

4Q | FY 2023

Results

2 February 2024



Disclaimer

The purpose of this presentation is purely informative and should not be considered as a service or offer of any financial product, service or advice, nor should it be interpreted as, an offer to sell or exchange or acquire, or an invitation for offers to buy securities issued by CaixaBank, S.A. ("CaixaBank") or any of the companies mentioned herein. The information contained herein is subject to, and must be read in conjunction with, all other publicly available information. Any person at any time acquiring securities must do so only on the basis of such person's own judgment as to the merits or the suitability of the securities for its purpose and only on such information as is contained in such public information set out in the relevant documentation filed by the issuer in the context of such specific offer or issue and after taking any professional or any other advice as it deems necessary or appropriate under the relevant circumstances and not in reliance on the information contained in this presentation.

CaixaBank cautions that this presentation might contain forward-looking statements concerning the development of our business and economic performance. Particularly, both the financial and non-financial information from CaixaBank Group ("Group") related to results from investments has been prepared mainly based on estimates (including environmental, social or governance ("ESG") performance objectives). While these statements are based on our current projections, judgments and future expectations concerning the development of our business, a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors could cause actual developments and results to differ materially from our expectations. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the market general situation, macroeconomic factors, regulatory, political or government guidelines and trends, movements in domestic and international securities markets, currency exchange rates and interest rates, changes in the financial position, creditworthiness or solvency of our customers, debtors or counterparts, as well as our ability to meet ESG expectations or undertakings, which may depend largely on the actions of third parties, such as our decarbonisation targets, etc. These risk factors, together with any other ones mentioned in past or future reports, could adversely affect our business and the levels of performance and results described, including those related to ESG performance. Other unknown or unforeseeable factors, and those whose evolution and potential impact remain uncertain, could also make the results or outcome differ significantly from those described in our projections and estimates.

Statements as to historical performance, historical share price or financial accretion are not intended to mean that future performance, future share price or future earnings for any period will necessarily match or exceed those of any prior year. Nothing in this presentation should be construed as a profit forecast. In addition, it should be noted that although this presentation has been prepared based on accounting registers kept by CaixaBank and by the rest of the Group companies it may contain certain adjustments and reclassifications in order to harmonise the accounting principles and criteria followed by such companies with those followed by CaixaBank, as in the specific case of Banco Português de Investimento ("BPI"), so that, the relevant data included in this presentation may differ from those included in the relevant financial information as published by BPI.

In particular, regarding the data provided by third parties, neither CaixaBank, nor any of its administrators, directors or employees, either explicitly or implicitly, guarantees that these contents are exact, accurate, comprehensive or complete, nor are they obliged to keep them updated, nor to correct them in the case that any deficiency, error or omission were to be detected. Moreover, in

reproducing these contents in by any means, CaixaBank may introduce any changes it deems suitable, may omit partially or completely any of the elements of this presentation, and in case of any deviation between such a version and this one, CaixaBank assumes no liability for any discrepancy. This statement must be taken into account by all those persons or entities that may have to make decisions or prepare or disseminate opinions regarding securities issued by CaixaBank and, in particular, by analysts and investors who handle this document. All of them are encouraged to consult the documentation and public information communicated or registered by CaixaBank with the National Securities Market Commission (Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores, "CNMV"). In particular, it should be noted that this document contains unaudited financial information.

In relation to Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) as defined in the guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority on 5 October 2015 (ESMA/2015/1415), this presentation uses certain APMs, which have not been audited, for a better understanding of the company's financial performance. These measures are considered additional disclosures and in no case replace the financial information prepared under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Moreover, the way the Group defines and calculates these measures may differ to the way similar measures are calculated by other companies. Accordingly, they may not be comparable. Please refer to the Glossary section of the relevant CaixaBank's Business Activity and Results Report for a list of the APMs used along with the relevant reconciliation between certain indicators. Since 1 January 2023, the Group applies IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" to the assets and liabilities assigned to the insurance business, based each of the income statement for the year 2022 and the balance sheet as of 31 December 2022 have been restated for comparative purposes. The Group has also taken into consideration the requirements of IFRS 9, an accounting standard that has already been applied to the banking business for the registration and measurement of its financial assets and liabilities.

This presentation has not been submitted to the CNMV or to any other authority in any other jurisdiction for review or for approval. Its content is regulated by the Spanish law applicable at the date hereto, and it is not addressed to any person or any legal entity located in any other jurisdiction and therefore it may not be compliant with the relevant regulations or legal requirements as applicable in any such other jurisdiction.

Notwithstanding any legal requirements, or any limitations imposed by CaixaBank which may be applicable, permission is hereby expressly refused for any type of use or exploitation of the content of this presentation, and for any use of the signs, trademarks and logotypes contained herein. This prohibition extends to any kind of reproduction, distribution, transmission to third parties, public communication or conversion by any other mean, for commercial purposes, without the previous express consent of CaixaBank and/or other respective proprietary title holders. Any failure to observe this restriction may constitute a sanctionable offense under the current legislation.

NOTE on the restatement of historical financial information under IFRS 17/9:

FY22 financial information was restated in accordance with IFRS 17/9. Trailing twelve-month ratios prior to 4Q22 correspond to those reported under IFRS 4, as historical information was not available for restatement. Refer to the Appendix for the restated historical P&L figures.



Highlights



4Q23 P&L and
Balance Sheet



FY24e
Guidance



Sustainable step-up in profitability supports higher distribution



High-quality net income growth

NET INCOME – FY23

€4.8 Bn

+54% yoy

o/w 4Q: €1.2 Bn +75% yoy

CORE REVENUES – FY23

€15.1 Bn

+32% yoy

o/w 4Q: €4.0 Bn +25% yoy



Improved profitability and efficiency

% ROTE – FY23

15.6 %

+5.9 pp yoy

% C/I – FY23

40.9 %

-9.3 pp yoy



Balance sheet strength

% NPL – YE23

2.7 %

~Stable ytd

% CET1 EX IFRS9 TA – YE23

12.4 %

3.8% MDA buffer⁽¹⁾



Creating value for our shareholders

TBVPS –YE23

€4.20

+19% vs. YE22 PF⁽²⁾

FY23 % PAYOUT⁽³⁾ | DPS⁽³⁾

60% | €0.39

And **NEW SBB** in 1H24e⁽⁴⁾
FY24 % payout: 50-60%⁽⁵⁾

Upgraded
targets

FY24e %RoTE⁽⁶⁾ >15%

2022-24e capital distribution capacity: ~€12 Bn

(1) MDA buffer vs. 2024 SREP (3.9% vs. 2023 SREP). (2) yoy vs. YE22 TBVPS pro-forma excluding FY22 dividend. (3) Cash payout as agreed by the BoD to be presented for approval at the next AGM. (4) It is the intention of CABK, subject to the appropriate regulatory approval, to implement a new SBB (3rd extraordinary distribution during the Strategic Plan period), expected to begin in 1H24 and aimed at bringing YE23 % CET1 closer to 12%. Additional details, including the maximum investment, will be disclosed once the regulatory authorisation is obtained. (5) Cash payout target in the dividend plan for 2024 approved by the BoD in February 2024. To be paid in two cash payments: an interim in November 2024 (30-40% of 1H24 consolidated net profit) and a final dividend in April 2025, subject to final approval by the AGM. (6) FY24e % RoE in line with FY23.



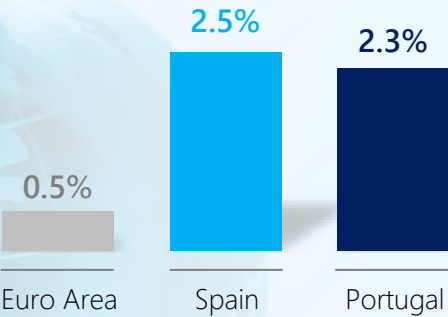
Spain and Portugal outperformed the Euro Area in 2023

and are expected to outperform it again in 2024

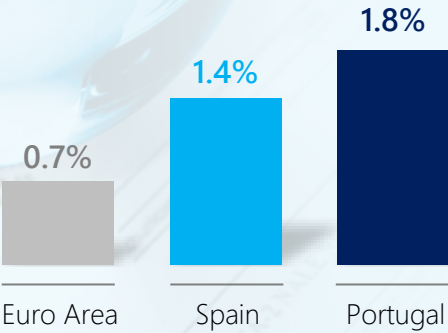
Spain and Portugal show resilience

Real GDP⁽¹⁾, % yoy

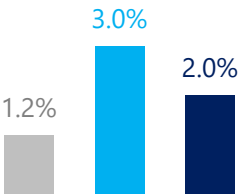
2023



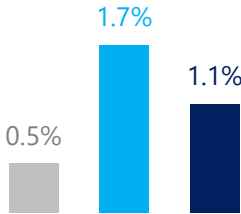
2024e



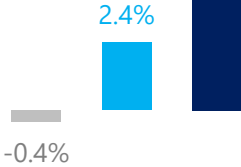
» SOLID EMPLOYMENT...
Employment⁽²⁾⁽³⁾, % yoy



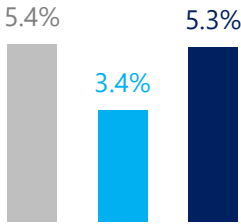
» ...SUPPORTS CONSUMPTION
Real consumption⁽²⁾, % yoy



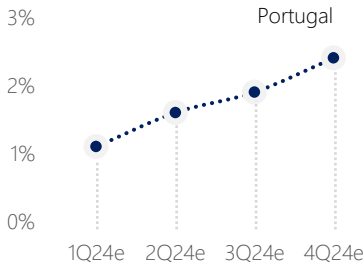
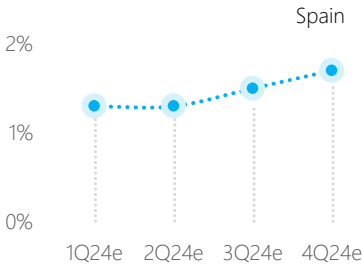
» EXPORTS ALSO FARE BETTER
Real exports⁽²⁾, % yoy



» LOWER INFLATION
Headline inflation⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾, % yoy



» EXPECTING STRONGER ECONOMIC ACTIVITY IN 2H24E VS. 1H24E
Real GDP⁽¹⁾, % yoy



» **Employment** and **disposable income** to support consumption

» **Tourism** flows and spending

» Higher **NGEU** investments

» **Declining inflation**

(1) Source: CaixaBank Research (2024e forecasts as of December 2023). (2) Source: Eurostat and INE. Based on latest available data. For Euro Area and Portugal, consumption, employment and exports: average quarterly % change yoy in 9M23. For Spain, consumption, employment and exports: annual average yoy in FY23. For inflation: annual average yoy in FY23. (3) Labour force survey. (4) Harmonised index (HICP).

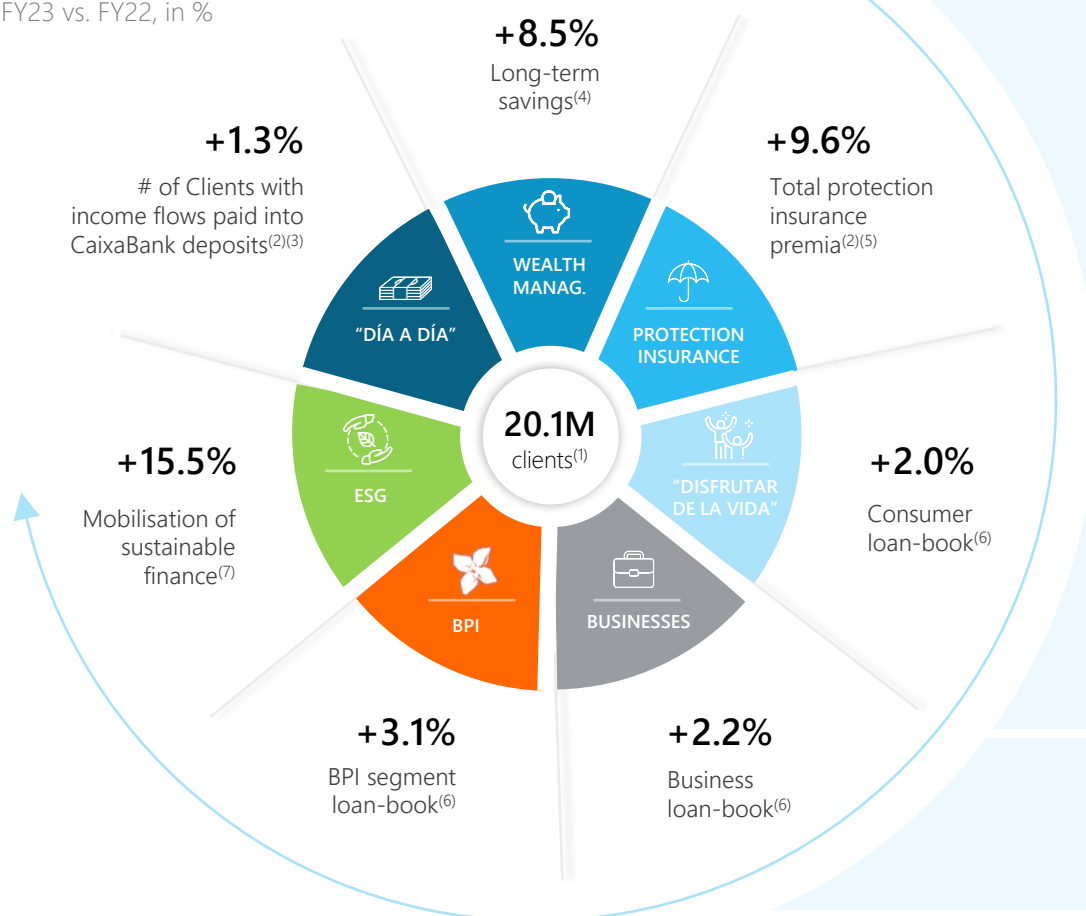


Strong commercial activity throughout the year

—in a highly competitive environment

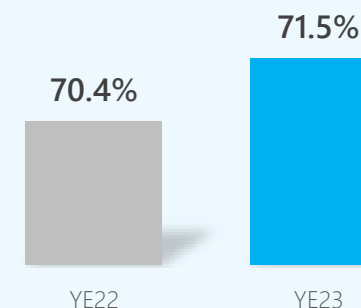
FOCUS ON CLIENTS AND COVERING THEIR BANCASSURANCE NEEDS

FY23 vs. FY22, in %



INCREASED RELATIONAL CLIENT BASE

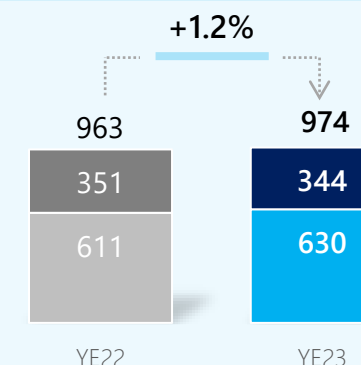
% of relational individual clients⁽⁸⁾ (Spain)



HIGHER BUSINESS VOLUMES

€Bn

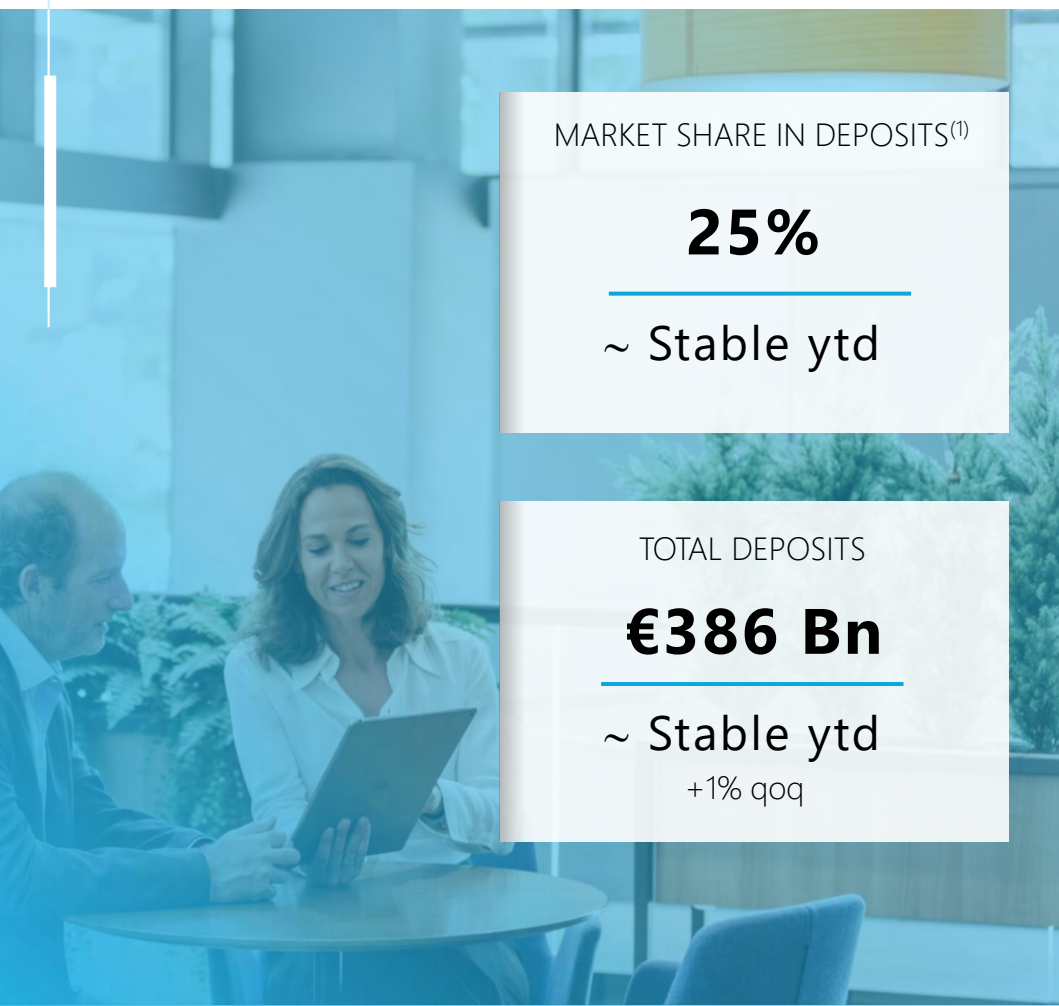
■ Performing loans
■ Customer funds



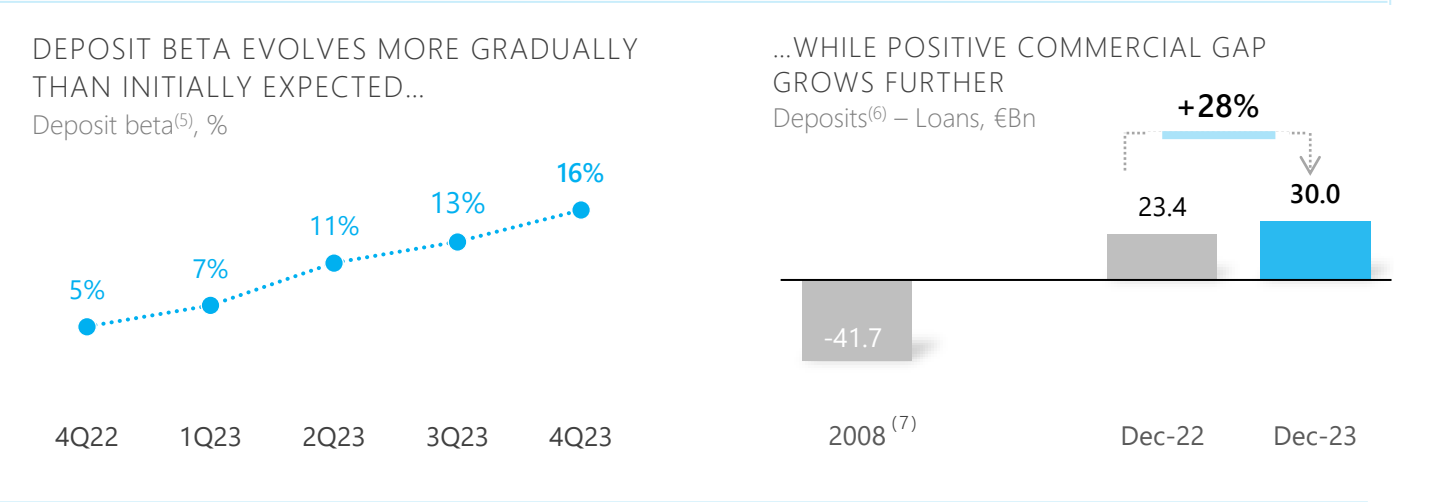
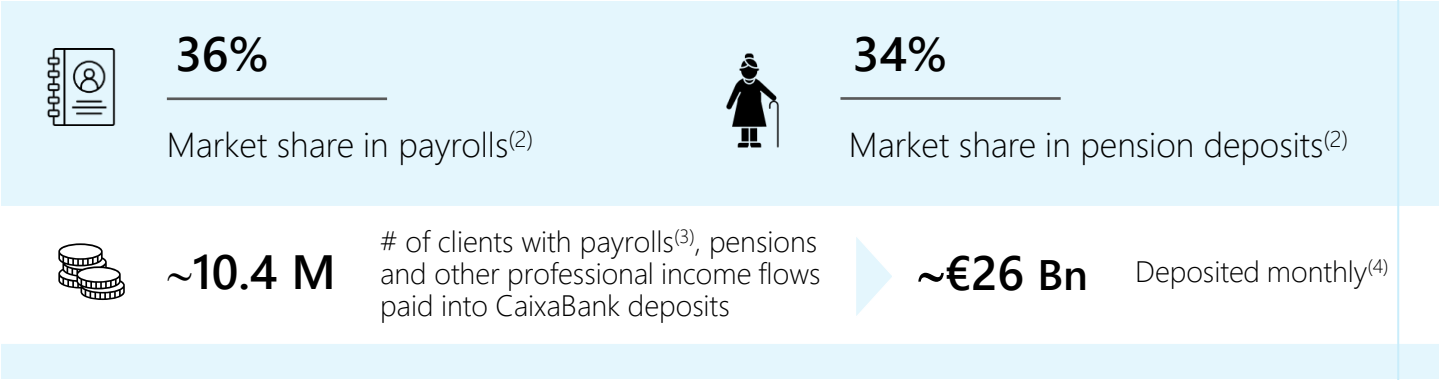
(1) Clients in Spain and Portugal. (2) CaixaBank ex BPI. (3) Including payrolls, pensions, unemployment benefits and other professional income flows. (4) Customer funds in savings insurance, mutual funds (including portfolios and SICAVs), and pension plans. (5) Earned premia. Includes VidaCaixa life-risk premia plus SegurCaixa Adeslas non-life premia sold through the bancassurance network. (6) Performing loan-book. (7) Refer to the Appendix (Glossary) for the definition. (8) Individual clients with 3 or more product families.



