixaBank ex BPI; peer group includes: Banco Sabadell, Banco Santander, BBVA. Source: Comscore.
- (3) On July 30th 2020, CABK reached an agreement with Global Payments Inc. to sell a 29% stake from its current 49% participation in the share capital of Comercia Global Payments, Entidad de Pago, S.L. The transaction is expected to close during 2H20.



A history that spans over 115 years

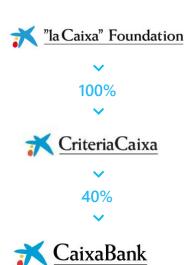






A streamlined structure facilitates full attention on our bancassurance model

Reorganisation of "la Caixa" Group



Bancassurance Spain and Portugal

+ Strategic partnerships:







- Non-executive Chairman
- Clear separation of roles

Increased focus on our core business



Decreasing weight of non-strategic assets

- Boursorama (2015)
- BEA & Inbursa (2016)
- Repsol (2019)
- NPAs: -71% 2014-3Q20⁽³⁾



Taking control of BPI

- Fully integrated into our bancassurance activity
- Opportunity to replicate CABK business model in Portugal

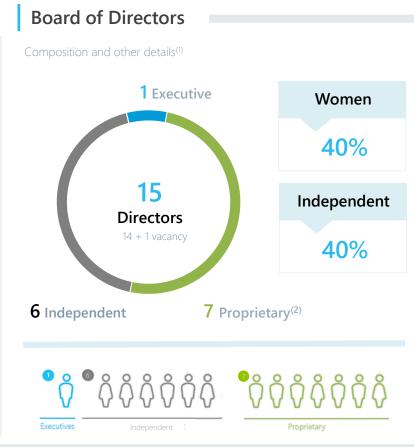




Best-in-class governance is a corporate priority

Best-in-class governance practices

- One share, one vote
- Non-executive chairman separate from CEO
- Reduced number of Directors to 15 (vs. 18 in 2018), with currently 1 vacancy
- Lead Independent Director appointed since 2017
- Increased proportion of female Directors: to 40% (vs. 28% in 2018) \rightarrow % of female Directors on the Board in the upper range of the Ibex 35
- Protection of minority shareholders and incentives to foster their involvement
- Significant resources dedicated to best-in-class Investor Relations programme



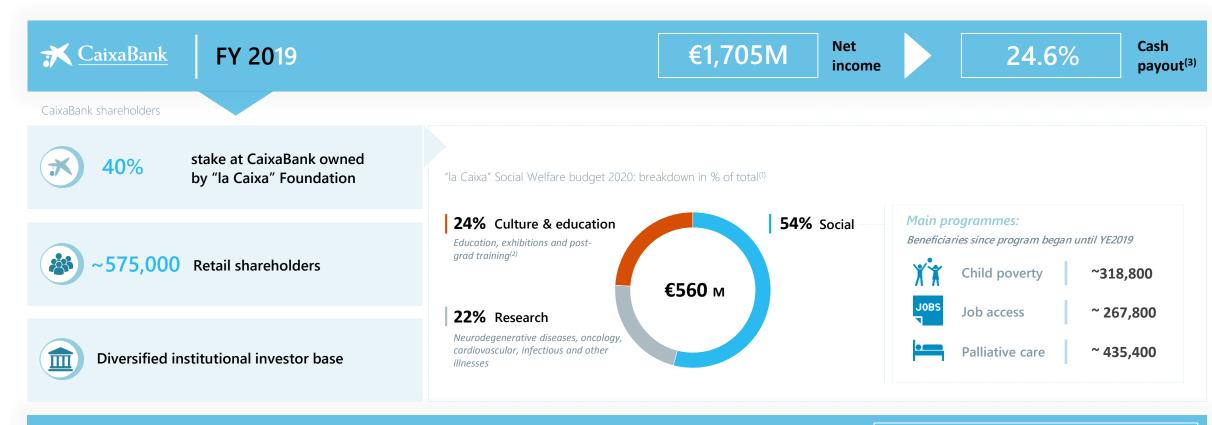


Protocol and performed on an arm's length

- Includes 5 proprietary directors representing "la Caixa" Foundation, 1 director representing Fundación CajaCanarias and 1 director representing Mutua Madrileña.
- Includes 5 directors representing "la Caixa" Foundation.
- Currently includes 1 vacancy.



We are a uniquely differentiated bank: profitability and returns to society are fully aligned



Cash payout 2020E | 2021E⁽⁴⁾

≤ 30% >50%

(1) Source: "la Caixa" Foundation Annual Report 2019. (2) ~ 5,000 scholarships awarded since the program inception (until year-end 2019). (3) Refer to CNMV Inside Information register #119. (4) With regard to the current dividend policy of a cash pay-out of greater than 50% of consolidated earnings, the BoD approved (26 March 2020) to change it, exclusively for the 2020 fiscal year, to a cash pay-out not higher than 30% of reported consolidated earnings. The BoD also declared its intent to allocate, at least, an amount higher than 50% of consolidated reported earnings as cash remuneration in future fiscal years, once the circumstances which have led to this decision are over



Delivering on corporate responsibility

Socially Responsible Banking Plan - Main corporate responsibility aims



Integrity, transparency and diversity

Ethical and responsible behaviour & Simple and transparent language



Governance

Best governance practices, Reputational Risk Management & Responsible policies



Environment

Incorporating social and environmental criteria in risk analysis, products and services



Financial inclusion

Micro-credits, Accessible, close and multi-channel banking & Financial culture



Social commitment

Corporate volunteering & Alliance with "la Caixa" Foundation

Corporate Values

Main highlights & Commitments



Quality

Trust



• MicroBank, the Group's social bank, is a leader in the field of financial inclusion, using micro-loans and lending with a social impact

- Present in 100% of the towns of more than 10,000 inhabitants and in 94% of the towns of more than 5,000 inhabitants
- >18,500 social housing units, the main private social housing stock in the country
- Issuance in 2019 of a €1Bn SDG-linked bond; issuance in 2020 of 2 SDG-linked bond of €1Bn each
- €44.7M of "la Caixa" Foundation's budget channelled through CaixaBank's branch network to support local social needs
- Corporate Volunteering programme (>15,000 Group employees are volunteers)
- Signatories of the Principles for Responsible Banking. Members of the UNEP FI
- Equator Principles' signatories: consideration of social and environmental impacts in financing large projects
- PRI signatories: Pension plans and Funds are managed under ESG criteria
- Partner of the Spanish Network of the United Nations Global Compact

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices Powered by the S&P Global CSA









2019 Constituent (1) MSCI ESG Leaders Indexes

Contents

01. Group overview

02.

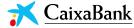
Strategy

03. Activity and results 3Q20

04. | Balance sheet

05. | Capital

06. MREL, liquidity and funding



Delivering on 2018 strategic financial targets



	2018 Target ⁽¹⁾		2018	
Profitability				
RoTE	9-11%	>	9.3%	
Recurrent C/I ratio	~55%	>	53%	
Core revenues CABK ⁽²⁾	~4 CAGR 2017-2018	>	6%	
Rec. operating exp. CABK ⁽³⁾	Flat 2014	>	~0% vs FY14	
Cost of risk ⁽⁴⁾	<40 bps	>	4 bps	
Capital				
CET1 FL %	11-12%	>	11.5%	
Total Capital FL %	>14.5%	>	15.3%	
Cash dividend pay-out	≥50%	٨٠	55% g. 2015-18	

Solid economic recovery during the Strategic Plan 2015-18 but...

- **Negative interest rates** for 3 years of the Plan
- Subdued loan volumes > lower than expected
- Mortgage floor removal
- Competitive pressures in certain segments
- Regulation > more... and more demanding

Building our 2019-21 Strategic Plan on solid foundations

⁽¹⁾ Targets revised in the mid-term review of the plan (December 2016). (2) NII + Fees + insurance revenues from life-risk premia and equity accounted income from SegurCaixa Adeslas. (3) Recurrent administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization. 2014 PF w/Barclays Spain. (4) Trailing 12M.



2019-2021 Strategic Plan



2019-2021

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

Offer the best customer experience



Accelerate digital transformation to boost efficiency and flexibility



Foster a people-centric, agile and collaborative culture



Attractive shareholder returns and solid financials



A benchmark in responsible banking and social commitment



STRATEGIC VISION

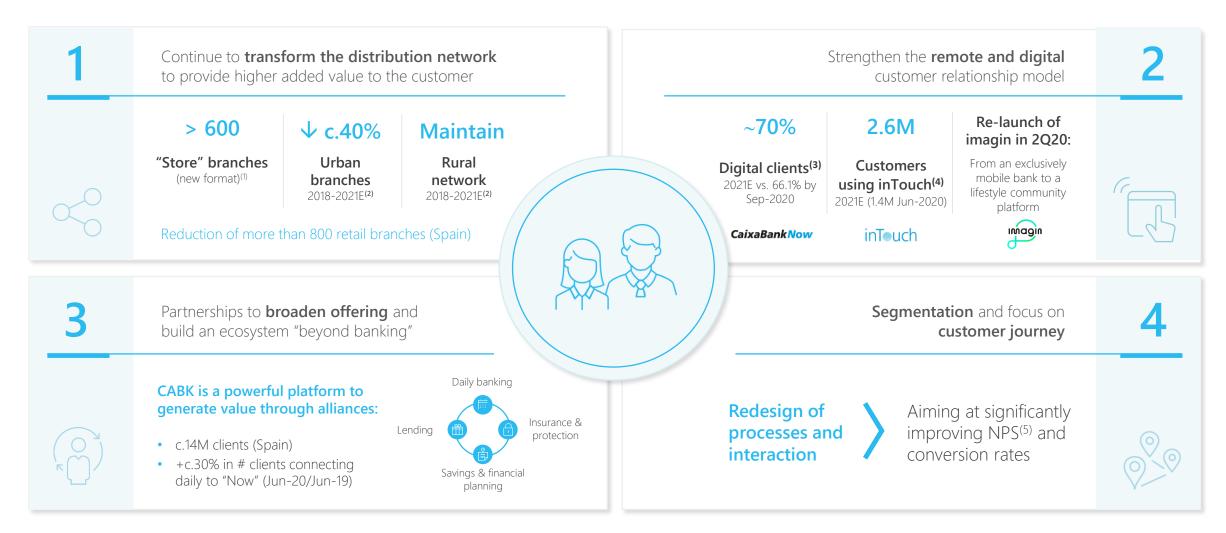
A leading and innovative financial Group, with the best customer service and a benchmark in responsible banking







Levers to fuel growth and drive our Customer Experience strategy



⁽¹⁾ Projection presented in Investor Day. (2) In Spain. (3) Individual customers aged 20-74 years old with at least one transaction through digital channels in the last 12 months. (4) Remote account manager service. Projection presented in Investor Day. Delivery date updated in 1H19 results to December 2020. (5) Net promoter score: percentage of promoters minus percentage of detractors.







Accelerate digital transformation to boost efficiency, scalability and flexibility of IT infrastructure

Process digitalization and automation







Employee mobility and digital signature

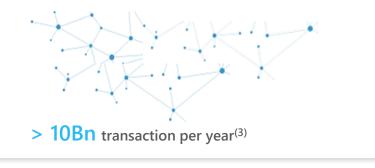






Data and analytics: we process a large amount of data





Other technologies being implemented to generate efficiencies:



- Cognitive and Al
- Robotics to support process automation
- Biometrics to support digital onboarding







Systematic application of Data Analytics across the entire organisation



Talent development is and will continue to be a top priority

The best team

We have been heavily investing in talent development

- Masters in Advisory
- Leadership capabilities
- School of Risk Mgmt
- School of Leadership

~16,440 employees⁽¹⁾

A significant proportion of employees has been reskilled

- Business managers
- Private Bank managers
- Affluent Bank managers
- CIB managers
- "inTouch"

~6,400 employees⁽²⁾

We have redesigned processes to favour meritocracy and attract and develop talent

• Promotion, incentives, appraisal, communication

100% employees⁽¹⁾

Goals

- Organisational redesign
- Foster culture of agility (extensive application of agile methodologies)

Value to the client and time-to-market

- (1) As of December 2019.
- (2) As presented in Investor Day in November 2018.