Volumes and beta evolution underscore **deposit franchise strength**



LEADER IN CLIENT INCOME FLOWS



(1) Deposits of households and non-financial businesses, in Spain. December 2023, based on Bank of Spain latest available data. (2) In Spain, December 2023. Own calculations based on Social Security data. (3) Including unemployment benefits. (4) Deposited monthly in demand deposits from payrolls, unemployment benefits, pensions and other professional income flows. (5) Deposit beta is based on the ECB Deposit Facility Rate ("DFR") and is calculated from when the current rate tightening cycle started in Sep. 2022 (i.e. once the DFR crossed the 0% threshold). It excludes the effect of structural hedges, FX and international branch deposits of CaixaBank ex BPI. (6) Demand and time deposits (excludes retail securities). (7) Data corresponding to the scope of Group "la Caixa".



Net inflows up to €5.3Bn ytd underpinned by savings insurance

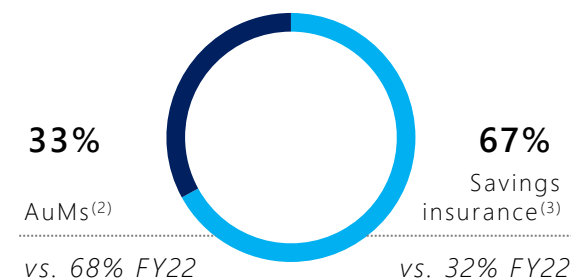
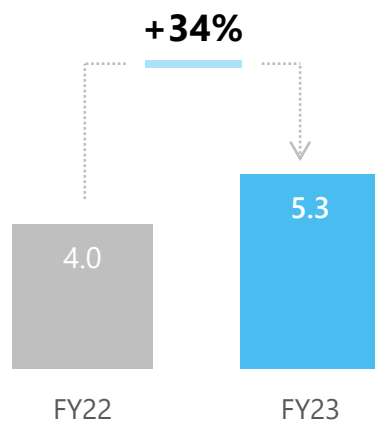
as higher long-term yields allow for attractive annuity offering



STRONG GROWTH IN NET INFLOWS MAINLY DRIVEN BY ANNUITIES

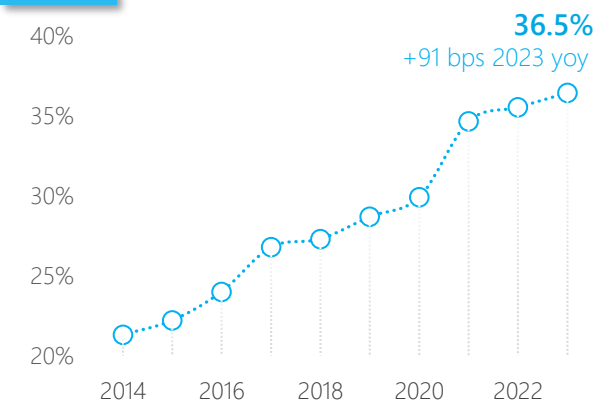
Net inflows into l/t savings⁽¹⁾, €Bn

FY23: Breakdown of net inflows into l/t savings, % of total



MARKET SHARE GAINS

Market share in savings insurance⁽⁴⁾, %

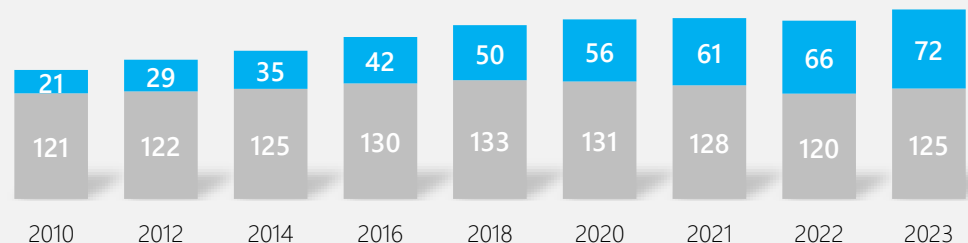


Seizing potential

While driving growth in the Spanish market

Spanish life-savings insurance market⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾: AuMS in €Bn

■ Rest of the market ■ VidaCaixa



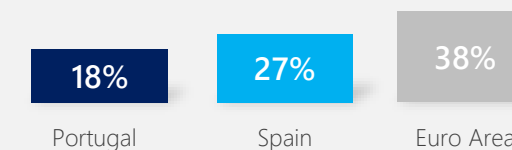
Δ 2010-23

€51Bn

€4Bn Sector ex VidaCaixa

Ample untapped potential

L/T savings⁽¹⁾, in % of total household savings⁽⁵⁾





Continued growth in protection insurance on the back of MyBox

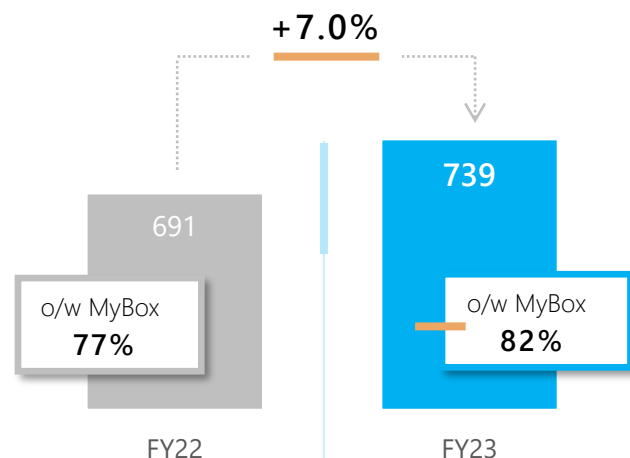


Sustained growth in total protection insurance premia⁽¹⁾

+9.6% FY23 yoy

NEW PRODUCTION OF PROTECTION INSURANCE

New production (annualised) of protection⁽²⁾ insurance premia, €M



VidaCaixa **SegurCaixa Adeslas**

Breakdown of FY23 new premia by type of product, in % of total

43%

Life-risk



57%
Non-life



HEALTH 17%



AUTO 16%



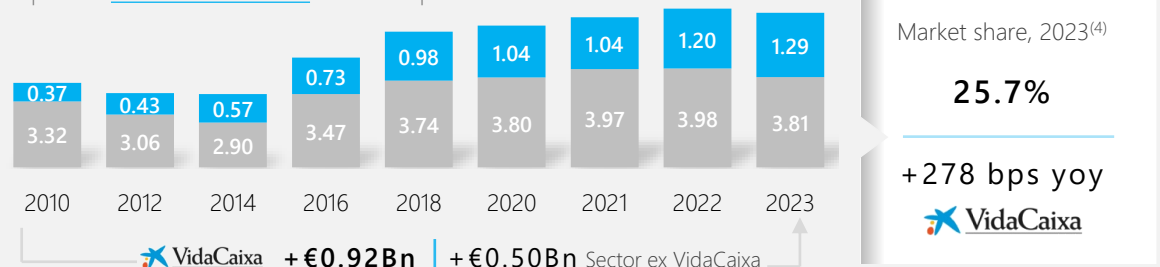
HOME 14%



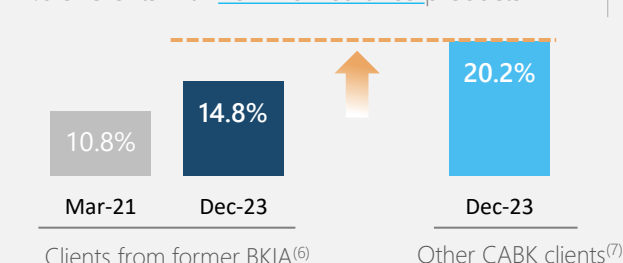
OTHER 10%

Gaining market share while seizing potential

Spanish life-risk insurance market⁽³⁾: premia in €Bn



% of clients with non-life insurance products⁽⁵⁾



(1) Earned premia. Includes VidaCaixa life-risk premia plus SegurCaixa Adeslas non-life premia sold through the bancassurance network. (2) All insurance products (including single premium with multiannual tenor) are presented on an annual basis to facilitate comparisons across all product lines. Including life-risk and non-life. CABK ex BPI and considering premia sold through the bancassurance channel. (3) Based on ICEA data. For 2023, data corresponds to Sep-23 TTM (latest available data). (4) Based on ICEA data. Latest available data (September 2023 with % yoy vs. September 2022). (5) Individual clients in Spain, by origin. Including home, health, dental, auto insurance and other non-life insurance for self-employed. (6) Excluding clients shared by former Bankia network and CABK. (7) CABK clients as of March 2021 (merger date), including those shared with former Bankia.

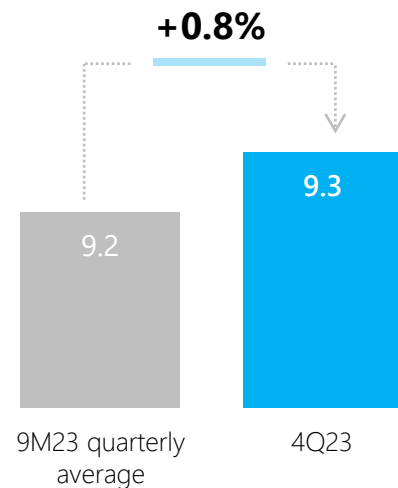


Positive new lending dynamics in Q4 –with higher yields

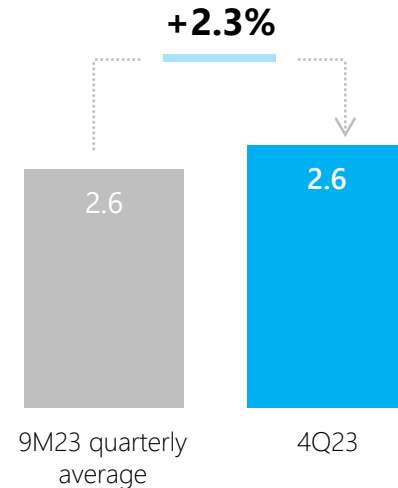
New lending – €Bn (Group ex BPI)



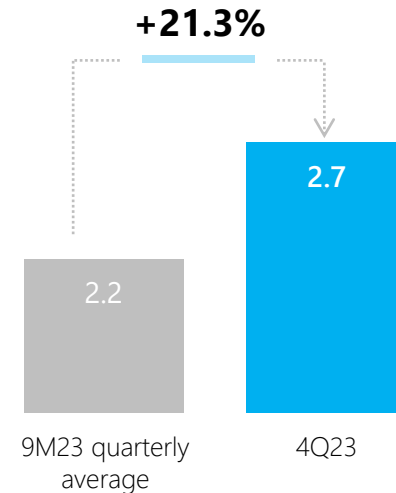
Business lending⁽¹⁾



Consumer lending

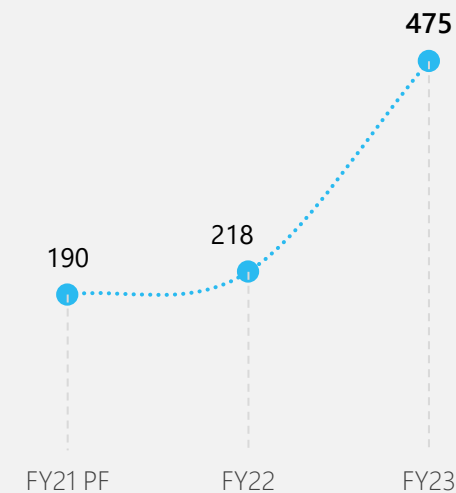


Mortgages



LOAN FB YIELDS

In bps ⁽²⁾



484 bps

4Q23

+169 bps vs. 4Q22

(1) Includes Business Banking, RE business, Corporate Banking in Spain and International Branches. Includes loans and credit facilities (excludes working capital). (2) Group ex BPI. Yields are compiled from long-term lending production data (loans and credit facilities, including those that are syndicated) of CaixaBank,S.A., MicroBank; excluding public sector. FY21 PF includes 1Q21 of Bankia.



BPI: steady efficiency gains and higher profitability

underpinned by strong operational performance and a solid balance sheet



MARKET SHARE GAINS

Market share in Portugal⁽¹⁾, %

Δ yoy, pp



Total loans

11.7%

+0.3



Mortgages

14.4%

+0.5



Business loans

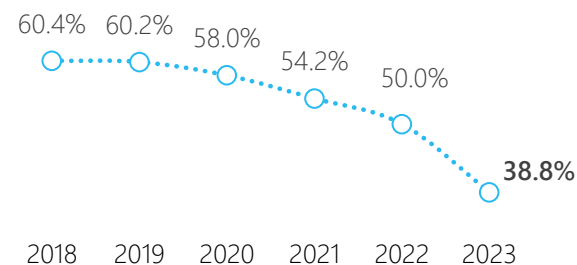
11.4%

+0.3



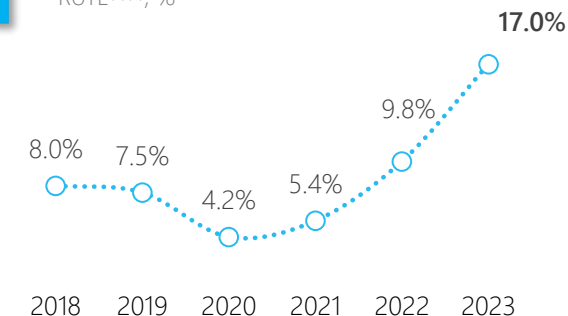
STEADY EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENT

Core C/I ratio⁽²⁾, %



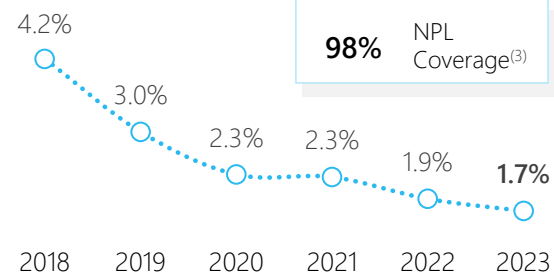
HIGHER PROFITABILITY

RoTE⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾, %



STRONG CREDIT RISK METRICS

% NPL⁽³⁾



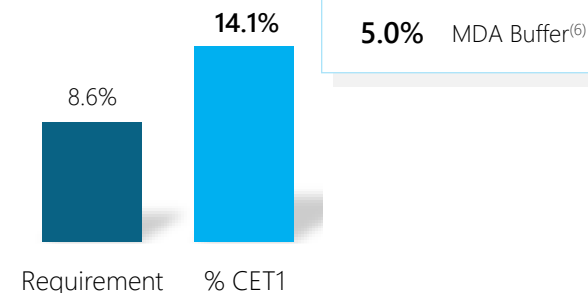
98%

NPL Coverage⁽³⁾



SOLID CAPITAL POSITION

% CET1 vs. requirement⁽⁵⁾



5.0%

MDA Buffer⁽⁶⁾



RATING UPGRADES

In 2023

FitchRatings

BBB+ (From BBB)

Moody's⁽⁷⁾

Baa1 (From Baa2)

DBRS Covered bonds

AA (From AA low)

(1) Source: Bank of Portugal, latest available data (December 2023). (2) As reported by BPI. 2022 figure restated under IFRS 17/9. 2018-21 data presented as reported historically (IFRS 4). (3) BPI segment. (4) 2022 figure restated under IFRS17/9. 2018-21 data presented as reported historically (IFRS 4). (5) % CET1 including IFRS 9 TA vs. requirement (SREP) for 1 January 2024. (6) Based on requirement (SREP) for 1 January 2024. (7) Additionally, Moody's upgraded the rating for Covered Bonds to Aaa (from Aa2).



Advancing our sustainability aims

while strengthening our commitments to clients and society

Mobilisation of sustainable finance⁽¹⁾
since Strategic Plan inception

€50.8 Bn | 79% of 2022-24 target

NZBA founding member: **2030**
decarbonisation **targets for 5 sectors**⁽²⁾



Power generation: -30% kgCO₂e/MWh



Oil & Gas: -23% MtCO₂e



Coal: -100%, exposure in €M



Auto: -33% gCO₂/vkm



Iron & Steel: -[10-20%] KgCO₂e/t steel

- » **DJSI**: Amongst the most sustainable banks worldwide (#2 in Europe)
- » **1st** Spanish bank to publish an ESG solicited rating: rating of "2" by Sustainable Fitch⁽³⁾
- » **Top UN rating** in sustainable investment⁽⁴⁾ (VCX, CAM, BPI GA)
- » **Best bank** for Sustainability and in Corporate Responsibility in Spain 2023 by Euromoney
- » **Leader** in 2019-2023 SDG bond issues⁽⁵⁾
- » **Top 3** worldwide in gender equality (Bloomberg Gender Equality Index)



Member of
Dow Jones Sustainability Indices
Powered by the S&P Global CSA



A UNIQUE WAY OF BANKING



Financial inclusion

- The only bank in 483 towns + 783 w/mobile branch⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾
- ~360 K clients with social or basic accounts⁽⁶⁾

MicroBank



- >140,000 microcredits granted in 2023⁽⁶⁾
- ~330,000 jobs created since inception⁽⁶⁾



Solutions with social impact

- >10K social housing units;
- ~850 new social rents⁽⁶⁾
- ~6,400 CGP applications⁽⁶⁾

Social projects



- Volunteering programme: >17K participants (2023); >370,000 beneficiaries (2023)⁽⁶⁾
- Collaboration w/ "la Caixa" Foundation



(1) Refer to the appendix (glossary) for definition. (2) 2020-30 for "Power Generation" and "Oil & Gas"; 2022-30 for others. (3) Rating range: 1-5 with 1 being the best rating. (4) In "Policy, Governance and Strategy". (5) Source: Dealogic. (6) In Spain. (7) As of January 2024.