Capital distribution supported by **sustainable earnings and strong capital position** despite COVID-19 environment







Financial targets for 2019-21 plan suspended

⁽¹⁾ September 2020 ratio pro-forma Comercia disposal closed in October (+20 bps accruing 43% dividend pay-out) and including IFRS9 transitional adjustments (12.17% ex transitional IFRS9). (2) Based on current 2020 SREP requirement (including the application of Article104a of CRDV). (3) With regard to the current dividend policy of a cash pay-out of greater than 50% of consolidated earnings, the BoD approved (26 March 2020) to change it, exclusively for the 2020 fiscal year, to a cash pay-out not higher than 30% of reported consolidated earnings. The BoD also declared its intent to allocate, at least, an amount higher than 50% of consolidated reported earnings as cash remuneration in future fiscal years, once the circumstances which have led to







Setting the benchmark in responsible banking is and has always been a key priority in the Group strategy



Strategic Priorities 2015-2018



- Best-in-class in quality of service and reputation
- Sustainable profitability above cost of capital
- Optimisation of capital allocation
- Enhance our leadership in banking digitalisation
- Retain and attract the best talent



Strategic Priorities 2019-2021



- Offer the best customer experience
- Accelerate digital transformation to boost efficiency and flexibility
- Foster a people-centric, agile and collaborative culture
- Attractive shareholder returns and solid financials
- 5. A benchmark in responsible banking and social commitment

Examples of recent milestones

2015

- Launch of Strategic Plan 2015-18
- CSR Policy approved by the BoD

2018

- CSR⁽¹⁾ Policy update
- Human Rights Policy update



2018

Nov

- Environmental Risk Management Policy
 - Environmental Risk Committee
 - Statement on Climate Change



2019



- Join UN Collective Commitment to Climate Action
- COVID-19 Social Bond - SP



investor

· Socially Responsible Banking Plan approved by the BoD



Strategic Plan 2019-21 approved and presented to the market (Investor Day)



- 2019 Environmental Risk Mamt. Roadmap 2019-21 May
- 2019
 - Inaugural Social Bond - SNP
 - Signature Principles Responsible Banking UNEP FI

2020 • CDP A-list Jan

Green Bond Inaugural

Inaugural

Social Bond

Delivering responsible banking since 1904

Francesc Moragas



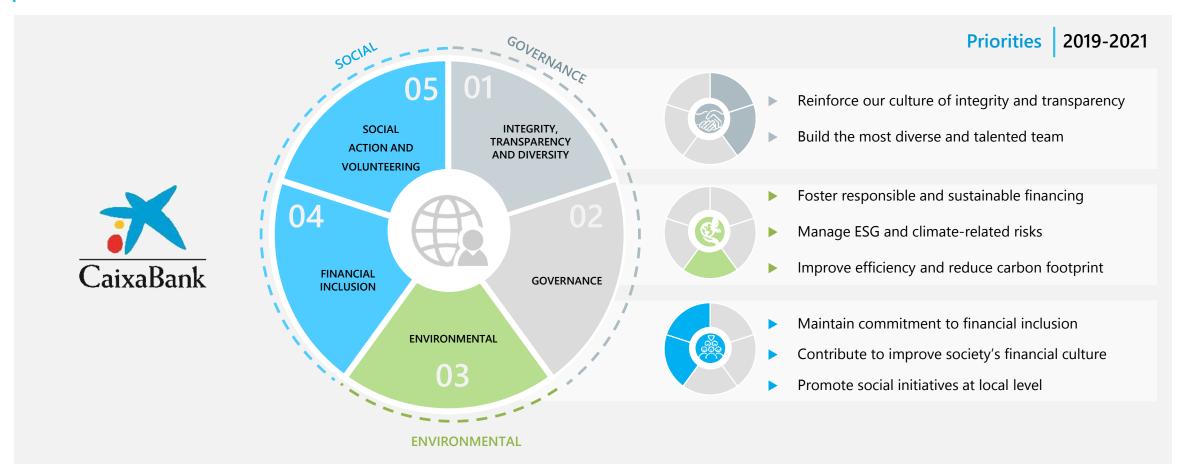
(1) Corporate Social Responsibility.





We are a socially responsible bank and we intend to reinforce it

Responsible Banking Plan⁽¹⁾





1. Group overview

02. Strategy

03.

Activity and results 3Q20

04. Balance sheet

05. | Capital

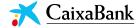
06. MREL, liquidity and funding



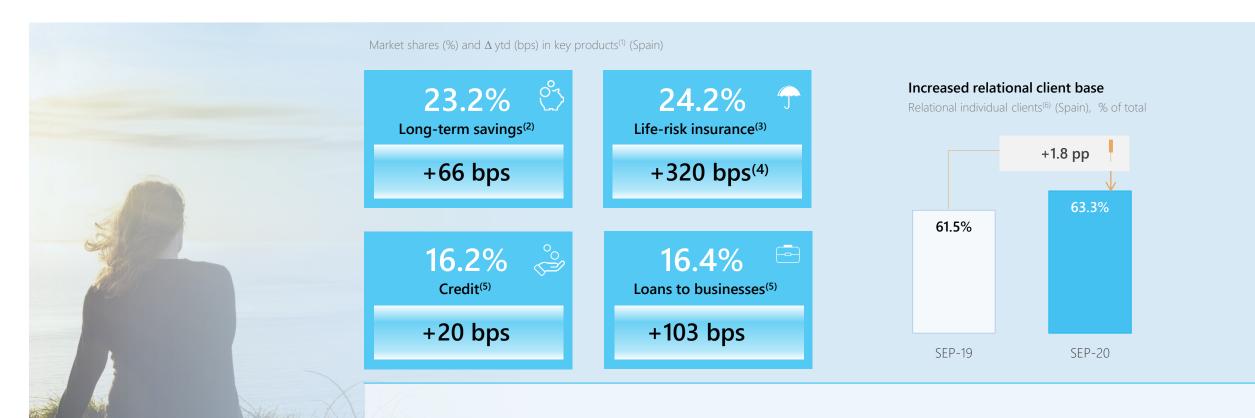
A strong quarter with progress on all fronts

	Gaining market share while positive activity trends continue through Q3	MARKET SHARES % and Δ ytd: L/T SAVINGS ⁽¹⁾ BUSINESS LENDING	23.2% 16.4% (+66 bps ytd) (+103 bps ytd)
© �1	Credit metrics remain broadly stable despite bulk of moratoria resuming payment obligations –with lower CoR after front-loading of COVID provisions	% NPL NPLs, % qoq 	3.5% -1.5% 40 _{bps} 84 _{bps}
	Core revenue strength and significant cost savings boost core operating income –on track to achieve ambition of positive jaws in 2020e	CORE REVENUES 3Q qoq 9M yoy RECURRENT COSTS 3Q qoq 9M yoy	+3.7% -0.7%
	Solvency and MREL further reinforced —with % CET1 PF for Comercia at 12.2% (ex transit. IFRS9) and MDA PF for Comercia and AT1 issue at ~460 bps	% CET1 PF ⁽²⁾ % CET1 PF ex transitional IFRS9 ————— MDA PF ⁽³⁾	12.7% 12.2% 458 bps (+89 bps qoq)

Net income of €522M in 3Q (-19% yoy | +352% qoq) and €726M in 9M (-43% yoy) with RoTE (ttm) at 5%



Gaining market-share throughout the 2020 crisis



Market-share gains and customer loyalty contribute to revenue sustainability

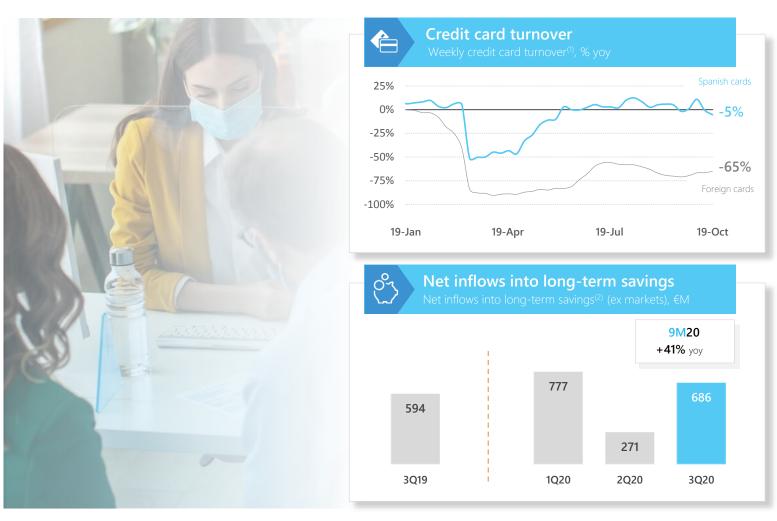
(1) Sources: BoS, INVERCO, ICEA. Latest available data. (2) Own calculations based on INVERCO and ICEA data. Market share in Spain in mutual funds managed by CaixaBank AM, pension plans and estimate in saving insurance market share. (3) Own calculations based on ICEA data. It is noted that the appropriate figures presented for the evolution of life-risk market share between June 2010 and June 2020 contained in page 20 of the presentation of the merger agreement dated 18 September 2020 should have been 10% and 24% respectively, yielding an increase in the life-risk market share during that period of +14 pp. (4) Evolution yoy. (5) Credit to other resident sector. Own calculations based on Bank of Spain data. (6) Individual clients with 3 or more product families. 2019 data restated using the same criteria to calculate 2020 figure (revised in December 2019).

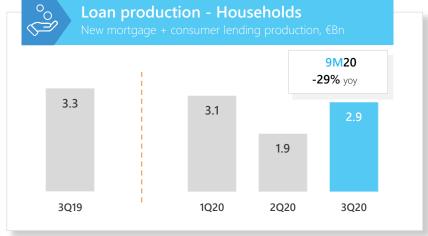
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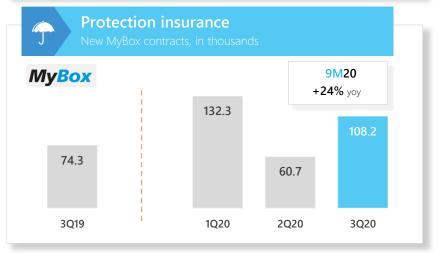


Positive activity trends continue through Q3 -despite summer and COVID flare-ups

CABK ex BPI – Selected indicators







(2) Including savings insurance, mutual funds (with managed portfolios and SICAVs) and pension plans.

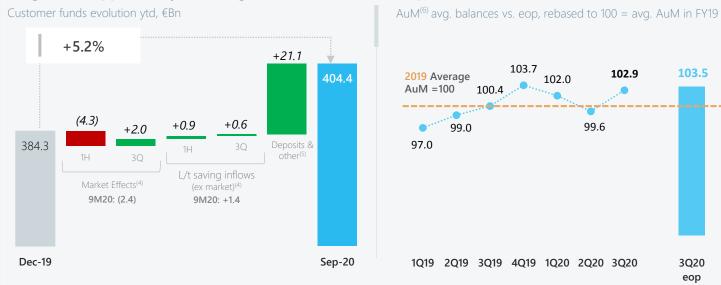
⁽¹⁾ Including transactions with Spanish/foreign credit/debit cards at CABK PoS terminals (including e-commerce). Source: CaixaBank Research.



Customer funds keep growing with support from deposits and I/t savings







- Total customer funds grow by +5.2% ytd (+0.9% qoq)
- 3Q AuM +3% over 2019 average
- Recovery in off-B/S funds continues with support from net inflows and markets

- (1) Includes retail debt securities amounting to €1,452M at 30 September 2020.
- 2) Off-balance-sheet AuM (excluding unit linked which are on-balance-sheet funds).
- (3) Including SICAVs and managed portfolios.

- (4) Market impacts on long-term savings. Long-term savings: saving insurance, pension plans and mutual funds (including SICAVS and managed portfolios).
- (5) Including deposits, other funds and other managed resources.
- (6) Mutual funds (including managed portfolios and SICAVs), pension plans and unit linked.

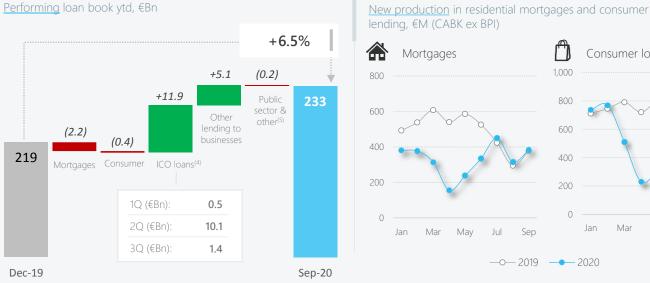


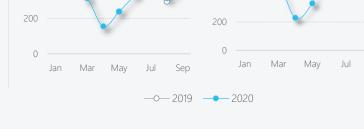
Consumer loans

Loan-book broadly stable with consumer lending resuming growth while demand for Government guaranteed loans tapers

Loan book 30 Sep 20 % ytd % qoq I. Loans to individuals 121.8 (2.1)(1.9)86.3 (2.5)Residential mortgages (0.6)Other loans to individuals 35.5 (1.1)(5.0)o/w consumer loans⁽¹⁾ (2.2)0.6 14.4 o/w other⁽²⁾ 21.0 (8.5)(0.4)II. Loans to businesses 107.4 17.6 1.4 Corporates and SMEs 19.0 1.7 101.5 Real Estate developers 5.9 (2.7)(3.5)Loans to individuals & businesses 6.2 (0.4)229.1 8.5 (1.3)III. Public sector 12.8 241.9 6.4 (0.4)Total loans **Performing loans** 233.2 6.5 (0.4)Performing loans ex 2Q seasonal impacts (3) 0.4%

Record loan-book growth ytd driven by ICO-loans⁽⁴⁾ with recovering production in credit to households





600

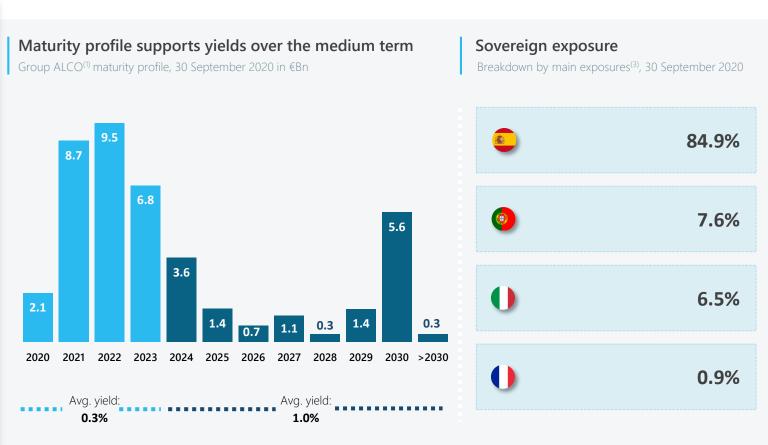
400

- Business lending (+17.6% ytd; +1.4% gog) keeps supporting loan growth with ICO-loan production tapering in 3Q -ICO loans outstanding at €11.9Bn with average guarantee at 77%⁽⁶⁾
- Consumer lending resumes growth in 3Q
- 3Q mortgage production at 2019 levels
- Performing loans +6.5% ytd; +0.4% gog adjusting for seasonality⁽³⁾ in "other credit to individuals"
- (1) Unsecured loans to individuals, excluding those for home purchases. Includes personal loans from CABK, BPI, MicroBank and CABK Payments & Consumer, as well as revolving credit card balances (CaixaBank Payments & Consumer) excluding float.
- (2) Includes credit to self-employed. Impacted by adverse seasonality in 3Q (pension advances in Jun-20 amounting to €1.8Bn).
- Adjusted for seasonal impacts in "other loans to individuals" in Jun-20.
- Government-guaranteed loans with guarantee from ICO.
- "Other loans to individuals" other than consumer lending and ICO loans to self-employed.
- Guarantee over total ICO loans granted as of 30 Sep. 2020 (€13.0Bn of which €11.9Bn outstanding).



ALCO book reduction mostly reflects maturities in the quarter





- (1) Banking book fixed-income securities portfolio and liquidity management portfolio, excluding trading book assets.
- 2) Securities at amortised cost.
- 3) Sovereign exposures account for 93% of total ALCO book.

26



Better cost and insurance performance lead to improvement in pre-provision profit

Consolidated Income Statemen	t			
	3Q20	3Q19	% yoy	% qoq
Net interest income	1,222	1,242	(1.6)	(0.2)
Net fees and commissions	638	656	(2.7)	4.9
Income and expense insurance/reinsurance	150	143	4.7	6.0
Trading	40	24	61.0	(75.6)
Dividends	2	0		(98.3)
Equity accounted	122	135	(9.6)	
Other operating income/expenses	(30)	(35)	(14.7)	(77.9)
Gross income	2,143	2,165	(1.0)	0.4
Recurring operating expenses	(1,140)	(1,189)	(4.1)	(1.5)
Extraordinary operating expenses				
Pre-impairment income	1,004	976	2.8	2.8
LLPs	(260)	(84)		(68.2)
Other provisions	(23)	(60)	(62.3)	(44.2)
Gains/losses on disposals and other	(42)	(44)	(4.8)	
Pre-tax income	678	788	(13.9)	
Tax, minority & other	(157)	(144)	9.2	
Net income	522	644	(19.0)	
Pro memoria				
Core revenues	2,094	2,117	(1.1)	3.7
Core operating income ⁽¹⁾	954	928	2.8	10.8

>> CORE REVENUES SUPPORTED BY A STRONG OUARTER IN INSURANCE

- Core revenues recover in 3Q with yoy evolution dragged by lower NII and e-payment fees; partly offset by higher insurance revenues
 - o NII impacted by lower yields despite higher average volumes and ECB measures; flat gog
 - Fees recover strongly in 3Q with evolution yoy mainly driven by lower e-payments
 - Strong quarter in other insurance revenues supported by MyBox recurrence and 3Q SCA seasonality
- Trading gains slightly higher yoy offsetting lower income from investments

>> CORE OPERATING INCOME GROWTH SUPPORTED BY SIGNIFICANT COST SAVINGS

- Core operating income improvement accelerates in 3Q (+2.8% yoy;+10.8% qoq) with support qoq from revenues and costs
- Strong decline in recurrent expenses underpinned by restructuring, lower pension liabilities and other saving initiatives

>> LOWER LLPs REFLECT H1 FRONT-LOADING OF COVID RESERVE AND LOW NPL FORMATION

- 3Q20 annualised CoR at 40 bps after front-loading of COVID reserve build in 1H
- Gains/losses impacted by branch network restructuring (branch closures) → in 4Q
 it will reflect capital gain from Comercia disposal (closed in October)

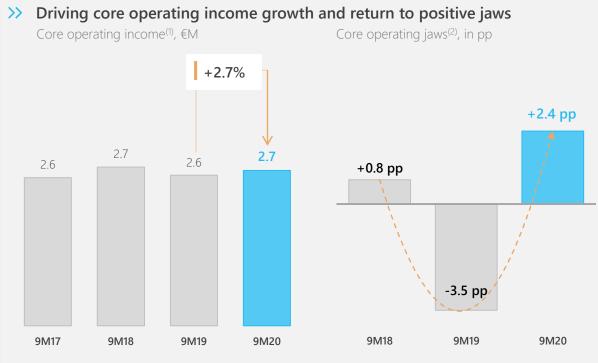
Core operating income⁽¹⁾
9M20 yoy

+2.7%



Revenue resilience and cost containment boost core operating income



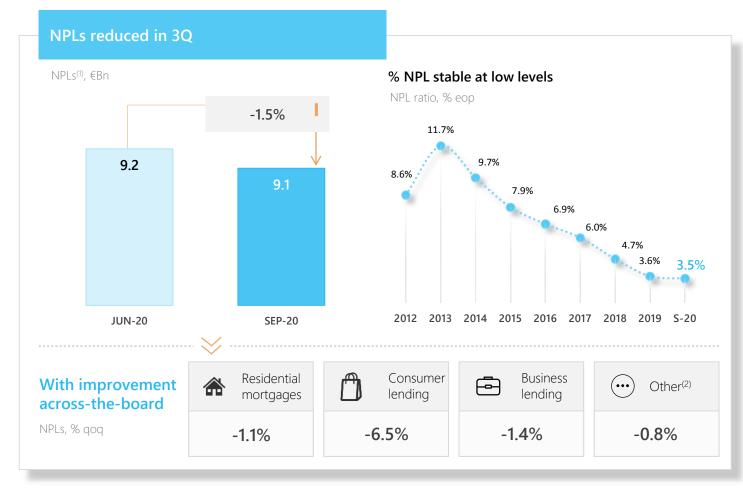


¹⁾ Core revenues minus recurrent operating expenses.

^{(2) %} Growth in core revenues minus % growth in recurrent expenses.



Reduced NPL formation in the quarter despite bulk of moratoria resuming payment obligations





- >>> Good payment performance of loan-moratoria
 - Early and pro-active collection management of expired deferrals
- >>> Re-organised recovery unit with increased capacity

- (1) Includes non-performing contingent liabilities (€352M in 3Q20).
- 2) Includes other credit to individuals (ex consumer lending), credit to the public sector and contingent liability NPLs.
- (3) Additionally, all moratoria to businesses (Spain) related to RDL 25/2020 and RDL 26/2020 face interest payment obligations since day one.
- 4) Including expired deferrals that already resumed normal installments.



Lower CoR after front-loading of COVID provisions in 1H20 -while maintaining a prudent stance



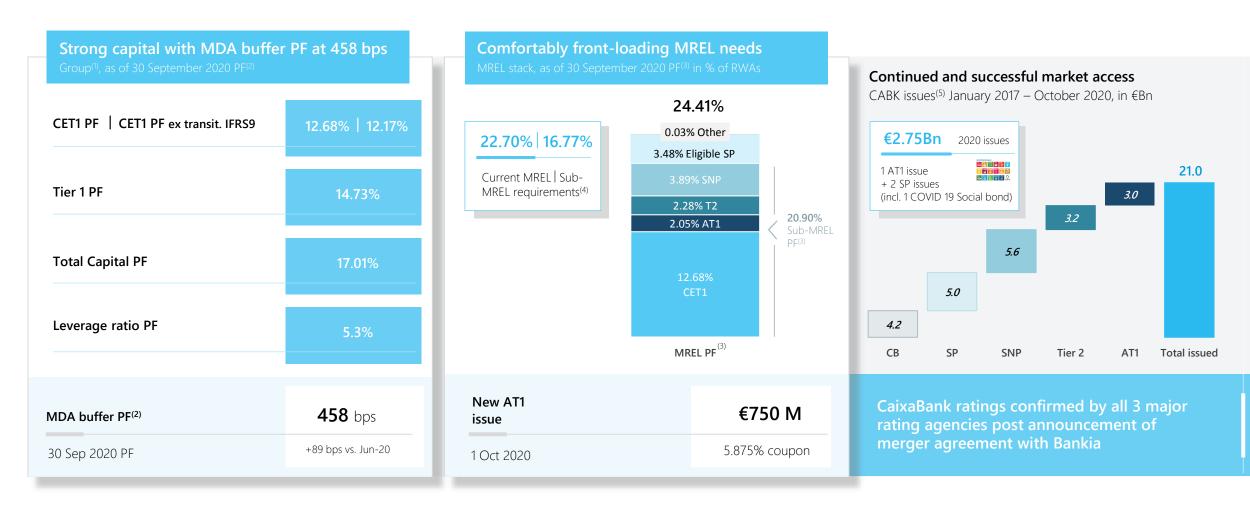


2020e CoR guidance on track with reassuring Q3 trends

(1) Bank of Spain macro forecasts as of 10 September (it does not consider any impact from "Next Generation EU") vs. CaixaBank Research macro forecasts as of October 2020. Refer to the appendix for additional details on IFRS9 macroeconomic scenarios. (2) LLCs in 1H20 over average loans and contingent liabilities in 1H20. (3) LLCs in 3Q20 over average loans and contingent liabilities in 3Q20. (4) Ratio between total impairment allowances on loans to customers and contingent liabilities over non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities.



Strong solvency, MREL and buffers further reinforced



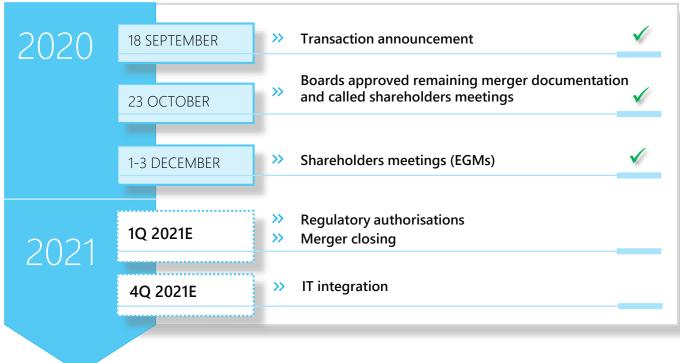
(1) As of 30 September 2020, CABK CET1 ratio on a solo basis is 14.1% and BPI CET1 ratio is 13.9% (13.6% on a solo basis). (2) Pro-forma Comercia disposal (all ratios and MDA) and PF AT1 issuance (MDA and all ratios except for CET1), both transactions in October. (3) PF Comercia disposal and AT1 issuance, both in October. (4) CaixaBank has been required to reach, from 31 December 2020, a minimum amount of own funds and eligible liabilities at a consolidated level of 10.56% of the total liabilities and own funds (TLOF), as of 31st December 2018. Moreover, 7.80% of the TLOF must be comprised of subordinated instruments. The Total MREL at a consolidated level, expressed as a percentage of the risk-weighted assets reported as of 31 December 2018, would be 22.70%, whereas the Subordinated MREL, again as a percentage of RWA, would be 16.77%. For additional information refer to IP#270 at CNMV (5 June 2020). (5) Issues by CABK (ex BPI) in Euro equivalent figures, including private placements.



Merger agreement with Bankia: expected timetable on track

Indicative timetable of the transaction





Integration teams already working together – aiming at closing in 1Q21

Contents

- 1. Group ov
- **02.** Strategy
- **03.** Activity and results 3Q20

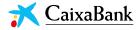
04.

Balance sheet

05. Capital

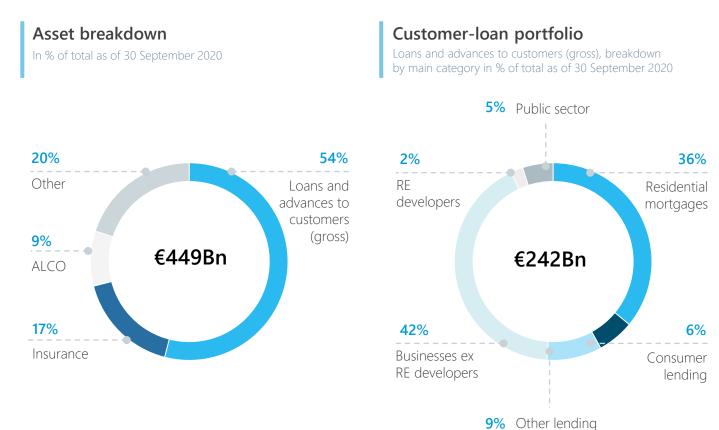
06. MREL, liquidity and funding





Conservatively managed balance sheet:

low-risk and diversified loan portfolio



Loan-book by COVID-19 sensitivity⁽¹⁾ CaixaBank ex BPL in €Bn High impact (~11%) Tourism and leisure €217 Bn Transport 210 Automobile Oil & gas Textile • Electronics and house appliances ■ Moderate impact (~29%) 140 Construction and RE Professional services Consumer lending Other moderate-impact⁽²⁾ Low impact (~60%) 70 Energy and residual treatment Food industry and distribution Merchandise transport Online distribution () Pharmacy and health Technology and telecoms Mortgages & other loans to indiv.⁽³⁾ Public sector lending 3Q20 eop

- Limited exposure to sectors highly affected by COVID-19: ~11% of the loan book⁽¹⁾
 - c.80% of ICO-loans granted⁽⁴⁾ to high and moderate impact sectors (47% to moderate-impact)
 - >40% of total exposure in credit to businesses⁽²⁾ in high and moderate sectors⁽¹⁾ is collateralised
 - Lending to large corporates centered on sector champions: c.50% of high-impact⁽¹⁾ are corporate
 - Low risk appetite: LBO or specialised asset lending not material

Long history of conservative risk management

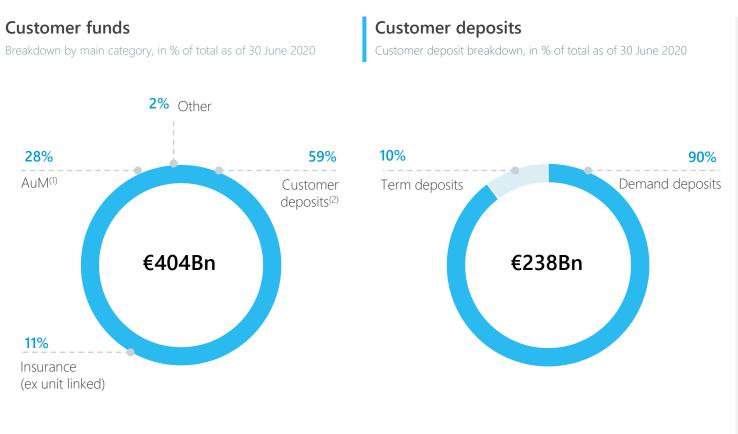
(1) CABK ex BPI based on internal criteria. Business lending breakdown differs from Pillar 3 report in that the latter follows CNAE (standard industry code) segmentation.