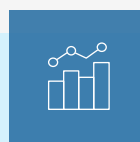


High-quality net income growth

Supported by solid activity and rate normalisation

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

€M	FY23	% yoy
Net interest income	10,113	+54.3%
Net fees + insurance revenues⁽¹⁾	5,023	+1.5%
Income from investments (ex insurance investments) ⁽²⁾	196	-12.0%
Trading	235	-28.3%
Other operating income/expenses	(1,337)	+38.9%
Gross income	14,231	+28.3%
Total operating expenses	(5,822)	+4.4%
Pre-impairment income	8,410	+52.4%
LLPs	(1,097)	+11.7%
Other provisions	(248)	+91.1%
Gains/losses on disposals and other	(141)	+61.3%
Tax, minority & other	(2,108)	+77.0%
Net income	4,816	+53.9%
<i>Pro memoria</i>		
Core revenues⁽³⁾	15,137	+31.6%



Higher revenues

Core revenues up 32% yoy in line with guidance



Improved efficiency

Costs aligned with guidance with C/I down to a new historical minimum (40.9%)



CoR remains at low levels

(28 bps ttm) and comfortably meeting FY guidance



Net income growth

Net income up 54% yoy to €4.8 Bn
–with % RoTE ttm up to 15.6%⁽⁴⁾

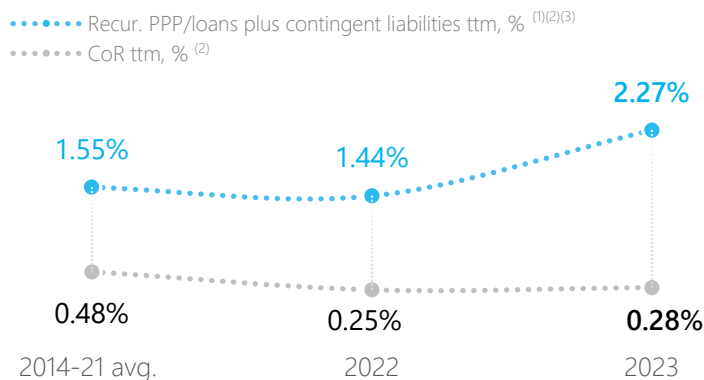
(1) Net fees plus insurance service plus equity accounted income from SCA and revenues from other insurance investments. (2) Dividends plus equity accounted income from investments, excluding insurance. (3) NII + net fees + insurance revenues. (4) % RoE ttm at 13.2%.



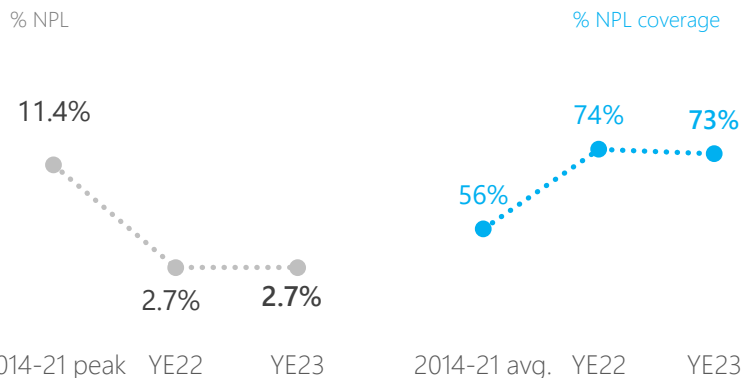
Facing the future from the strongest financial position in 10+ years

Step-up in profitability backed by a robust balance sheet

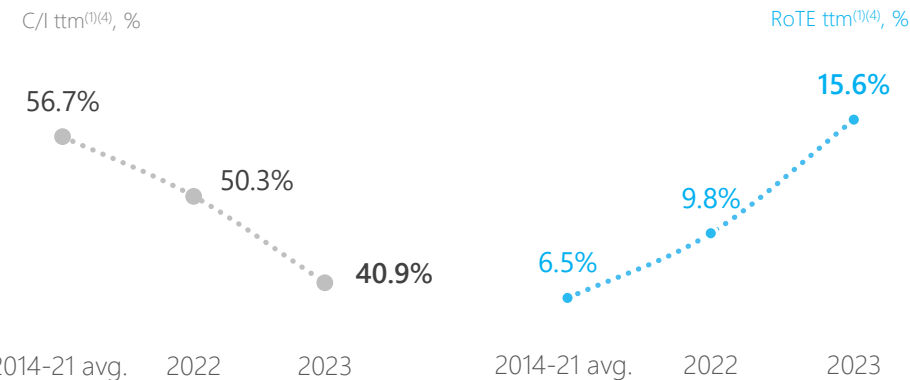
HIGHER ABILITY TO ABSORB CoR



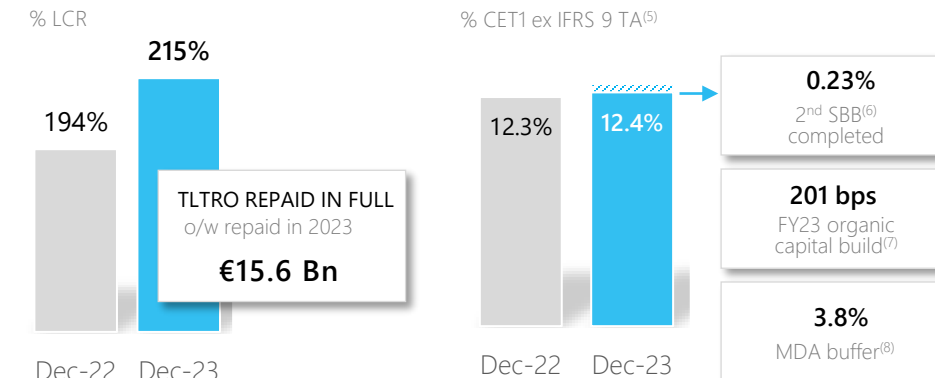
LOW %NPL WITH HIGH COVERAGE



STEEP IMPROVEMENT IN EFFICIENCY AND PROFITABILITY



AMPLE LIQUIDITY AND HIGHER CAPITAL BUILD



(1) 2022-23 under new accounting standards; 2014-21 based on previously reported figures (IFRS 4). (2) 2020-21 PF including Bankia for 12 months. (3) 2023 adjusted excluding the extraordinary banking tax. (4) 2021 RoTE and %C/I adjusted excluding M&A one-offs. (5) Dec-22 under IFRS 17/9. (6) Second extraordinary SBB executed between September 2023 and January 2024. (7) Excludes dividend accrual, AT1 coupons and impacts from markets and other. (8) % CET1 including IFRS 9 TA vs. 2024 SREP: 380 bps; 386 bps vs. 2023 SREP.



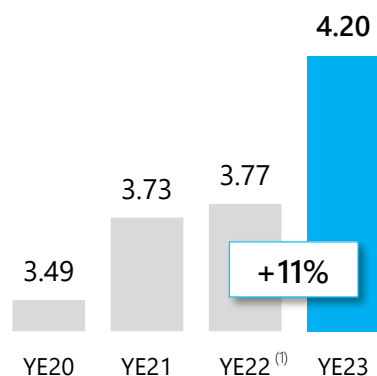
Strong financials support higher shareholder distributions

2023

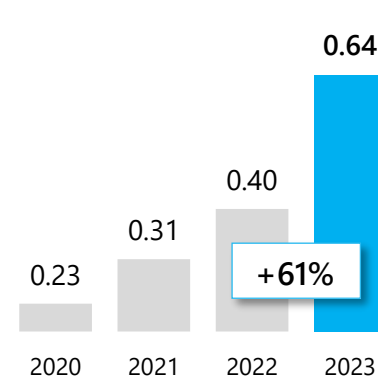


INCREASED TBVPS

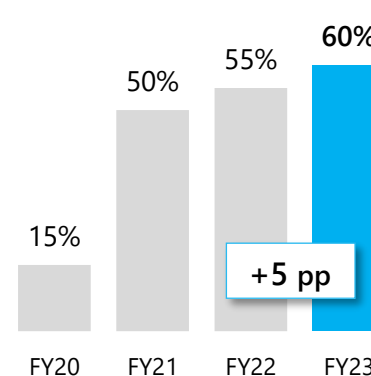
TBVPS, €



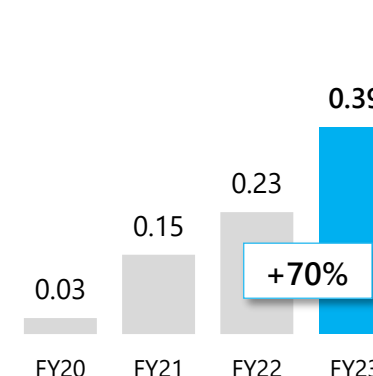
INCREASED EPS

EPS⁽²⁾ in €

% INCREASED PAYOUT

Cash payout⁽³⁾, %

INCREASED DPS

DPS⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾, €

EXTRAORDINARY DISTRIBUTIONS

€500 M

2nd extraordinary SBB
already completed⁽⁵⁾

3rd extraordinary SBB
to begin in 1H24e⁽⁵⁾

2024

ORDINARY DIVIDEND⁽⁶⁾

50-60%

Cash Payout target

- **Interim dividend** in Nov-24e
(30-40% of 1H24 result)
- **Final dividend** in April 2025e

2022-24

ORDINARY PAYOUT TOPPED UP BY EXTRAORDINARY DISTRIBUTION

2022-24E CAPITAL DISTRIBUTION CAPACITY⁽⁷⁾

UPGRADED STRATEGIC
AMBITION

~€12 Bn

(vs. c.€9 Bn
initial target)

o/w ~€6.9 Bn
including

- FY22 dividend already paid
- FY23 dividend announced⁽³⁾
- 1st and 2nd SBB already executed⁽⁵⁾

(1) IFRS 17/9. (2) Profit attributed to the Group, ex M&A impacts in 2021, divided by the average number of shares outstanding. (3) FY23: dividend payable against fiscal year results as agreed by the Board for proposal to the next AGM. (4) DPS rounded to nearest € cent and calculated as total dividend against each fiscal year result divided by year-end outstanding shares. FY23: total dividend divided by outstanding shares as of end of Dec-2023 excluding those repurchased under 2nd SBB (€500M completed on 3 January 2024). (5) 1st extraordinary SBB (€1.8 Bn) executed in 2022. 2nd extraordinary SBB: €500M executed between September 2023 and January 2024. 3rd extraordinary SBB: it is the intention of CABK, subject to the appropriate regulatory approval, to implement a new extraordinary SBB (the 3rd one during the Strategic Plan period) expected to begin in 1H24 and aimed at bringing YE23 % CET1 closer to 12%. Additional details, including the maximum amount of the SBB, will be disclosed in due course and once approved. (6) Dividend plan for 2024 approved by the BoD in February 2024. (7) Includes 2022 SBB plus capital generated in 2022-24 in excess of 12% CET1 ratio (ex IFRS 9 TA).



Highlights



4Q23 P&L and
Balance Sheet



FY24e
Guidance



2023 ends on a strong note for customer funds

Underpinned by steady growth in long-term savings and deposit resilience

CUSTOMER FUNDS⁽¹⁾ – 31 December 2023

€630 Bn

+3.1% ytd

+1.8% qoq

Of which:



LONG-TERM SAVINGS⁽²⁾

+8.5% ytd

+3.0 qoq



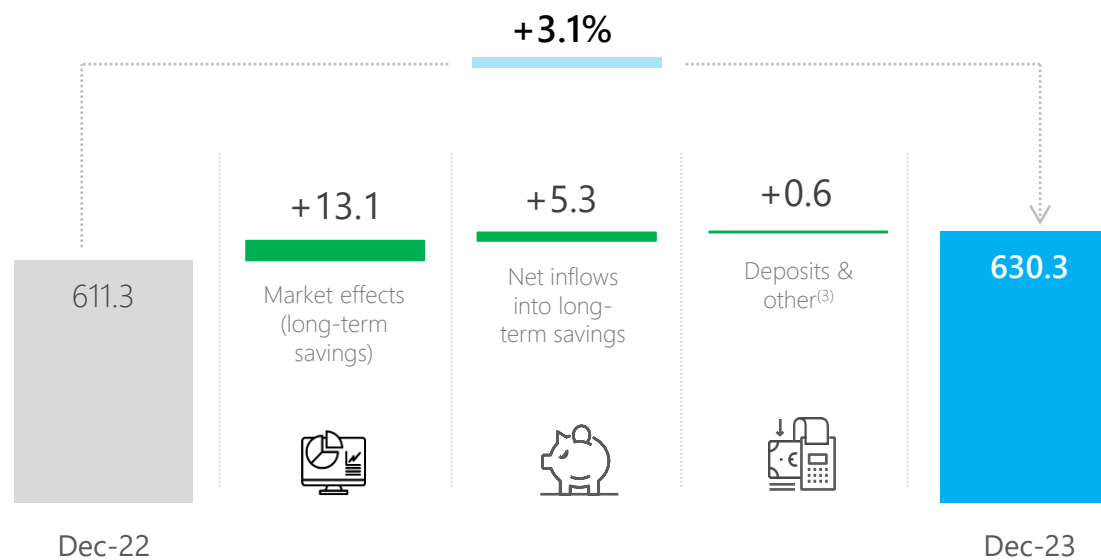
DEPOSITS AND OTHER⁽³⁾

+0.2% ytd

+1.0% qoq

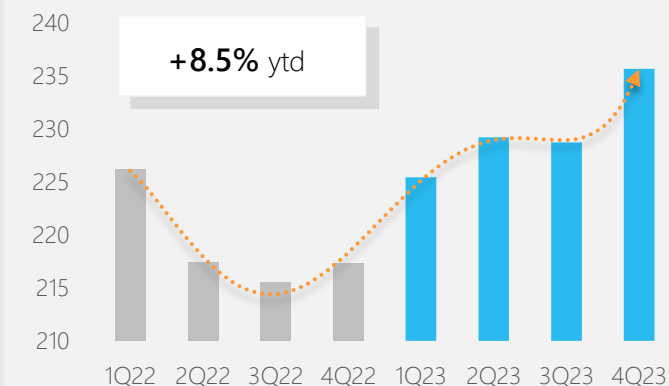
Customer fund growth with support from **net inflows** into long-term savings **and markets**

Customer funds ytd waterfall, €Bn



STRONG RECOVERY IN L/T SAVINGS IN 2023

Long-term savings, €Bn eop



(1) Refer to the Appendix for additional details.

(2) Mutual funds, managed portfolios and SICAVs; pension plans and life-savings insurance (on-balance sheet, including unit linked, and off-balance sheet).

(3) Deposits (including retail security issuances), other funds and other managed resources.



Loan-book broadly stable in the quarter

with continued support from business and consumer lending

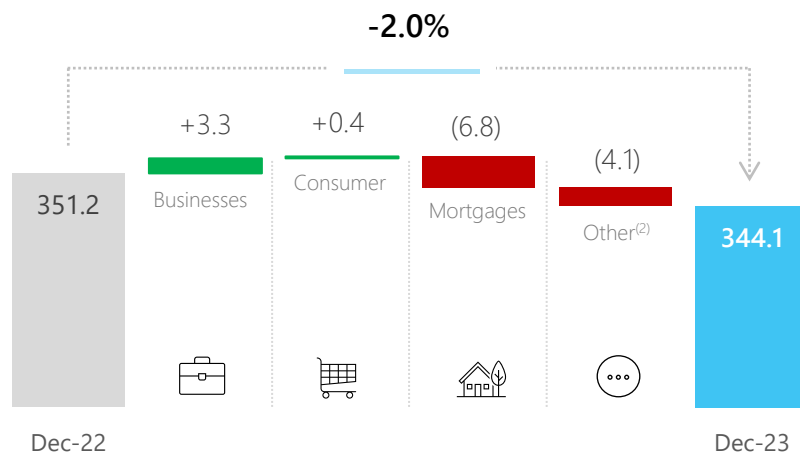
PERFORMING LOAN BOOK⁽¹⁾ – 31 Dec. 2023**€344 Bn****-2.0% ytd** | -0.4% qoq

Of which:

**+2.2% ytd**BUSINESS
LENDING**+1.0% qoq****+2.0% ytd**CONSUMER
LENDING**+0.3% qoq****-5.0% ytd**RESIDENTIAL
MORTGAGES**-1.2% qoq**

GROWTH IN BUSINESS LENDING AND CONSUMER LENDING YTD OFFSET BY STRUCTURAL DELEVERAGING IN MORTGAGES AND PUBLIC SECTOR

Performing loan-book waterfall ytd, €Bn



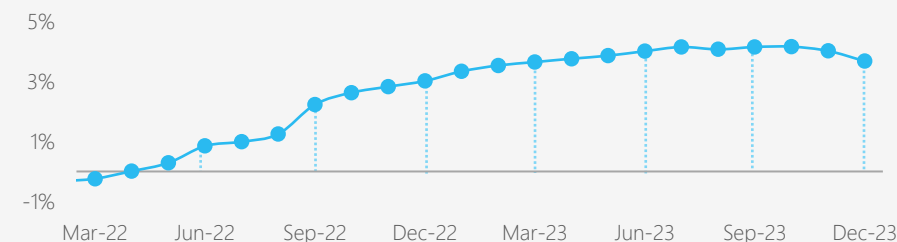
**Q4 qoq supported
by positive evolution
in new lending**

New lending to the private
sector: 4Q23 vs. 9M23
quarterly average⁽³⁾, %

+4.3%

FLOATING MORTGAGE BOOK INDEX RESETS CONTINUE

Euribor 12 months (monthly average)

**<30%**

Affordability
ratio with
E12M at
4.5%⁽⁵⁾

% of performing floating mortgages⁽⁴⁾ repriced at:

Euribor ≤ 2%	100%	76%	45%	25%	13%	6%
2% < Euribor ≤ 3%	0%	24%	35%	20%	18%	11%
3% < Euribor ≤ 4%	0%	0%	20%	55%	50%	34%
Euribor > 4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	19%	49%



(1) Refer to the Appendix for additional details. (2) Includes "Public sector" and "Other loans to individuals-other". (3) Includes new mortgages, new consumer lending and new business lending in Spain and International Branches. (4) Individual client mortgages. Two thirds of individual client mortgages are floating. CABK ex BPI. Historical figures for Dec-22 were restated. (5) Internal estimates referred to floating-rate residential mortgages of clients with income flows paid into CaixaBank. CABK ex BPI.

4Q net income +75% yoy on higher revenues and lower LLCs

4Q23 P&L HIGHLIGHTS

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

€M	4Q23	4Q22	% yoy	% qoq
Net interest income	2,749	1,970	+39.5%	+0.4%
Net fees and commissions	917	959	-4.4%	+2.5%
Insurance service result	321	277	+15.9%	+8.0%
Dividends ⁽¹⁾	18	32	-42.8%	
Equity accounted	35	30	+15.9%	-65.1%
Trading	21	11	+98.1%	-70.9%
Other operating income/expenses ⁽²⁾	(519)	(477)	+8.7%	
Gross income	3,542	2,801	+26.4%	-11.8%
Recurring operating expenses	(1,447)	(1,376)	+5.2%	-1.6%
Extraordinary operating expenses		(15)		
Pre-impairment income	2,095	1,410	+48.6%	-17.6%
Loan-loss charges	(359)	(434)	-17.3%	+27.4%
Other provisions ⁽³⁾	(53)	(6)		-44.2%
Gains/losses on disposals and other ⁽⁴⁾	(53)	(32)	+66.0%	
Pre-tax income	1,630	938	+73.8%	-23.8%
Tax, minority & other	(473)	(278)	+69.9%	-23.4%
Net income	1,157	659	+75.5%	-24.0%
<i>Pro memoria</i>				
Core revenues⁽⁵⁾	4,009	3,215	+24.7%	-0.2%
o/w Fees + Insurance revenues	1,260	1,245	+1.2%	-1.5%
Core operating income⁽⁶⁾	2,562	1,839	+39.3%	+0.6%

REVENUES

- Strong revenue growth yoy on the back of core revenues⁽⁵⁾, with evolution qoq mainly reflecting seasonal factors
 - NII up 40% yoy on wider margins; first full quarter with 0% MRR remuneration
 - Fees mainly reflect lower account maintenance fees yoy, with rebound qoq supported by AM, insurance and CIB
 - Strong growth in insurance revenues yoy underpinned by higher activity; qoq affected by (+) seasonality at SCA in Q3
 - Non-core revenues yoy reflect TEF dividend in 4Q22; and qoq, DGF charge compounded by lower trading

COSTS

- Recurrent costs evolve in line with FY guidance
- Positive jaws drive double-digit growth yoy in pre-impairment income

PROVISIONS

- Lower LLCs yoy despite prudent YE provisioning
- CoR TTM at 28 bps, comfortably aligned with guidance
- Evolution of other provisions and gains and losses affected by non-recurrent items

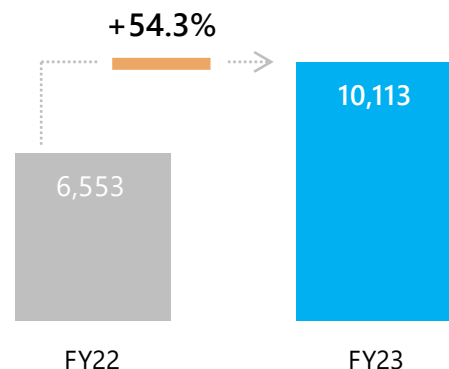
(1) Includes in 4Q23 singular dividends from minority investments in financial companies and, in 4Q22, TEF dividend (note that TEF dividend in 2023 was accrued in full in 1Q23). (2) It includes the annual DGF charge: -€419M pre-tax in 4Q23 (-€407M 4Q22). Additionally, in 4Q23, it includes -€39M (pre-tax) corresponding to the cash disbursement of historical DGF charges in Portugal that were previously fulfilled through irrevocable payment commitments for which collateral had been provided. (3) yoy evolution affected by a positive one-off provision release in 4Q22. (4) Yoy affected by non-recurrent factors both in 4Q22 and 4Q23 including intangible impairments in 4Q23 and disposal of singular building in 4Q22. (5) NII + fees + insurance revenues (including insurance service result, equity accounted income from SCA and revenues from other insurance investments). (6) Core revenues minus recurrent expenses.