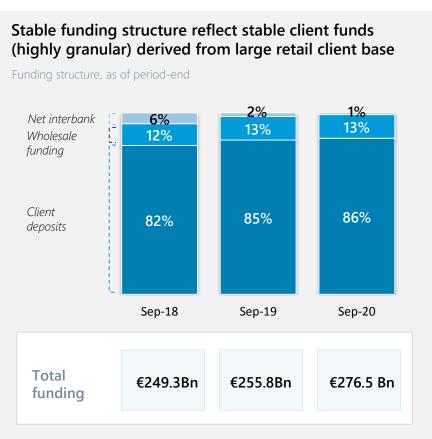
to individuals

- (2) Including lending to businesses and credit to self-employed.
- (3) Ex consumer lending and credit for self-employed classified as high, moderate risk or other low impact sectors.
- (4) In % of ICO loans to businesses and self-employed outstanding as of 30 September 2020.



Conservatively managed balance sheet: stable funding structure





⁽¹⁾ Mutual funds (including managed portfolios and SICAVs), pension plans and unit linked.

²⁾ Includes retail debt securities amounting to €1,452M as of 30 September 2020.



Significant de-risking of non-core assets

NPLs

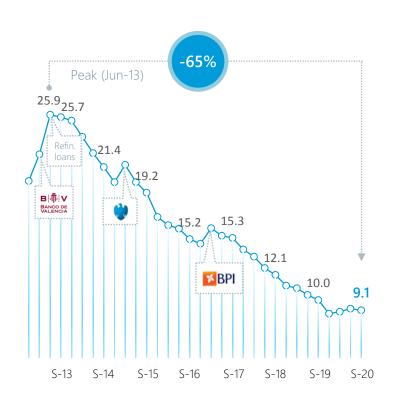
Group NPL stock⁽¹⁾, in €Bn

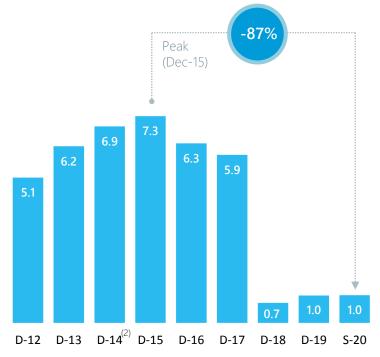
Net OREO exposure

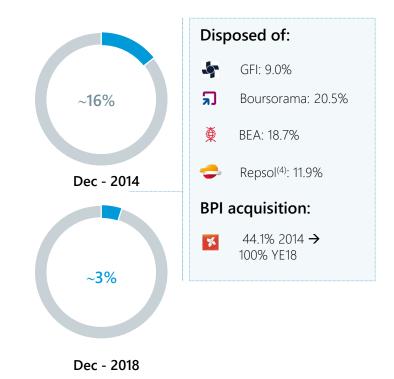
CABK OREO portfolio available for sale net of provisions, in €Bn

Capital consumption of minority stakes

Capital allocated to non-controlled stakes, % of total capital consumption(3)



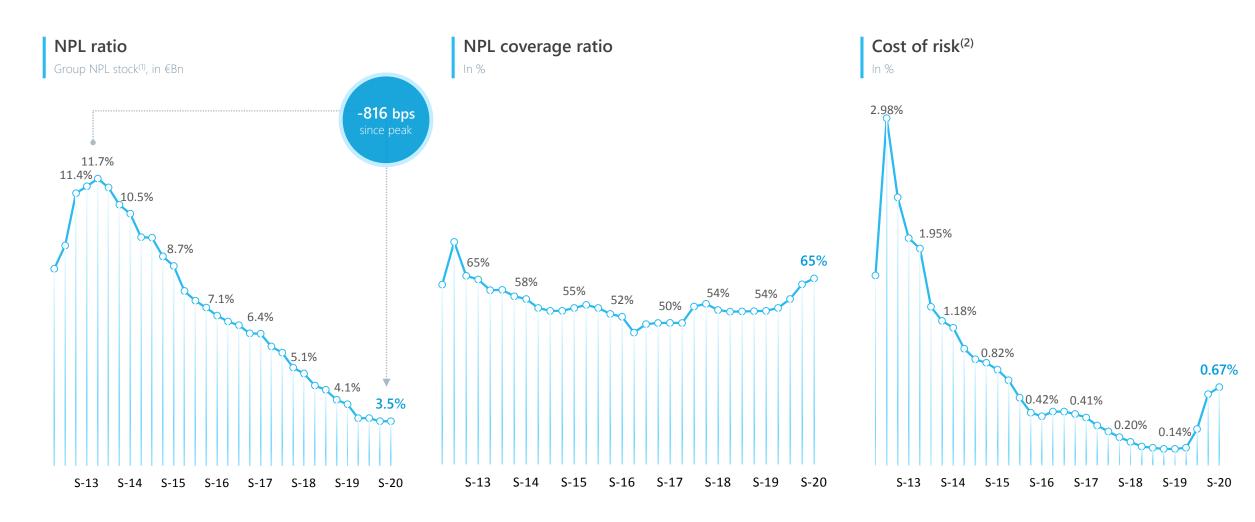




- (1) Including contingent liabilities.
- (2) 2014 PF Barclays Spain.
- (3) Capital allocation defined as the capital consumption of the investment portfolio over total capital consumption. As presented in Investor Day in November 2018.
- (4) On 20 September 2018, CaixaBank announced the intention to sell down the existing shareholding in Repsol S.A. through a disposal programme. Refer to Significant Event #269777 (CNMV) for additional information. Full disposal completed in 2Q19.



Sound risk indicators



⁽¹⁾ Including non-performing contingent liabilities.

⁽²⁾ Trailing 12M. Excluding one-offs in 4Q16 and extraordinary write-back in 3Q18.

Contents

01. Group overview

)2. | Strategy

03. Activity and results 3Q20

04. | Balance sheet

05.

Capital

06. MREL, liquidity and funding



Strong organic generation and Comercia disposal bring CET1 ratio above 12% with MDA increasing to ~460 bps PF AT1 issuance



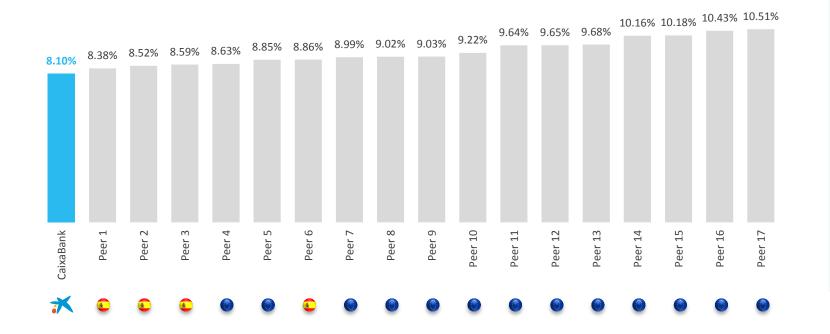
- (1) Dividend accrual corresponding to a payout of 43% (maximum between announced dividend policy and the latest 3-year average payout).
- (2) Pro-forma Comercia stake disposal closed in October.
- (3) As of 30 September 2020, CABK CET1 ratio on a solo basis is 14.1% and BPI CET1 ratio is 13.9% (13.6% on a solo basis).
- (4) Pro-forma Comercia disposal and PF AT1 issuance, both transactions in October.
- (5) Based on current 2020 SREP requirement (including the application of Article104a of CRDV).

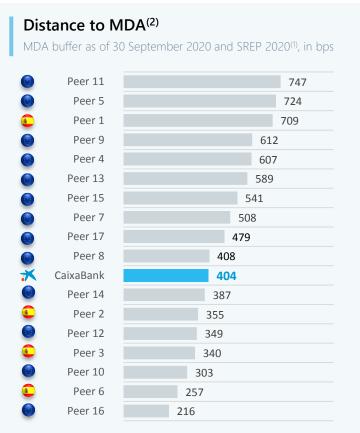


The lowest SREP requirement among peers reflecting lower risk-profile

CET1 SREP requirement 2020

In % of RWAs⁽¹⁾





Comfortable distance to MDA

⁽¹⁾ Based on current 2020 SREP requirement (including the application of Article 104a of CRD V). Sources: based on information reported by companies. Peer group includes: ABN Amro, B. Sabadell, B. Santander, Bankia, BBVA, BNP Paribas, Commerzbank, Crédit Agricole, Deutsche Bank, ERSTE, Group BPCE, ING Groep, Intesa Sanpaolo, KBC, Nordea, Société Générale, Unicredit.

⁽²⁾ Based on reported ratios (including transitional adjustments) and considering AT1/Tier 2 shortfalls.



Low risk profile

RWA distribution

Total RWA breakdown in %, 30 June 2020

Credit risk-RWA by main category

Credit RWA breakdown in %, 30 June 2020

Credit risk-RWA – private sector⁽³⁾

EAD breakdown in %, 30 June 2020

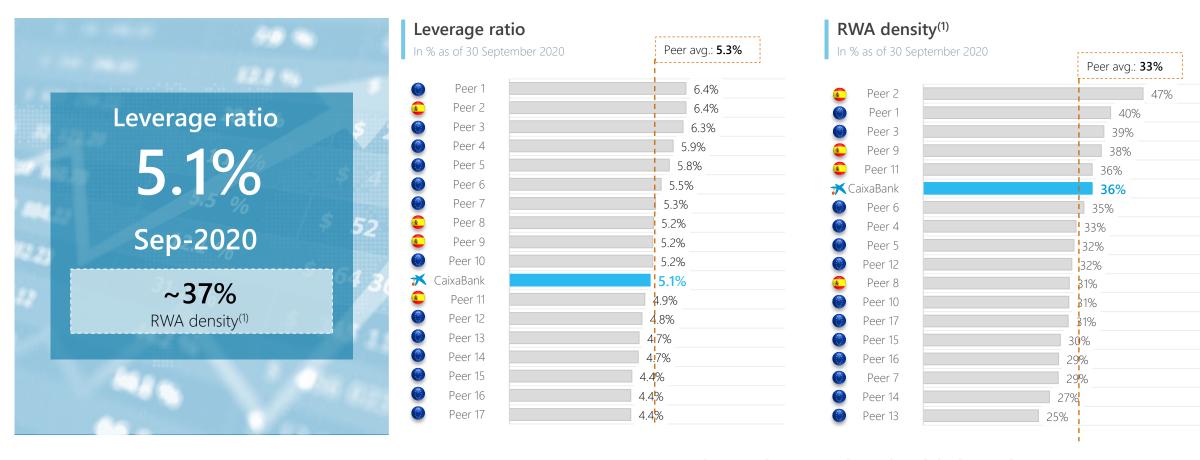


- 77.5% of RWA correspond to credit risk
- 79.2% of credit risk RWA (equivalent to c.61% of Group RWA) are allocated to lending activities to private sector
- 73.0% of EAD (Exposure at Default) in credit to the private sector is evaluated by IRB
- (1) Including equity investments plus other listed and non-listed entities as well as subsidiaries that do not consolidate globally from a prudential stance (mainly VidaCaixa).
- (2) Counterparty and securitisations: 3.3%; other: 8.5%.
- (3) Credit risk excluding public sector and assets other than debt (real estate and other).

41

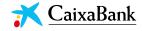


High quality of capital



Leverage ratio and RWA density higher than most peers

⁽¹⁾ RWA density estimated as leverage ratio divided by tier 1 ratio (including transitional adjustments).



2018 EBA Stress Test results confirmed solvency strength



CET1 FL drawdown in the adverse scenario (worst year) lower than most peers and well below average

Peer avg.: **-0.46%**

Contents



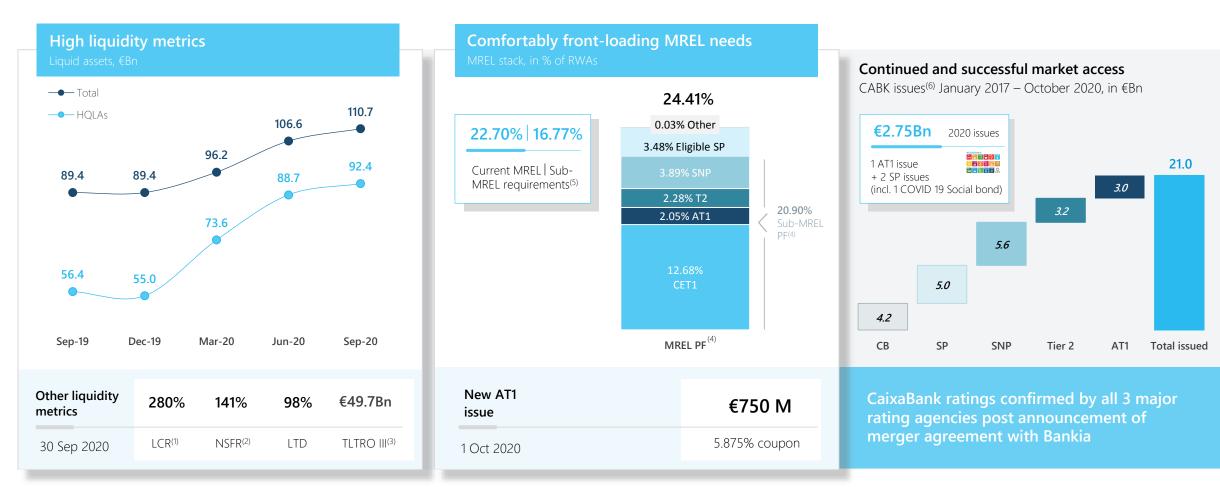
- **01**. Group overview
- **02**. Strategy
- **03.** Activity and results 3Q20
- **04.** | Balance sheet
- 05. | Capital

06.

MREL, liquidity and funding



Strong liquidity metrics while comfortably front-loading MREL to optimise capital



⁽¹⁾ Group end of period. Group average last 12 months: 224%. (2) NSFR end of period. Best estimate according to the new CRR criteria (Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of 20 May 2019). (3) €40.7Bn maturing in 2023 and €9Bn maturing in 2022. (4) PF Comercia disposal and AT1 issuance, both in October. (5) CaixaBank has been required to reach, from 31 December 2020, a minimum amount of own funds and eligible liabilities at a consolidated level of 10.56% of the total liabilities and own funds (TLOF), as of 31st December 2018. Moreover, 7.80% of the TLOF must be comprised of subordinated instruments. The Total MREL at a consolidated level, expressed as a percentage of the risk-weighted assets reported as of 31 December 2018, would be 22.70%, whereas the Subordinated MREL, again as a percentage of RWA, would be 16.77%. For additional information refer to IP#270 at CNMV (5 June 2020). (6) Issues by CABK (ex BPI) in Euro equivalent figures, including private placements.



High LCR well above requirement and peer average

The highest LCR among peers

LCR⁽¹⁾, as of 30 September 2020



Well above Spanish peer average (182%) and other Euro ex Spanish peer average (154%)

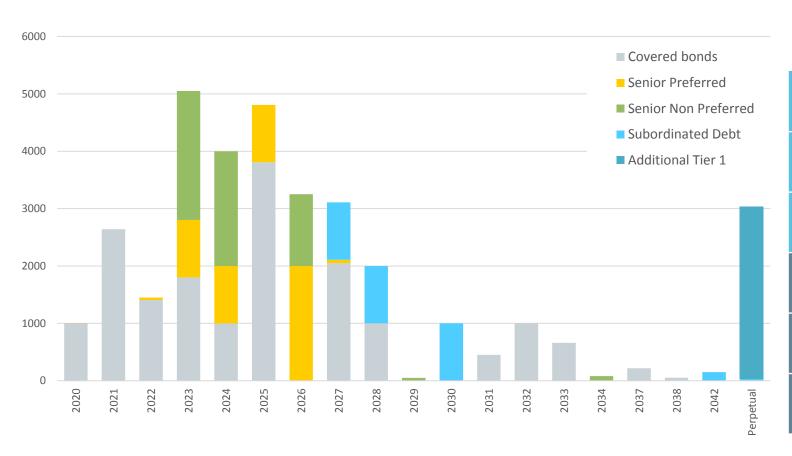
⁽¹⁾ Source: based on information reported by companies. Peer group includes: B. Sabadell, B. Santander, Bankia, BBVA, BNP Paribas, Commerzbank, Credit Agricole, Deutsche Bank, ERSTE, Group BPCE, ING Groep, Intesa Sanpaolo, KBC, Nordea, Société Générale, Unicredit.



Limited refinancing risk

Wholesale maturity schedule

As of 30 September 2020 PF AT1 issuance in October 2020, in €M



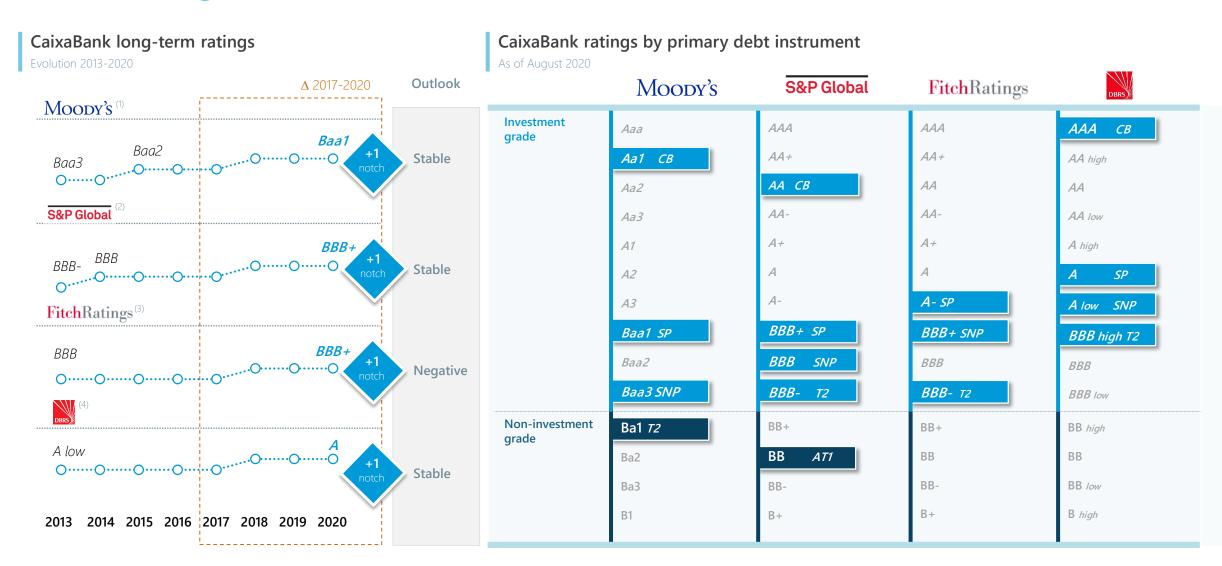
Benchmark hybrid capital

Maturity and call dates

	Volume	Maturity	Calls far away: 1st Call
Tier 2	€1Bn	Feb – 2027	Feb – 2022
Tier 2	€1Bn	Jul – 2028	Jul – 2023
Tier 2	€1Bn	Apr – 2030	Apr – 2025
AT1	€1Bn	Perpetual	June – 2024
AT1	€1.25Bn	Perpetual	Mar – 2026
AT1	€750M	Perpetual	Oct-2027



Credit ratings facilitate continued market access

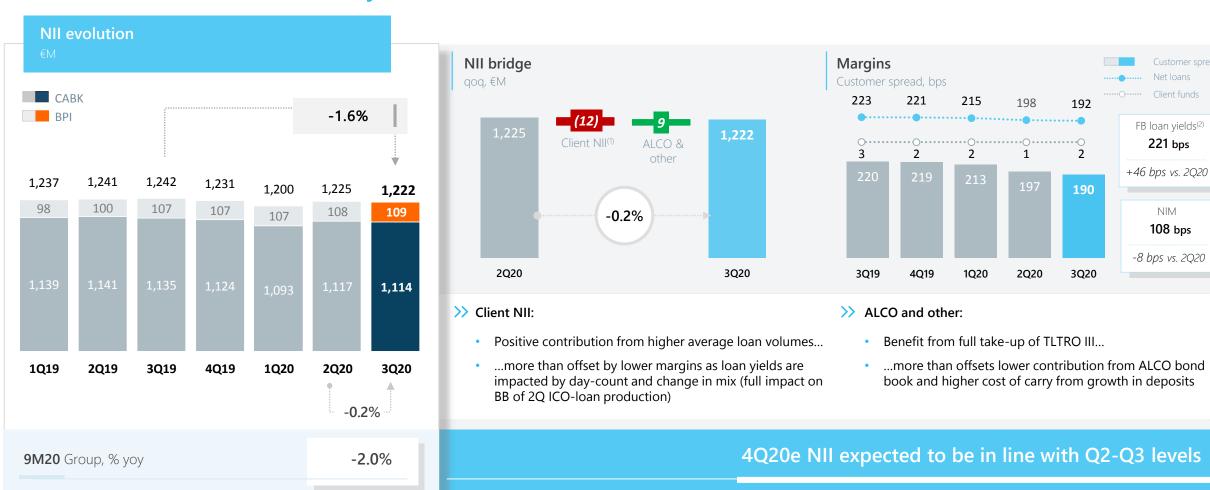








NII stable in the quarter as ECB funding and higher average loan volumes offset lower yields and ALCO contribution



⁽¹⁾ Including NII from life-savings insurance.

⁽²⁾ CABK ex BPI. Front-book yields are compiled from long-term lending production data (loans and revolving credit facilities, including those that are syndicated) of CaixaBank,S.A. and MicroBank; excluding public sector. Back book includes all segments.



Fee recovery continues with broad-based qoq improvement and 3Q yoy mostly reflecting e-payment impacts

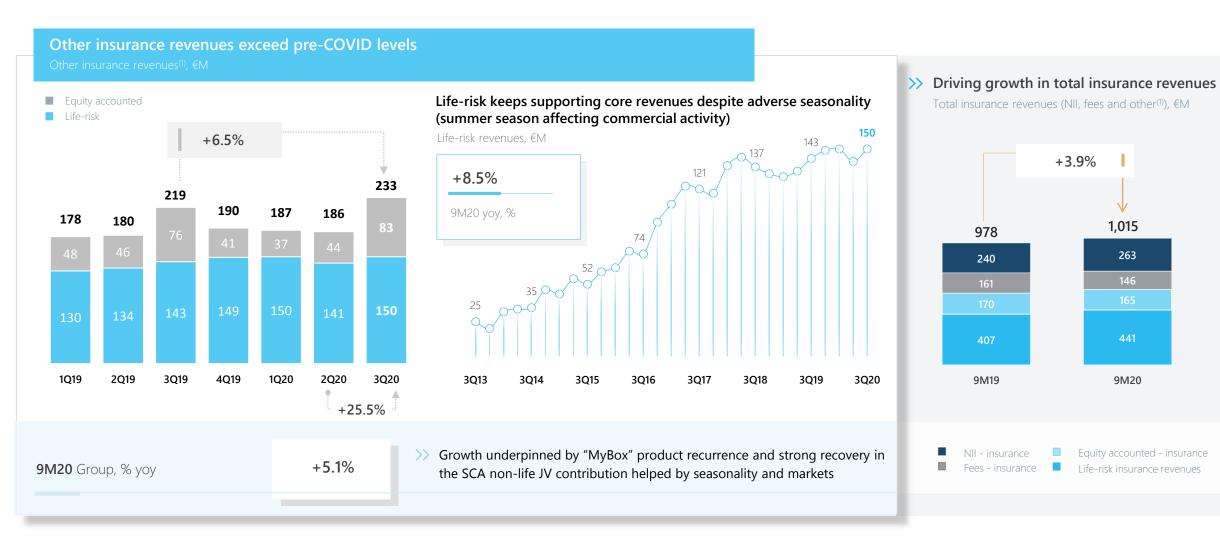




- Recurrent banking & other: strong recovery qoq with yoy mainly reflecting lower e-payment fees (c.-17% yoy; +c.36% qoq)
- AM: growth yoy and qoq mainly driven by higher inflows and markets
- Insurance distribution: continued recovery since lock-down
- Wholesale banking: another strong contribution yoy despite summer seasonality affecting qoq activity



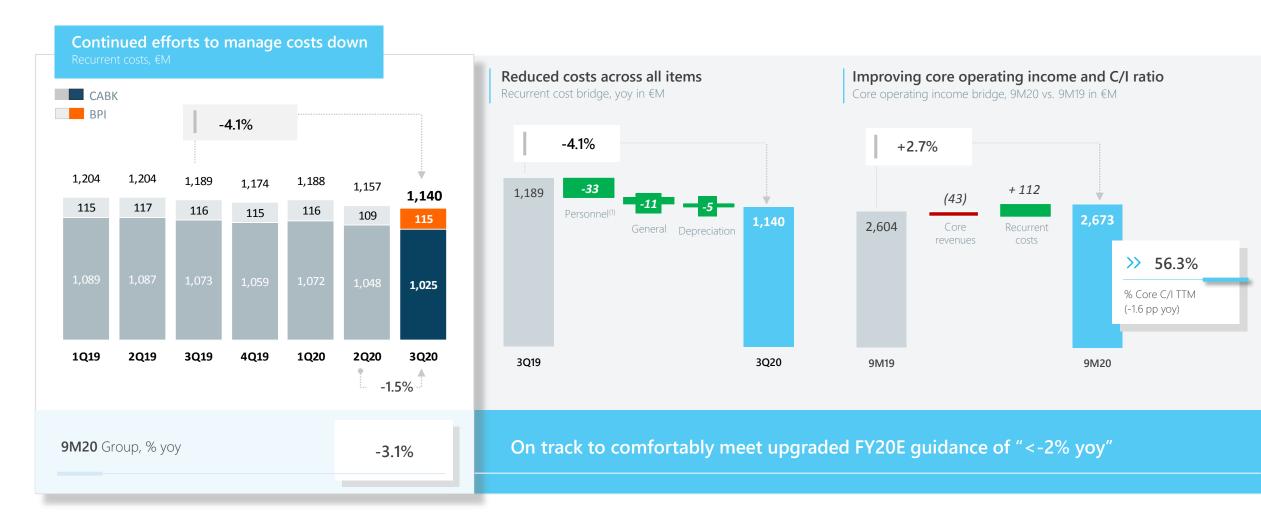
Other insurance revenues recover strongly to exceed pre-COVID levels



⁽¹⁾ Life-risk revenues and equity accounted income from SCA and other bancassurance stakes from BPI.