FY23 NII +54% yoy and in line with upgraded guidance

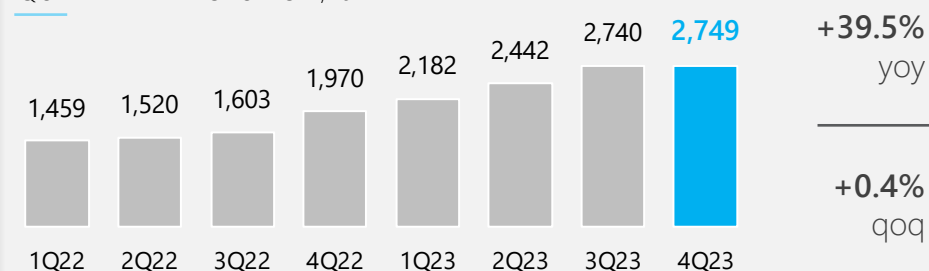
with continued support from loan index resets

NII GROWTH

€M

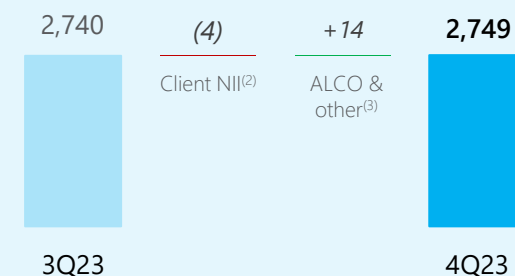


QUARTERLY EVOLUTION, €M

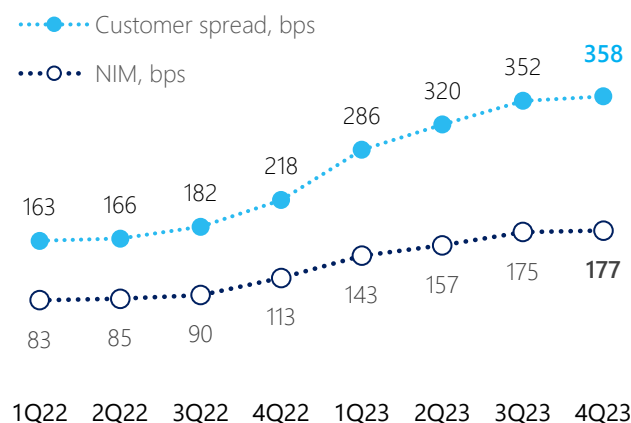


4Q qoq

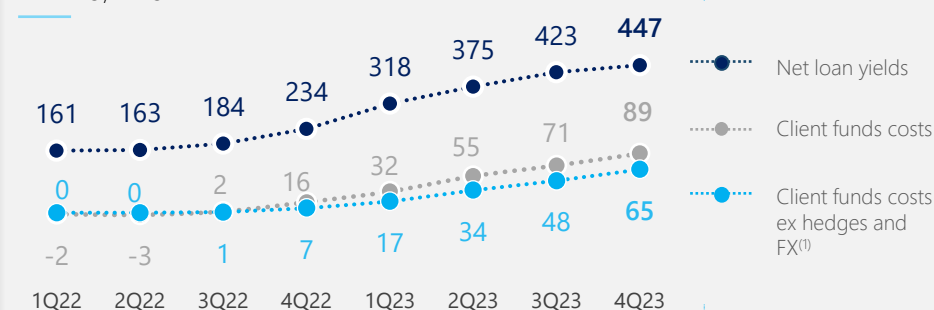
NII bridge qoq, €M



MARGINS EXPANSION WITH CONTINUED SUPPORT FROM LOAN YIELDS



YIELDS, BPS



- Client NII:** mostly reflects deposit beta⁽⁴⁾ development (16% in 4Q23, vs. 13% in Q3, with 20% of deposits being remunerated⁽⁵⁾, vs. 16% in Q3) partly offset by positive loan index resets
- ALCO⁽⁶⁾ & other:** positive contribution mainly driven by higher liquidity partly offset by end of MRR remuneration

FY23 NII at €10.1 Bn
in line with upgraded guidance

(1) Costs of client funds of the Group excluding structural hedges, FX and international branch deposits of CaixaBank ex BPI. (2) Includes NII from insurance. (3) Interest income and expenses from the ALCO portfolio, institutional debt issued and interbank facilities (including impact from end of remuneration of MRR). (4) Deposit beta is based on the ECB Deposit Facility Rate ("DFR") and is calculated from when the current rate tightening cycle started in Sep. 2022 (i.e. once the DFR crossed the 0% threshold). It excludes the effect of structural hedges, FX and international branch deposits of CaixaBank ex BPI. (5) % of remunerated client deposits (excluding employees) over total deposit balances. (6) Refer to the Appendix for additional details on ALCO portfolio.

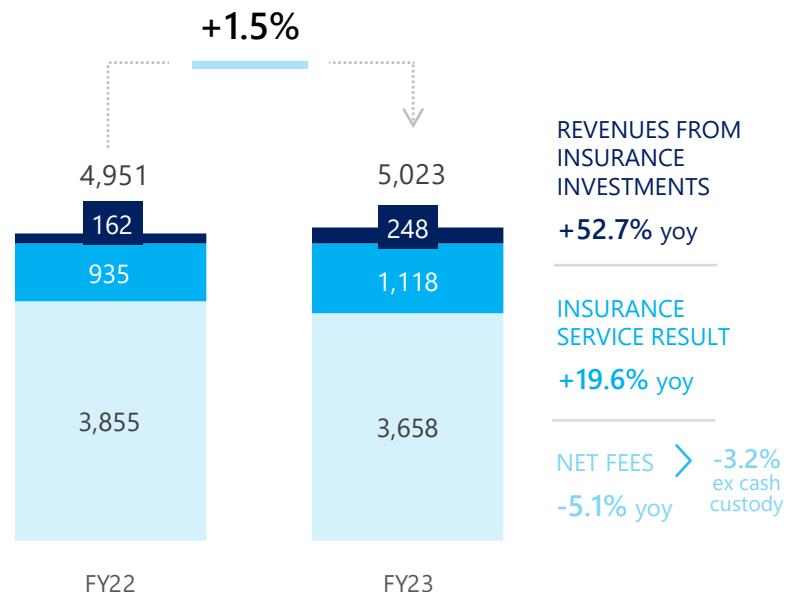
Bancassurance services also contribute to core revenue growth

Higher insurance revenues more than offset subdued banking fees



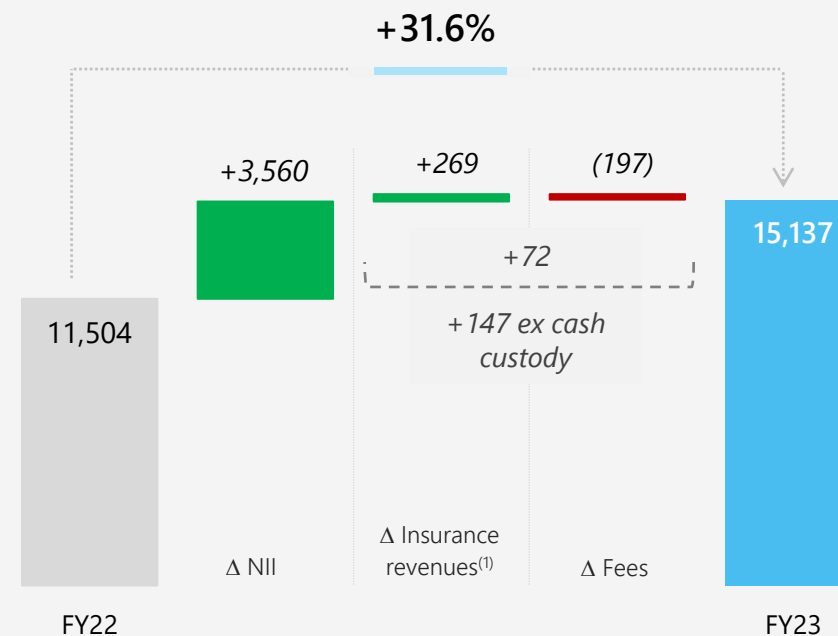
NET FEES + INSURANCE REVENUES

€M



CORE REVENUE BRIDGE

€M



Total core revenues at €15.1 Bn in line with upgraded FY guidance

(1) Insurance revenues other than those contributing to fees or NII. They include "Insurance Service Result", equity accounted income from SCA and revenues from other insurance investments.

A strong performance in insurance revenues yoy

while fees recover in Q4 on continued support from AM and improvement in insurance and CIB

INSURANCE REVENUES

Breakdown by main categories in €M and %

	4Q23	% yoy	% qoq	FY23	% yoy
INSURANCE SERVICE RESULT	321	+15.9%	+8.0%	1,118	+19.6%
 LIFE-RISK INSURANCE	186	+6.6%	-2.7%	698	+18.4%
 LIFE SAVINGS INSURANCE	91	+38.3%	+5.6%	320	+30.3%
 UNIT LINKED	44	+20.1%		100	+0.8%
 REVENUES FROM INSURANCE INVEST. ⁽¹⁾	22		-74.5%	248	+52.7%
TOTAL	343	+19.8%	-10.6%	1,366	+24.5%

- **Life-risk:** up yoy on solid commercial activity and lower claims; qoq reflects (+) one-offs in Q3
- **Life-saving:** strong and continued growth yoy on higher activity
- **Unit linked:** gradual recovery from 2022 market impacts compounded qoq by year-end success fees
- **Revenues from insurance investments:** mainly reflect (+) seasonality at SCA in Q3; yoy affected by non-recurrent items

NET FEES

Breakdown by main category in €M and %

	4Q23	% yoy	% qoq	FY23	% yoy
RECURRENT BANKING ⁽²⁾	446	-10.2%	-1.9%	1,830	-9.4%
ASSET MANAGEMENT ⁽³⁾	315	+7.3%	+3.9%	1,193	+0.7%
INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION	100	+6.4%	+6.7%	394	-1.6%
WHOLESALE BANKING	56	-25.4%	+28.6%	240	-3.6%
TOTAL	917	-4.4%	+2.5%	3,658	-5.1%

-3.2% ex cash custody

- **Recurrent banking:** mainly reflect lower account maintenance fees
- **AM:** growth underpinned by higher average balances, boosted qoq by pension plan success fees
- **Insurance distribution:** positive dynamics on higher activity; FY yoy affected by non-recurrent factors
- **Wholesale banking:** lower activity yoy with some recovery in Q4

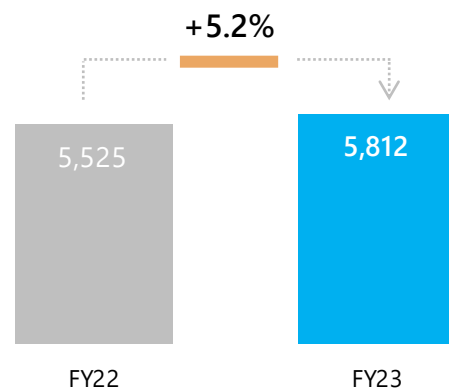
(1) Includes equity accounted income from SCA and revenues from other insurance investments. FY23 includes positive one-off in 1Q23 from the revaluation of the stake at IMQ (+€34M). (2) FY yoy ex cash custody fees: -5.9%. (3) Includes fees from mutual funds, managed portfolios, SICAVs, pension plans and some unit linked products at BPI that are not affected by IFRS 17/9.



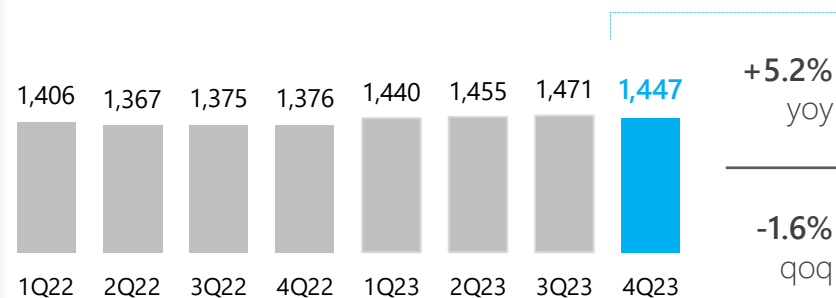
Recurrent costs evolve in line with FY guidance with a **steep improvement in operational efficiency**

RECURRENT COSTS EVOLVE AS GUIDED WITH %C/I AT HISTORICAL LOWS

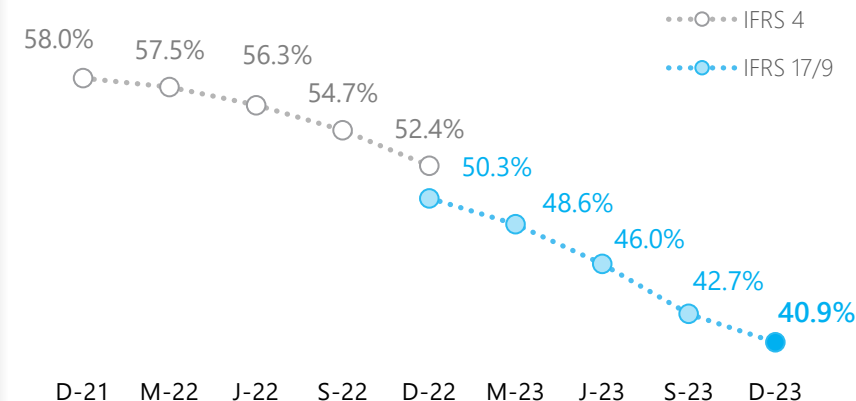
Recurrent costs, €M



RECURRENT COSTS, €M



C/I TTM⁽¹⁾, %

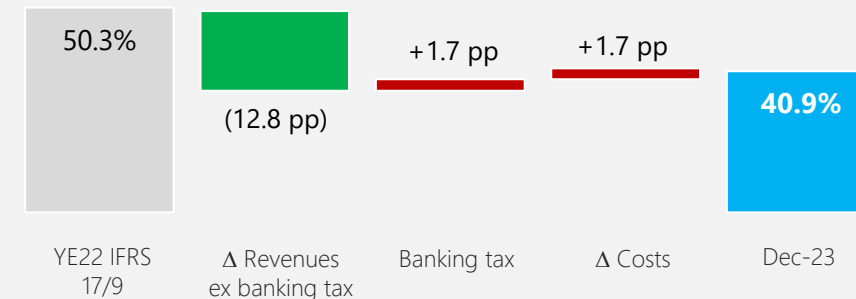


FY23 at €5.8 Bn as guided

Recurrent cost breakdown by main category, €M and %

	4Q23	% yoy	% qoq	FY23	% yoy
PERSONNEL	875	+4.6%	-2.4%	3,516	+4.7%
GENERAL EXPENSES	373	+6.0%	-1.9%	1,522	+6.1%
DEPRECIATION	200	+6.2%	+2.5%	774	+6.0%
TOTAL	1,447	+5.2%	-1.6%	5,812	+5.2%

C/I ttm bridge ytd, % and pp



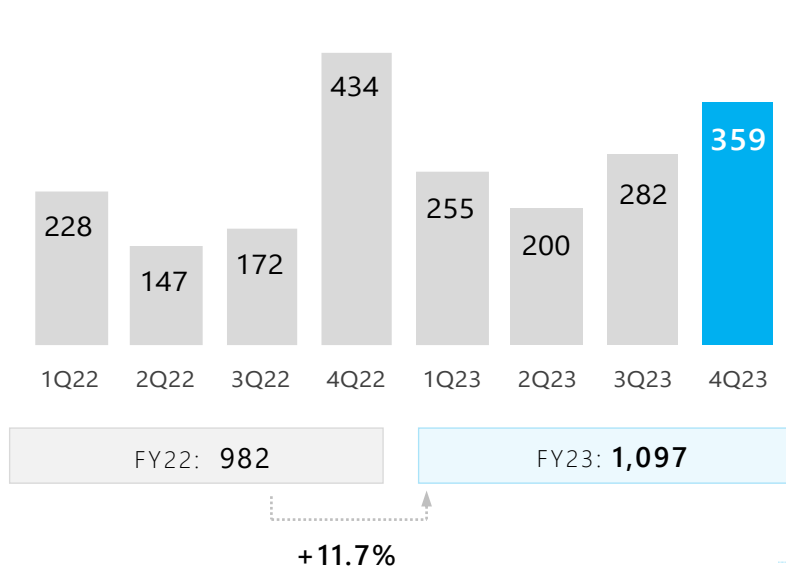
(1) Dec-2022 was restated to reflect new insurance accounting (IFRS 17/9). Dec-21/ Mar-22/Jun-22/Sep-22 data are presented as reported historically (IFRS 4) and based on 2021 PF including 12 months of Bankia and adjusted excluding M&A one-offs.

CoR at low levels and well aligned with guidance

while maintaining comfortable coverage levels

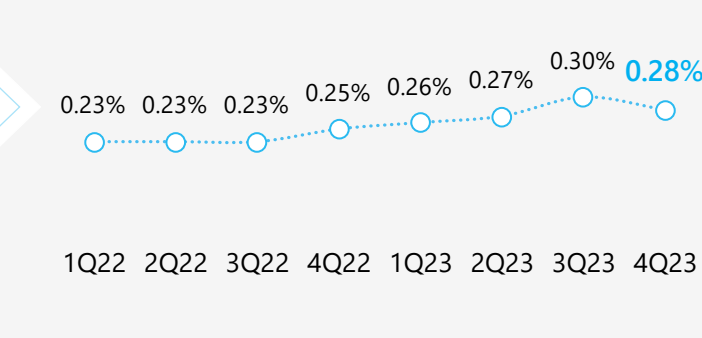
LOAN-LOSS CHARGES

€M



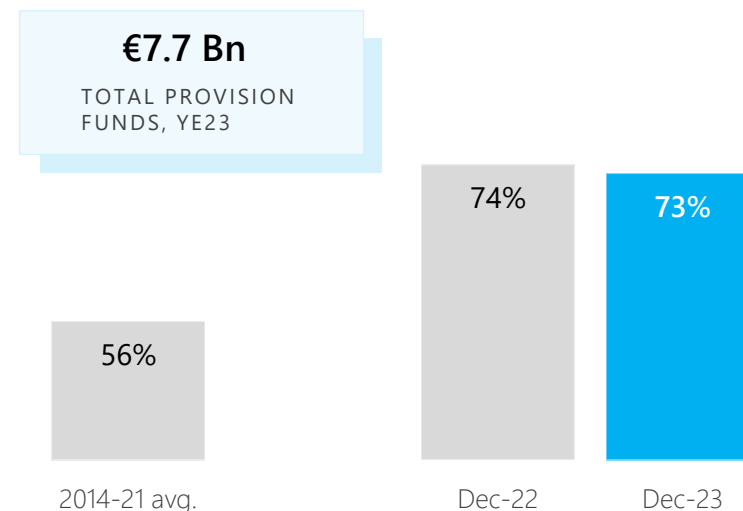
CoR

ttm, %



HIGH NPL COVERAGE

NPL coverage⁽²⁾, %



- LLCs reflect prudent provisioning approach throughout the year
- CoR ttm at 28 bps, remaining at low levels and comfortably within FY guidance
- Unassigned collective provisions: ~€0.8 Bn⁽¹⁾ outstanding by YE23

FY23 CoR at 28 bps
in line with <30 bps guidance

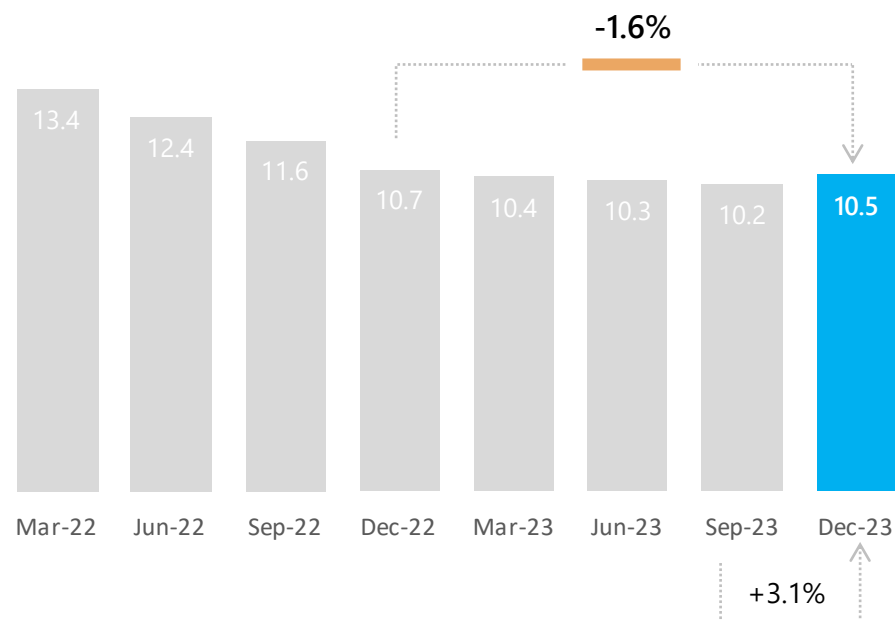
(1) Includes unassigned collective provisions (€642 M) and Bankia PPA (€168 M) as of 31 December 2023. (2) Ratio between total impairment allowances on loans to customers and contingent liabilities over non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities. The ratio of total impairment allowances over total loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities stands at 2.0% as of 31 December 2023 (stable qoq and ytd).