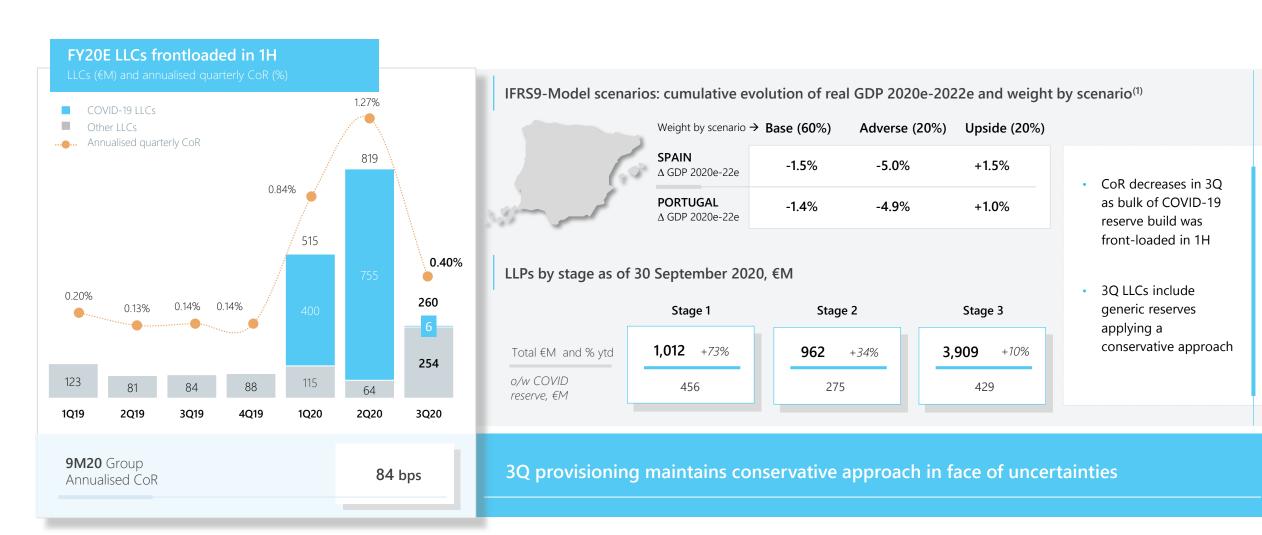
Restructuring and additional cost-savings support better cost trajectory



⁽¹⁾ Impacted by voluntary redundancy programme in 2Q19 (with departures in August 2019) and early retirement programme in 1Q20 (with departures in April 2020).



Lower 3Q LLCs as bulk of COVID-19 reserve already booked in 1H



(1) Refer to the appendix for additional details.



Low risk, diversified and highly collateralised loan portfolio

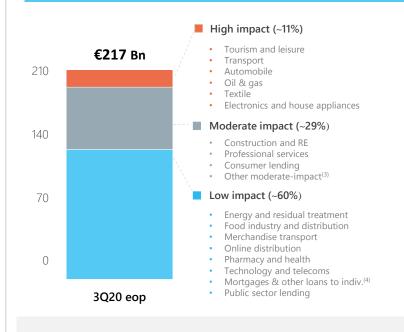
Low-risk, diversified and highly collateralised loan portfolio

Customer loans (gross), in €Bn and breakdown in % of total as of 30 Sep. 2020

Customer loans (gross), in Edit and bre			
	30 Sep 20	o/w GGLs ⁽¹⁾ , %	
I. Loans to individuals	121.8	0.9%	
Residential mortgages	86.3	0.0%	
Other loans to individuals	35.5	3.2%	
o/w consumer loans	14.4	0.0%	
o/w other	21.0	5.4%	
II. Loans to businesses	107.4	10.5%	
Individuals & businesses	229.1	5.4%	
III. Public sector	12.8	0.0%	
Total loans	241.9	5.1%	
Performing loans	233.2	5.3%	
Pro-memoria			
Total loans with mortgage guarantee	50.0%	» 58%	
Total loans with GGLs ⁽¹⁾	5.1%	77 30%	
Total loans with other guarantees	2.9%	Collateralised	
Residential mortgages - average LTV	52.9%	- Conater ansea	

Limited exposure to sectors highly affected by COVID-19

CABK ex BPI: Loan-book by COVID-19 sensitivity⁽²⁾, €Bn





- Limited exposure to sectors highly affected by COVID-19: ~11% of the loan book⁽²⁾
- c.80% of ICO-loans granted⁽⁶⁾ to high and moderate impact sectors (47% to moderate-impact)
- >40% of total exposure in credit to businesses⁽³⁾ in high and moderate sectors⁽²⁾ is collateralised
- Lending to large corporates centered on sector champions: c.50% of high-impact⁽²⁾ are corporate
- Low risk appetite: LBO or specialised asset lending not material

~80%

of ICO-loans to high and moderate impact sectors⁽⁶⁾ (€9.5Bn)

- (1) Including Loans with public guarantee from ICO in Spain and COVID-19 public support lines in Portugal.
- (2) CABK ex BPI based on internal criteria. Business lending breakdown differs from Pillar 3 report in that the latter follows CNAE (standard industry code) segmentation.
- (3) Including lending to businesses and credit to self-employed.
- (4) Ex consumer lending and credit for self-employed classified as high, moderate risk or other low impact sectors.
- (5) Including mortgages, ECAs and other guarantees (ex ICO).
- (6) In % of ICO loans to businesses and self-employed outstanding as of 30 September 2020.



Moratoria alleviate temporary customer liquidity problems

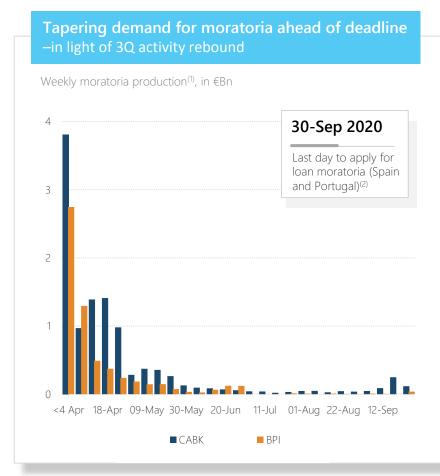
Customer loans with moratoria Moratoria⁽¹⁾ Loans with moratoria(1) **Total loans** /Total % €Bn CABK - €Bn **BPI**-€Bn I. Loans to individuals 121.8 10.4 3.2 11.2% Residential mortgages 86.3 7.2 2.7 11.5% Other loans to individuals 35.5 3.2 0.5 10.4% o/w consumer loans 14.4 1.2 0.4 10.8% o/w other 21.0 2.0 0.1 10.1% II. Loans to businesses 107.4 0.6 2.9 3.2% III. Public sector 12.8 0.0 0.0 0.3% 241.9 7.1% 11.0 6.1 **Total loans**



- (1) Loan moratoria already granted. As of 30 September 2020, there are additionally c.3K applications for moratoria under analysis, for a corresponding outstanding balance of €0.1Bn.
- (2) Including €32M in loans to public sector under moratoria, beside moratoria for credit to individuals and households.
- (3) As of 30 September 2020. % based on outstanding balance.



97% of moratoria in Spain resumed some payment by Q3 –with 97% fulfilling their obligations



All moratoria in Spain will have resumed some payment obligations by year-end





Moratoria in Spain⁽⁵⁾: €11Bn

- 97% of loan-moratoria faced payment obligations⁽⁶⁾ by end of 3Q with 97% honouring them
- All consumer loan-moratoria expire between October and YE2020

Moratoria in Portugal⁽⁵⁾: **€6Bn**

- 38% of loan-moratoria faced payment obligations by end of 3Q, with 99.8% honouring them
- Of the remaining 62% → <3% show indication of potential future payment difficulties

- (1) Excludes applications rejected by the Bank or declined by the client.
- In Spain: 29 September 2020 for RDL 8/2020, RDL 11/2020 and RDL 19/2020; 30 September 2020 for RDL 25/2020 and RDL 26/2020. In Portugal: 30 September 2020.
- 3) Additionally there are €0.6Bn in moratoria to businesses as of 30 September 2020.
- (4) Excluding those expired and resuming normal installments.

installments

expired → resume

interest payments

(5) Outstanding balance as of 30 September 2020. Refer to the appendix for additional details.

expire > resume normal

installments

(6) Including expired deferrals that already resumed normal installments.

expire > resume normal



Balance sheet and P&L

P&L

€ million	9M20	9M19	Change	Change %
Net interest income	3,647	3,720	(73)	(2.0)
Dividend income	96	161	(65)	(40.7)
Share of profit/(loss) of entities accounted for using the equity method	218	344	(126)	(36.4)
Net fee and commission income	1,905	1,904	1	0.0
Trading income	182	285	(103)	(36.3)
Income and expense under insurance or reinsurance contracts	441	407	34	8.5
Other operating income and expense	(229)	(211)	(18)	8.3
Gross income	6,260	6,610	(350)	(5.3)
Recurring administrative expenses, depreciation and amortisation	(3,485)	(3,597)	112	(3.1)
Extraordinary expenses		(978)	978	
Pre-impairment income	2,776	2,035	741	36.4
Pre-impairment income stripping out extraordinary expenses	2,776	3,013	(237)	(7.9)
Allowances for insolvency risk	(1,594)	(288)	(1,306)	
Other charges to provisions	(207)	(151)	(56)	36.7
Gains/(losses) on disposal of assets and others	(92)	(82)	(10)	11.9
Profit/(loss) before tax	883	1,514	(631)	(41.7)
Income tax expense	(157)	(246)	89	(36.2)
Profit/(loss) after tax	726	1,268	(542)	(42.8)
Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interest and others	(1)	2	(3)	
Profit/(loss) attributable to the Group	726	1,266	(540)	(42.6)

(1) In accordance with the Amendments to IFRS 4, the Group decided to apply temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 to the financial investments of the Group's insurance firms for all periods that come before 1 January 2021. This date is currently being reviewed by the European Commission as it awaits its alignment with the entry into force of the new IFRS 17: Insurance Contracts (expected on 1 January 2023), which will govern the presentation and measurement of insurance contracts (including technical provisions). Accordingly, these investments are grouped under "Assets under the insurance business" on the balance sheet. To make the information more readily comparable, the Group has also grouped together the technical provisions relating to Unit Link and Flexible Investment Annuity (part under management), which are now reported jointly under 'Liabilities under the insurance business'.

Balance sheet

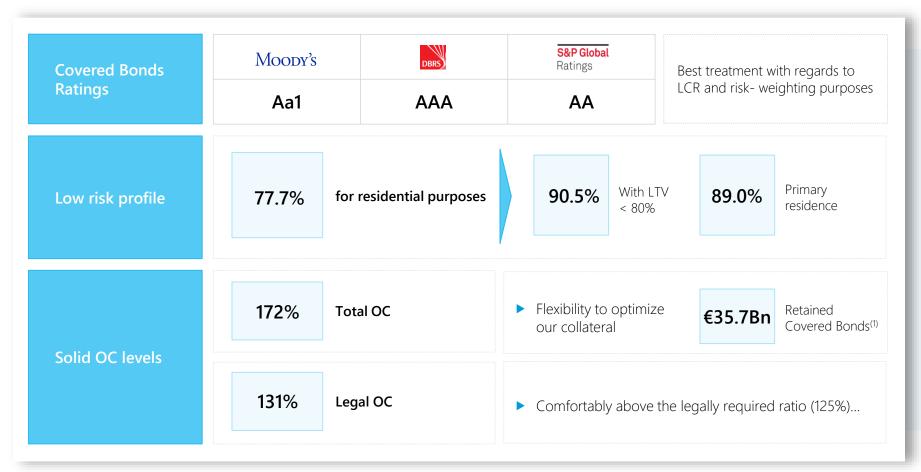
€ million	Sep. 30, 2020	Jun. 30, 2020	Change %	Dec. 31, 2019	Change %
- Cash and cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	50,009	44,304	12.9	15,110	
- Financial assets held for trading	8,158	7,774	4.9	7,370	10.7
- Financial assets not designated for trading compulsorily measured at fair value	202	204	(45.0)	407	(24.4)
through profit or loss	323	381	(15.2)	427	(24.4)
Equity instruments	180	184	(2.2)	198	(9.1)
Debt securities	53	54	(1.9)	63	(15.9)
Loans and advances	90	143	(37.1)	166	(45.8)
- Financial assets at fair value with changes in other comprehensive income	19,416	20,745	(6.4)	18,371	5.7
- Financial assets at amortised cost	266,760	269,430	(1.0)	244,702	9.0
Credit institutions	6,486	7,109	(8.8)	5,159	25.7
Customers	235,510	236,291	(0.3)	222,154	6.0
Debt securities	24,764	26,030	(4.9)	17,389	42.4
- Derivatives - Hedge accounting	438	392	11.7	2,133	(79.5)
- Investments in joint ventures and associates	3,955	3,928	0.7	3,941	0.4
- Assets under the insurance business ¹	74,363	72,700	2.3	72,683	2.3
- Tangible assets	7,109	7,229	(1.7)	7,282	(2.4)
- Intangible assets	3,903	3,883	0.5	3,839	1.7
- Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	1,335	1,257	6.2	1,354	(1.4)
- Other assets	13,541	13,549	(0.1)	14,202	(4.7)
Total assets	449,310	445,572	0.8	391,414	14.8
Liabilities	424,759	421,179	0.8	366,263	16.0
- Financial liabilities held for trading	2,377	2,191	8.5	2,338	1.7
- Financial liabilities at amortised cost	341,463	339,710	0.5	283,975	20.2
Deposits from central banks and credit institutions	57,657	57,840	(0.3)	20,656	
Customer deposits	240,808	238,674	0.9	221,079	8.9
Debt securities issued	35,221	34,291	2.7	33,648	4.7
Other financial liabilities	7,777	8,905	(12.7)	8,592	(9.5)
- Liabilities under the insurance business ¹	72,478	70,769	2.4	70,807	2.4
- Provisions	3,313	3,356	(1.3)	3,624	(8.6)
- Other liabilities	5,128	5,153	(0.5)	5,519	(7.1)
Equity	24,551	24,393	0.6	25,151	(2.4)
- Shareholders' equity	26,475	25,996	1.8	26,247	0.9
- Minority interest	25	25	0.0	29	(13.8)
- Accumulated other comprehensive income	(1,949)	(1,628)	19.7	(1,125)	73.2
Total liabilities and equity	449,310	445,572	0.8	391,414	14.8