%NPL stable at historically low levels

Steady NPA reduction with NPLs down -1.6% ytd

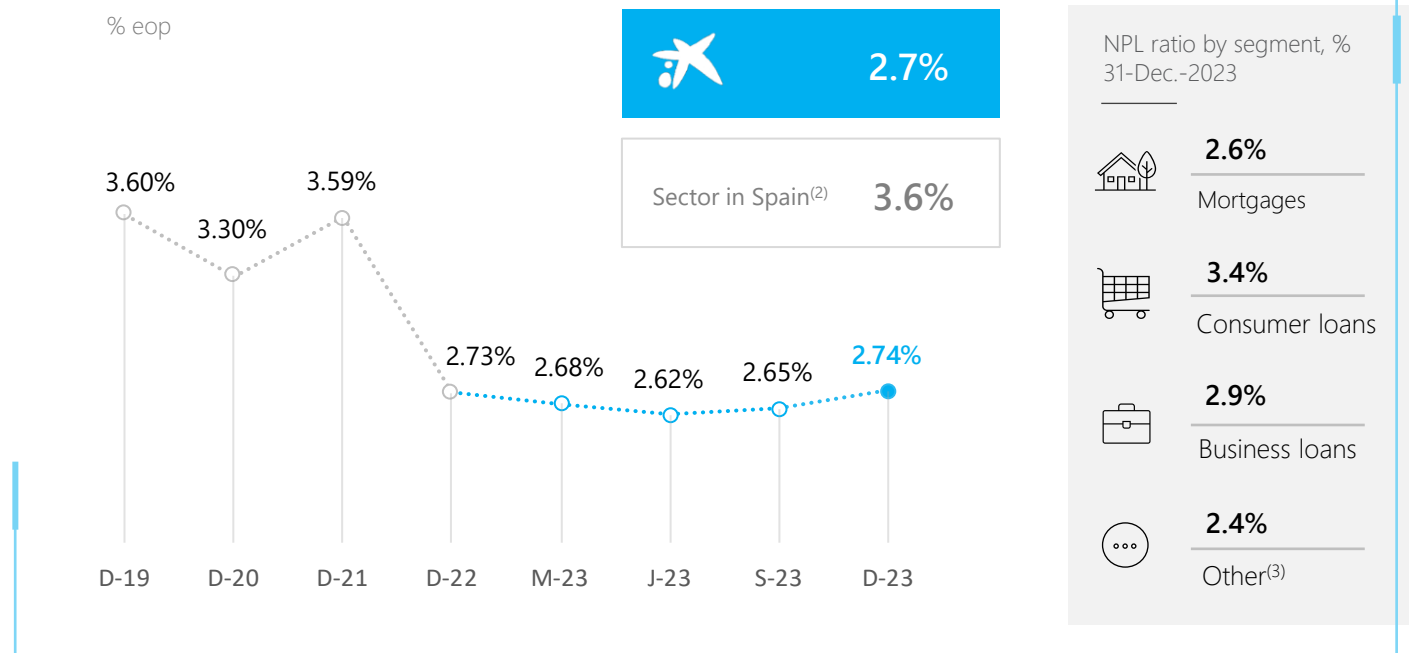
NPL STOCK⁽¹⁾

€Bn



%NPL⁽¹⁾

% eop



- **Lower NPLs ytd** with qoq mainly driven by further alignment with prudential definition of default⁽⁴⁾
- **% NPL broadly stable at low levels** and well below the sector
- **55% of ICO loans⁽⁵⁾ granted are already amortised⁽⁶⁾** with 4.4% of ICOs classified under Stage 3⁽⁷⁾
- **Net Oreo -16.4% ytd** down to €1.6Bn

(1) Includes non-performing contingent liabilities (€470 M by YE23). (2) % NPLs in credit to the resident private sector, as of November 2023, based on data from Bank of Spain. The ratio PF ex CABK stands at 3.8%. (3) Includes other loans to individuals (ex consumer lending), loans to the public sector and contingent liabilities. (4) New prudential definition of default (NDoD). (5) Loans with fixed payment schedules. It excludes products such as revolving credit facilities or reverse factoring with no pre-established payment schedules (€2.6 Bn outstanding balance by 31 Dec. 2023). (6) Includes amortisations and cancellations. (7) Outstanding balance under Stage 3 (includes subjective NPLs, ie. NPLs for reasons other than >90 days past due) over amount of total loans granted plus the outstanding balance of revolving credit facilities.

Ample liquidity remains a hallmark post TLTRO pre-payment

A key competitive advantage reflecting stable funding and consistently prudent risk management

AMPLE LIQUIDITY RESERVES
WITH STRONG BUFFERS AND
% LCR / % NSFR WELL ABOVE
100% REQUIREMENT

31 December 2023 (eop)

215%

% LCR⁽¹⁾

143%

% NSFR

15.9%

% ASSET
ENCUMBRANCE

89%

% LTD

5.8%

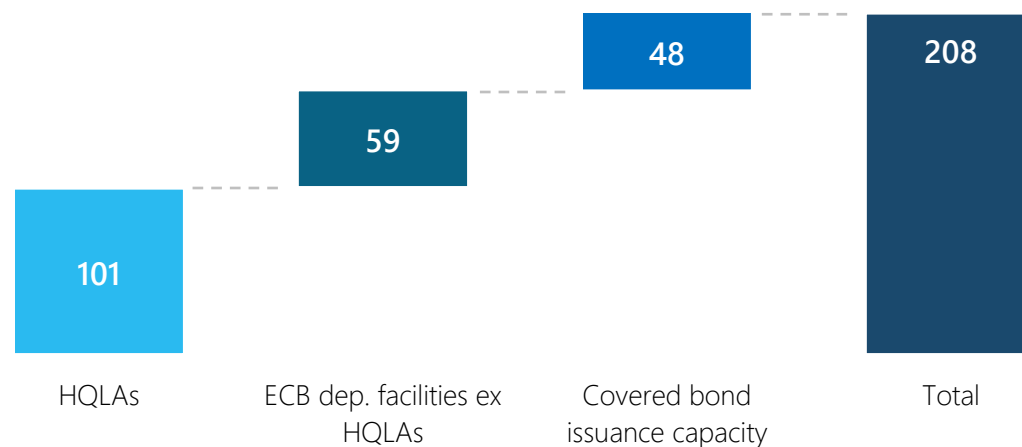
LEVERAGE RATIO⁽²⁾

100% of TLTRO
ALREADY REPAYED

The last €8.5 Bn
early repaid in Q4

Liquidity sources

€Bn as of 31 December 2023



STABLE FUNDING STRUCTURE WITH A HIGH PROPORTION OF RETAIL DEPOSITS

Deposit breakdown in % of total deposit balances⁽³⁾

	YE22	YE23
Retail	81%	80%
Wholesale	19%	20%

64%

INSURED DEPOSITS⁽⁴⁾

69%

STABLE RETAIL + WHOLESALE
OPERATIONAL DEPOSITS⁽⁵⁾

(1) % LCR as of 31 December 2023. 12-month average % LCR as of 31 December 2023: 203%. (2) Including IFRS 9 transitional arrangements. (3) Based on latest Pillar 3 reporting data. (4) Deposits covered by the Deposit Guarantee Fund (deposits ≤ €100,000) in % of total deposit balances. (5) In % of total deposit balances.



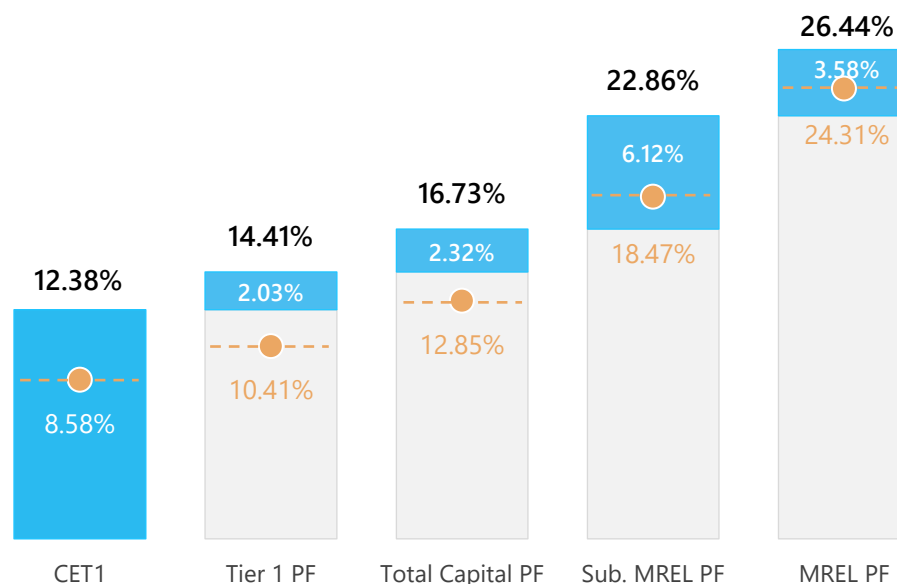
Comfortable MREL and Sub. MREL position

2024 Funding Plan focused on rollover of upcoming MREL maturities

MREL STRUCTURE VS. REQUIREMENTS

Group MREL stack PF⁽¹⁾ as of 31 December 2023 vs. requirements⁽²⁾, in % of RWAs

■ MREL stack PF / components⁽¹⁾ —●— SREP and MREL Requirements for 1 Jan. 2024⁽²⁾



M-MDA BUFFER PF

MREL PF⁽¹⁾ vs. 2024 requirement⁽²⁾

213 bps

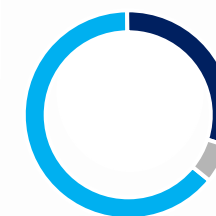
€4.9 Bn

2023: CONTINUED AND SUCCESSFUL MARKET ACCESS— 36% IN NON-EURO CURRENCIES

€Bn eq.	2023 Issuances ⁽³⁾
SP	2.3
SNP	5.5
Tier 2	1.6
AT1	0.75
TOTAL	10.1

Breakdown of 2023 issuances by currency, in % of total in € eq.

64%
EURO



30%
USD

6%
GBP

2024: LIMITED ISSUANCE NEEDS FOCUSED ON MREL –WHILE REMAINING ACTIVE IN TERMS OF CURRENCY DIVERSIFICATION

€Bn eq.	2024E Issuances ⁽⁴⁾
SP	1.5-2.0
SNP	3.0
Tier 2	-
AT1	0.75 Issued in Jan-24 ⁽⁵⁾
TOTAL	5.5

Maturities as of YE23⁽⁶⁾, in €Bn eq.

	2024	2025
SP	1.5	2.0
SNP	2.5	2.6
Tier 2	1.0	1.0
AT1	1.0	-
TOTAL	6.0	5.6

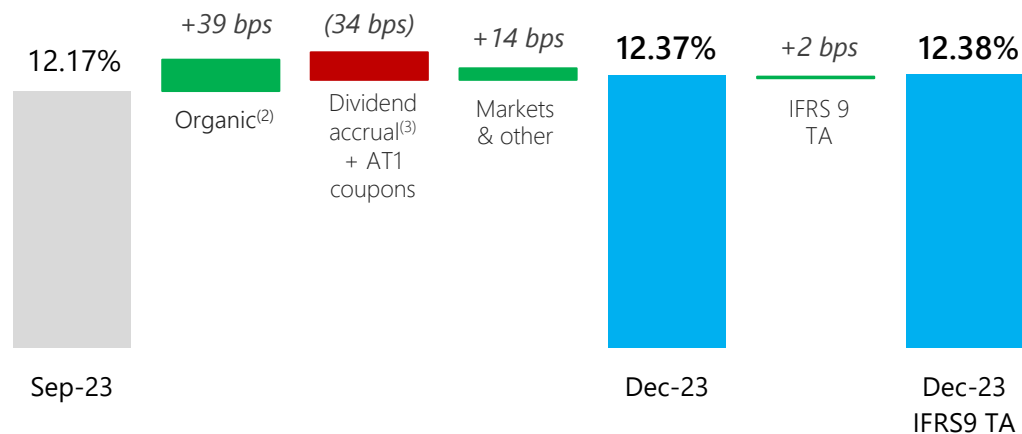
(1) MREL stack including IFRS 9 transitional arrangements. Tier 1, Total Capital, Sub. MREL and MREL PF including January 2024 AT1 issuance (€750M) and tender offer (-€605M) as well as excluding €1Bn Tier 2 called in January and effective in February 2024. Reported Tier 1/Total Capital/Sub. MREL/MREL ratios at 14.35%/17.11%/23.23%/26.81%, respectively. (2) SREP requirements for 2024 received in December 2023 with P2R at 1.75% and the O-SII buffer at 0.50%. Assuming counter-cyclical buffer at 0.10% (estimate as of December 2023). MREL and Sub. MREL requirements received in March 2023, both including the CBR as of December 2023. (3) CABK ex BPI. Additionally, CABK and BPI issued respectively €200M and €750M covered bonds in 2023. (4) CABK ex BPI. (5) €750M AT1 issued in January 2024 (7.5% PNC6.5) together with a tender offer exercise for 6.75% AT1 perp non-call June 2024. (6) Maturities consider potential call dates for callable issuances and maturity dates for bullet issuances. As of February 2024: €605M AT1 repurchased; the call of €1Bn Tier 2 announced and to be effective in February 2024; €1Bn SNP maturity in early February.

Strong capital generation enhancing shareholder value

Building up additional distributable capital surplus

% CET1 WATERFALL

QoQ⁽¹⁾, in % and bps



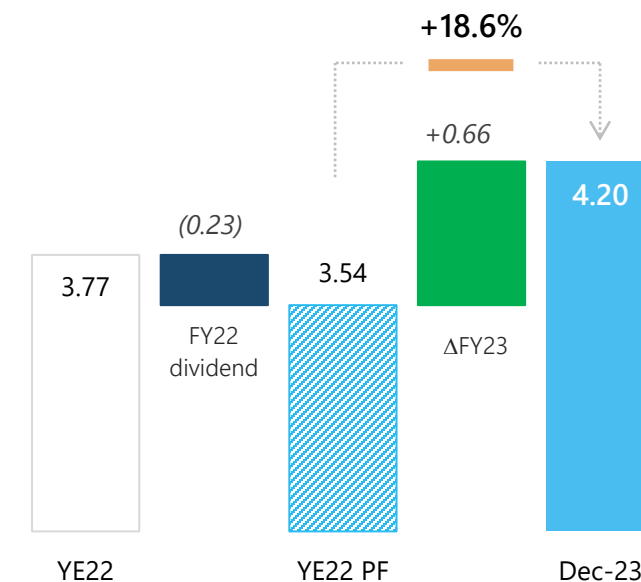
2024 CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS (SREP)⁽⁴⁾

% CET 1	8.58%
% TIER 1	10.41%
% TOTAL CAPITAL	12.85%
% LEVERAGE	3.00%

MDA buffer	380 bps	vs. 2024 SREP
	386 bps	vs. 2023 SREP

TBVPS WATERFALL

YTD, €/share⁽⁵⁾



	FY23 DIVIDEND PAYOUT ⁽⁶⁾	60%
	2 ND SBB COMPLETED ⁽⁷⁾	€500 M

CET1	27.1	28.3	28.3
RWAs	222.6	228.7	228.6

(1) Sep-23 updated with the latest officially reported data. % CET1 as of September 2023 included the full deduction of the maximum consideration of 2nd extraordinary SBB (€500M). (2) Excludes dividend accrual and AT1 coupons. (3) Accrual of dividend at 60% payout. (4) SREP requirements for 2024 received in December 2023 with P2R at 1.75% and the O-SII buffer at 0.50%. Assuming counter-cyclical buffer at 0.10% (estimate as of December 2023). (5) Tangible book value (eop) divided by number of outstanding shares (excluding treasury shares). YE22 PF excludes FY22 dividend. All under IFRS 17/9. (6) Dividend payable against FY23 results agreed by the Board for proposal to the next AGM. (7) 2nd extraordinary SBB completed on the 3 January 2024 (by YE23, 98.9% of total consideration had been already executed).