Covered Bond programme: high quality collateral and strong collateralisation



Always aiming at the best market standards

- Covered Bond Label
 Compliant since 1st January
 2013
- Transparency

Complete quarterly information available in our website:

http://www.caixabank.com/inversoresinstitu cionales/inversoresrentafija_en.html

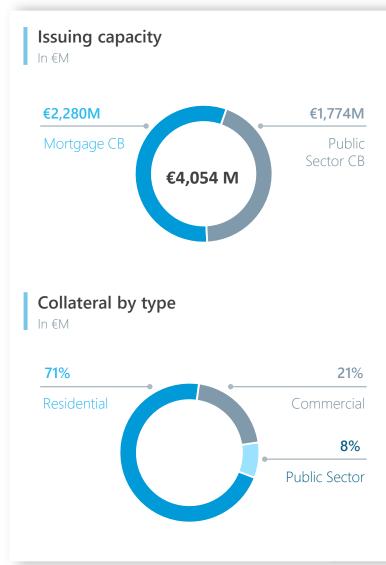


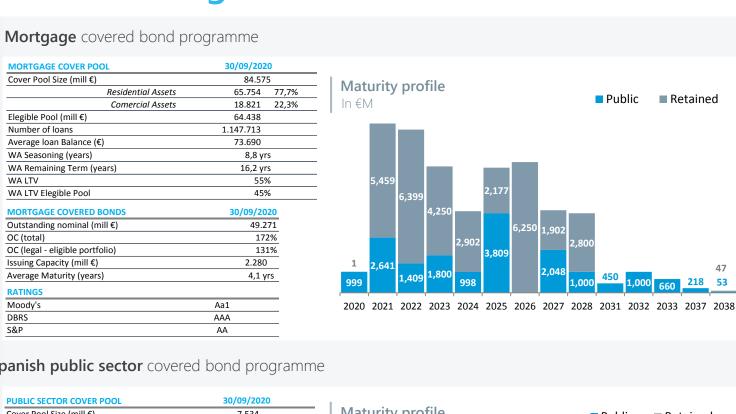
Retained

Public

450 1,000

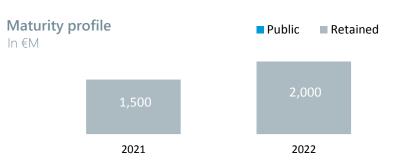
Covered Bonds Programme – Main figures





Spanish public sector covered bond programme

PUBLIC SECTOR COVER POOL	30/09/2020
Cover Pool Size (mill €)	7.534
Number of loans	3.407
Average loan Balance (€)	2.211.357
WA Remaining Term (years)	4,4 yrs
PUBLIC SECTOR COVERED BONDS	30/09/2020
Outstanding nominal (mill €)	3.500
oc	215%
Issuing Capacity (mill €)	1.774
Average Maturity (years)	1,6 yrs
RATINGS	
Moody's	Aa1



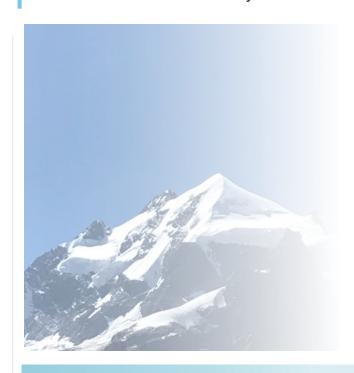






Key features and rationale

CaixaBank SDG Framework key features and rationale



- CaixaBank supports the UN SDGs while acknowledging the key role played by financial institutions in helping to mobilise capital for the transition to a low-carbon, resource-efficient and inclusive economy
- ► The **SDG Bond Framework developed in 2019** represents a declaration of intent to contribute to the process of transition to a low carbon economy, efficient use of resources, to financial inclusion and to the economy and employment in general
 - Public, transparent and aligned with the 4 pillars of ICMA Green and Social Bond Principles (GBP and SBP 2018) and Sustainability Bond Guidelines (SBG 2018)
 - It allows for the possibility to issue:
 - ✓ **Green bonds** (proceeds allocated to green projects only)
 - ✓ **Social bonds** (proceeds allocated to social projects only)
 - Sustainability bonds

Aiming at:

- Reinforcing corporate commitment to responsible banking
- Fostering responsible business and increasing customer satisfaction while raising ESG awareness
- 3. Offering a new **investment alternative** to ESG investors

Bonds issued under this Framework will promote the following SDGs























External review by Sustainalytics deems CaixaBank SDG Framework credible and impactful



FRAMEWORK VERIFICATION - Second party opinion



Sustainalytics considers CaixaBank's SDGs Framework aligned with GBP, SBP, SBG and GLP⁽¹⁾

Sustainalytics is of the opinion that the CaixaBank SDG Framework is credible and impactful and aligns with the four core components of the Green Bond Principles 2018 (GBP), Social Bond Principles 2018 (SBP) Sustainability Bond Guidelines 2018 (SBG) and Green Loan Principles 2018 (GLP).

- Sustainalytics considers the financing of projects and companies dedicated to providing (i) access to essential services, (ii) affordable basic infrastructure, (iii) employment generation, (iv) sustainable water and wastewater management, (v) renewable energy, (vi) energy efficiency, (vii) green buildings, (viii) clean transportation, (ix) pollution prevention and control and (x) terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation to have positive environmental or social impacts and to advance the UN Sustainable Development Goals.
- CaixaBank integrates sustainability in its business strategy, committing to support the transition to a sustainable economy while continuously working towards avoiding, mitigating and remedying those activities that could present a risk for the community and environment.
- CaixaBank's internal process of evaluating and selecting projects as well as processes for management of proceeds are aligned with market practice. In addition, CaixaBank intends to report on the allocation of proceeds on its website on an annual basis.
- The allocation of the net proceeds will also be subject to External Review while a qualified sustainability expert will be engaged to prepare the impact of the Projects to which proceeds have been allocated and is committed to reporting annually on impact indicators on its website until full allocation.

(1) This independent verification assessment is published on the CaixaBank website https://www.caixabank.com.













Inaugural Social Bond – SNP issued in September 2019 (€1Bn 5yr)

In September 2019, CaixaBank became the first-ever Spanish bank to issue a Social Bond in support of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and CaixaBank's mission, which is to "contribute to the financial well-being of our customers and to the progress of society"

ISSUANCE SUMMARY

- Inaugural Social Bond 5yr; €1bn in Senior Non-Preferred Notes ("SNP") issued by CaixaBank, S.A. (XS2055758804)
- Rated Baa3/BBB/BBB+/AL, by Moody's/S&P/Fitch/DBRS
- First transaction framed within the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) Framework published in August 2019.
 Second-party opinion by Sustainalytics (1)
- > The inaugural Social Bond is aligned with the Social Bond Principles 2018
- Net proceeds will be allocated to eligible assets originated up to 3 years before the year of issuance (2019)



Social Bond of the year – bank 2020

by Environmental Finance (Bond Awards 2020) For the Inaugural Social Bond (Sep-2019) under the SDG Framework



ALLOCATION OF NET PROCEEDS

147,868 loans granted to individuals or families



- Access to financial services for underserved populations with combined income of €17,200 or less⁽²⁾, without any collateral or guarantee⁽³⁾
- Loans granted by MicroBank, the leading micro-credit institution in Spain and a reference in Europe created in 2007

<u>13,077</u>

loans to self-employed workers without collateral or guarantee, micro-enterprises and SMEs⁽⁴⁾



 Loans granted to the most economically disadvantaged provinces of Spain (either ranking in the bottom 30th percentile in GDP/capital or in the top 30th in unemployment) As of 31 March 2020, Eligible Social Portfolio advancing "SDG 1: No Poverty" and "SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth" and meeting CaixaBank's SDG Framework Criteria amounted to €2.1 Bn, of which €1Bn allocated to the

160,945 Loans

50% SDG1

proceeds



inaugural Social Bond net

50%

> CaixaBank has allocated 25% of net proceeds to new financing⁽⁵⁾: assets originated in 2019

- 1) https://www.caixabank.com/deployedfiles/caixabank/Estaticos/PDFs/Inversores_institucionales/CaixaBankSDGsFramework-SustainalyticsSecondPartyOpinion.pdf.
- (2) As determined by MicroBank, based on the poverty threshold of the Spanish National Statistics Institute (INE) for a family with 2 children along with the Public Multi-Purpose Income Indicator (IPREM). Applicable threshold at issuance for 2019.

 (3) Further details available on pages 38-44 of the MicroBank 2019 Annual Report (https://www.microbank.com/deployedfiles/microbank/pdf/Informe_Anual_2019_en.pdf) and the CaixaBank Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) Framework
- (https://www.caixabank.com/deployedfiles/caixabank/Estaticos/PDFs/Inversores_institucionales/2019CaixaBankSDGsFramework.pdf).
- (4) Small and medium-sized enterprises as defined by the European Commission (https://ec.europa.eu/growth/smes/sme-definition_en)
 (5) New financing: all assets originated in the year of issuance and thereafter.



Inaugural Social Bond – Key Social Bond impacts

160,945 loans have been granted to 151,681 beneficiaries of whom 139,731 are families (349,328 indirect beneficiaries)⁽¹⁾ and 11,950 are self-employed workers and companies



FAMILIES / INDIVIDUALS

- > 87% borrowers claim that the loan has had a positive impact on their lives increasing their well-being and helping them achieve their goals
- > 79% borrowers have been able to increase or maintain their savings capacity
- > 59% loans to beneficiaries located in areas where the population is at risk of poverty⁽²⁾, total amount €299 M
- > 15% loans to beneficiaries located in rural areas⁽²⁾, total value of €75 M



SELF-EMPLOYED, MICRO-ENTERPRISES AND SMEs

- More than 1,000 newly-created companies, supported through the loans €61 M granted (12% of the total)
- > 18% loans to beneficiaries located in rural areas⁽²⁾⁽³⁾, for a total value of €62 M (12% of the total)
- More than 60% of the borrowers claim that the loans have helped them start up or strengthen their business
- > 86% of borrowers requested the loan directly from CaixaBank

Global impact on the Spanish economy⁽³⁾:

€1,480M contributed to Spanish GDP

→ For every €1M invested in the social bond contributes €2.97M to GDP

8,207 jobs created, of which **2,591** are direct, **2,855** indirect and **2,761** induced

 → For every €1M invested in the social bond approximately
 16 jobs are created

MEASURE THE IMPACT OF THE CAIXABANK SOCIAL BOND:



Data collected by conducting surveys among borrowers (on the loans – proceeds allocated to the Social Bond)



Input-output methodology used to calculate the impact of the loans on the Spanish economy



The Social Bond Impact Report has been calculated in collaboration with an external, independent consultant (Deloitte)

- (1) Number of indirect beneficiaries, on the assumption that an average family has 2.5 members, according to statistical data. (Source: INE) https://www.ine.es/dyngs/INEbase/es/operacion.htm?c=Estadistica_C&cid=1254736176952&menu=ultiDatos&idp=1254735572981.
- (2) See "Social Bond Report" Appendix II: Methodology for a detailed definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 28 to 36).
- (3) Calculated from surveys using input-output methodology. See "Social Bond Report" Appendix II: Methodology for a definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 34 to 36).
- See "Social Bond Report" Appendix II: Methodology for a definition and explanation of the calculation (pages 28 to 36).



COVID-19 Social Bond - SP

CaixaBank €1Bn 6NC5 COVID-19 Social Bond – SP issued in July 2020

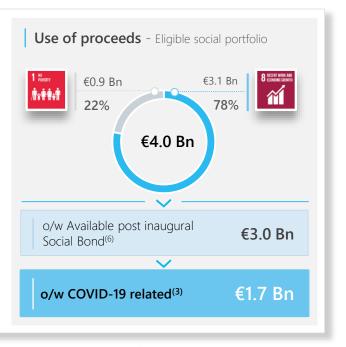


Transaction summary

- COVID-19 Social Bond aligned to the Social Bond Principles 6NC5 EUR-denominated Senior Preferred notes ("SP") issued by CaixaBank, S.A.
- This COVID-19 Social Bond is a Social Bond as defined in the SDG Framework published in August 2019. Framework SPO by Sustainalytics⁽¹⁾
- Notes issued off CaixaBank's €25Bn **EMTN Programme** and governed by Spanish law
- Rated Baa1/BBB+/A-/A by Moody's/S&P/Fitch/DBRS

Transaction Rationale

- A COVID-19 Social Bond aligned to the Social Bond Principles is fully consistent with CaixaBank's mission and its strong social commitment with customers and society at large and in particular with those affected by the COVID-19 pandemic
- Loan-book increased by €13.3Bn year-to-date (+5.8% ytd), including €9.7Bn in already disbursed loans with a partial public guarantee by ICO to address impacts from COVID-19 pandemic⁽²⁾
- As of 31 of May, Eligible Social Portfolio encompassing "SDG 1: No poverty" and "SDG 8: Decent work and economic growth" that meet CaixaBank SDGs Framework Criteria represent €4.0Bn, of which €1.7Bn are new loans granted to address COVID-19 pandemic issues⁽³⁾
- Use of Proceeds will advance SDG 8: loans granted to micro-enterprises and SMEs⁽⁴⁾ to mitigate the economic and social impacts derived from COVID-19 in the most economically disadvantaged regions of Spain⁽⁵⁾
- At issuance, 100% of the proceeds will be allocated to COVID-19 loans with a partial public guarantee granted to micro-enterprises and SMEs originated after the anti-COVID-19 Royal Decree 8/2020 by the Spanish Government



(1) SDG Framework, Framework Presentation and Second Party Opinion by Sustainalytics can be found at CaixaBank's corporate website: https://www.caixabank.com/inversores-institucionales/inversores-renta-fija/bonos-ods_en.html.

(2) Data as of 31 May 2020. (3) Eligible assets as of 31 May 2020, in line with the Framework Eligibility and Exclusions Criteria in the most economically disadvantaged regions of Spain considering loans with partial public guarantee to microenterprises and SMEs only, maturing in 4 or more years. (4) Small and medium-sized enterprises as defined by the European Commission (https://ec.europa.eu/growth/smes/sme-definition_en). (5) Spanish regions either ranking in the bottom 30th percentile in GDP/capita or in the top 30th in unemployment rate. (6) Social Bond SNP €1bn 0.625% Oct. 2024 issued in Sep. 2019.