Highlights



4Q23 P&L and
Balance Sheet



**FY24e
Guidance**



New presentation of revenues

To be implemented from 1Q24

NEW PRESENTATION⁽¹⁾

€M

	FY23	% yoy
Net interest income	10,113	+54.3%
Wealth management revenues, o/w:	1,613	+5.4%
<i>AuMs</i>	1,164	+0.7%
<i>Life-savings insurance (incl. UL)</i>	449	+20.0%
Protection insurance revenues, o/w:	1,092	+10.3%
<i>Life-risk insurance</i>	698	+18.4%
<i>Insurance distribution fees</i>	394	-1.6%
Banking fees, o/w:	2,070	-8.8%
<i>Recurrent banking fees</i>	1,830	-9.4%
<i>Wholesale banking fees</i>	240	-3.6%
Other revenues, o/w:	(658)	
<i>Core revenues from insurance investments⁽²⁾</i>	248	+52.7%
<i>Other income from investments (ex insurance invest.)</i>	196	-12.0%
<i>Trading</i>	235	-28.3%
<i>Other operating income/expenses</i>	(1,337)	+38.9%
Gross income	14,231	+28.3%
o/w core revenues⁽³⁾	15,137	+31.6%

New presentation of revenues by nature of the business



NII



WEALTH
MANAGEMENT



PROTECTION
INSURANCE



BANKING FEES



OTHER REVENUES (including "other core" revenues)

- » Aiming at **underscoring** evolution of **key business engines**
- » Changes do **not affect Gross Income** or total **Core Revenues⁽³⁾**, only the breakdown
- » **Current revenue breakdown** will continue to be reported as **complementary information**



FY24e guidance and financial targets



		FY23	FY24e
	NII	€10.1 Bn	In line with FY23
	Wealth + protection + banking fees ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	€4.8 Bn -0.3% yoy	Low-single-digit growth yoy
	Recurrent Costs	€5.8 Bn +5.2% yoy	<5% growth yoy
	CoR	0.28%	~0.30%
	%NPL ⁽³⁾	2.7%	~3%

Upgraded targets

FY24e % RoTE⁽⁴⁾ >15%

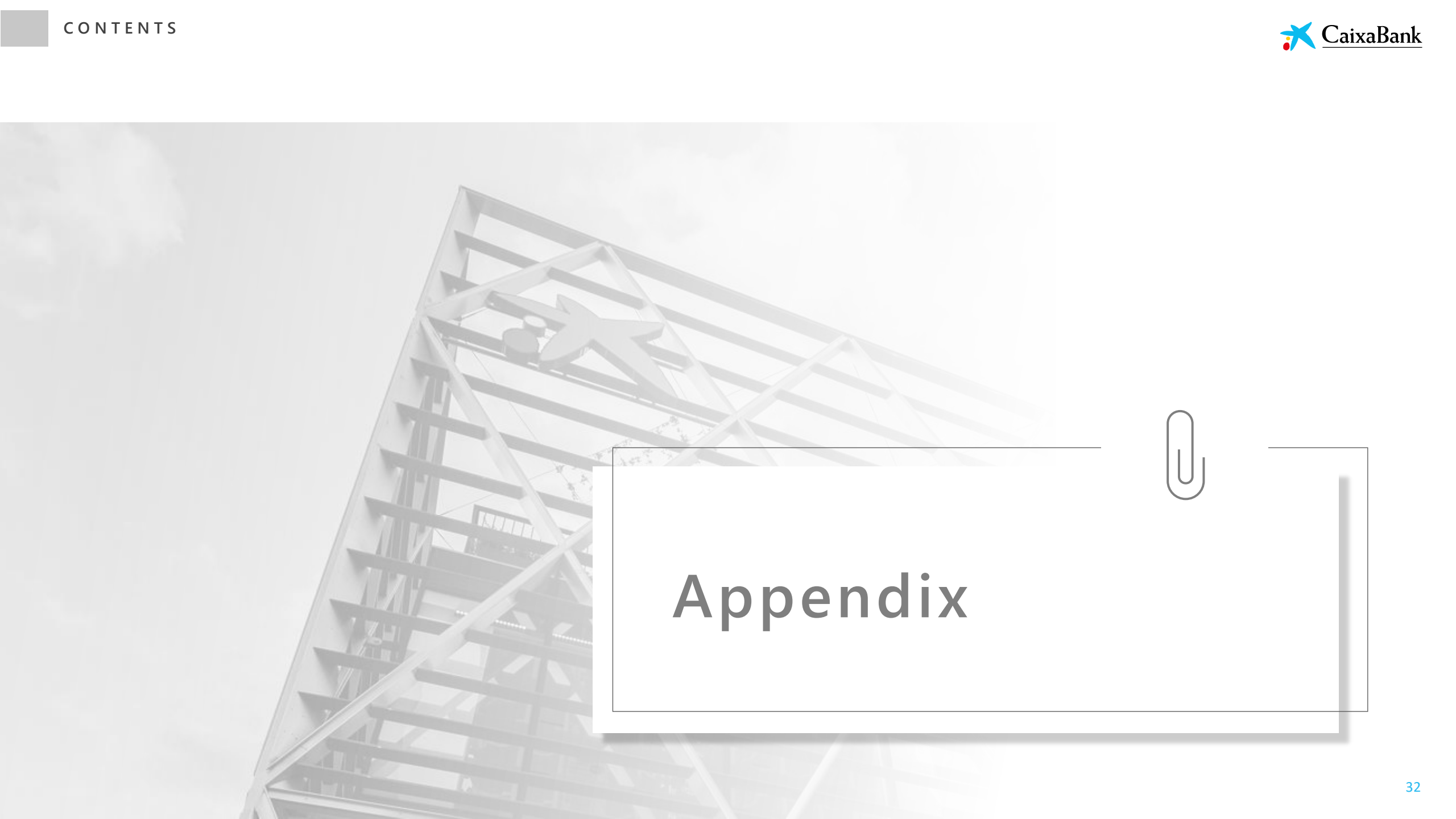
2022-24e distribution capacity⁽⁵⁾: ~€12 Bn

While maintaining a strong capital position

11.5 – 12%

% CET1 management target⁽⁶⁾

(1) Note that guidance for revenues excludes equity accounted income from SCA and revenues from other insurance investments (€248M in FY23). (2) The sum of Wealth management revenues + Protection insurance revenues + Banking fees under the new presentation is equivalent to Net Fees + Insurance Service Result in the current revenue presentation. (3) New target includes full alignment to prudential definition of default (NDoD) by 2024. (4) FY24e % RoE in line with FY23. (5) Includes 2022 SBB plus capital generated in 2022-24 in excess of 12% CET1 ratio (ex IFRS9 TA). (6) 12% CET1 remains the threshold to consider extraordinary distributions of capital surplus.



Appendix



CaixaBank Group key figures

4Q23



Clients (Total, in Million)	20
Total assets (€ Bn)	607
Customer funds (€ Bn)	630
Customer loans and advances (gross, € Bn)	354
Market share in loans to individuals and non-financial businesses⁽¹⁾ (%)	23%
Market share in deposits from individuals and non-financial businesses⁽¹⁾ (%)	25%
Market share in mutual funds⁽¹⁾ (%)	24%
Market share in pension plans⁽¹⁾ (%)	34%
Market share in long-term savings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (%)	29%
Market share in Credit/Debit card turnover⁽¹⁾ (%)	31%

LEADING
BANCASSURANCE
FRANCHISE IN
SPAIN+PORTUGAL



Net attributed income (4Q23 FY23, €M)	1,157 4,816
Non-performing loan ratio (%)	2.7%
NPL coverage ratio (%)	73%
% LCR (eop)	215%
% NSFR (eop)	143%
CET1⁽³⁾ (% over RWAs)	12.4%
Total capital PF⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ (% over RWAs)	16.7%
MDA buffer⁽⁵⁾ (bps)	386
MREL PF⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ (% over RWAs)	26.4%

FINANCIAL
STRENGTH



DJSI - S&P Global	82/100
CDP	A List
Sustainable Fitch	2
MSCI ESG ratings	A
ISS ESG QualityScore: E S G	1 1 1

SUSTAINABLE AND
RESPONSIBLE BANKING



(1) In Spain. Latest available data. (2) Combined market share of mutual funds, pension plans and savings insurance (asset management perspective). Based on INVERCO and ICEA data. For savings insurance, sector data for December are internal estimates. (3) Ratios including IFRS 9 transitional arrangements. (4) PF including January 2024 AT1 issuance (€750M) and tender offer (-€605M) as well as excluding €1Bn Tier 2- called in January and effective in February 2024. Reported ratios for Total Capital and MREL at 17.1% and 26.8%, respectively. (5) vs. 2023 SREP (380 bps vs. 2024 SREP).



FY23 Income statement by perimeter

€M	FY23	% yoy	FY23 CABK	% yoy	FY23 BPI	% yoy
Net interest income	10,113	54.3%	9,168	52.8%	945	70.5%
Dividends	163	0.0%	89	23.6%	75	-18.5%
Equity accounted	281	26.4%	220	45.9%	61	-14.9%
Net fees and commissions	3,658	-5.1%	3,366	-5.4%	291	-1.5%
Trading income	235	-28.3%	253	-12.6%	(17)	
Insurance service result	1,118	19.6%	1,118	19.6%		
Other operating income & expenses	(1,337)	38.9%	(1,254)	36.7%	(82)	82.5%
Gross income	14,231	28.3%	12,959	28.5%	1,272	26.3%
Recurring operating expenses	(5,812)	5.2%	(5,312)	4.8%	(501)	10.1%
Extraordinary operating expenses	(9)	-81.7%	(9)	-81.7%		
Pre-impairment income	8,410	52.4%	7,639	53.8%	771	39.7%
LLPs	(1,097)	11.7%	(1,046)	7.2%	(51)	
Other provisions	(248)	91.1%	(214)		(34)	8.9%
Gains/losses on disposals and other	(141)	61.3%	(130)	49.1%	(11)	
Pre-tax income	6,924	60.3%	6,248	64.2%	676	31.3%
Income tax	(2,108)	77.3%	(1,941)	79.6%	(168)	54.3%
Profit / (loss) after tax	4,816	53.8%	4,308	58.1%	508	25.1%
Minority interests & other	(0)		(0)			
Net income	4,816	53.9%	4,308	58.2%	508	25.1%



Group P&L

€M	4Q23	3Q23	2Q23	1Q23	4Q22	3Q22	2Q22	1Q22	FY23	FY22
Net interest income	2,749	2,740	2,442	2,182	1,970	1,603	1,520	1,459	10,113	6,553
Dividends	18	0	77	68	32	0	130	1	163	163
Equity accounted	35	101	66	79	30	81	60	51	281	222
Net fees and commissions	917	895	909	937	959	968	992	936	3,658	3,855
Trading	21	72	61	82	11	73	102	142	235	328
Insurance service result	321	297	257	244	277	236	214	209	1,118	935
Other operating income/expenses	(519)	(88)	(239)	(491)	(477)	(89)	(256)	(141)	(1,337)	(963)
Gross income	3,542	4,016	3,572	3,101	2,801	2,872	2,762	2,658	14,231	11,093
Recurring operating expenses	(1,447)	(1,471)	(1,455)	(1,440)	(1,376)	(1,375)	(1,367)	(1,406)	(5,812)	(5,525)
Extraordinary operating expenses		(4)	(3)	(2)	(15)	(11)	(16)	(8)	(9)	(50)
Pre-impairment income	2,095	2,541	2,115	1,659	1,410	1,485	1,379	1,244	8,410	5,519
LLCs	(359)	(282)	(200)	(255)	(434)	(172)	(147)	(228)	(1,097)	(982)
Other provisions	(53)	(95)	(75)	(25)	(6)	(33)	(45)	(45)	(248)	(130)
Gains/losses on disposals and other	(53)	(24)	(44)	(20)	(32)	(20)	(26)	(9)	(141)	(87)
Pre-tax income	1,630	2,140	1,795	1,359	938	1,260	1,161	961	6,924	4,320
Income tax expense	(473)	(618)	(514)	(504)	(278)	(364)	(293)	(255)	(2,108)	(1,189)
Profit / (loss) after tax	1,157	1,522	1,281	855	660	896	868	707	4,816	3,131
Minority interests and others	0	(0)	0	(0)	1	0	0	1	(0)	2
Net income attributed to the Group	1,157	1,522	1,281	855	659	896	867	706	4,816	3,129



Income statement by segment

SEGMENT REPORTING FROM 1Q22

- **BANKING AND INSURANCE:** including the results from banking, insurance, AM, real estate and ALCO activities, among others, carried out by the Group essentially in Spain.
- **BPI:** including the results of BPI's domestic banking activity, carried out essentially in Portugal. The income statement includes the reversal of fair value adjustments of assets and liabilities arising upon the business combination.
- **CORPORATE CENTER:** including the stakes allocated to "Investments" segment in previous reporting (i.e. Telefónica, BFA, BCI, Coral Homes and Gramina Homes). The results of these stakes net of the cost of financing are included. Additionally, the Group's excess capital is allocated to the Corporate Center, calculated as the difference between the Group's total equity and the capital allocated to Banking and Insurance, BPI and investments in the corporate center⁽¹⁾. The counterpart of the excess capital allocated to the corporate center is liquidity.

The operating expenses of each segment include both direct and indirect expenses, which are allocated based on internal criteria. Specifically, expenses of a corporate nature at Group level are assigned to the Corporate Center.

€M	Bancassurance		BPI		Corporate center	
	4Q23	% yoy	4Q23	% yoy	4Q23	% yoy
Net interest income	2,480	38.3%	249	44.3%	20	
Dividends	18		0	-94.8%		
Equity accounted	28		4	-54.8%	4	-72.3%
Net fees and commissions	844	-4.4%	73	-4.7%		
Trading income	20	-12.7%	4		(3)	-73.6%
Insurance service result	321	15.9%				
Other operating income & expenses	(481)	0.1%	(38)			
Gross income	3,229	28.9%	291	12.8%	21	-43.8%
Recurring operating expenses	(1,313)	5.3%	(119)	4.4%	(15)	2.7%
Extraordinary operating expenses						
Pre-impairment income	1,916	54.3%	173	19.3%	6	-74.0%
LLPs	(354)	-12.9%	(6)	-79.9%		
Other provisions	(40)		(13)	-18.5%		
Gains/losses on disposals & other	(32)		(10)		(10)	-46.2%
Pre-tax income	1,491	77.0%	143	43.5%	(4)	-7.8%
Income tax	(439)	68.2%	(32)	32.5%	(2)	
Profit / (loss) after tax	1,052	81.0%	111	47.1%	(6)	
Minority interest & others	0	-84.5%				
Net income	1,051	81.2%	111	46.9%	(6)	

(1) Capital allocation to these businesses and to investments considers both the consumption of own funds (at 11.5% of RWAs) and the applicable deductions.



Bancassurance segment (I/II): P&L

€M	4Q23	3Q23	2Q23	1Q23	4Q22	3Q22	2Q22	1Q22
Net interest income	2,480	2,476	2,210	1,975	1,794	1,468	1,397	1,345
Dividends and equity accounted	46	93	59	94	9	68	44	44
Net fees and commissions	844	823	835	864	882	893	919	865
Trading income	20	66	92	75	23	59	89	118
Insurance service result	321	297	257	244	277	236	214	209
Other operating income & expenses	(481)	(90)	(219)	(465)	(480)	(89)	(227)	(121)
Gross income	3,229	3,665	3,234	2,787	2,505	2,636	2,435	2,460
Recurring operating expenses	(1,313)	(1,327)	(1,312)	(1,298)	(1,248)	(1,243)	(1,242)	(1,277)
Extraordinary operating expenses		(4)	(3)	(2)	(15)	(11)	(16)	(8)
Pre-impairment income	1,916	2,334	1,919	1,487	1,242	1,381	1,177	1,175
LLPs	(354)	(274)	(186)	(233)	(406)	(166)	(141)	(262)
Other provisions	(40)	(76)	(74)	(24)	19	(28)	(44)	(45)
Gains/losses on disposals & other	(32)	(14)	(17)	(19)	(13)	(19)	(27)	(9)
Pre-tax income	1,491	1,970	1,642	1,211	842	1,168	964	859
Income tax expenses	(439)	(565)	(480)	(466)	(261)	(338)	(276)	(225)
Profit / (loss) after tax	1,052	1,406	1,162	745	581	830	689	634
Minority interest & others	0	(0)	0	(0)	1	0	0	1
Net income	1,051	1,406	1,162	745	580	829	689	633



Bancassurance segment (II/II):

Contribution from insurance to bancassurance P&L⁽¹⁾

€M	4Q23	3Q23	2Q23	1Q23	4Q22	3Q22	2Q22	1Q22
Net interest income	60	39	38	28	18	16	9	8
Dividends and equity accounted	24	87	52	86	9	70	34	41
Net fees and commissions	56	32	35	30	47	33	33	35
Trading income	6	8	(11)	5	(4)	(1)	(5)	25
Insurance service result	318	294	254	241	274	232	211	206
Other operating income & expenses	1	1	1	(0)	(1)	0	1	(1)
Gross income	464	461	369	390	344	350	285	315
Recurring operating expenses	(43)	(38)	(37)	(33)	(16)	(30)	(31)	(35)
Extraordinary operating expenses		(3)	(4)	(2)	(6)	(3)	(4)	(2)
Pre-impairment income	421	420	328	354	322	317	250	278
LLPs	0	(0)	(0)		0	0	(0)	
Other provisions	(3)							
Gains/losses on disposals & other	(3)	5			1	(0)		
Pre-tax income	415	425	328	354	322	317	250	278
Income tax expenses	(125)	(91)	(80)	(79)	(87)	(76)	(62)	(72)
Net income	290	334	248	276	235	241	187	207

(1) VidaCaixa P&L (prior to consolidation).



BPI Segment: P&L

€M	4Q23	3Q23	2Q23	1Q23	4Q22	3Q22	2Q22	1Q22
Net interest income	249	249	226	203	173	139	120	112
Dividends and equity accounted	4	5	7	5	8	8	11	6
Net fees and commissions	73	71	74	73	77	75	73	71
Trading income	4	5	10	7	(2)	11	9	9
Insurance service result								
Other operating income & expenses	(38)	2	(15)	(26)	3	(0)	(21)	(19)
Gross income	291	332	302	262	258	232	192	179
Recurring operating expenses	(119)	(129)	(127)	(126)	(113)	(116)	(111)	(114)
Extraordinary operating expenses								
Pre-impairment income	173	204	175	136	145	117	81	65
LLPs	(6)	(9)	(14)	(22)	(28)	(6)	(6)	34
Other provisions	(13)	(18)	(1)	(1)	(16)	(6)	(0)	(0)
Gains/losses on disposals & other	(10)	(2)	3	(1)	(0)	(1)	1	0
Pre-tax income	143	175	162	111	100	104	75	99
Income tax expenses	(32)	(53)	(48)	(39)	(24)	(30)	(19)	(29)
Profit / (loss) after tax	111	123	114	72	76	75	56	70
Minority interest & others								
Net income	111	123	114	72	76	75	56	70



Corporate Center: P&L

€M	4Q23
Net interest income	20
Dividends	
Equity accounted	4
Net fees and commissions	
Trading income	(3)
Insurance service result	
Other operating income & expenses	
Gross income	21
Recurring operating expenses	(15)
Extraordinary operating expenses	
Pre-impairment income	6
LLPs	
Other provisions	
Gains/losses on disposals & other	(10)
Pre-tax income	(4)
Income tax expenses	(2)
Profit / (loss) after tax	(6)
Minority interest & others	
Net income	(6)

3Q23	2Q23	1Q23	4Q22	3Q22	2Q22	1Q22
15	6	4	4	(5)	3	2
	73	61	30		126	
3	4	(12)	14	5	10	2
1	(40)	(1)	(10)	3	4	16
	(6)				(7)	
19	37	52	38	3	136	19
(16)	(16)	(15)	(15)	(16)	(14)	(15)
3	21	36	23	(13)	121	4
			(9)			
(8)	(30)		(19)			
(6)	(9)	36	(4)	(13)	121	4
(1)	15	2	7	4	1	(1)
(6)	6	38	3	(8)	123	3
(6)	6	38	3	(8)	123	3



Group customer funds and loans

CUSTOMER FUNDS⁽¹⁾

Breakdown, €Bn

	31 Dec 23	% ytd	% qoq
I. On-balance-sheet funds	463.3	1.2%	1.0%
Deposits	385.5	-0.1%	0.6%
Demand deposits	330.8	-8.1%	-2.0%
Time deposits ⁽²⁾	54.7		19.7%
Insurance	74.5	8.0%	1.9%
o/w unit linked	20.0	9.1%	4.3%
Other funds	3.3	24.6%	42.2%
II. Off-balance-sheet AuM	160.8	8.7%	3.6%
Mutual funds, portfolios and SICAVs	114.8	9.7%	3.5%
Pension plans	46.0	6.2%	3.8%
III. Other managed resources	6.2	7.9%	14.5%
Total Customer funds	630.3	3.1%	1.8%
Long-term savings⁽³⁾	235.7	8.5%	3.0%

LOAN BOOK⁽⁴⁾

Breakdown, €Bn

	31 Dec 23	% ytd	% qoq
I. Loans to individuals	175.8	-4.4%	-0.9%
Residential mortgages	133.3	-4.7%	-1.1%
Other loans to individuals	42.5	-3.3%	-0.4%
o/w consumer loans ⁽⁵⁾	19.9	1.9%	0.6%
o/w other	22.6	-7.5%	-1.2%
II. Loans to businesses	160.0	2.1%	1.2%
Loans to individuals & businesses	335.8	-1.4%	0.1%
III. Public sector	18.3	-12.0%	-6.2%
Total loans	354.1	-2.0%	-0.3%
Performing loans	344.1	-2.0%	-0.4%

(1) % ytd are like-for-like (that is, versus YE22 figures restated to reflect changes in accounting standards and presentation). (2) Includes retail securities issuances amounting to €1,433M on 31 December 2023. (3) Savings insurance (on-balance-sheet and other managed resources), pension plans and mutual funds (including SICAVs and managed portfolios). (4) As a result of an in-depth analysis at year-end of the loan portfolio, the segmentation and specific allocation of certain non-inventoried items has been refined, resulting in some reclassifications from "Loans to businesses" (-€1,087M) to "Loans to individuals" (+€1,083 M, of which €818M "Residential Mortgages" and €265M "Other loans to individuals") and to "Public Sector" (€3M). Historical figures have been restated for comparability purposes. (5) Unsecured loans to individuals, excluding loans for home purchases. Includes personal loans as well as revolving credit card balances; excluding float.



CaixaBank (ex BPI): customer funds and loans

CUSTOMER FUNDS⁽¹⁾

Breakdown, €Bn

	31 Dec 23	% ytd	% qoq
I. On-balance-sheet funds	429.9	1.6%	0.9%
Deposits	356.5	0.1%	0.4%
Demand deposits	315.1	-6.9%	-1.6%
Time deposits ⁽²⁾	41.4		18.7%
Insurance	70.3	8.7%	2.0%
<i>o/w: unit linked</i>	16.7	11.9%	5.0%
Other funds	3.2	21.8%	41.2%
II. Assets under management	156.3	9.8%	3.7%
Mutual funds, portfolios and SICAVs	110.3	11.3%	3.6%
Pension plans	46.0	6.2%	3.8%
III. Other managed resources	6.1	8.0%	14.7%
Total customer funds	592.4	3.7%	1.7%

LOAN BOOK⁽³⁾

Breakdown, €Bn

	31 Dec 23	% ytd	% qoq
I. Loans to individuals	159.6	-5.0%	-1.0%
Residential mortgages	118.7	-5.5%	-1.2%
Other loans to individuals	40.9	-3.2%	-0.3%
<i>o/w: consumer loans⁽⁴⁾</i>	18.5	2.5%	0.8%
II. Loans to businesses	148.2	1.9%	1.0%
Loans to individuals & businesses	307.7	-1.8%	-0.0%
III. Public sector	16.4	-13.6%	-6.8%
Total loans	324.1	-2.4%	-0.4%
Performing loans	314.6	-2.5%	-0.5%

(1) % ytd are like-for-like (that is, versus YE22 figures restated to reflect changes in accounting standards and presentation). (2) Includes retail securities issuances. (3) As a result of an in-depth analysis at year-end of the loan portfolio, the segmentation and specific allocation of certain non-inventoried items has been refined, resulting in some reclassifications from "Loans to businesses" to "Loans to individuals" and to "Public Sector". Historical figures have been restated for comparability purposes.

(4) Unsecured loans to individuals, excluding loans for home purchases. Includes personal loans as well as revolving credit card balances; excluding float.



Loan portfolio – additional information

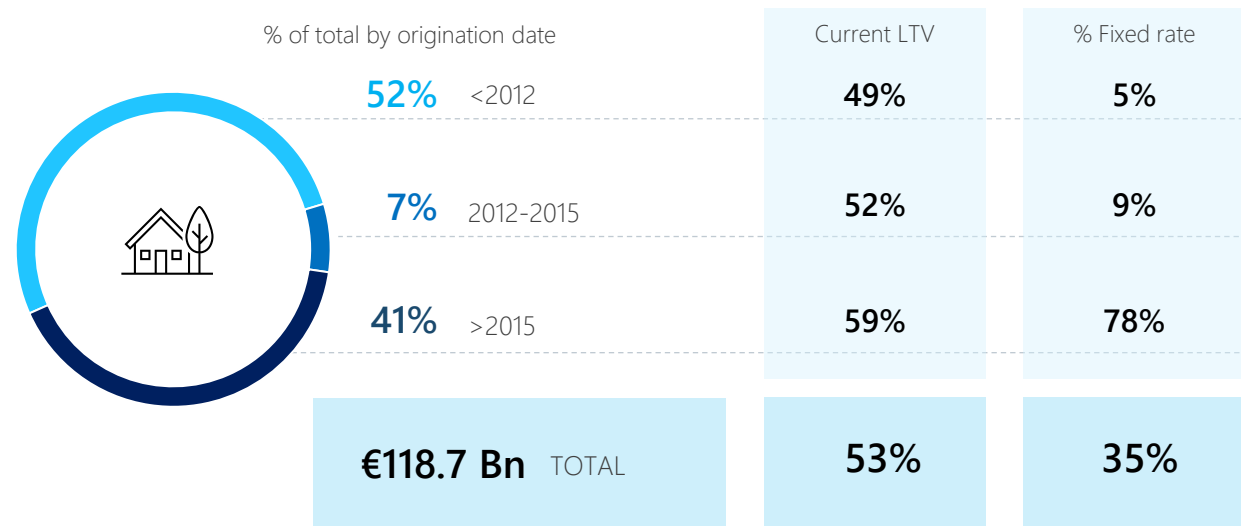
> LOW-RISK LOAN PORTFOLIO

Gross customer loans (Group) in €Bn as of 31 December 2023			o/w collateralised ⁽¹⁾
 Loans to individuals	175.8		84%
 Loans to businesses	160.0		28%
 Public sector	18.3		
Total loans	354.1		

59% OF LOAN-BOOK
COLLATERALISED OR
TO PUBLIC SECTOR

RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO

CABK ex BPI, 31 December 2023: breakdown by date of origination, in % of total



- > **New mortgages (FY23)⁽²⁾**: ~70% at fixed rate; avg. LTV ~70%
- > **Floating-rate residential mortgage portfolio:**
 - Average **monthly installment estimated⁽³⁾ at ~€570**
 - Average **affordability ratio estimated at ~27%**, increasing to <30%⁽⁴⁾ with Euribor 12M at 4.5%

(1) Including loans with mortgage guarantee, public guarantee from ICO in Spain and COVID-19 public support lines in Portugal and other real guarantees. (2) CABK ex BPI. (3) Internal estimate. CABK ex BPI. (4) Internal estimates referred to floating-rate residential mortgages of clients with income flows paid into CaixaBank. CABK ex BPI.



Government guaranteed loans

LOAN PORTFOLIO AND GGLs

Customer loans (gross), in €Bn and breakdown in % of total as of 31 December 2023

		o/w GGLs ⁽¹⁾ , %
I. Loans to individuals	175.8	0.4%
Residential mortgages	133.3	-
Other loans to individuals	42.5	1.7%
II. Loans to businesses	160.0	7.3%
III. Public sector	18.3	0.0%
Total loans	354.1	3.5%
Pro-memoria		
Total loans with mortgage guarantee	47%	54% Collateralised
Total loans with GGLs ⁽¹⁾	4%	
Total loans with other guarantees	3%	

GOVERNMENT GUARANTEED LOANS⁽¹⁾

Outstanding balance as of 31 December 2023, in €Bn

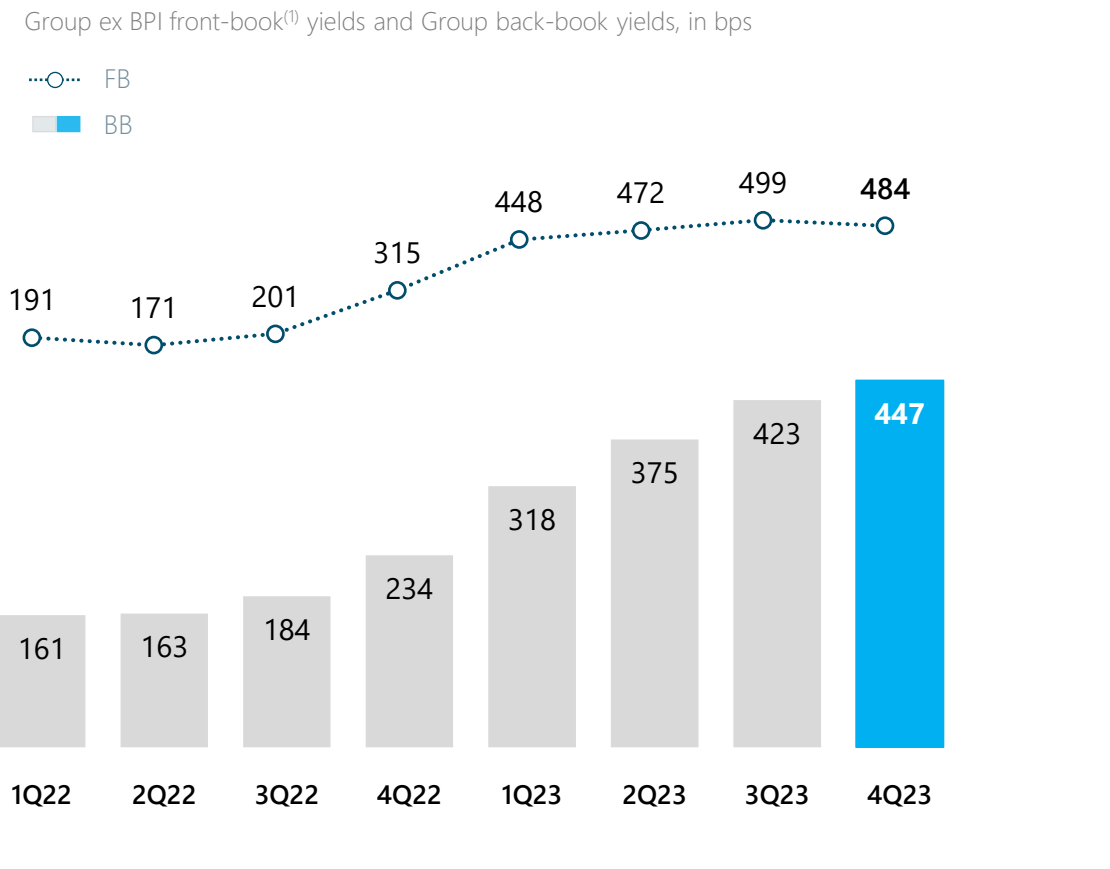
	Total	o/w Spain (ICO)
Loans to individuals	0.7	0.7
Other loans to individuals	0.7	0.7
Loans to businesses	11.7	10.7
Public sector	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	12.4	11.4

(1) Including loans with public guarantee from ICO in Spain and COVID-19 public support lines in Portugal.

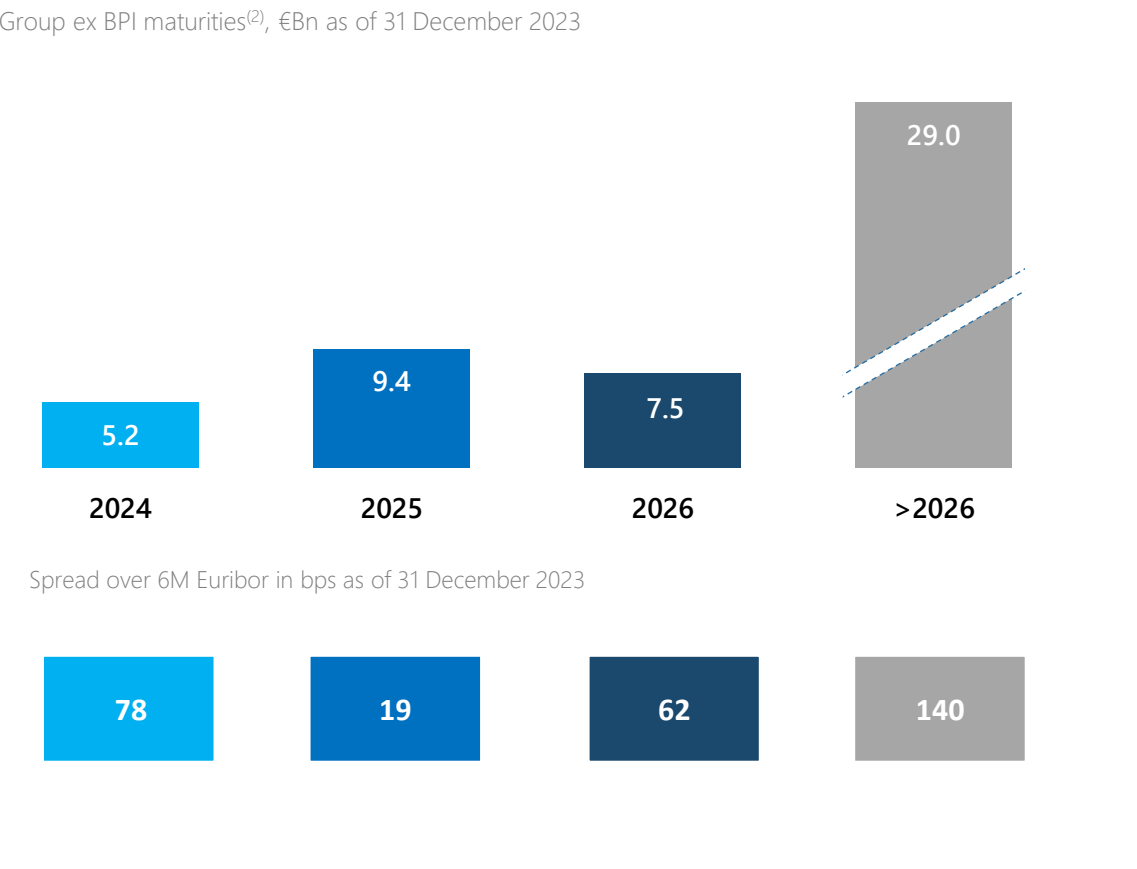


Loan yields and wholesale funding maturities

LOAN YIELDS



WHOLESALE FUNDING MATURITIES



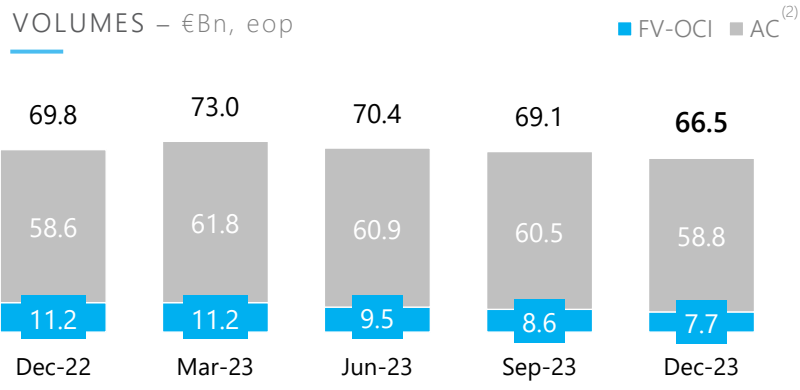
(1) FB yields are compiled from long-term lending production data (loans and credit facilities, including those that are syndicated) of CaixaBank,S.A., MicroBank; excludes public sector.
(2) Legal maturities. This figure depicts the impact of wholesale issuances in funding costs of the CaixaBank banking book.



ALCO book

ALCO PORTFOLIO⁽¹⁾

VOLUMES – €Bn, eop

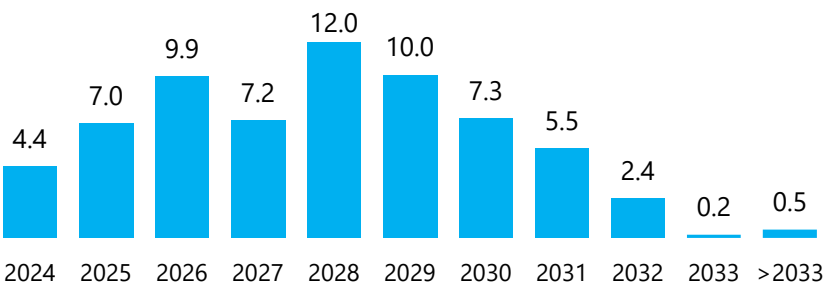


ALCO PORTFOLIO IN % OF TOTAL ASSETS

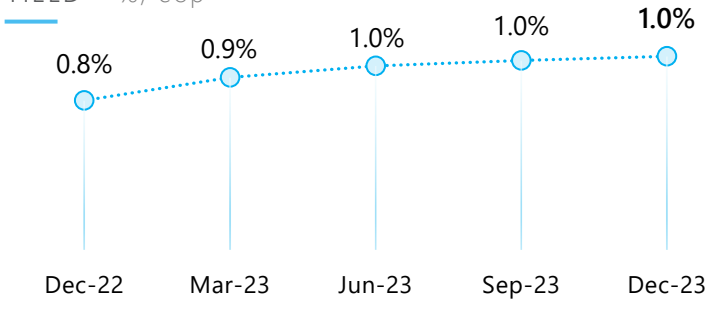
~11%

MATURITY PROFILE

€Bn, 31 December 2023



YIELD – %, eop

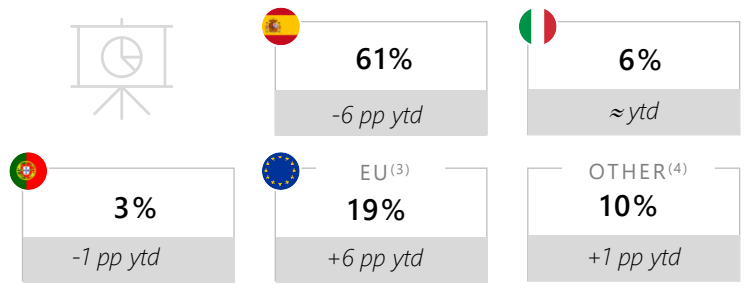


AVERAGE LIFE | DURATION, # years



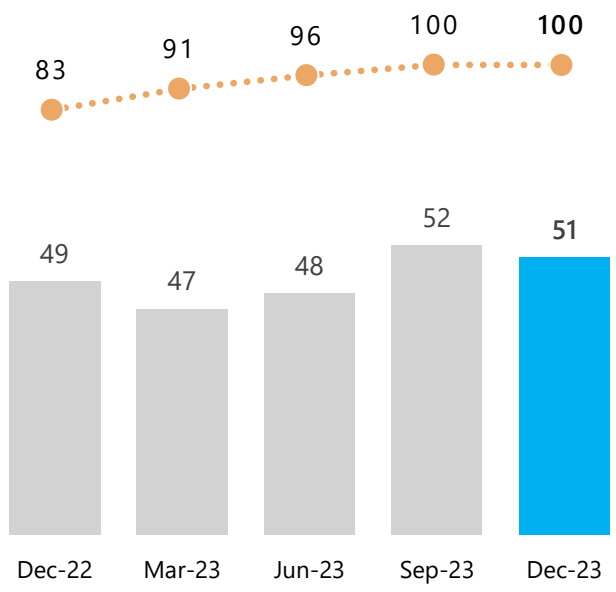
ALCO PORTFOLIO BREAKDOWN BY MAIN EXPOSURES

% of total, 31 December 2023



WHOLESALE FUNDING COSTS

Group ex BPI wholesale funding back-book volumes⁽⁵⁾ in €Bn and spread over 6M Euribor in bps



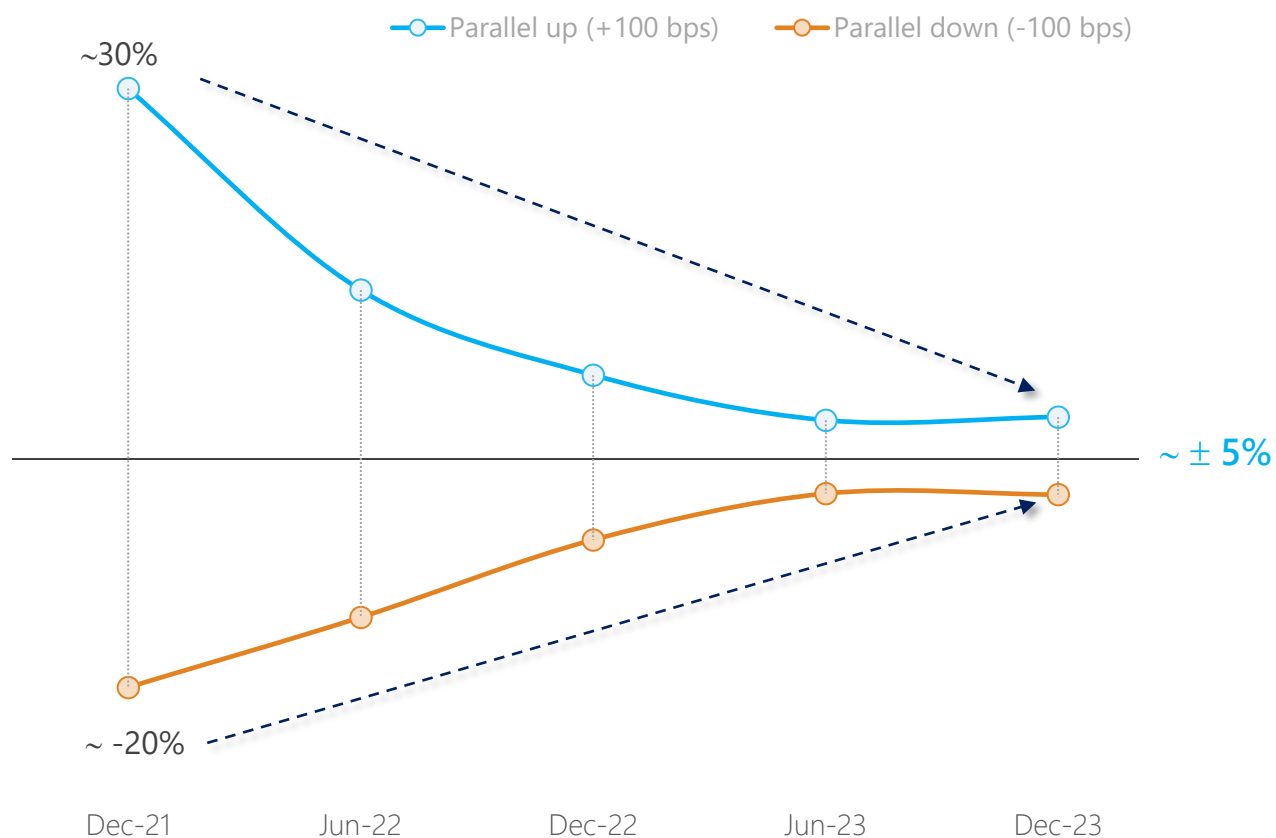
Volume Spread

(1) Banking book fixed-income securities portfolio, excluding trading book assets. It includes €3.5 Bn of callable bonds for which yield, average life and duration are calculated based on current market levels. Note that SAREB bonds are not included in the Group's ALCO portfolio (c.€16.8 Bn by end of December 2023, ~3.1% yield). ALCO portfolio + SAREB bonds: €83.3 Bn; 1.4% yield; 3.3 years duration. (2) Securities at amortised cost. Refer to page 48 for additional details. (3) Including EU, Austria, France, Germany, and core SSAs. (4) Mainly includes US Treasuries, Investment Grade corporates and other. (5) It includes securitisations placed with investors. It does not include AT1 issues. Wholesale funding figures in the Quarterly Financial Report reflect the Group's funding needs and as such do not include ABS securities and self-retained multi-issuer bonds but include AT1 issuances.