Inaugural Green Bond⁽¹⁾

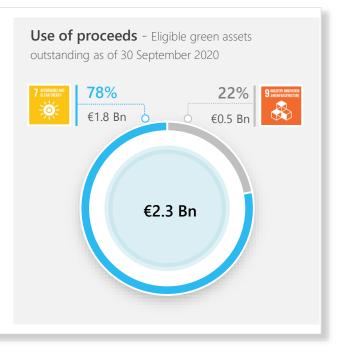


TRANSACTION SUMMARY

- Inaugural Green Bond:€1Bn 6NC5 EUR-denominated Senior Non Preferred issued by CaixaBank, S.A.
- Third transaction framed within the Sustainable Development Goal Framework published in August 2019; SPO by Sustainalytics⁽²⁾
- Follows the July 2020 EUR1bn COVID-19 Social Bond SP and the EUR1bn inaugural Social SNP
- SDG Bond Framework aligned with the four key pillars of ICMA 2018 GBP, 2020 SBP and 2018 SBG
- Notes issued off CaixaBank's €25Bn EMTN Programme and governed by Spanish law
- Rated Baa3 / BBB / BBB+ / A (low) by Moody's/S&P/Fitch/DBRS

TRANSACTION RATIONALE

- Aligned with CaixaBank's Socially Responsible Banking Plan and CaixaBank's Funding plan
- Aiming to advance Climate Change Mitigation goal within the EU-Green Bond Standard and aligned with EU Taxonomy
- Green Bond Use of Proceeds will advance:
 - SDG 7 → Affordable and Clean Energy: Renewable Energy
 - SDG 9 → Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure: Green Buildings
- Conservative look-back period: proceeds will be allocated to assets initiated up to 3 years prior to the year of issuance
- Best-in-class subordination from an MREL compliant entity with a comfortable buffer over regulatory minima⁽³⁾



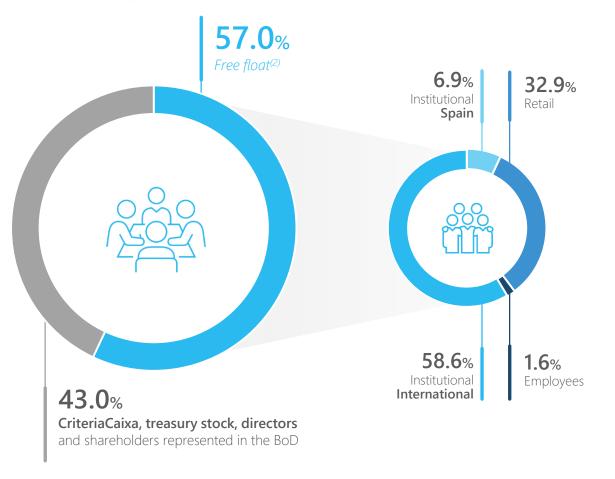


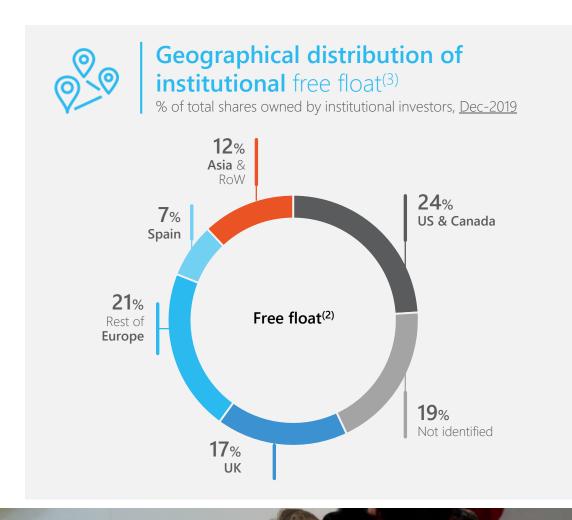




Social capital distribution by type of shareholder

Shareholder base by group⁽¹⁾, in % of share capital as of <u>30 September 2020</u>





- (1) Source: public information as of September 2020 and shareholders' register book.
- (2) Calculated as the number of issued shares less treasury stock and shares owned by the members of the Board of Directors and by the shareholders represented in the Board of Directors.
- (3) Percentage calculated on the institutional free float identified at the Shareholder identification elaborated by CMi2i.



IFRS9 scenarios – Spain & Portugal

•			SPAII	V		0			PORTU	GAL			
	2019	2020E	2021E	2022E	∆ Cum. 2020E-22E		2019	2020E	2021E	2022E	Δ Cum. 2020E-22E		
Base case (weight: 60%)												 Slowdown in Q4 and gradual pick-up in 2021 (helped by medical advances and fiscal stimulus) 	
Real GDP (% yoy)	2.0	-12.5	8.6	3.7	-1.5		2.2	-10.0	5.9	3.4	-1.4	 Assumes that targeted, temporary measures by 	
Unemployment rate (%, annual average)	14.1	17.5	18.9	16.3	2.2		6.5	8.3	10.4	9.0	2.5	sector and region can contain outbreaks	
House prices (% yoy)	3.2	-3.6	-1.9	0.6	-4.9		9.6	2.7	-6.7	2.4	-1.8	 Lasting impact on international tourism (still 30% below normal in 3Q21e) 	
Downside (weight: 20%)													
Real GDP (% yoy)	2.0	-12.5	3.0	5.5	-5.0		2.2	-10.0	1.6	3.9	-4.9	 Zero growth in 1H21e and modest growth in 2H21e as medical advances fall short of expectations 	
Unemployment rate (%, annual average)	14.1	17.5	21.7	18.1	4.0		6.5	8.3	11.4	10.0	3.5	Assumes that restrictions need to be tightened	
House prices (% yoy)	3.2	-3.6	-5.1	-1.5	-9.9		9.6	2.7	-10.1	1.1	-6.7	significantly to fight outbreaks	
Upside (weight: 20%)													
Real GDP (% yoy)	2.0	-12.5	9.8	5.7	1.5		2.2	-10.0	8.0	3.9	1.0	 Positive surprises on the medical front materialize 	
Unemployment rate (%, annual average)	14.1	17.5	17.8	14.4	0.3		6.5	8.3	9.5	7.9	1.4	Full execution of NGEU projects (larger than	
House prices (% yoy)	3.2	-3.6	0.1	3.0	-0.6		9.6	2.7	-2.7	3.2	3.2	expected fiscal stimulus)	

Source: CaixaBank Research. 71



Glossary (I/V)

In addition to the financial information prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), this document includes certain Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) as defined in the guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority on 30 June 2015 (ESMA/2015/1057) (the "ESMA Guidelines"). CaixaBank uses certain APMs, which have not been audited, for a better understanding of the company's financial performance. These measures are considered additional disclosures and in no case replace the financial information prepared under IFRS. Moreover, the way the Group defines and calculates these measures may differ to the way similar measures are calculated by other companies. Accordingly, they may not be comparable. ESMA guidelines define an APM as a financial measure of historical or future performance, financial position, or cash flows, other than a financial measure defined or specified in the applicable financial reporting framework. In accordance with these guidelines, following is a list of the APMs used, along with a reconciliation between certain management indicators and the indicators presented in the consolidated financial statements prepared under IFRS.

Term	Definition
AC	Amortised cost.
ALCO	Asset – Liability Committee.
AT1	Additional Tier 1: capital instruments that are continuous (no fixed maturity), including preferred shares and high contingent convertible securities.
ATM	Automated teller machine.
AuM / AM	Assets under Management, include mutual funds (with SICAVs and managed portfolios), pension plans and unit linked.
B/S	Balance sheet.
CET1	Common Equity Tier 1.
CIB	Corporate & Institutional Banking.
Consumer loans	Unsecured loans to individuals, excluding those for home purchases. Includes personal loans from CaixaBank, BPI, MicroBank and CaixaBank Payments & Consumer, as well as revolving credit card balances (CaixaBank Payments & Consumer) excluding float.
CoR	Cost of risk: total allowances for insolvency risk (12 months) divided by average lending, gross, plus contingent liabilities, using management criteria.
Core C/I ratio	Core cost-to-income ratio: operating expenses (administrative expenses, depreciation and amortisation) stripping out extraordinary expenses divided by core revenues for the last 12 months.
Core operating income	Core revenues minus recurrent operating expenses.
Core revenues	Group: Sum of NII, Fees and other revenues from insurance (life-risk premia, equity accounted income from SegurCaixa Adeslas and other bancassurance stakes of BPI). CABK ex BPI: Sum of NII, Fees and other revenues from insurance (life-risk premia and equity accounted income from SegurCaixa Adeslas).
CRD-V	Capital Requirements Directive – V.
CRR	Capital requirements regulation.



Glossary (II/V)

Term	Definition
Customer spread	Difference between: • Average rate of return on loans (annualised income for the quarter from loans and advances divided by the net average balance of loans and advances for the quarter); and • Average rate for retail deposits (annualised quarterly cost of retail deposits divided by the average balance of those same retail deposits for the quarter, excluding subordinated liabilities).
eop	End of period.
FB / BB	Front book / back book referring to the yield on loans and the cost of retail deposits (%).
FV - OCI	Fair Value in Other Comprehensive Income.
Gains/losses on disposals & others	Gains/losses on derecognition of assets and others. Includes the following line items: Impairment/(reversal) of impairment on investments in joint ventures or associates; Impairment/(reversal) of impairment on non-financial assets; Gains/(losses) on derecognition of non-financial assets and investments, net; Negative goodwill recognised in profit or loss; Profit/(loss) from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale not qualifying as discontinued operations, net.
ICO	Instituto de Crédito Oficial.
HQLA	High quality liquid assets within the meaning of Commission Delegated Regulation of 10 October 2014.
Income and expenses from insurance	Margin obtained from the difference between premia and claims on life-risk products.
LBO	Leverage Buy Out.
LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio: High quality liquid asset amount (HQLA) / Total net cash outflow amount.
LLP	Loan-loss provisions, also loan impairment losses.
(Loan) Impairment losses and other provisions	Allowances for insolvency risk and charges to provisions. Includes the following line items: Impairment/(reversal) of impairment losses on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss and net gains/(losses) on adjustments. Provisions/(reversal) of provisions. Impairment/(reversal) of provisions. Impairment losses on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss corresponding to Loans and advances to customers, using management criteria. Provisions/(reversal) of provisions corresponding to Provisions for contingent liabilities, using management criteria. Impairment/(reversal) of impairment losses on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss, excluding balances corresponding to Loans and advances to customers, using management criteria. Provisions/(reversal) of impairment losses on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss, excluding balances corresponding to Loans and advances to customers, using management criteria. Provisions/(reversal) of provisions, excluding provisions corresponding to contingent liabilities using management criteria.



Glossary (III/V)

Term	Definition
LtD	Loan to deposits: quotient between: Net loans and advances to customers using management criteria excluding brokered loans (funded by public institutions); Customer deposits on the balance sheet.
L/t savings	Long term savings: also referred to as AuM and insurance funds, include mutual funds (with SICAVs and managed portfolios), pension plans, unit linked and other insurance funds.
LTRO	Long Term Refinancing Operation.
LTV	Loan To Value.
MDA	Maximum Distributable Amount.
Minority interests & other	Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interests and others. Includes the following line items: • Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to minority interests (non-controlling interests); • Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations.
MREL	Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities to absorb losses, includes instruments eligible for total capital, senior debt non-preferred, senior debt preferred and other instruments ranking pari-passu with the latter, at Single Resolution Board's criteria.
Mutual funds	Includes own and third-party funds, SICAVs and managed portfolios.
Net fees and commissions	Net fee and commission income. Includes the following line items: • Fee and commission income; • Fee and commission expenses.
NII	Net interest income.
NIM	Net interest margin, also Balance sheet spread, difference between: • Average rate of return on assets (annualised interest income for the quarter divided by total average assets for the quarter); and • Average cost of funds (annualised interest expenses for the quarter divided by total average funds for the quarter).
NPL coverage ratio	Quotient between: • Total credit loss provisions for loans to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria; • Non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria.
NPL ratio	Non-performing loan ratio: quotient between: • Non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria; • Total gross loans to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria.



Glossary (IV/V)

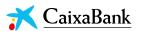
Term	Definition
NPL stock / NPLs	Non-performing loans including non-performing contingent liabilities.
NSFR	Net stable funding ratio.
Operating expenses	Include the following line items: • Administrative expenses; • Depreciation and amortization.
OREO	Other Real Estate Owned: repossessed real estate assets available for sale.
OCI	Other comprehensive income.
P&L	Profit and Loss Account.
P2R	Pillar 2 Requirement.
POS terminal	Point of sale terminal.
PPP	Pre-Provision Profit.
Pre-impairment income	(+) Gross income; (-) Operating expenses
Protection insurance revenues	Include non-life distribution fees, life-risk premia and equity accounted income from SCA and other bancassurance stakes from BPI.
RDL	Real Decreto Ley.
RE	Real estate.
RWAs	Risk Weighted Assets.
SCA	SegurCaixa Adeslas.
SMEs	Small and medium enterprises.
SP	Senior preferred debt.
SRB	Single Resolution Board.





Glossary (V/V)

Term	Definition
SREP	Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process.
Subordinated MREL	Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities to absorb losses, includes instruments eligible for total capital and senior debt non-preferred.
Tier 1	Tier 1 capital is the primary funding source of the bank. This bank's core capital includes disclosed reserves -that appears on the bank's financial statements- and equity capital.
Tiering	ECB system that applies negative rates differently to different chunks of the money banks have parked with their central bank. The interest rate will be 0% for the amount equivalent to six time its reserves, minimum amount a bank is required to hold. Any reserves beyond that mark will be subject to the ECB's deposit rate established.
TLTRO	Targeted long-term refinancing operation conducted by the European Central Bank.
Total liquid assets	Sum of HQLAs (High Quality Liquid Assets within the meaning of Commission Delegated Regulation of 10 October 2014) and the available balance under the facility with the European Central Bank (non-HQLA).
Trading income	Gains/(losses) on financial assets and liabilities. Includes the following line items: • Gains/(losses) on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net; • Gains/(losses) on financial assets not designated for trading that must be designated at fair value through profit or loss, net; • Gains/(losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading, net; • Gains/(losses) from hedge accounting, net; • Exchange differences, net.
TTM	Trailing 12 months.





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