NII interest rate sensitivity

>> 12-24 MONTHS NII SENSITIVITY TO ± 100 bps PARALLEL SHIFT IN RATES



DRIVERS OF REDUCED SENSITIVITY

>> Increased proportion of fixed-rate assets

- €48 Bn mortgages at fixed rate (vs. €32 Bn YE21)⁽¹⁾
- €66.5 Bn fixed income ALCO book (vs. €62.4 Bn YE21)

>> Increased proportion of floating-rate liabilities

- Higher interest rates (Euribor 12M, annual avg., at 3.9% in 2023 vs. -0.5% in 2021) → higher deposit beta (up to 16% in 4Q23)⁽²⁾
- Stable deposit base: Total deposits at €385.5 Bn vs. €384.3 Bn at YE21
- Higher deposit beta compounded by stable volumes → higher proportion of floating-rate liabilities

>> Base effect

(1) Loans with mortgage guarantee. CaixaBank ex BPI. (2) Deposit beta is based on the ECB Deposit Facility Rate ("DFR") and is calculated from when the current rate tightening cycle started in Sep. 2022 (i.e. once the DFR crossed the 0% threshold). It excludes the effect of structural hedges, FX and international branch deposits of CaixaBank ex BPI.



Fair value of assets and liabilities⁽¹⁾ measured at amortised cost

ASSETS⁽²⁾

As of 31 December 2023, €Bn

	Carrying amount	Fair Value (FV)	FV – Carrying amount
Debt securities	77.3	73.2	(4.1) ⁽³⁾
Loans and advances	355.5	365.4	9.9
Financial assets at amortised cost	432.9	438.6	5.7

LIABILITIES⁽²⁾

As of 31 December 2023, €Bn

	Carrying amount	Fair Value (FV)	Carrying amount – FV ⁽⁴⁾
Deposits	415.1	385.8	29.3
Debt securities issued & other	61.4	61.7	(0.4)
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	476.5	447.5	28.9

TOTAL
(ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) **+€34.7 Bn**

(1) Does not include insurance business.
 (2) Net of associated derivatives excepting cash flow hedging
 (3) Versus -€6.7 Bn as of 31 December 2022
 (4) For liabilities, when the carrying amount exceeds the fair value it implies a positive impact on economic value.



Classification by stages of gross lending and provisions and refinanced loans

» CLASSIFICATION BY STAGES OF GROSS LENDING AND PROVISIONS

Group, 31 December 2023 in €Bn

	Loan book exposure			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances	315.2	28.8	10.0	354.1
Contingent liabilities	26.6	2.9	0.5	29.9
Total loans and advances and contingent liabilities	341.8	31.7	10.5	384.0

	Provisions			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances	(0.7)	(1.2)	(5.5)	(7.3)
Contingent liabilities	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.3)
Total loans and advances and contingent liabilities	(0.7)	(1.2)	(5.7)	(7.7)

» REFINANCED LOANS

Group, 31 December 2023 in €Bn

Group		
	Total	O/W NPLs
Individuals ⁽¹⁾	4.4	2.3
Businesses	5.0	2.5
Public Sector	0.1	0.0
Total	9.5	4.8
Provisions	2.6	2.3

(1) Including self-employed.



Gross income breakdown: current versus new presentation (from 1Q24)

CURRENT PRESENTATION

FY23, in €M

Net interest income	10,113	(a)
Net fees and commissions, o/w:	3,658	(b)
Recurrent banking fees	1,830	(c)
Wholesale banking fees	240	(d)
Mutual funds + pension plans fees and other ⁽¹⁾	1,193	(e)
Insurance distribution fees	394	(f)
Insurance service result	1,118	(g)
Life-risk insurance result	698	(h)
Life-savings insurance result	320	(i)
Unit linked result	100	(j)
Income from investments⁽²⁾ o/w	444	(k)
Core rev. from insurance investments	248	(l)
Other	196	(m)
Trading	235	(n)
Other operating income/expenses	(1,337)	(o)
Gross income	14,231	
o/w core revenues⁽³⁾	15,137	(a)+(b)+(g)+(l)

NEW PRESENTATION

FY23, in €M

Net interest income	10,113	(a)
Wealth management revenues, o/w:	1,613	(e) + (i) + (j)
AuMs ⁽⁴⁾	1,164	(e) ⁽⁴⁾
Life-savings insurance ⁽⁵⁾	449	(i)+(j) ⁽⁵⁾
Protection insurance revenues, o/w:	1,092	(f) + (h)
Life-risk insurance	698	(h)
Insurance distribution fees	394	(f)
Banking fees, o/w:	2,070	(c)+(d)
Recurrent banking fees	1,830	(c)
Wholesale banking fees	240	(d)
Other revenues, o/w:	(658)	(k)+(n)+(o)
Core revenues from insurance investments	248	(l)
Other income from investments (ex insurance investments)	196	(m)
Trading	235	(n)
Other operating income/expenses	(1,337)	(o)
Gross income	14,231	
o/w core revenues⁽³⁾	15,137	(a)+(b)+(g)+(l)

(1) Includes €29M mainly from unit linked products at BPI that were not affected by IFRS 17/9. (2) Including equity accounted income and dividends. (3) NII, net fees, insurance service result and core revenues from insurance investments under the current presentation of revenues. NII, wealth management revenues, protection insurance revenues, banking fees, ore revenues from insurance investments (the latter presented under "other revenues") in the new presentation. (4) Mutual funds (including managed portfolios and SICAVs) and pension plans. Excluding unit linked products, mainly from BPI, that are currently included within "Pension plan fees and other" and now included in revenues from "Life-savings insurance". (5) Includes unit linked (currently accounted within "Insurance Service Result" and some within "Pension plan fees and other").



Gross income breakdown as it will be presented from 1Q24

FY23 WITH QUARTERLY BREAKDOWN UNDER NEW REVENUE PRESENTATION

€M	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	FY23
Net interest income	2,182	2,442	2,740	2,749	10,113
Wealth management revenues, o/w:	363	392	409	449	1,613
<i>AuMs⁽¹⁾</i>	272	289	296	308	1,164
<i>Life-savings insurance⁽²⁾</i>	91	104	113	142	449
Protection insurance revenues, o/w:	264	257	285	287	1,092
<i>Life-risk insurance</i>	160	161	191	186	698
<i>Insurance distribution fees</i>	104	96	94	100	394
Banking fees, o/w:	555	516	498	502	2,070
<i>Recurrent banking fees</i>	470	460	454	446	1,830
<i>Wholesale banking</i>	85	56	43	56	240
Other revenues, o/w:	(262)	(35)	84	(445)	(658)
<i>Core revenues from insurance investments</i>	85	54	87	22	248
<i>Other income from investments (ex insurance investments)</i>	61	90	14	31	196
<i>Trading</i>	82	61	72	21	235
<i>Other operating income/expenses</i>	(491)	(239)	(88)	(519)	(1,337)
Gross income	3,101	3,572	4,016	3,542	14,231
o/w core revenues⁽³⁾	3,449	3,661	4,018	4,009	15,137

(1) Mutual funds (including managed portfolios and SICAVs) and pension plans. (2) Includes unit linked. (3) NII + wealth management revenues + protection insurance revenues + banking fees + equity accounted income from SCA and revenues from other insurance investments (the latter presented under "other revenues) in the new presentation.



Credit ratings

	Long term	Short term	Outlook	SP debt	Rating of covered bond Programme
6 December 2023	Baa1	P-2	stable	Baa1	Aa1 ⁽¹⁾
25 April 2023	A-	A-2	stable	A-	AA+ stable ⁽²⁾
13 June 2023	BBB+	F2	stable	A-	
14 March 2023	A	R-1 (low)	stable	A	AAA ⁽³⁾

(1) As of 14 April 2023.
(2) As of 26 January 2023.
(3) As of 12 January 2024.



Glossary (I/VI)

In addition to the financial information prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), this document includes certain Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) as defined in the guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority on 5 October 2015 (ESMA/2015/1415). CaixaBank uses certain APMs, which have not been audited, for a better understanding of the company's financial performance. These measures are considered additional disclosures and in no case replace the financial information prepared under IFRS. Moreover, the way the Group defines and calculates these measures may differ to the way similar measures are calculated by other companies. Accordingly, they may not be comparable. ESMA guidelines define an APM as a financial measure of historical or future performance, financial position, or cash flows, other than a financial measure defined or specified in the applicable financial reporting framework. In accordance with these guidelines, following is a list of the APMs used along with a glossary for abbreviations and other. Refer to the Quarterly Financial Report for additional information on APMs and a reconciliation between certain management indicators and the indicators presented in the consolidated financial statements prepared under IFRS.

Term	Definition
AC	Amortised cost.
ALCO	Asset – Liability Committee.
Affordability ratio	Monthly mortgage instalment over monthly income flows.
AGM	Annual General Meeting.
Asset encumbrance	Encumbered assets/Total assets plus collateral received.
AT1	Additional Tier 1.
AuM / AM	Includes mutual funds, managed portfolios, SICAVs, pension plans and some unit linked products at BPI that are not affected by IFRS 17/9.
Banking fees	Sum of recurrent banking fees and wholesale banking fees.
Bps / bps	Basis points.
BFA	Banco de Fomento Angola.
BoD	Board of Directors.
BPI GA	BPI Gestão Activos.
CAM	CaixaBank Asset Management.
CGP	Code of Good Practices.
CBR	Combined Buffer Requirement.
CET1	Common Equity Tier 1.
CIB	Corporate and Institutional Banking.
CNMV	Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (Spain).
Consumer loans (Group)	Unsecured loans to individuals, excluding those for home purchases. Includes personal loans, as well as revolving credit card balances excluding float.
CoR / CoR ttm	Cost of risk. Total allowances for insolvency risk (ttm) divided by gross average lending plus contingent liabilities, using management criteria.



Glossary (II/VI)

Term	Definition
Core operating income	Core revenues minus recurrent operating expenses.
Core revenues	Sum of NII, Fees and other revenues from insurance (insurance service result and income from SegurCaixa Adeslas and other insurance investments).
Customer spread	Difference between average rate of return on loans (annualised income for the quarter from loans and advances divided by the net average balance of loans and advances for the quarter); and average rate for retail deposits (annualised quarterly cost of retail deposits divided by the average balance of those retail deposits for the quarter, excluding subordinated liabilities).
Dep. facilities	Deposit facilities.
DFR	Deposit Facility Rate.
DGF	Deposit Guarantee Fund.
DJSI	Dow Jones Sustainability Indices.
DPS	Dividend per share.
€Bn €M	Billion euros Million euros
E12M	Euribor 12 months.
ECB	European Central Bank.
EOP/eop	End of period.
EPS	Earnings per share. Quotient between profit/(loss) attributed to the Group and the average number of shares outstanding.
Eq.	Equivalent.
Equity accounted/ Equity acc. income	Share of profit/(loss) of entities accounted for using the equity method.
ESG	Environmental, Social, and Governance.
E/Est.	Estimate.
EU	European Union.
FB / BB	Front book / back book.
FV-OCI	Fair Value in Other Comprehensive Income.
FV	Fair Value.
FX	Foreign exchange.
FY	Fiscal year.



Glossary (III/VI)

Term	Definition
Gains/losses on disposals & others	Gains/losses on de-recognition of assets and others. Includes the following line items: Impairment/(reversal) of impairment on investments in joint ventures or associates; Impairment/(reversal) of impairment on non-financial assets; Gains/(losses) on derecognition of non-financial assets and investments, net; Negative goodwill recognised in profit or loss; Profit/(loss) from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale not qualifying as discontinued operations, net.
GGLs	Government guaranteed loans.
HICP	Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices.
HQLA	High quality liquid assets.
ICO	<i>Instituto de Crédito Oficial. Spain.</i>
IFRS9 TA	IFRS9 Transitional arrangements.
IMQ	IMQ, insurance company.
INE	Instituto Nacional de Estadística (Spain)
Insurance service result	It includes the accrual of the margin on savings insurance contracts, as well as on Unit Linked products, and the recognition of income and expenses from claims corresponding to short term risk insurance. For the entire insurance business, this line item is reported net of expenses directly attributable to the contracts.
Insur. invest.	Insurance investments.
#K	# Thousand.
LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio.
Liquidity sources	Includes total liquid assets (i.e. HQLAs and ECB Deposit Facilities ex HQLAs) plus covered bond issuance capacity.
LLCs/LLPs	Loan-loss charges/Loan-loss provisions.
(Loan) Impairment losses and other provisions	Allowances for insolvency risk and charges to provisions.
L/T savings / long-term savings	Long-term savings: including mutual funds (with SICAVs and managed portfolios), pension plans, and life-savings insurance (including unit linked).
LTD	Loan to deposits: quotient between net loans and advances to customers using management criteria excluding brokered loans (funded by public institutions); and customer deposits on the balance sheet.
LTV	Loan to Value.
M	Million.
M&A	Merger & Acquisition. It is used in reference to the merger with Bankia.
M -MDA	Maximum Distributable Amount related to MREL.



Glossary (IV/VI)

Term	Definition
MDA buffer	Maximum Distributable Amount buffer: capital threshold below which limitations exist on dividend payments, variable remuneration and interest payments to holders of Additional Tier 1 capital instruments.
Minority interests & other	Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interests and others. Includes the following line items: Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to minority interests (non-controlling interests); Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations.
Mobilisation of Sustainable Finance	The mobilisation of sustainable financing is the sum of the following items:- Sustainable mortgage financing (with energy performance certificate “A” or “B”), financing for home energy refurbishment, financing for hybrid/electric vehicles, financing for photovoltaic panels, agricultural eco-financing and microloans granted by MicroBank; Sustainable financing to Business, Developer and CIB & IB; The sum considered for the mobilisation of sustainable financing is the limit of risk arranged in sustainable financing operations with customers, including long-term financing, working capital and off-balance sheet exposure. Novations and tacit and explicit renewals of sustainable financing are also included. CaixaBank’s share in the issuance and placement of sustainable bonds (green, social or mixed) by customers;- Net increase of Assets under management in CaixaBank Asset Management, in products classified under Article 8 and Article 9 of SFDR (includes new funds/fund mergers registered as per Article 8 and Article 9, plus net contributions and market effect); Gross increase of Assets under management in VidaCaixa, in products classified under Article 8 and Article 9 of SFDR (includes gross contributions — without considering withdrawals or the market effect— to Pension Funds, Voluntary Social Security Entities (EPSV) and Unit Linked classified under Article 8 and Article 9 of SFDR).
MREL	Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities to absorb losses, includes instruments eligible for total capital, senior debt non-preferred, senior debt preferred and other instruments ranking pari-passu with the latter, at Single Resolution Board’s criteria.
MRR	Minimum reserve requirement.
NDoD	Default recognition based on European prudential standards.
Net fees and commissions	Net fee and commission income. Includes the following items: Fee and commission income; fee and commission expenses.
NGEU	Next Generation EU.
NII	Net interest income. Under IFRS 17, it continues to consider revenues from financial assets affected by the insurance business, but at the same time, accounts for a cost derived from interests which come from the capitalisation of the new insurance liabilities at an interest very similar to the asset acquisition performance rate. The difference between those revenues and costs it is not significant. The margin from savings insurance contracts is accounted for in “Insurance service result”.
NIM	Net interest margin, also Balance sheet spread, difference between average rate of return on assets (annualised interest income for the quarter divided by total average assets for the quarter); and average cost of funds (annualised interest expenses for the quarter divided by total average funds for the quarter).
NPA	Non-Performing Assets.
NPL coverage ratio	Quotient between total credit loss provisions for loans to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria; and non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria.
NPL ratio	Non-performing loan ratio. Non-performing loans and advances to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria over gross loans to customers and contingent liabilities, using management criteria.
NPL stock / NPLs	Non-performing loans including non-performing contingent liabilities.
NSFR	Net stable funding ratio.



Glossary (V/VI)

Term	Definition
NZBA	Net-Zero Banking Alliance
Operating expenses	Include the following items: administrative expenses; depreciation and amortisation.
OREO	Other Real Estate Owned: repossessed real estate assets available for sale.
O-SII buffer	Other systemically important institution.
P&L	Profit and Loss Account.
P2R	Pillar 2 Requirement.
Payout	Payout ratio. Quotient between dividends; and profit attributable to the Group
PF	Pro Forma.
pp	Percentage points.
PPA	Price Purchase Allocation.
PPP/Pre-impairment income	Pre-provision profit / pre-impairment income includes: (+) Gross income; (-) Operating expenses.
RE	Real Estate.
Recurrent C/I ratio ttm	Recurrent cost-to-income ratio trailing 12 months. Quotient between operating expenses (administrative expenses, depreciation and amortisation) stripping out extraordinary expenses (both, for the last 12 months) over total revenues (for the last 12 months).
Individual relational clients	Individual clients with 3 or more product families.
RoE	Return on Tangible Equity. Ratio dividing profit attributable to the Group trailing 12 months (adjusted by AT1 coupon, registered in shareholder equity) over 12 month average shareholder equity plus valuation adjustments deducting intangible assets using management criteria.
RoTE	Return on Equity. Profit attributable to the Group trailing 12 months (adj. by AT1 coupon, registered in shareholder equity) over 12 month average shareholder equity plus valuation adjustments.
RWAs	Risk Weighted Assets.
SBB	Share Buy-Back.
SCA	SegurCaixa Adeslas.
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals.
SNP	Senior non preferred debt.
SP	Senior preferred debt.
SREP	Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process.



Glossary (V/VI)

Term	Definition
SSA	Sovereign, supra-national and agencies.
Sub. MREL	Subordinated MREL: minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities to absorb losses, includes instruments eligible for total capital and senior debt non-preferred.
TBVPs	Tangible Book Value per share. Quotient between equity less minority interests and intangible assets divided by the number of outstanding shares at a specific date.
TEF	Telefónica, S.A..
T1	Tier 1 capital.
TLTRO	Targeted long-term refinancing operation conducted by the European Central Bank.
Trading income	Gains/(losses) on financial assets and liabilities. Includes the following line items: Gains/(losses) on de-recognition of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net; Gains/(losses) on financial assets not designated for trading that must be designated at fair value through profit or loss, net; Gains/(losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading, net; Gains/(losses) from hedge accounting, net; Exchange differences, net.
ttm	Trailing 12 months.
UL	Unit linked.
UN	United Nations.
VCX	VidaCaixa.
YE	Year End.
YTD	Year to Date.



investors@caixabank.com



+34 93 404 30 32



Av. Diagonal, 621-629 - Barcelona



Member of
**Dow Jones
Sustainability Indices**
Powered by the S&P Global CSA

